

Date:18/09/2020

## LAB 1

### 1<sup>ST</sup> PROGRAM

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a,b,c,i;
```

```
    do
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("Enter two numbers\n");
```

```
        scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
```

```
        printf("Enter the character between 1 and 10 for the following operations:\n 1.Sum\n 2.Difference\n 3.Product\n 4.Division\n 5.Modulus\n 6.Greater than\n 7.Lesser than\n 8.Equals to\n 9.Not equal to\n 10.Greater than or equal to\n");
```

```
        scanf("%d",&i);
```

```
        switch(i)
```

```
        {
```

```
            case 1:printf("The sum of two numbers is Sum=%d\n",a+b);
```

```
                break;
```

```
            case 2:printf("The Difference of two numbers is Difference=%d\n",a-b);
```

```
                break;
```

```
            case 3:printf("The Product of two numbers is Product=%d\n",a*b);
```

```
                break;
```



```
case 4:printf("a/b=%d\n",a/b);

    break;

case 5:printf("The modulus of two numbers is Modulus=%d\n",a%b);

    break;

case 6:if(a>b)

printf("%d>%d\n",a,b);

else

    printf("%d>%d\n",b,a);

    break;

case 7:if(a<b)

printf("%d<%d\n",a,b);

else

    printf("%d<%d\n",b,a);

    break;

case 8:if(a==b)

printf("Two numbers are equal\n");

else

    printf("%d!=%d\n",a,b);

    break;

case 9:if(a!=b)

printf("%d!=%d\n",a,b);

else

    printf("Given two numbers are equal\n");

    break;

case 10:if(a>=b)
```



```
printf("%d>=%d\n",a,b);  
else  
    printf("%d is not greater than or equal to %d\n",a,b);  
    break;  
default :printf("Enter the valid characters\n");  
  
}  
printf("Enter the key 1 if you want to continue or any other key if you want to terminate\n");  
scanf("%d",&c);  
if(c!=1)  
    break;  
}while(1);  
return 0;  
}
```



```
C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\cmd.exe
Enter two numbers
9
5
Enter the character between 1 and 10 for the following operations:
1.Sum
2.Difference
3.Product
4.Division
5.Modulus
6.Greater than
7.Lesser than
8.Equals to
9.Not equal to
10.Greater than or equal to
3
The Product of two numbers is Product=45
Enter the key 1 if you want to continue or any other key if you want to terminate
2
Press any key to continue . . . _
```

## PROGRAM 2

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <math.h>

float sumaver(int ,int);

int printeven(int, int);

int main()
{
    int a,b,c,g1,g2;

    float average;

    printf("Enter three numbers\n");
```

```

scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&b,&c);
if(c<a && c<b)
{
    g1=a;
    g2=b;
}
else if(a<b && a<c)
{
    g1=b;
    g2=c;
}
else
{
    g1=a;
    g2=c;
}
average=sumaver(g1,g2);
printf("The average of two greater numbers is:%f\n",average);
prnteven(g1,g2);
return 0;
}
float sumaver(int g1,int g2)
{
    float sum;

```



```

float aver;

sum=g1+g2;

aver=sum/2;

return aver;
}

int printeven(int g1,int g2)
{
    int i,large,small;

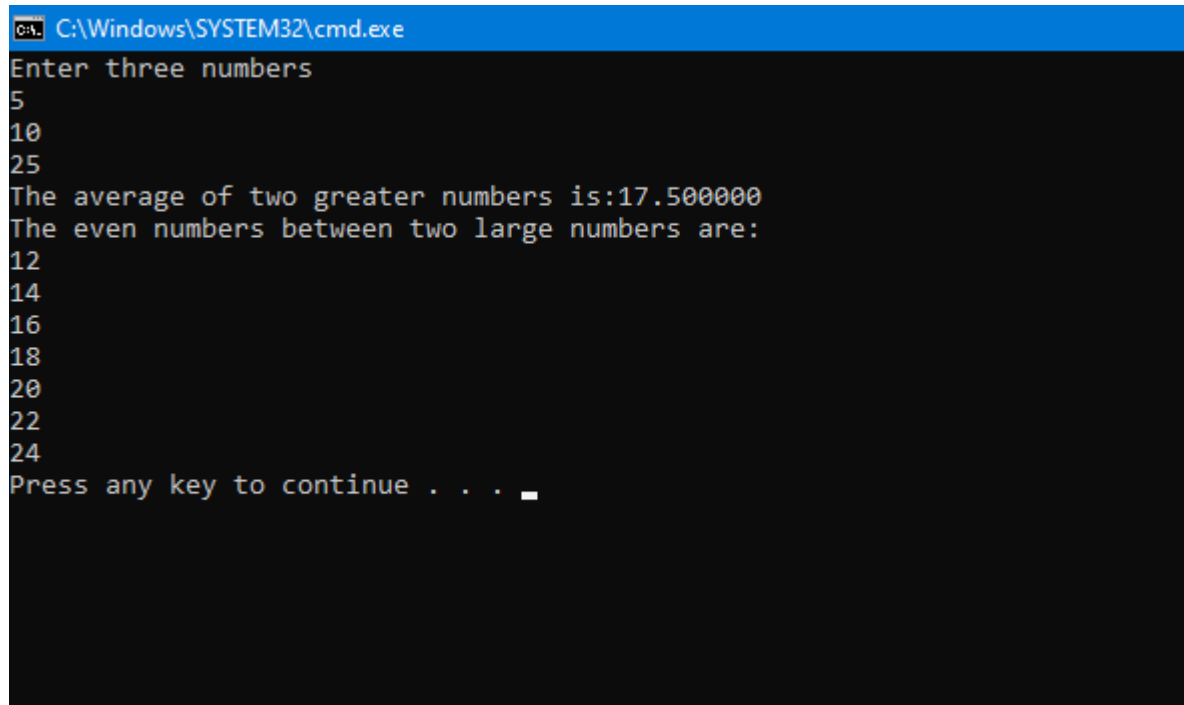
    if(g1>g2)
    {
        large=g1;
        small=g2;
    }
    else
    {
        large=g2;
        small=g1;
    }

    printf("The even numbers between two large numbers are:\n");

    for(i=small+1;i<large;i++)
    {
        if(i%2==0)
            printf("%d\n",i);
    }
}

```

```
return 0;  
}
```



A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window. The title bar is blue and contains the text "C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\cmd.exe". The command prompt has a black background with white text. The text displayed is as follows:  
Enter three numbers  
5  
10  
25  
The average of two greater numbers is:17.500000  
The even numbers between two large numbers are:  
12  
14  
16  
18  
20  
22  
24  
Press any key to continue . . .