```
In [1]: import numpy as np
        import cv2
        import os
        import pandas as pd
        import string
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences
        from keras.layers import Dense, LSTM, Reshape, BatchNormalization, Input, Co
        from keras.models import Model
        from keras.activations import relu, sigmoid, softmax
        import keras.backend as K
        from keras.utils import to categorical
        from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
        from keras tqdm import TQDMNotebookCallback
        from tensorflow.keras import backend as K
        from tensorflow.keras.backend import ctc batch cost
        from tensorflow.keras.saving import register keras serializable
        from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
        import tensorflow.keras as keras
        from tensorflow.keras.backend import ctc batch cost
        from tensorflow.keras.saving import register keras serializable
        from sklearn.model selection import train test split
        from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
        import tensorflow as tf
```

```
In [2]: # Set the path to the folder
        folder_path = r'C:\Users\sweth\Neural\DomainAdaptation'
        with open(f'{folder path}/words.txt', 'r') as f:
            contents = f.readlines()
        lines = [line.strip() for line in contents]
        \max label len = 0
        char list = "!\"#&'()*+,-./0123456789:;?ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghij
        # Print character list
        print(char list, len(char list))
        def encode to labels(txt):
            """Encoding output word into digits"""
            dig lst = []
            for index, chara in enumerate(txt):
                dig lst.append(char list.index(chara))
            return dig lst
        images = []
        labels = []
```

```
# Sample records limit
RECORDS_COUNT = 10000

train_images = []
train_labels = []
train_input_length = []
train_original_text = []

valid_images = []
valid_labels = []
valid_labels = []
valid_label_length = []
valid_label_length = []
valid_original_text = []

inputs_length = []
labels_length = []
```

!"#&'()\*+,-./0123456789:;?ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwx
yz 78

Preprocess Training Images

```
In [3]: def process image(img):
            Converts image to shape (32, 128, 1) & normalize
            w, h = img.shape
            # Aspect Ratio Calculation
            new w = 32
            new_h = int(h * (new_w / w))
            img = cv2.resize(img, (new_h, new_w))
            w, h = img.shape
            img = img.astype('float32')
            # Converts each to (32, 128, 1)
            if w < 32:
                add zeros = np.full((32-w, h), 255)
                img = np.concatenate((img, add zeros))
                w, h = img.shape
            if h < 128:
                add zeros = np.full((w, 128-h), 255)
                img = np.concatenate((img, add_zeros), axis=1)
                w, h = img.shape
            if h > 128 or w > 32:
                dim = (128, 32)
                img = cv2.resize(img, dim)
            img = cv2.subtract(255, img)
            img = np.expand_dims(img, axis=2)
```

```
# Normalize
img = img / 255
return img
```

Split IAM datatset into Training and Validation sets

```
In [ ]: # Process each line in words.txt for training and validation
        for index, line in enumerate(lines):
            splits = line.split(' ')
            if len(splits) < 9 or splits[1] != 'ok': # Skip invalid lines</pre>
                continue
            word id = splits[0]
            word = "".join(splits[8:])
            splits id = word id.split('-')
            filepath = os.path.join(folder path, 'words', f'{splits id[0]}/{splits i
            img = cv2.imread(filepath, cv2.IMREAD GRAYSCALE)
            if img is None:
                continue
            img = process image(img) # Process image
            label = encode to labels(word) # Encode label
            if index % 10 == 0:
                    valid images.append(img)
                    valid labels.append(label)
                    valid input length.append(31)
                    valid label length.append(len(word))
                    valid original text.append(word)
            else:
                    train images.append(img)
                    train labels.append(label)
                    train input length.append(31)
                    train label length.append(len(word))
                    train original text.append(word)
            if len(word) > max label len:
                    max label len = len(word)
            if index >= 10000: # Limit to 10,000 samples for testing
                break
        # Determine max label length
        max label len = max(len(label) for label in train labels)
        # Pad labels
        train padded label = pad sequences(train labels, maxlen=max label len, paddi
        valid padded label = pad sequences(valid labels, maxlen=max label len, paddi
        print("Train labels shape:", train padded label.shape)
        print("Validation labels shape:", valid padded label.shape)
```

```
train_padded_label.shape, valid_padded_label.shape
```

```
In [4]: # Convert images to numpy arrays
    train_images = np.asarray(train_images)
    train_input_length = np.asarray(train_input_length)
    train_label_length = np.asarray(train_label_length)

valid_images = np.asarray(valid_images)
    valid_input_length = np.asarray(valid_input_length)
    valid_label_length = np.asarray(valid_label_length)

train_images.shape
```

