Fitting SSF models to the buffalo data

Dynamic step selection functions with temporal harmonics

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Load packages

Importing buffalo data

Import the buffalo data with random steps and extracted covariates that we created for the paper Forrest et al. (2024), in the script Ecography_DynamicSSF_1_Step_generation. This repo can be found at: swforrest/dynamic_SSF_sims.

Here we create the sine and cosine terms that were interact with each of the covariates to fit temporally varying parameters.

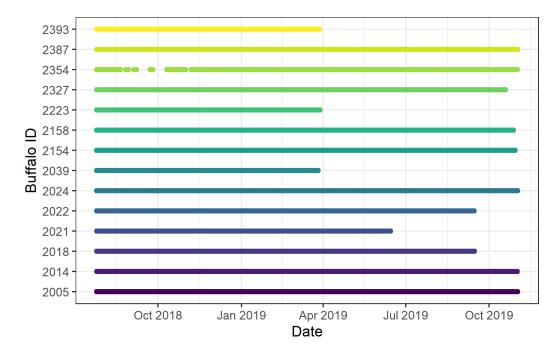
```
buffalo_data_all <- read_csv("data/buffalo_parametric_popn_covs_GvM_10rs_2024-09-04.csv")
```

```
Rows: 1165406 Columns: 22
-- Column specification ------
Delimiter: ","
dbl (18): id, burst_, x1_, x2_, y1_, y2_, sl_, ta_, dt_, hour_t2, step_id_,...
lgl (1): case_
dttm (3): t1_, t2_, t2_rounded
```

```
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
buffalo_data_all <- buffalo_data_all %>%
  mutate(t1_ = lubridate::with_tz(buffalo_data_all$t1_, tzone = "Australia/Darwin"),
         t2_ = lubridate::with_tz(buffalo_data_all$t2_, tzone = "Australia/Darwin"))
buffalo_data_all <- buffalo_data_all %>%
  mutate(id_num = as.numeric(factor(id)),
         step_id = step_id_,
         x1 = x1_, x2 = x2_,
         y1 = y1_, y2 = y2_,
         t1 = t1,
         t1_rounded = round_date(buffalo_data_all$t1_, "hour"),
         hour_t1 = hour(t1_rounded),
         t2 = t2,
         t2_rounded = round_date(buffalo_data_all$t2_, "hour"),
         hour_t2 = hour(t2_rounded),
         hour = hour_t2,
         yday = yday(t1_),
         year = year(t1_),
         month = month(t1_),
         sl = sl_{-}
         log_sl = log(sl_),
         ta = ta_,
         cos_ta = cos(ta_),
         # scale canopy cover from 0 to 1
         canopy 01 = \text{canopy cover}/100,
         # here we create the harmonic terms for the hour of the day
         # for seasonal effects, change hour to yday (which is tau in the manuscript),
         # and 24 to 365 (which is T)
         hour_s1 = sin(2*pi*hour/24),
         hour_s2 = sin(4*pi*hour/24),
         hour_s3 = sin(6*pi*hour/24),
         hour_c1 = cos(2*pi*hour/24),
         hour_c2 = cos(4*pi*hour/24),
         hour_c3 = cos(6*pi*hour/24))
# to select a single year of data
# buffalo_data_all <- buffalo_data_all %>% filter(t1 < "2019-07-25 09:32:42 ACST")
buffalo_ids <- unique(buffalo_data_all$id)</pre>
# Timeline of buffalo data
buffalo_data_all %>% ggplot(aes(x = t1, y = factor(id), colour = factor(id))) +
```

i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

```
geom_point(alpha = 0.1) +
scale_y_discrete("Buffalo ID") +
scale_x_datetime("Date") +
scale_colour_viridis_d() +
theme_bw() +
theme(legend.position = "none")
```



Fitting the models

Creating a data matrix

First we create a data matrix to be provided to the model, and then we scale and centre the full data matrix, with respect to each of the columns. That means that all variables are scaled and centred *after* the data has been split into wet and dry season data, and also after creating the quadratic and harmonic terms (when using them).

We should only include covariates in the data matrix that will be used in the model formula.

Models

- 0p = 0 pairs of harmonics
- 1p = 1 pair of harmonics
- 2p = 2 pairs of harmonics
- 3p = 3 pairs of harmonics

For the dynamic models, we start to add the harmonic terms. As we have already created the harmonic terms for the hour of the day (s1, c1, s2, etc), we just interact (multiply) these with each of the covariates, including the quadratic terms, prior to model fitting. We store the scaling and centering variables to reconstruct the natural scale coefficients.

To provide some intuition about harmonic regression we have created a walkthrough script for Forrest et al. (2024), in the script Ecography_DynamicSSF_Walkthrough_Harmonics_and_selection_surfa which can be found at: swforrest/dynamic_SSF_sims, that introduces harmonics and how they can be used to model temporal variation in the data. It will help provide some understand the model outputs and how we construct the temporally varying coefficients in this script.

