

Physical Chemistry (Chem 132A)



Lecture 20
Monday, November 20

Midterm 2



- 1. Second Midterm exam: Wednesday, November 22**
second midterm will cover Chapters 1—6, 19
 - **there will be a seating chart**
 - **same procedures as midterm 1**
 - 1 page notes allowed**
 - bring calculator**
 - **arrive early if possible**

Important Topics Since Midterm 1 (slide 1)



- **Mixtures: Limited to Binary mixtures**

Phase rule: $F = C - P + 2$

partial molar quantities:

$$V_j = \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial n_j} \right)_{p, T, n'}$$

Gibbs-Duhem equation:

$$d\mu_B = -\frac{n_A}{n_B} d\mu_A$$

**Mixing (for an ideal gas mixing is driven by ΔS_{mix})
for non-ideal systems enthalpy may play a role**

Roult's Law: $p_A = x_A p_A^*$

Non-ideal behavior: Henry's Law: $p_B = x_B K_B$ B is solute

Important Topics Since Midterm 1 (slide 2)



Mixtures (continued)

Colligative Properties

freezing point depression

boiling point elevation

Phase Diagrams for Binary Mixtures

distillations

azeotropes

Liquid-solid phase diagrams

cooling curves

eutectic mixtures

Non-ideal behavior

fugacity

$$a_A = \gamma_A x_A$$

activities:

$$\mu_A = \mu_A^* + RT \ln x_A + RT \ln \gamma_A$$

Important Topics Since Midterm 1 (slide 3)



- **Ionic Solutions**

- Debye-Huckel Law**

$$\log \gamma_{\pm} = -0.509 |z_+ z_-| I^{1/2}$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2} \sum_i z_i^2 \left(\frac{b_i}{b^0} \right) \quad \text{I is the Ionic Strength}$$

- **Equilibrium Constants and Reaction Quotients**

$$\Delta_r G = \Delta_r G^0 + RT \ln(Q)$$

$$\Delta G^0 = -RT \ln K$$

$$K = \frac{a_C a_D}{a_A a_B}$$

$$a_A = \gamma_A x_A$$

$$K = K_{\gamma} K_b$$

Important Topics Since Midterm 1 (slide 4)



- **Electrochemical Cells**

- Half reactions**

- Balancing Redox reactions**

- Standard cell potentials**

- **Nernst Equation:**

$$E_{cell} = E_{cell}^0 - \frac{RT}{\nu F} \ln Q$$

$$E_{cell}^0 = \frac{RT}{\nu F} \ln K$$

Important Topics Since Midterm 1 (slide 5)



- **Temperature Dependence of K**

$$\ln K_2 - \ln K_1 = -\frac{\Delta_r H^0}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1} \right)$$

$$\ln \frac{K_2}{K_1} = -\frac{\Delta_r H^0}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1} \right)$$

- **Le Chatelier's Principle**

- **Boltzmann Speed Distribution**

$$\langle v^n \rangle = \int_0^{\infty} v^n f(v) dv$$

$$v_{mean} = \int_0^{\infty} v f(v) dv = \left(\frac{8RT}{\pi M} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$v_{rms} = \left(\int_0^{\infty} v^2 f(v) dv \right)^{1/2} = \left(\frac{3RT}{M} \right)^{1/2}$$

Important Topics Since Midterm 1 (slide 6)



- Collision cross sections
- Mean free path
- Flux

$$J(\text{matter}) = -D \frac{dN}{dz}$$

$$J(\text{thermal energy}) = -\kappa \frac{dT}{dz}$$

Important Topics Since Midterm 1 (slide 7)



$$D = (1/3)\lambda v_{\text{mean}} \quad \text{Diffusion coefficient}$$

$$\kappa = (1/3)v_{\text{mean}} \lambda N k \quad \text{Thermal conductivity}$$

$$\eta = (1/3)v_{\text{mean}} \lambda m N \quad \text{Viscosity}$$

These expressions provide reasonable **approximations** for the transport coefficients.

Important Topics Since Midterm 1 (slide 8)



- **Ion Mobilities**

$$\mathbf{S} = u\mathbf{E}$$

\mathbf{E} = applied field

u is the **mobility**

- **Diffusion Equation**

$$F = -\left(\frac{\partial \mu}{\partial x}\right)_{T,p}$$

$$F = -RT\left(\frac{\partial \ln a}{\partial x}\right)_{T,p} = -RT\left(\frac{\partial \ln c}{\partial x}\right)_{T,p} = -\frac{RT}{c}\left(\frac{\partial c}{\partial x}\right)_{T,p}$$

In One dimension:

$$\frac{\partial c(x,t)}{\partial t} = D \frac{\partial^2 c(x,t)}{\partial^2 x}$$

Things to Review Prior to Midterm 2



Everything prior to the first midterm

Review the first midterm (answers are on the canvas site)

Discussion Section Problems

WebAssign Homework Problems



SEE YOU AT THE EXAM

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 22