Out[4]: (0,)

#### CRNN Architecture

```
In []: # input with shape of height=32 and width=128
        inputs = Input(shape=(32,128,1))
        # convolution layer with kernel size (3,3)
        conv 1 = Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation = 'relu', padding='same')(inputs)
        # pooling layer with kernel size (2,2)
        pool 1 = MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2), strides=2)(conv 1)
        conv 2 = Conv2D(128, (3,3), activation = 'relu', padding='same')(pool 1)
        pool 2 = MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2), strides=2)(conv 2)
        conv 3 = Conv2D(256, (3,3), activation = 'relu', padding='same')(pool 2)
        conv 4 = Conv2D(256, (3,3), activation = 'relu', padding='same')(conv 3)
        # poolig layer with kernel size (2,1)
        pool 4 = MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 1))(conv 4)
        conv 5 = Conv2D(512, (3,3), activation = 'relu', padding='same')(pool 4)
        # Batch normalization layer
        batch norm 5 = BatchNormalization()(conv 5)
        conv 6 = Conv2D(512, (3,3), activation = 'relu', padding='same')(batch norm
        batch norm 6 = BatchNormalization()(conv 6)
        pool 6 = MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 1))(batch norm 6)
        conv 7 = Conv2D(512, (2,2), activation = 'relu')(pool 6)
        \# squeezed = Lambda(lambda x: K.squeeze(x, 1))(conv 7)
        squeezed = Lambda(lambda x: K.squeeze(x, 1), output shape=(31, 512))(conv 7)
        # bidirectional LSTM layers with units=128
        blstm 1 = Bidirectional(LSTM(256, return sequences=True, dropout = 0.2))(sqd
        blstm 2 = Bidirectional(LSTM(256, return sequences=True, dropout = 0.2))(bls
        outputs = Dense(len(char list)+1, activation = 'softmax')(blstm 2)
```

```
# model to be used at test time
        act model = Model(inputs, outputs)
In [6]: the labels = Input(name='the labels', shape=[max label len], dtype='float32'
        input length = Input(name='input length', shape=[1], dtype='int64')
        label length = Input(name='label length', shape=[1], dtype='int64')
        @register keras serializable()
        def ctc_lambda_func(args):
            y pred, labels, input length, label length = args
            return K.ctc batch cost(labels, y pred, input length, label length)
        loss out = Lambda(ctc lambda func, output shape=(1,), name='ctc')([outputs,
        #model to be used at training time
        model = Model(inputs=[inputs, the labels, input length, label length], output
In [7]: batch_size = 8
        epochs = 60
        e = str(epochs)
        optimizer name = 'adam'
```

#### Model Saving

```
In [ ]: import os
        from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
        model.compile(loss={'ctc': lambda y true, y pred; y pred}, optimizer = optim
        # Define the directory
        save dir = r"C:\Users\sweth\Neural\DomainAdaptation"
        # Ensure the directory exists
        if not os.path.exists(save dir):
            os.makedirs(save_dir)
        # Save the model architecture to a JSON file
        model_json_path = os.path.join(save_dir, "model_architecture.json")
        model json = model.to json()
        with open(model json path, "w") as json file:
            json file.write(model json)
        # Save weights using ModelCheckpoint
        weights filepath = os.path.join(
            save dir,
            "model.keras".format(
                optimizer name,
                str(RECORDS COUNT),
                str(epochs),
                str(train images.shape[0]),
                str(valid images.shape[0])
            )
        checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint(
```

```
filepath=weights_filepath,
  monitor='val_loss',
  verbose=1,
  save_best_only=True,
  mode='auto'
)
callbacks_list = [checkpoint]
```

### **Model Training**

Prediction on validation set

```
In [ ]: # Predict outputs on validation images
        prediction = act model.predict(train images[150:170])
        # Use CTC decoder
        decoded = K.ctc decode(prediction,
                               input length=np.ones(prediction.shape[0]) * prediction
                               greedy=True)[0][0]
        # Get the decoded values
        out = K.get value(decoded)
        # Debugging: Check if out is populated
        print("Length of decoded output (predictions):", len(out))
        # If train original text is empty, handle it gracefully
        if len(train original text) == 0:
            print("Warning: train original text is empty. No original texts to compa
        else:
            # Loop through the outputs only if train original text has entries
            for i in range(min(len(out), len(train original text) - 150)):
                print("original_text = ", train_original_text[150 + i])
                print("predicted text = ", end='')
                for p in out[i]:
                    if int(p) != -1:
                        print(char list[int(p)], end='')
                plt.imshow(train images[150 + i].reshape(32, 128), cmap=plt.cm.gray)
                plt.show()
                print('\n')
```