Selecting data

```
months_wet <- c(1:4, 11:12)
buffalo_ids <- unique(buffalo_data_all$id)
focal_id <- 2005

# comment and uncomment the relevant lines to get either wet or dry season data
# buffalo_data <- buffalo_data_all %>% filter(id == focal_id & month %in% months_wet) # wet
# buffalo_data <- buffalo_data_all %>% filter(id == focal_id & !month %in% months_wet) # dry

# all data
buffalo_data <- buffalo_data_all %>% filter(id == focal_id)
```

```
buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled <- buffalo_data %>% transmute(

  ndvi = ndvi_temporal,
  ndvi_sq = ndvi_temporal ^ 2,
  canopy = canopy_01,
  canopy_sq = canopy_01 ^ 2,
  slope = slope,
  herby = veg_herby,
  step_l = sl,
  log_step_l = log_sl,
  cos_turn_a = cos_ta)

buffalo_data_matrix_scaled <- scale(buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled)

# save the scaling values to recover the natural scale of the coefficients</pre>
```

```
buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled <- buffalo_data %>% transmute(
  # the 'linear' term
  ndvi = ndvi_temporal,
  # interact with the harmonic terms
  ndvi_s1 = ndvi_temporal * hour_s1,
 ndvi_c1 = ndvi_temporal * hour_c1,
 ndvi_sq = ndvi_temporal ^ 2,
  ndvi_sq_s1 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_s1,
  ndvi_sq_c1 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_c1,
  canopy = canopy_01,
  canopy_s1 = canopy_01 * hour_s1,
  canopy_c1 = canopy_01 * hour_c1,
  canopy_sq = canopy_01 ^ 2,
  canopy_sq_s1 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_s1,
  canopy_sq_c1 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_c1,
  slope = slope,
  slope_s1 = slope * hour_s1,
  slope_c1 = slope * hour_c1,
 herby = veg_herby,
  herby s1 = veg herby * hour s1,
  herby_c1 = veg_herby * hour_c1,
```

```
step_l = sl,
  step_l_s1 = sl * hour_s1,
  step_l_c1 = sl * hour_c1,
  log_step_l = log_sl,
  log_step_l_s1 = log_sl * hour_s1,
  log_step_l_c1 = log_sl * hour_c1,
  cos_turn_a = cos_ta,
  cos_turn_a_s1 = cos_ta * hour_s1,
  cos_turn_a_c1 = cos_ta * hour_c1)
buffalo_data_matrix_scaled <- scale(buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled)</pre>
mean_vals <- attr(buffalo_data_matrix_scaled, "scaled:center")</pre>
sd_vals <- attr(buffalo_data_matrix_scaled, "scaled:scale")</pre>
scaling_attributes_1p <- data.frame(variable = names(buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled),</pre>
                                     mean = mean_vals, sd = sd_vals)
buffalo_data_scaled_1p <- data.frame(id = buffalo_data$id,
                                       step_id = buffalo_data$step_id,
                                       y = buffalo_data$y,
                                       buffalo_data_matrix_scaled)
```

```
buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled <- buffalo_data %>% transmute(

   ndvi = ndvi_temporal,
   ndvi_s1 = ndvi_temporal * hour_s1,
   ndvi_s2 = ndvi_temporal * hour_s2,
   ndvi_c1 = ndvi_temporal * hour_c1,
   ndvi_c2 = ndvi_temporal * hour_c2,

   ndvi_sq = ndvi_temporal ^ 2,
   ndvi_sq_s1 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_s1,
   ndvi_sq_s2 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_s2,
   ndvi_sq_c1 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_c1,
   ndvi_sq_c2 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_c2,

canopy = canopy_01,
   canopy_s1 = canopy_01 * hour_s1,
   canopy_s2 = canopy_01 * hour_s2,
```

```
canopy_c1 = canopy_01 * hour_c1,
  canopy_c2 = canopy_01 * hour_c2,
  canopy_sq = canopy_01 ^ 2,
  canopy_sq_s1 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_s1,
  canopy_sq_s2 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_s2,
  canopy_sq_c1 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_c1,
  canopy_sq_c2 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_c2,
  slope = slope,
  slope_s1 = slope * hour_s1,
  slope_s2 = slope * hour_s2,
  slope_c1 = slope * hour_c1,
  slope_c2 = slope * hour_c2,
  herby = veg herby,
  herby_s1 = veg_herby * hour_s1,
  herby_s2 = veg_herby * hour_s2,
  herby_c1 = veg_herby * hour_c1,
  herby_c2 = veg_herby * hour_c2,
  step_l = sl,
  step_l_s1 = sl * hour_s1,
  step_1_s2 = s1 * hour_s2,
  step_l_c1 = sl * hour_c1,
  step_1_c2 = s1 * hour_c2,
  log_step_l = log_sl,
  log_step_l_s1 = log_sl * hour_s1,
  log_step_1_s2 = log_s1 * hour_s2,
  log_step_l_c1 = log_sl * hour_c1,
  log_step_1_c2 = log_sl * hour_c2,
  cos_turn_a = cos_ta,
  cos_turn_a_s1 = cos_ta * hour_s1,
  cos_turn_a_s2 = cos_ta * hour_s2,
  cos_turn_a_c1 = cos_ta * hour_c1,
  cos_turn_a_c2 = cos_ta * hour_c2)
buffalo data matrix scaled <- scale(buffalo data matrix unscaled)</pre>
mean_vals <- attr(buffalo_data_matrix_scaled, "scaled:center")</pre>
sd_vals <- attr(buffalo_data_matrix_scaled, "scaled:scale")</pre>
scaling_attributes_2p <- data.frame(variable = names(buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled),</pre>
```

