

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 1_MCQ

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 15
Marks Obtained : 11

Section 1 : MCQ

1. Which of the following can convert the string to a float number?

Answer

float(str)

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

2. What is the value of the following expression?

float(22//3+3/3)

Answer

8.0

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

3. Which of the following operators has its associativity from right to left?

Answer

//

Status : Wrong

Marks : 0/1

4. What is the value of the following expression?

$8/4/2$, $8/(4/2)$

Answer

(1.0,4.0)

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

5. Which of the following represents the bitwise XOR operator?

Answer

^

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

6. Which of the following is an example of the type casting?

Answer

All of the above

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

7. What does $3 \wedge 4$ evaluate to?

Answer

81

Status : Wrong

Marks : 0/1

8. What is the output of the following program?

```
print((1, 2) + (3, 4))
```

Answer

(4, 6)

Status : Wrong

Marks : 0/1

9. Evaluate the expression given below if A= 16 and B = 15

A % B // A

Answer

0

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

10. Which of these is not a core data type?

Answer

Class

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

11. What will the following code output?

```
z = 3 + 4j  
print(abs(z))
```

Answer

5.0

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

12. Which of the following expressions results in an error?

Answer

float('10.8')

Status : Wrong

Marks : 0/1

13. What is typecasting in Python?

Answer

Change data type property

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

14. The value of the expressions $4/(3*(2-1))$ and $4/3*(2-1)$ is the same. True or False?

Answer

True

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

15. What is the return type of the function id?

Answer

int

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 1_COD

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 5
Marks Obtained : 5

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Quentin, a mathematics enthusiast, is exploring the properties of numbers. He believes that for any set of four consecutive integers, calculating the average of their fourth powers and then subtracting the product of the first and last numbers yields a constant value.

To validate his hypothesis, check if the result is indeed constant and display.

Example:

Input:

5

Output:

Constant value: 2064.5

Explanation:

Find the Average:

Average: $(625 + 1296 + 2401 + 4096)/4 = 2104.5$

Now, we calculate the product of a and (a + 3):

Product = $5 \times (5 + 3) = 5 \times 8 = 40$

Final result: $2104.5 - 40 = 2064.5$

Input Format

The input consists of an integer a, representing the first of four consecutive integers.

Output Format

The output displays "Constant value: " followed by the computed result based on Quentin's formula.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5

Output: Constant value: 2064.5

Answer

You are using Python

```
a=int(input())
```

```
b=a**4
```

```
c=(a+1)**4
```

```
d=(a+2)**4
```

```
e=(a+3)**4
```

```
avg=(b+c+d+e)/4
```

```
prod=float(a*(a+3))
```

```
result= avg-prod
```

```
print("Constant value: ",result)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

2. Problem Statement

In a family, two children receive allowances based on the gardening tasks they complete. The older child receives an allowance rate of Rs.5 for each task, with a base allowance of Rs.50. The younger child receives an allowance rate of Rs.3 for each task, with a base allowance of Rs.30.

Your task is to calculate and display the allowances for the older and younger children based on the number of gardening tasks they complete, along with the total allowance for both children combined.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer n , representing the number of chores completed by the older child.

The second line consists of an integer m , representing the number of chores completed by the youngest child.

Output Format

The first line of output displays "Older child allowance: Rs." followed by an integer representing the allowance calculated for the older sibling.

The second line displays "Younger child allowance: Rs." followed by an integer representing the allowance calculated for the youngest sibling.

The third line displays "Total allowance: Rs." followed by an integer representing the sum of both siblings' allowances.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10

5

Output: Older child allowance: Rs.100

Younger child allowance: Rs.45
Total allowance: Rs.145

Answer

```
# You are using Python
n=int(input())
m=int(input())
old_tot_allow=(5*n)+50
you_tot_allow=(3*m)+30
total=old_tot_allow+you_tot_allow
print("Older child allowance: Rs.",old_tot_allow)
print("Younger child allowance: Rs.",you_tot_allow)
print("Total allowance: Rs.",total)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

3. Problem Statement

Bob, the owner of a popular bakery, wants to create a special offer code for his customers. To generate the code, he plans to combine the day of the month with the number of items left in stock.

Help Bob to encode these two values into a unique offer code.

Note: Use the bitwise operator to calculate the offer code.

Example

Input:

15

9

Output:

Offer code: 6

Explanation:

Given the day of the month 15th day (binary 1111) and there are 9 items left (binary 1001), the offer code is calculated as 0110 which is 6.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer D, representing the day of the month.

The second line consists of an integer S, representing the number of items left in stock.