# Re-loading model

```
In [11]: weights_filepath = r"C:\Users\sweth\Neural\DomainAdaptation\model.keras"
    model.load_weights(weights_filepath)
    model.compile(loss={'ctc': lambda y_true, y_pred: y_pred}, optimizer=optimiz
```

```
In [26]: def predict and display new images with beam search and symspell(model, char
             Predict and display new images using beam search decoding and spell corr
             :param model: Trained model for text prediction.
             :param char list: List of characters corresponding to model output indic
             :param sym spell: SymSpell object for spell correction.
             :param folder path: Path to the folder containing new images.
             :param beam width: Beam width for beam search decoding.
             :return: List of corrected texts.
             # Load new images from folder
             corrected texts = []
             for filename in os.listdir(folder path):
                 if filename.endswith(".png"):
                     # Read and preprocess the image
                     img path = os.path.join(folder path, filename)
                     processed img = preprocess image(img path) # Process to (32, 12
                     # Expand dimensions to match model input
                     processed img = np.expand dims(processed img, axis=0) # Shape:
                     # Predict using the trained model
                     prediction = model.predict(processed img)
                     # Decode prediction using CTC beam search decoder
                     decoded sequences, log probs = K.ctc decode(
                         prediction,
                         input length=np.ones(prediction.shape[0]) * prediction.shape
                         greedy=False, # Enable beam search
                         beam width=beam width
                     decoded sequences = K.get value(decoded sequences[0])
                     # Convert decoded labels back to text
                     predicted text = ''.join([char list[c] for c in decoded sequence
                     # Correct the spelling of the predicted text using SymSpell
                     corrected text = correct spelling with symspell(predicted text,
                     # Display the original processed image for visualization
                     plt.imshow(processed img[0, :, :, 0], cmap='gray') # Display th
                     plt.axis('off')
                     plt.title(f"Predicted: {predicted text}\nCorrected: {corrected t
                     plt.show()
                     # Append corrected text to the list
                     corrected texts.append(corrected text)
             return corrected_texts # Return the list of corrected texts
         # Call the updated function with your trained model, character list, and Syn
         corrected texts = predict and display new images with beam search and symspe
```

Predicted: oncepty Corrected: concept



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: aor Corrected: for



**1/1 0s** 33ms/step

Predicted: hoask Corrected: has



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: win Corrected: win



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: srienve Corrected: science



1/1 — 0s 28ms/step

Predicted: od Corrected: od



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: hoses Corrected: hoses



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: .rsr Corrected: rs



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: copsly Corrected: copy



1/1 — 0s 30ms/step

Predicted: ashist Corrected: assist



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: grocevies Corrected: groceries



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: Bpaint Corrected: paint



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: Ikay Corrected: lay



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: sueater Corrected: sweater



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: loile Corrected: loire



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: loptor Corrected: doctor



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: hre Corrected: he



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: ondurora Corrected: ondurora



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: Ral Corrected: al



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: minter Corrected: minter



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: wping Corrected: wing



1/1 — 0s 43ms/step

Predicted: hraster Corrected: raster



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: tos Corrected: to



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: calage Corrected: damage



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: minensity Corrected: intensity



1/1 — 0s 39ms/step

Predicted: aosigument Corrected: assignment



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: BPaom Corrected: BPaom



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: corpet Corrected: carpet



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: opastament Corrected: opastament



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: hieled Corrected: heeled



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: Bren Corrected: wren



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: Wwikeing Corrected: Wwikeing



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: Brase Corrected: erase



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: house Corrected: house



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: cosictet Corrected: cosictet



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: wtayging Corrected: staying



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: Computet Corrected: computer



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: pertue Corrected: virtue



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: cantacd Corrected: contact



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: wlarses Corrected: classes



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: Niluroins Corrected: Niluroins



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: itornekie Corrected: itornekie



1/1 — 0s 40ms/step

Predicted: conse Corrected: cone



1/1 \_\_\_\_\_\_ 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: totioh Corrected: motion