3р

```
buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled <- buffalo_data %>% transmute(
 ndvi = ndvi temporal,
 ndvi_s1 = ndvi_temporal * hour_s1,
 ndvi_s2 = ndvi_temporal * hour_s2,
 ndvi_s3 = ndvi_temporal * hour_s3,
 ndvi_c1 = ndvi_temporal * hour_c1,
  ndvi_c2 = ndvi_temporal * hour_c2,
  ndvi_c3 = ndvi_temporal * hour_c3,
  ndvi_sq = ndvi_temporal ^ 2,
 ndvi_sq_s1 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_s1,
  ndvi sq s2 = (ndvi temporal ^ 2) * hour s2,
  ndvi_sq_s3 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_s3,
  ndvi_sq_c1 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_c1,
  ndvi_sq_c2 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_c2,
  ndvi_sq_c3 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_c3,
  canopy = canopy_01,
  canopy_s1 = canopy_01 * hour_s1,
  canopy_s2 = canopy_01 * hour_s2,
  canopy_s3 = canopy_01 * hour_s3,
  canopy_c1 = canopy_01 * hour_c1,
  canopy_c2 = canopy_01 * hour_c2,
  canopy_c3 = canopy_01 * hour_c3,
  canopy_sq = canopy_01 ^ 2,
  canopy_sq_s1 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_s1,
  canopy_sq_s2 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_s2,
  canopy_sq_s3 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_s3,
  canopy_sq_c1 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_c1,
  canopy_sq_c2 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_c2,
  canopy_sq_c3 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_c3,
```

```
slope = slope,
  slope_s1 = slope * hour_s1,
  slope s2 = slope * hour s2,
  slope_s3 = slope * hour_s3,
  slope_c1 = slope * hour_c1,
  slope_c2 = slope * hour_c2,
  slope_c3 = slope * hour_c3,
  herby = veg_herby,
  herby_s1 = veg_herby * hour_s1,
  herby_s2 = veg_herby * hour_s2,
  herby_s3 = veg_herby * hour_s3,
  herby_c1 = veg_herby * hour_c1,
  herby_c2 = veg_herby * hour_c2,
  herby_c3 = veg_herby * hour_c3,
  step_1 = sl,
  step_l_s1 = sl * hour_s1,
  step_1_s2 = sl * hour_s2,
  step_1_s3 = s1 * hour_s3,
  step_l_c1 = sl * hour_c1,
  step_1_c2 = sl * hour_c2,
  step_1_c3 = sl * hour_c3,
  log_step_l = log_sl,
  log_step_l_s1 = log_sl * hour_s1,
  log_step_1_s2 = log_s1 * hour_s2,
  log_step_1_s3 = log_s1 * hour_s3,
  log_step_l_c1 = log_sl * hour_c1,
  log_step_1_c2 = log_sl * hour_c2,
  log_step_1_c3 = log_sl * hour_c3,
  cos turn a = cos ta,
  cos_turn_a_s1 = cos_ta * hour_s1,
  cos_turn_a_s2 = cos_ta * hour_s2,
  cos_turn_a_s3 = cos_ta * hour_s3,
  cos_turn_a_c1 = cos_ta * hour_c1,
  cos_turn_a_c2 = cos_ta * hour_c2,
  cos_turn_a_c3 = cos_ta * hour_c3)
buffalo_data_matrix_scaled <- scale(buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled)</pre>
mean_vals <- attr(buffalo_data_matrix_scaled, "scaled:center")</pre>
sd_vals <- attr(buffalo_data_matrix_scaled, "scaled:scale")</pre>
```

Model formula

As we have already precomputed and scaled the covariates, quadratic terms and interactions with the harmonics, we just include each parameter as a linear predictor.