Output Format

The output displays "Offer code: " followed by an integer representing the encoded offer code.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 15

9

Output: Offer code: 6

Answer

```
# You are using Python
d=int(input())
s=int(input())
code=d^s
print("Offer code:",code)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

4. Problem Statement

A company has hired two employees, Alice and Bob. The company wants to swap the salaries of both employees. Alice's salary is an integer value and Bob's salary is a floating-point value.

Write a program to swap their salaries and print the new salary of each employee.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing Alice's salary.

The second line consists of a float value F, representing Bob's salary.

Output Format

The first line of output displays "Initial salaries:"

The second line displays "Alice's salary = N", where N is Alice's salary.

The third line of output displays "Bob's salary = F", where F is Bob's salary.

After a new line space, the following line displays "New salaries after swapping:"

The next line displays "Alice's salary = X", where X is the swapped salary.

The last line displays "Bob's salary = Y", where Y is the swapped salary.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10000

15400.55

Output: Initial salaries:

Alice's salary = 10000

Bob's salary = 15400.55

New salaries after swapping:

Alice's salary = 15400.55

Bob's salary = 10000

Answer

```
# You are using Python
```

```
n=int(input())
```

```
f=float(input())
```

```
print("Initial salaries:\n")
```

```
print("Alice's salary = \n",n)
```

```
print("Bob's salary = \n",f)
```

```
temp=n
```

```
n=f
```

```
f=temp
print("New salaries after swapping:\n")
print("Alice's salary = \n",n)
print("Bob's salary = \n",f)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

5. Problem Statement

A science experiment produces a decimal value as the result. However, the scientist needs to convert this value into an integer so that it can be used in further calculations.

Write a Python program that takes a floating-point number as input and converts it into an integer.

Input Format

The input consists of a floating point number, F.

Output Format

The output prints "The integer value of F is: {result}", followed by the integer number equivalent to the floating point number.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10.36

Output: The integer value of 10.36 is: 10

Answer

```
# You are using Python
f=float(input())
print("The integer value of",f,"is:",int(f))
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 1_PAH

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 6
Marks Obtained : 6

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Oliver is planning a movie night with his friends and wants to download a high-definition movie. He knows the file size of the movie in megabytes (MB) and his internet speed in megabits per second (Mbps). To ensure the movie is ready in time, Oliver needs to calculate the download time.

Your task is to write a program that calculates the download time and displays it in hours, minutes, and seconds.

Example

Input:

MB = 800

mbps = 40

Output:

Download Time: 0 hours, 2 minutes, and 40 seconds

Explanation:

Convert the file size to bits ($800 \text{ MB} * 8 \text{ bits/byte} = 6400 \text{ megabits}$) and divide it by the download speed ($6400 \text{ Mbps} / 40 \text{ Mbps} = 160 \text{ seconds}$). Now, convert the download time in seconds to hours, minutes, and seconds: 160 seconds is equal to 2 minutes and 40 seconds. So, the download time is 0 hours, 2 minutes and 40 seconds.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the file size in megabytes (MB).

The second line consists of an integer S, representing the network speed in megabits per second (mbps).

Output Format

The output prints "Download Time: X hours, Y minutes, and Z seconds", where X, Y, and Z are integers representing the hours, minutes, and seconds respectively.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 180

3

Output: Download Time: 0 hours, 8 minutes, and 0 seconds

Answer

You are using Python

```
n=int(input())
```

```
s=int(input())
```

```
totsec=(n*8)/s
```

```
hrs=int(totsec//3600)
```

```
mins=int((totsec%3600)//60)
```

```
sec=int(totsec%60)
```

```
print(f"Download Time : {hrs} hours, {mins} minutes, and {sec} seconds")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

2. Problem Statement

Ella, an avid TV show enthusiast, is planning a binge-watching marathon for a new series. She has a specific routine: after watching a set number of episodes, she takes a short break.

She is provided with the following information:

Each episode of the series has a fixed duration of 45 minutes. After a certain number of episodes, there is a break of 15 minutes.

Ella wants to know the total time she will need to watch the entire series, including the breaks. Your task is to help Ella by calculating the total viewing time.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer E, representing the total number of episodes in the series.

The second line consists of an integer B, representing the number of episodes watched before taking a break.