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: nlos' Corrected: close



#### Confidence score

```
In [27]: def predict and display with confidence filtering(
             model, char list, sym spell, folder path=new folder path, beam width=5,
             Predict and display new images using beam search decoding, spell correct
             :param model: Trained model for text prediction.
             :param char list: List of characters corresponding to model output indic
             :param sym spell: SymSpell object for spell correction.
             :param folder path: Path to the folder containing new images.
             :param beam width: Beam width for beam search decoding.
             :param confidence threshold: Minimum confidence (log probability) to acc
             :return: List of corrected texts.
             corrected texts = []
             for filename in os.listdir(folder_path):
                 if filename.endswith(".png"):
                     # Read and preprocess the image
                     img path = os.path.join(folder path, filename)
                     processed img = preprocess image(img path) # Process to (32, 12
                     # Expand dimensions to match model input
                     processed img = np.expand dims(processed img, axis=0) # Shape:
                     # Predict using the trained model
                     prediction = model.predict(processed img)
                     # Decode prediction using beam search
                     decoded sequences, log probs = K.ctc decode(
                         prediction,
                         input length=np.ones(prediction.shape[0]) * prediction.shape
                         greedy=False,
                         beam width=beam width
                     decoded sequences = K.get value(decoded sequences[0])
                     log probs = K.get value(log probs)[0]
                     # Filter by confidence threshold
                     if log probs[0] < confidence threshold:</pre>
                         predicted text = "UNCERTAIN"
                     else:
                         # Convert decoded labels back to text
                         predicted text = ''.join([char list[c] for c in decoded sequ
```

```
# Correct the spelling of the predicted text using SymSpell
    predicted_text = correct_spelling_with_symspell(predicted_te

# Display the original processed image for visualization
    plt.imshow(processed_img[0, :, :, 0], cmap='gray') # Display th
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.title(f"Predicted: {predicted_text}\nConfidence: {log_probs[
        plt.show()

# Append corrected text to the list
        corrected_texts.append(predicted_text)

return corrected_texts # Return the list of corrected texts

# Call the function with a confidence threshold
corrected_texts = predict_and_display_with_confidence_filtering(
        act_model, char_list, sym_spell, beam_width=10, confidence_threshold=-5.)
```

1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: concept Confidence: -3.48



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: for Confidence: -2.73



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: has Confidence: -1.94



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: win Confidence: -3.82



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: science Confidence: -1.66



1/1 — 0s 30ms/step

Predicted: od Confidence: -2.31



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: hoses Confidence: -2.78



1/1 — 0s 39ms/step

Predicted: rs Confidence: -3.66



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: copy Confidence: -4.96



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: assist Confidence: -2.15



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: groceries Confidence: -3.69



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: paint Confidence: -1.97



1/1 — 0s 30ms/step

Predicted: lay Confidence: -3.07



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: sweater Confidence: -1.43



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: loire Confidence: -2.54



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: doctor Confidence: -2.06



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: he Confidence: -1.74



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: ondurora Confidence: -4.54



1/1 — 0s 30ms/step

Predicted: al Confidence: -2.21



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: minter Confidence: -0.90



1/1 — 0s 29ms/step

Predicted: wing Confidence: -2.00



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: raster Confidence: -2.56



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: to Confidence: -1.45



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: damage Confidence: -4.73



1/1 — 0s 41ms/step

Predicted: intensity Confidence: -4.09



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: assignment Confidence: -1.58



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: UNCERTAIN Confidence: -5.37



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: carpet Confidence: -1.84



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: opastament Confidence: -3.46



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: heeled Confidence: -1.51



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: wren Confidence: -0.73



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: Wwikeing Confidence: -4.32



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: erase Confidence: -4.51



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: house Confidence: -0.98



1/1 — 0s 40ms/step

Predicted: cosictet Confidence: -2.33



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: staying Confidence: -2.77



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: computer Confidence: -1.94



1/1 — 0s 30ms/step

Predicted: virtue Confidence: -3.86



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: contact Confidence: -2.38



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: classes Confidence: -3.56



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: Niluroins Confidence: -4.18



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: UNCERTAIN Confidence: -7.41