0p

```
formula_0p <- y ~

ndvi +
ndvi_sq +
canopy +
canopy_sq +
slope +
herby +
step_l +
log_step_l +
cos_turn_a +</pre>
strata(step_id)
```

```
formula_1p <- y ~

ndvi +
 ndvi_s1 +
 ndvi_c1 +

ndvi_sq +
 ndvi_sq_s1 +
 ndvi_sq_c1 +</pre>
```

```
canopy +
canopy_s1 +
canopy_c1 +
canopy_sq +
canopy_sq_s1 +
canopy_sq_c1 +
slope +
slope_s1 +
slope_c1 +
herby +
herby_s1 +
herby_c1 +
step_l +
step_l_s1 +
step_l_c1 +
log_step_l +
log_step_l_s1 +
log_step_l_c1 +
cos_turn_a +
cos_turn_a_s1 +
cos_turn_a_c1 +
strata(step_id)
```

2р

```
ndvi +
ndvi_s1 +
ndvi_s2 +
ndvi_c1 +
ndvi_c2 +
ndvi_sq +
ndvi_sq_s1 +
ndvi_sq_s2 +
```

```
ndvi_sq_c1 +
ndvi_sq_c2 +
canopy +
canopy_s1 +
canopy_s2 +
canopy_c1 +
canopy_c2 +
canopy_sq +
canopy_sq_s1 +
canopy_sq_s2 +
canopy_sq_c1 +
canopy_sq_c2 +
slope +
slope_s1 +
slope_s2 +
slope_c1 +
slope_c2 +
herby +
herby_s1 +
herby_s2 +
herby_c1 +
herby_c2 +
step_1 +
step_l_s1 +
step_1_s2 +
step_l_c1 +
step_1_c2 +
log_step_l +
log_step_l_s1 +
log_step_l_s2 +
log_step_l_c1 +
log_step_l_c2 +
cos_turn_a +
cos_turn_a_s1 +
cos_turn_a_s2 +
cos_turn_a_c1 +
cos_turn_a_c2 +
```

```
strata(step_id)
```

3р

```
formula_3p <- y ~</pre>
 ndvi +
 ndvi_s1 +
 ndvi_s2 +
 ndvi_s3 +
 ndvi_c1 +
 ndvi_c2 +
 ndvi_c3 +
 ndvi_sq +
 ndvi_sq_s1 +
 ndvi_sq_s2 +
 ndvi_sq_s3 +
 ndvi_sq_c1 +
  ndvi_sq_c2 +
 ndvi_sq_c3 +
  canopy +
 canopy_s1 +
  canopy_s2 +
  canopy_s3 +
  canopy_c1 +
  canopy_c2 +
  canopy_c3 +
  canopy_sq +
  canopy_sq_s1 +
  canopy_sq_s2 +
  canopy_sq_s3 +
  canopy_sq_c1 +
  canopy_sq_c2 +
  canopy_sq_c3 +
  slope +
  slope_s1 +
  slope_s2 +
  slope_s3 +
  slope_c1 +
```

```
slope_c2 +
slope_c3 +
herby +
herby_s1 +
herby_s2 +
herby_s3 +
herby_c1 +
herby_c2 +
herby_c3 +
step_l +
step_l_s1 +
step_1_s2 +
step_1_s3 +
step_l_c1 +
step_1_c2 +
step_1_c3 +
log_step_l +
log_step_l_s1 +
log_step_l_s2 +
log_step_l_s3 +
log_step_l_c1 +
log_step_l_c2 +
log_step_l_c3 +
cos_turn_a +
cos_turn_a_s1 +
cos_turn_a_s2 +
cos_turn_a_s3 +
cos_turn_a_c1 +
cos_turn_a_c2 +
cos_turn_a_c3 +
strata(step_id)
```

Fit the model

As we have already fitted the model, we will load it here, but if the model_fit file doesn't exist, it will run the model fitting code. Be careful here that if you change the model formula, you will need to delete or rename the model_fit file to re-run the model fitting code, otherwise it will just load the previous model.