Output Format

The output prints an integer representing the total viewing time required to watch the entire series, including the breaks.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5

2

Output: 255 minutes

Answer

```
# You are using Python
e=int(input())
b=int(input())
totaltime=(e*45)+(((e-1)//b)*15)
print(totaltime,"minutes")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

3. Problem Statement

Mandy is debating with her friend Rachel about an interesting mathematical claim. Rachel asserts that for any positive integer n , the ratio of the sum of n and its triple to the integer itself is always 4. Mandy, intrigued by this statement, decides to validate it using logical operators and basic arithmetic.

She wants to confirm if the statement holds true for any positive integer n .

Input Format

The input consists of a positive integer n , representing the integer to be tested.

Output Format

The first line of output displays "Sum:" followed by an integer representing the calculated sum.

The second line displays "Rachel's statement is: " followed by a Boolean value indicating whether Rachel's statement is correct.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 12

Output: Sum: 48

Rachel's statement is: True

Answer

```
# You are using Python
n=int(input())
s=n+(3*n)
print(f"sum: {s}")
if(s/n==4):
    print("Rachel's statement is: True")
else:
    print("Rachel's statement is: False")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

4. Problem Statement

A smart home system tracks the temperature and humidity of each room. Create a program that takes the room name (string), temperature (float), and humidity (float).

Display the room's climate details.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a string, representing the room name.

The second line consists of a float value, representing the temperature.

The third line consists of a float value, representing the humidity.

Output Format

The first line of output prints "Room: " followed by the room name (string).

The second line prints "Temperature: " followed by the temperature (float) formatted to two decimal places.

The third line prints "Humidity: " followed by the humidity (float) formatted to two decimal places and a percentage sign (%).

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: Living Room

23.45

45.78

Output: Room: Living Room

Temperature: 23.45

Humidity: 45.78%

Answer

You are using Python

```
s=input()
```

```
t=float(input())
```

```
h=float(input())
```

```
print(f"Room: {s}")
```

```
print(f"Temperature: {t:.2f}")
```

```
print(f"Humidity: {h:.2f}%")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

5. Problem Statement

Liam works at a car dealership and is responsible for recording the details of cars that arrive at the showroom. To make his job easier, he wants a program that can take the car's make, model, and price, and display the information in a formatted summary.

Assist him in the program.

Input Format

The first line of input contains a string, representing the car make.

The second line contains a string, representing the car model.

The third line contains a float value, representing the car price.

Output Format

The first line of output prints "Car Make: ", followed by the car make.

The second line prints "Car Model: ", followed by the car model.

The third line prints "Price: ", followed by the car price, formatted to two decimal places.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: Toyota

Camry

23450.75

Output: Car Make: Toyota

Car Model: Camry

Price: Rs.23450.75

Answer

```
# You are using Python
cn=input()
cm=input()
p=float(input())
print("Car Make: "+cn)
print("Car Model: "+cm)
print(f"Price: Rs.{p:.2f}")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

6. Problem Statement

Shawn, a passionate baker, is planning to bake cookies for a large party. His original recipe makes 15 cookies, with the following ingredient quantities: 2.5 cups of flour, 1 cup of sugar, and 0.5 cups of butter.

Write a program to calculate the amounts of flour, sugar, and butter needed for a different number of cookies. Provide the ingredient quantities for a specified number of cookies, maintaining the original proportions of the recipe.

Input Format

The input consists of an integer n , representing the number of cookies.

Output Format

The first line prints "Flour: X cups" where X represents the amount of flour required for n cookies, as a double value rounded to two decimal places.

The second line prints "Sugar: Y cups" where Y represents the amount of Sugar required for n , as a double value rounded to two decimal places.

The third line prints "Butter: Z cups" where Z represents the amount of flour required for n , as a double value rounded to two decimal places.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 15

Output: Flour: 2.50 cups

Sugar: 1.00 cups

Butter: 0.50 cups

Answer

You are using Python

```
n=int(input())
```

```
f=(2.5/15)*n
```

```
s=(1/15)*n
```

```
b=(0.5/15)*n
```

```
print(f"Flour: {f:.2f} cups")
```

```
print(f"sugar: {s:.2f} cups")
```

```
print(f"Butter: {b:.2f} cups")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 1_CY

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 40
Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Mandy is working on a mathematical research project involving complex numbers. For her calculations, she often needs to swap the real and imaginary parts of two complex numbers.

Mandy needs a Python program that takes two complex numbers as input and swaps their real and imaginary values.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a complex number in the format $a+bj$, representing the first complex number.

The second line consists of a complex number in the format $a+bj$, representing the second complex number.

Output Format

The first line of output displays "New first complex number: " followed by the swapped complex number.

The second line of output displays "New second complex number: " followed by the swapped complex number.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10+8j

7-9j

Output: New first complex number: (8+10j)

New second complex number: (-9+7j)

Answer

You are using Python

```
a=complex(input())
```

```
b=complex(input())
```

```
c=a.real
```

```
d=a.imag
```

```
temp1=c
```

```
c=d
```

```
d=temp1
```

```
print("New first complex number: ",complex(c,d))
```

```
e=b.real
```

```
f=b.imag
```

```
temp2=e
```

```
e=f
```

```
f=temp2
```

```
print("New second complex number: ",complex(e,f))
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Shawn is planning for his younger sister's college education and wants to

ensure she has enough funds when the time comes. He starts with an initial principal amount and plans to make regular monthly contributions to a savings account that offers a fixed annual interest rate.