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: cone Confidence: -2.00



1/1 — 0s 88ms/step

Predicted: motion Confidence: -2.55



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: close Confidence: -2.60



# PySpellChecker

```
In [22]: from spellchecker import SpellChecker
         # Initialize PySpellChecker
         spell_checker = SpellChecker()
In [23]: # Correct spelling using PySpellChecker
         def correct spelling with pyspellchecker(word, spell checker):
             # Check if the word exists in the spellchecker's dictionary
             return spell checker.correction(word) if word else word
In [24]: def predict and display new images with pyspellchecker(model, char list, spe
             corrected texts = []
             for filename in os.listdir(folder path):
                 if filename.endswith(".png"):
                     # Read and preprocess the image
                     img path = os.path.join(folder path, filename)
                     processed img = preprocess image(img path)
                     # Expand dimensions for model input
                     processed img = np.expand dims(processed img, axis=0)
                     # Predict using the trained model
                     prediction = model.predict(processed img)
                     # Decode prediction using CTC decoder
                     decoded = K.ctc decode(prediction, input length=np.ones(predicti
                     out = K.get value(decoded)
                     # Convert decoded labels back to text
```

```
predicted_text = ''.join([char_list[c] for c in out[0] if c != -
                     # Correct spelling using PySpellChecker
                     corrected text = correct spelling with pyspellchecker(predicted
                     # Display the original processed image for visualization
                     plt.imshow(processed img[0, :, :, 0], cmap='gray')
                     plt.axis('off')
                     plt.title(f"Predicted: {predicted text}\nCorrected: {corrected t
                     plt.show()
                     # Append corrected text to the list
                     corrected texts.append(corrected text)
             return corrected texts
In [25]: new folder path = r'C:\Users\sweth\Neural\DomainAdaptation\words2\words2'
         corrected texts = predict and display new images with pyspellchecker(
             act model, char list, spell checker, folder path=new folder path
         )
        1/1 -
                                - 0s 34ms/step
                              Predicted: oncepty
                              Corrected: concept
        1/1 -
                                • 0s 39ms/step
                                Predicted: aorr
                                Corrected: torr
```

**- 0s** 35ms/step

1/1 -

Predicted: hoask Corrected: has



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: wir Corrected: war



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: srienve Corrected: science



1/1 — 0s 41ms/step

Predicted: od Corrected: od



1/1 — 0s 43ms/step

Predicted: hoses Corrected: hoses



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: .rsr Corrected: err



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: copsly Corrected: cops



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: ashist Corrected: assist



1/1 — 0s 40ms/step

Predicted: grocevies Corrected: groceries



1/1 — 0s 40ms/step

Predicted: Bpaint Corrected: paint



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: Ikay Corrected: okay



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: sueater Corrected: sweater



1/1 — 0s 29ms/step

Predicted: looille Corrected: None



1/1 — 0s 45ms/step

Predicted: loptor Corrected: doctor



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: hree Corrected: here



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: ondurora Corrected: None



1/1 — 0s 28ms/step

Predicted: Rall Corrected: all



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: minter Corrected: minter



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: wping Corrected: wing



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: hreaster Corrected: greater



1/1 — 0s 39ms/step

Predicted: tos Corrected: to



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: calage Corrected: scalage



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: maminensity Corrected: None



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: aosigument Corrected: assignment



1/1 — 0s 42ms/step

Predicted: BPaom Corrected: beam



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: corpet Corrected: carpet



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: opastament Corrected: None



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: hieled Corrected: heeled



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: Breen Corrected: been



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: Wwikeing Corrected: None



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: Brase Corrected: brave



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: house Corrected: house



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: cosicteet Corrected: None



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: wtayging Corrected: staying



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: Computet Corrected: computer



1/1 — 0s 30ms/step

Predicted: pertue Corrected: pursue



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: cantacd Corrected: contact



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: wlarses Corrected: glasses



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: Niluroins Corrected: None



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: intornekie Corrected: None