We are fitting a single model to the focal individual.

```
if(file.exists(paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_0p_harms.rds"))) {
  model_Op_harms <- readRDS(pasteO("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_Op_harms.rds"))</pre>
  print("Read existing model")
} else {
  tic()
   model_Op_harms <- fit_clogit(formula = formula_Op,</pre>
                                       data = buffalo_data_scaled_0p)
 toc()
  # save model object
  saveRDS(model_0p_harms, file = paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_0p_harms.rd
  print("Fitted model")
  beep(sound = 2)
}
[1] "Read existing model"
model_Op_harms
$model
Call:
survival::clogit(formula, data = data, ...)
               coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                             z
                                                          0.028254
ndvi
           0.119793 1.127263 0.054606
                                         2.194
ndvi_sq
          -0.029336
                     0.971090 0.057424
                                        -0.511
                                                          0.609444
canopy
          -0.209316
                     0.811139 0.055978
                                        -3.739
                                                          0.000185
canopy_sq
          0.067734 1.070080 0.056884
                                         1.191
                                                          0.233758
slope
          -0.081189
                     0.922019 0.018447 -4.401
                                                         0.0000108
herby
          -0.060009 0.941756 0.016352 -3.670
                                                          0.000243
step_1
          8.212 < 0.00000000000000002
log_step_1 0.127038 1.135461 0.015469
cos_turn_a 0.001974 1.001976 0.011025
                                         0.179
                                                          0.857924
```

```
Likelihood ratio test=282.9 on 9 df, p=< 0.0000000000000000022
n=104742, number of events= 9082
   (2574 observations deleted due to missingness)
sl
NULL
$ta_
NULL
$more
NULL
attr(,"class")
[1] "fit_clogit" "list"
1p
if(file.exists(paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_1p_harms.rds"))) {
  model_1p_harms <- readRDS(paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_1p_harms.rds"))</pre>
  print("Read existing model")
} else {
 tic()
  model_1p_harms <- fit_clogit(formula = formula_1p,</pre>
                                        data = buffalo_data_scaled_1p)
  toc()
  # save model object
  saveRDS(model_1p_harms, file = paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_1p_harms.rd
  print("Fitted model")
  beep(sound = 2)
}
[1] "Read existing model"
model_1p_harms
```

\$model

survival::clogit(formula, data = data, ...) coef exp(coef) se(coef) z p ndvi 0.003458 1.003464 0.065205 0.053 0.957708 ndvi_s1 -0.905497 0.404341 0.208658 -4.340 0.000014272791479765 -8.069 0.000000000000000706 ndvi_c1 -1.587639 0.204408 0.196747 0.042168 1.043069 0.066146 0.637 $ndvi_sq$ 0.523805 3.476 ndvi_sq_s1 0.422763 1.526173 0.121607 0.000508 0.894461 2.446018 0.116964 7.647 0.000000000000020526 ndvi_sq_c1 canopy -0.221606 0.801231 0.058306 -3.8010.000144 -0.034029 -0.204 0.966543 0.166888 0.838428 canopy_s1 1.250977 0.169148 1.324 canopy_c1 0.223925 0.185557 canopy_sq 0.081769 1.085205 0.059131 1.383 0.166716 canopy_sq_s1 0.180573 1.197904 0.110883 1.629 0.103418 canopy_sq_c1 -0.277337 0.757799 0.112403 -2.4670.013612 slope -0.079070 0.923975 0.019172 -4.124 0.000037197638599163 slope_s1 -0.111915 0.894120 0.026769 -4.181 0.000029054259144576 slope_c1 0.019384 1.019573 0.027979 0.693 0.488442 0.017372 -3.025 herby 0.948803 0.002484 -0.052554 herby_s1 1.003440 0.096 0.003434 0.035854 0.923689 herby_c1 0.166075 1.180662 0.037677 4.408 0.000010438424205133 step_1 -0.236002 0.789779 0.018147 - 13.005 < 0.0000000000000002step_l_s1 0.046954 1.048074 0.021103 2,225 0.026084 step_l_c1 0.016707 1.016848 0.021392 0.781 0.434806 1.248665 0.017412 12.754 < 0.0000000000000000 log_step_l 0.222075 $0.717079 \quad 0.031679 \quad -10.498 < 0.0000000000000000$ log_step_l_s1 -0.332569 $0.626738 \quad 0.031657 \quad -14.759 < 0.00000000000000002$ log step 1 c1 -0.467227 cos_turn_a 0.005601 1.005617 0.011209 0.500 0.617310 cos_turn_a_s1 -0.083722 0.919687 0.011221 -7.461 0.000000000000085936 cos_turn_a_c1 -0.097243 Likelihood ratio test=1136 on 27 df, p=< 0.00000000000000022 n=104742, number of events= 9082 (2574 observations deleted due to missingness) $sl_{}$ NULL \$ta_ NULL

Call:

\$more
NULL

[1] "Read existing model"

print("Fitted model")

beep(sound = 2)