Shawn needs to calculate the total amount that will accumulate by the time his sister is ready for college. Your task is to write a program that calculates the final amount in the savings account based on the initial principal, monthly contributions, annual interest rate, and the number of months the money is invested.

Formula:

$$A = P \times (1 + r/n)^{(n \times t)} + C \times [(1 + r/n)^{(n \times t)} - 1] / (r/n)$$

Where:

A = Final amount after the specified time

P = Initial principal amount

C = Monthly contribution

r = Annual interest rate (as a decimal, e.g., 5% = 0.05)

n = Number of compounding periods per year (12 for monthly compounding)

t = Total time in years (months / 12)

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a float P, representing the initial principal amount.

The second line of input consists of a float R, representing the annual interest rate (in percentage).

The third line of input consists of a float C, representing the monthly contribution.

The fourth line of input consists of an integer M, representing the number of months.

Output Format

The output displays "Final amount after X months: Rs." followed by the total

accumulated amount, formatted to two decimal places, where X is the number of months.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10000.0

5.0

2000.0

12

Output: Final amount after 12 months: Rs.35069.33

Answer

```
# You are using Python
```

```
P=float(input())
```

```
R=float(input())
```

```
C=float(input())
```

```
M=int(input())
```

```
n=12
```

```
t=M/12
```

```
r=R/100
```

```
A=P*(1+r/n)**(n*t)+C*(((1+r/n)**(n*t)-1)/(r/n))
```

```
print("Final amount after ",M,"months: Rs.%.2f"%A)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Liam and his friends are sharing the cost of a group purchase. The total cost of the purchase is subject to a 10% discount. One of the friends receives a 35% bonus, which means they will pay a larger portion of the discounted cost. The remaining cost is then divided equally among the other friends.

Write a program to:

Calculate the total cost after applying a 10% discount. Determine the

amount paid by the friend who receives a 35% bonus. Calculate the amount each of the other friends will pay.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a float value f , representing the total cost.

The second line contains an integer value n , representing the total number of friends.

Output Format

The first line of output displays "Cost after a 10% discount: " followed by the discounted cost of the ticket package as a float value formatted to two decimal places.

The second line displays "Friend with a 35% bonus pays: " followed by the amount paid by the friend with the bonus as a float value formatted to two decimal places.

The third line displays "Each of the other friends pays: " followed by the individual share of the remaining cost as a float value formatted to two decimal places.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10000.0

5

Output: Cost after a 10% discount: 9000.00

Friend with a 35% bonus pays: 3150.00

Each of the other friends pays: 1462.50

Answer

You are using Python

```
fl=float(input())
```

```
n=int(input())
```

```
dis=fl-(fl*0.1)
```

```
print("Cost after a 10%","discount:%.2f"%dis)
```

```
dis2=dis*(35/100)
```

```
print("Friend with a 35%","bonus pays:%.2f"%dis2)
```



```
amount= (dis-dis2)/(n-1)
print("Each of the other friends pays:%.2f"%amount)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

4. Problem Statement

Nina is working on a project involving multiple sensors. Each sensor provides a data point that needs to be processed to compute an aggregated value.

Given data points from three sensors, write a program to calculate the aggregated value using specific bitwise operations and arithmetic manipulations. The final result should be the aggregated value modulo 1000.

Example:

Input:

1 //sensor 1 data

2 //sensor 2 data

3 //sensor 3 data

Output

9

Explanation

Calculate the bitwise AND of sensor 1 data and sensor 2 data: 0

Calculate the XOR of the result from step 1 and sensor 3 data: 3

Multiply the result from step 2 by 3: 9

Compute the final aggregated value by taking the result from step 3 modulo 1000: 9

So, the aggregated value is 9.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer S1, representing sensor1 data.

The second line of input consists of an integer S2, representing sensor2 data.

The third line of input consists of an integer S3, representing sensor3 data.

Output Format

The output displays an integer representing the aggregated value.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

2

3

Output: 9

Answer

You are using Python

```
s1=int(input())
```

```
s2=int(input())
```

```
s3=int(input())
```

```
x=s1&s2
```

```
y=x^s3
```

```
z=y*3
```

```
result=z%1000
```

```
print(result)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10