**1/1 0s** 34ms/step

Predicted: consse Corrected: course



1/1 — 0s 39ms/step

Predicted: totioh Corrected: motion



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: nloos' Corrected: loose



SymSpell Algorithm with Greedy Decoding

```
In [89]: from difflib import SequenceMatcher

def correct_spelling_with_symspell(text, sym_spell):
    # Generate suggestions for corrections
    suggestions = sym_spell.lookup(text, Verbosity.TOP, max_edit_distance=2)
    # Return the best suggestion if available, or the original text
    return suggestions[0].term if suggestions else text

# Path to the folder containing new images
new_folder_path = r'C:\Users\sweth\Neural\DomainAdaptation\cer_words'

def preprocess_image(image_path):
    # Load the image in grayscale
    img = cv2.imread(image_path, cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)

# Invert colors to have white text on black background
inverted = cv2.bitwise_not(img)
```

```
# Apply thresholding for binarization
    , binary = cv2.threshold(inverted, 150, 255, cv2.THRESH BINARY)
    # Find the coordinates of non-zero pixels to crop tightly around the tex
    coords = cv2.findNonZero(binary) # Finds all non-zero (white) points
    if coords is not None:
        x, y, w, h = cv2.boundingRect(coords) # Get the bounding box of nor
        cropped img = binary[y:y+h, x:x+w] # Crop the image to the bounding
        # Resize the cropped image to have a height of 32 pixels while maint
        target height, target width = 32, 128
        aspect ratio = cropped img.shape[1] / cropped img.shape[0]
        new width = min(target width, int(aspect ratio * target height))
        resized img = cv2.resize(cropped img, (new width, target height), ir
        # Calculate padding to center the text within the target dimensions
        pad left = (target width - resized img.shape[1]) // 2
        pad right = target width - resized img.shape[1] - pad left
        # Add padding to create a consistent 32x128 image with centered text
        processed img = cv2.copyMakeBorder(resized img, 0, 0, pad left, pad
        # Normalize pixel values to [0, 1]
        img normalized = processed img / 255.0
        img expanded = np.expand dims(img normalized, axis=-1) # Add channe
        return img expanded # Returns a 3D image
    else:
        # Return an empty array if no non-zero pixels found
        return np.zeros((32, 128, 1))
# def preprocess image(image path):
#
      Preprocess the image to enhance handwritten text detection.
      Converts to grayscale, applies noise removal, adaptive thresholding,
      tight cropping, resizing, and padding to match model input dimensions.
      0.000
     # Load the image in grayscale
     img = cv2.imread(image path, cv2.IMREAD GRAYSCALE)
     if img is None:
          raise FileNotFoundError(f"Image not found at {image path}")
      # Apply Gaussian Blur to reduce noise
      blurred\ img = cv2.GaussianBlur(img, (5, 5), 0)
      # Adaptive thresholding for robust binarization
      binary = cv2.adaptiveThreshold(
         blurred img, 255, cv2.ADAPTIVE THRESH GAUSSIAN C, cv2.THRESH BINAF
#
      )
      # Morphological operations to enhance text contours
#
#
      kernel = cv2.getStructuringElement(cv2.MORPH RECT, (3, 3))
     morphed = cv2.morphologyEx(binary, cv2.MORPH CLOSE, kernel)
#
```

```
# Find non-zero pixel coordinates for cropping
      coords = cv2.findNonZero(morphed)
     if coords is not None:
         x, y, w, h = cv2.boundingRect(coords)
         cropped_img = morphed[y:y+h, x:x+w]
         # Resize to target height (32) while preserving aspect ratio
         target height, target width = 32, 128
         aspect ratio = cropped img.shape[1] / cropped img.shape[0]
         new width = min(target width, int(aspect ratio * target height))
#
         resized img = cv2.resize(cropped img, (new width, target height),
         # Pad to center the text in a 32x128 image
         pad left = (target width - resized img.shape[1]) // 2
         pad right = target width - resized img.shape[1] - pad left
         padded img = cv2.copyMakeBorder(resized img, 0, 0, pad left, pad r
         # Normalize pixel values to [0, 1] and expand channel dimension
         normalized img = padded img / 255.0
         img expanded = np.expand dims(normalized img, axis=-1)
#
         return img expanded
#
    else:
         # Return an empty 32x128 black image if no text is detected
          return np.zeros((32, 128, 1))
def calculate cer(ground truths, corrected texts):
   total chars = 0
   char errors = 0
   for gt, pred in zip(ground_truths, corrected_texts):
       total chars += len(qt)
        char errors += sum(1 for g, p in zip(gt, pred) if g != p)
   cer = (char errors / total chars) * 100 if total chars > 0 else 0
    return cer
def calculate wer(ground truths, corrected texts):
   total words = 0
   word errors = 0
   for gt, pred in zip(ground truths, corrected texts):
        ground words = gt.split()
       predicted words = pred.split()
       total words += len(ground words)
        # Use SequenceMatcher to calculate the word errors
       matcher = SequenceMatcher(None, ground words, predicted words)
       word errors += sum(1 for tag in matcher.get opcodes() if tag[0] !=