\$model

```
model_2p_harms
```

```
Call:
survival::clogit(formula, data = data, ...)
                  coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                                z
                                                                    р
              0.043757 1.044728 0.068423
ndvi
                                            0.640
                                                              0.522494
ndvi_s1
             -0.992511
                       0.370645 0.205335
                                           -4.834 0.00000134070221599
ndvi_s2
              0.342154 1.407978 0.203008
                                            1.685
                                                              0.091907
ndvi_c1
             -1.612940 0.199301 0.220780 -7.306 0.00000000000027593
ndvi_c2
              0.088936 1.093010 0.217183
                                            0.409
                                                              0.682176
ndvi_sq
             -0.008091 0.991942 0.069470 -0.116
                                                              0.907284
                                            4.270 0.00001953181494962
ndvi_sq_s1
             0.514073 1.672089 0.120387
             -0.130500 0.877657 0.120427 -1.084
                                                              0.278525
ndvi_sq_s2
             0.895540 2.448658 0.130059
                                            6.886 0.0000000000575333
ndvi_sq_c1
```

```
ndvi_sq_c2
              0.082307
                        1.085789
                                 0.127867
                                            0.644
                                                              0.519776
                                           -3.230
canopy
             -0.192538
                        0.824863 0.059616
                                                              0.001240
canopy_s1
              0.080558
                        1.083892 0.172367
                                            0.467
                                                              0.640240
canopy_s2
             -0.015172
                        0.984942 0.168208
                                           -0.090
                                                              0.928129
canopy_c1
              0.266237
                        1.305045 0.177146
                                            1.503
                                                              0.132858
canopy_c2
              0.050129
                        1.051407
                                 0.173408
                                            0.289
                                                              0.772518
canopy_sq
              0.058202
                        1.059930
                                 0.060273
                                            0.966
                                                              0.334221
              0.122514
                        1.130335 0.114444
                                            1.071
                                                              0.284387
canopy_sq_s1
canopy_sq_s2
              0.104232
                        1.109858
                                 0.111811
                                            0.932
                                                              0.351223
             -0.276427
                        0.758489
                                 0.116800 -2.367
                                                              0.017948
canopy_sq_c1
              0.098530
canopy_sq_c2
                        1.103547
                                 0.114527
                                            0.860
                                                              0.389615
                                           -4.403 0.00001068238707322
slope
             -0.091073
                        0.912951
                                 0.020685
slope s1
             -0.093865
                        0.910406 0.026656
                                           -3.521
                                                              0.000429
                                           -0.827
slope_s2
             -0.023585
                        0.976691
                                 0.028530
                                                              0.408417
slope_c1
              0.001756
                        1.001758 0.031056
                                            0.057
                                                              0.954898
slope_c2
             -0.029052
                        0.971366 0.029142
                                           -0.997
                                                              0.318817
herby
             -0.059191
                        0.942527
                                 0.017900
                                           -3.307
                                                              0.000944
herby_s1
              0.002033
                        1.002036 0.037217
                                            0.055
                                                              0.956428
             -0.000974
                                 0.037022 -0.026
herby s2
                        0.999027
                                                              0.979011
herby_c1
                                 0.040037
                                            2.874
              0.115076
                        1.121959
                                                              0.004050
herby_c2
                        0.879443
                                 0.037886 -3.391
             -0.128467
                                                              0.000697
step_1
             -0.419477
                        0.657391
                                 0.022905 - 18.314 < 0.00000000000000002
step_l_s1
             -0.001464
                        0.998537
                                  0.019972 -0.073
                                                              0.941577
step_l_s2
             -0.279437
                        0.756210
                                 0.023197 - 12.046 < 0.00000000000000002
step_l_c1
             -0.107757
                        0.897845
                                 0.028057 -3.841
                                                              0.000123
             -0.289807
                        0.748408 \quad 0.024142 \quad -12.004 < 0.0000000000000002
step_l_c2
                        1.334093 0.018317 15.737 < 0.00000000000000002
              0.288252
log_step_l
                        log step 1 s1 -0.374283
log_step_1_s2 -0.045758
                        0.955273 0.033065
                                           -1.384
                                                              0.166397
log_step_l_c1 -0.372760
                        0.688830
                                 0.033255 -11.209 < 0.00000000000000002
log_step_l_c2 -0.153402
                        0.857785 \quad 0.032811 \quad -4.675 \quad 0.00000293525964538
                        1.009116 0.011381
cos turn a
              0.009075
                                            0.797
                                                              0.425219
cos_turn_a_s1 -0.088709
                        0.915112  0.011422  -7.766  0.00000000000000808
cos_turn_a_s2 -0.105611
                        0.899774 \quad 0.011399 \quad -9.265 < 0.0000000000000002
cos_turn_a_c1 -0.089552
                        0.914341
                                 0.925869 0.011429 -6.739 0.0000000001591447
cos_turn_a_c2 -0.077023
```

\$sl_ NULL

\$ta

```
$more
NULL
attr(,"class")
[1] "fit_clogit" "list"
3р
if(file.exists(paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_3p_harms.rds"))) {
  model_3p_harms <- readRDS(paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_3p_harms.rds"))</pre>
  print("Read existing model")
} else {
  tic()
  model_3p_harms <- fit_clogit(formula = formula_3p,</pre>
                                     data = buffalo_data_scaled_3p)
  toc()
  # save model object
  saveRDS(model_3p_harms, file = paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_3p_harms.rd
  print("Fitted model")
  beep(sound = 2)
}
[1] "Read existing model"
model_3p_harms
$model
Call:
survival::clogit(formula, data = data, ...)
                   coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                                   Z
               0.053434 1.054887 0.069905
ndvi
                                               0.764
                                                                 0.444642
              -0.889595 0.410822 0.220413
                                             -4.036 0.00005436147153177
ndvi_s1
ndvi_s2
               0.376174 1.456700 0.210826
                                               1.784
                                                                 0.074378
               0.020205 1.020410 0.221771
                                               0.091
                                                                 0.927409
ndvi_s3
```

NULL

```
ndvi_c1
               -1.673562
                          0.187578
                                    0.218941
                                               -7.644
                                                       0.00000000000002108
ndvi c2
                          0.873594
                                               -0.595
               -0.135140
                                    0.227080
                                                                   0.551764
ndvi_c3
               -0.208753
                          0.811596
                                    0.207927
                                               -1.004
                                                                   0.315391
ndvi_sq
                                               -0.194
               -0.013759
                          0.986335
                                    0.070977
                                                                   0.846290
ndvi_sq_s1
               0.452224
                          1.571804
                                    0.128359
                                                3.523
                                                                   0.000426
ndvi_sq_s2
               -0.166224
                          0.846856
                                    0.123974
                                               -1.341
                                                                   0.179986
                                               -0.434
ndvi_sq_s3
               -0.056616
                          0.944957
                                     0.130381
                                                                   0.664116
ndvi_sq_c1
               0.943417
                          2.568745
                                     0.129567
                                                7.281
                                                       0.0000000000033058
                                                1.699
ndvi_sq_c2
               0.226610
                          1.254340
                                    0.133381
                                                                   0.089326
ndvi_sq_c3
               0.014961
                          1.015073
                                    0.123553
                                                0.121
                                                                   0.903620
canopy
               -0.210127
                          0.810481
                                     0.060329
                                               -3.483
                                                                   0.000496
                                                0.794
canopy_s1
               0.139434
                          1.149623
                                    0.175581
                                                                   0.427118
canopy s2
               0.041171
                          1.042030
                                    0.173616
                                                0.237
                                                                   0.812552
                                     0.172810
canopy_s3
               0.167108
                          1.181882
                                                0.967
                                                                   0.333542
canopy_c1
               0.186546
                          1.205080
                                    0.177467
                                                1.051
                                                                   0.293186
canopy_c2
               -0.020638
                          0.979573
                                    0.178995
                                               -0.115
                                                                   0.908206
                                               -2.507
canopy_c3
               -0.432610
                          0.648814
                                    0.172568
                                                                   0.012180
canopy_sq
               0.070688
                          1.073247
                                    0.061074
                                                1.157
                                                                   0.247099
                          1.083050
                                                0.684
                                                                   0.493698
canopy_sq_s1
               0.079781
                                    0.116564
canopy_sq_s2
                          1.070953
                                    0.115436
                                                0.594
                                                                   0.552631
               0.068549
                          0.879793
                                     0.114703
                                               -1.117
                                                                   0.264199
canopy_sq_s3
               -0.128069
canopy_sq_c1
               -0.233344
                          0.791881
                                     0.117332
                                               -1.989
                                                                   0.046728
               0.128881
                          1.137555
                                    0.118059
                                                1.092
                                                                   0.274978
canopy_sq_c2
canopy_sq_c3
               0.262403
                          1.300051
                                    0.114177
                                                2.298
                                                                   0.021550
                                               -4.861
                                                       0.00000116797774923
slope
               -0.101180
                          0.903771
                                    0.020815
               -0.079426
                          0.923646
                                    0.027910
                                               -2.846
                                                                   0.004430
slope_s1
                                               -0.655
slope_s2
               -0.018933
                          0.981245
                                    0.028913
                                                                   0.512585
slope s3
               0.027495
                          1.027877
                                     0.028756
                                                0.956
                                                                   0.338986
slope_c1
               0.004549
                          1.004559
                                     0.031200
                                                0.146
                                                                   0.884082
slope c2
               -0.021925
                          0.978314
                                     0.029634
                                               -0.740
                                                                   0.459388
                          0.938219
slope_c3
               -0.063772
                                    0.029628
                                               -2.152
                                                                   0.031365
herby
                          0.946111
                                     0.018036
                                               -3.071
               -0.055395
                                                                   0.002131
herby_s1
               -0.002842
                          0.997162
                                    0.037958
                                               -0.075
                                                                   0.940322
herby_s2
               -0.011763
                          0.988306
                                    0.038665
                                               -0.304
                                                                   0.760951
herby_s3
               -0.057742
                          0.943893
                                     0.038132
                                               -1.514
                                                                   0.129954
herby_c1
               0.138502
                          1.148552
                                     0.040208
                                                3.445
                                                                   0.000572
herby_c2
               -0.096224
                          0.908260
                                     0.039346
                                               -2.446
                                                                   0.014463
herby_c3
                0.046576
                          1.047677
                                     0.037659
                                                1.237
                                                                   0.216170
step_1
               -0.475893
                          0.621330
                                     0.023495 - 20.255 < 0.0000000000000002
step_l_s1
               0.082577
                          1.086082
                                    0.024644
                                                3.351
                                                                   0.000806
               -0.235319
                                               -9.463 < 0.00000000000000000
                          0.790319
                                    0.024867
step_1_s2
step_1_s3
               0.037193
                          1.037893
                                    0.024911
                                                1.493
                                                                   0.135428
step 1 c1
               0.037076
                          1.037772
                                    0.029939
                                                1.238
                                                                   0.215564
                                               -8.059
                                                       0.0000000000000077
step_1_c2
               -0.207766
                          0.812397
                                     0.025781
step_1_c3
               -0.016837
                          0.983304
                                    0.024683
                                               -0.682
                                                                   0.495166
```

```
log_step_1
                         1.528544
                                   0.021121 20.090 < 0.00000000000000002
               0.424316
                                   0.042313 - 11.482 < 0.00000000000000002
log_step_l_s1 -0.485817
                         0.615194
log_step_l_s2 -0.097189
                         0.907385
                                    0.036489
                                              -2.664
                                                                 0.007732
                                             16.388 < 0.00000000000000002
log_step_1_s3 0.577112
                         1.780888
                                   0.035215
log_step_l_c1 -0.559955
                         0.571235
                                    0.033581 - 16.675 < 0.00000000000000002
log_step_1_c2 -0.431154
                         0.649759
                                    0.037566 -11.477 < 0.00000000000000002
                                              11.166 < 0.00000000000000000
log_step_1_c3 0.386800
                         1.472262
                                    0.034641
               0.005726
                         1.005743
                                   0.011526
                                               0.497
                                                                 0.619330
cos_turn_a
                                              -7.114
                                                      0.0000000000112854
cos_turn_a_s1 -0.083038
                         0.920316
                                   0.011673
cos_turn_a_s2 -0.099854
                         0.904970
                                    0.011521
                                              -8.667 < 0.00000000000000002
cos_turn_a_s3 0.145950
                         1.157139
                                   0.011610
                                              12.571 < 0.00000000000000000
                                              -8.745 < 0.00000000000000002
cos_turn_a_c1 -0.101155
                         0.903793
                                   0.011567
                         0.914811
                                   0.011680
                                              -7.623 0.0000000000002471
cos turn a c2 -0.089038
                                               2.423
cos_turn_a_c3 0.027900
                         1.028292
                                   0.011512
                                                                 0.015374
Likelihood ratio test=2898 on 63 df, p=< 0.00000000000000022
n= 104742, number of events= 9082
   (2574 observations deleted due to missingness)
$sl
NULL
ta_{}
NULL
$more
NULL
attr(,"class")
[1] "fit_clogit" "list"
```