   wer = (word_errors / total_words) * 100 if total_words > 0 else 0
    return wer
def predict and display new images with symspell(model, char list, sym spell
   # Load new images from folder
   corrected texts = []
   ground truths = []
   for filename in os.listdir(folder path):
        if filename.endswith(".png"):
            img path = os.path.join(folder path, filename)
            processed img = preprocess image(img path) # Process to (32, 12
```

```
# Expand dimensions to match model input
            processed img = np.expand dims(processed img, axis=0) # Shape:
            # Predict using the trained model
            prediction = model.predict(processed img)
            # Decode prediction using CTC decoder
            decoded = K.ctc decode(prediction, input length=np.ones(predicti
            out = K.get value(decoded)
            # Convert decoded labels back to text
            predicted text = ''.join([char list[c] for c in out[0] if c != -
            # Correct the spelling of the predicted text using SymSpell
            corrected text = correct spelling with symspell(predicted text,
            # Get the ground truth from the dictionary using the filename
            ground truth = ground truths dict.get(filename, "") # Default t
            # Display the original processed image for visualization
            plt.imshow(processed img[0, :, :, 0], cmap='gray') # Display th
            plt.axis('off')
            plt.title(f"Predicted: {predicted text}\nCorrected: {corrected t
            plt.show()
            # Append results to lists
            corrected texts.append(corrected text)
            ground truths.append(ground truth)
   cer predicted = calculate cer(ground truths, predicted texts)
   wer predicted = calculate wer(ground truths, predicted texts)
   # Calculate CER and WER
   cer = calculate cer(ground truths, corrected texts)
   wer = calculate wer(ground truths, corrected texts)
   print(f"Character Error Rate (CER) - Predicted: {cer predicted}%")
    print(f"Word Error Rate (WER) - Predicted: {wer predicted}%")
   print(f"Character Error Rate (CER) - corrected : {cer}%")
   print(f"Word Error Rate (WER) - corrected: {wer}%")
    return corrected texts, predicted text, ground truths # Return the corr
# Ground truth labels (manually written)
ground truths dict = {
    "word 1 (2).png": "they",
    "word 1.png": "happy",
    "word 2 (2).png": "example",
    "word_3 (2).png": "children"
    "word 3 (3).png": "biography",
    "word 3.png": "fun",
    "word 4 (2).png": "particular",
    "word 4.png": "lotion",
    "word_5 (2).png": "which",
    "word 5 (3).png": "prosecution",
    "word 6 (2).png": "present",
```

```
"word 6 (3).png": "support",
"word 6.png": "class",
"word 7 (2).png": "conditions",
"word_7 (3).png": "impact",
"word 7.png": "car",
"word_8 (2).png": "force",
"word 8.png": "assignment",
"word 9 (2).png": "were",
"word 9.png": "computer",
"word 10 (2).png": "important",
"word 10 (3).png": "admire",
"word 10.png": "course",
"word 11 (2).png": "support",
"word 11 (3).png": "internship",
"word 12 (2).png": "end",
"word 12 (3).png": "brand",
"word 12.png": "concepts",
"word 14.png": "science",
"word_15 (2).png": "policy",
"word 16 (2).png": "members",
"word 16.png": "paint",
"word 17 (2).png": "language",
"word 17 (3).png": "good",
"word 17.png": "bottle",
"word 18.png": "black",
"word 18 (3).png": "car",
"word 19 (2).png": "london",
"word 19 (3).png": "oven",
"word 19.png": "groceries",
"word 20 (2).png": "community",
"word 20 (3).png": "path",
"word 20.png": "laptop",
"word 21 (3).png": "lotion",
"word 21.png": "bag",
"word 22 (3).png": "glove",
"word 22.png": "sweater",
"word 23 (2).png": "groups",
"word 23 (3).png": "wage",
"word 23.png": "tree",
"word 24 (2).png": "west",
"word 24.png": "autumn",
"word 25 (2).png": "international",
"word 25.png": "fall",
"word 26 (2).png": "huge",
"word 26.png": "foreign",
"word 27 (2).png": "apply",
"word 27.png": "clear",
"word 28 (2).png": "hiccup",
"word_28.png": "spring",
"word 29 (2).png": "influence",
"word 29.png": "hostel",
"word 30 (2).png": "modern",
"word 30 (3).png": "monstrous",
"word 31 (2).png": "generally",
"word 31 (3).png": "socialist",
"word 31.png": "college",
```

```
"word_32 (2).png": "received",
    "word 33 (2).png": "moment",
    "word 33 (3).png": "fun",
    "word 33.png": "green",
    "word 34 (2).png": "provided",
    "word 34 (3).png": "journal",
    "word 34.png": "field",
    "word 35 (2).png": "services",
    "word 35 (3).png": "Ladder",
    "word_35.png": "grass",
    "word 36 (3).png": "book",
    "word_36.png": "carpet",
    "word 37 (2).png": "looked",
    "word 37 (3).png": "get",
    "word_37.png": "apartment",
    "word_38 (2).png": "written",
    "word 38 (3).png": "sad",
    "word 39 (2).png": "believe",
    "word 39.png": "cricket",
    "word 40 (2).png": "feet",
    "word 40.png": "house",
    "word 42 (2).png": "relationship",
    "word 42.png": "glasses",
    "word 43.png": "vitamins",
    "word 44.png": "contact"
}
corrected_texts, predicted_texts, ground_truths = predict_and_display_new_im
    act model, char list, sym spell, folder path=new folder path, ground tru
)
```

1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: wrthey Corrected: they



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: hors Corrected: hours



Predicted: Imspostant Corrected: Imspostant



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: adoisse Corrected: advise



1/1 — 0s 39ms/step

Predicted: suupport Corrected: support



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: itenstip Corrected: itenstip



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: cnd Corrected: and



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: hroad Corrected: road



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: seience Corrected: science



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: upoling Corrected: poling



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: mombeers Corrected: members



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: spaint Corrected: spain



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: longuage Corrected: language



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: Bood Corrected: good



1/1 — 0s 39ms/step

Predicted: osille Corrected: silly



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: tondon Corrected: london



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: Jven Corrected: even



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: qrocevies Corrected: groceries



1/1 — 0s 54ms/step

Predicted: exompte Corrected: example



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: Commmmity Corrected: Commmmity



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: Rpoth Corrected: both



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: lotion Corrected: lotion



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: Ikoy Corrected: look



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: sureater Corrected: greater



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: grovpr Corrected: grover



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: hree Corrected: three



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: tnteraiional Corrected: tnteraiional



1/1 — 0s 44ms/step

Predicted: telh Corrected: tell



1/1 — 0s 54ms/step

Predicted: huge Corrected: huge



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: Poreion Corrected: foreign



**1/1 0s** 35ms/step

Predicted: wbp'y Corrected: wbp'y



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: eslaar Corrected: elgar



1/1 — 0s 41ms/step

Predicted: Iricang Corrected: pricing



1/1 — 0s 40ms/step

Predicted: imfhuence Corrected: influence



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: hosted Corrected: hosted



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: chibdren Corrected: children



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: monstrons Corrected: monstrous



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: genenartty Corrected: genenartty



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: wollege Corrected: college



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: received Corrected: received



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: roment Corrected: moment



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: wun Corrected: run



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: Breen Corrected: green



1/1 — 0s 31ms/step

Predicted: ponicted Corrected: pointed



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: hfiuld Corrected: field



**1/1 0s** 39ms/step

Predicted: services Corrected: services



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: tadder Corrected: ladder



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: Brare Corrected: rare



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: hoask Corrected: has



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: lasked Corrected: asked



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: Rget Corrected: get



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: mmitten Corrected: smitten



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: Boad Corrected: road



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: belioue Corrected: believe



1/1 — 0s 45ms/step

Predicted: crickeet Corrected: cricket



1/1 — 0s 38ms/step

Predicted: pa-ticutar Corrected: particular



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: totion Corrected: motion



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: heet Corrected: feet



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: hose Corrected: hose



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: vilurains Corrected: villains



1/1 — 0s 39ms/step

Predicted: proseantion Corrected: prosecution



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: pesent Corrected: present



1/1 — 0s 48ms/step

Predicted: sapport Corrected: support



1/1 — 0s 37ms/step

Predicted: ctass Corrected: class



1/1 — 0s 34ms/step

Predicted: Conditions Corrected: conditions



1/1 — 0s 35ms/step

Predicted: tupact Corrected: impact



1/1 — 0s 41ms/step

Predicted: lorce Corrected: force



1/1 — 0s 33ms/step

Predicted: aosigument Corrected: assignment



1/1 — 0s 36ms/step

Predicted: wOere Corrected: were



1/1 — 0s 32ms/step

Predicted: Eamputer Corrected: computer



Character Error Rate (CER) - Predicted: 14.285714285714285%

Word Error Rate (WER) - Predicted: 100.0%

Character Error Rate (CER) - corrected : 24.43946188340807%

Word Error Rate (WER) - corrected: 48.57142857142857%