Check the fitted model outputs

Create a dataframe of the coefficients with the scaling attributes that we saved when creating the data matrix. We can then return the coefficients to their natural scale by dividing by the scaling factor (standard deviation).

As we can see, we have a coefficient for each covariate by itself, and then one for each of the harmonic interactions. These are the 'weights' that we played around with in the <code>Ecography_DynamicSSF_Walkthrough_Harmonics_and_selection_surfaces</code> walkthrough script in: <code>swforrest/dynamic_SSF_sims</code>, and we reconstruct them in exactly the same way. We also have the coefficients for the quadratic terms and the interactions with the harmonics, which we have denoted as <code>ndvi_sq</code> for instance. We will come back to these when we look at the selection surfaces.

model_Op_harms

```
$model
Call:
survival::clogit(formula, data = data, ...)
                coef exp(coef) se(coef)
ndvi
            0.119793 1.127263 0.054606
                                                             0.028254
                                           2.194
ndvi_sq
           -0.029336 0.971090 0.057424 -0.511
                                                             0.609444
canopy
           -0.209316  0.811139  0.055978  -3.739
                                                             0.000185
canopy_sq
          0.067734 1.070080 0.056884
                                          1.191
                                                             0.233758
slope
           -0.081189 0.922019 0.018447 -4.401
                                                            0.0000108
herby
           -0.060009 0.941756 0.016352 -3.670
                                                             0.000243
           -0.176031 0.838592 0.016867 -10.436 < 0.0000000000000002
step_1
log_step_1 0.127038 1.135461 0.015469 8.212 < 0.00000000000000002
                                                             0.857924
cos_turn_a 0.001974 1.001976 0.011025
                                           0.179
Likelihood ratio test=282.9 on 9 df, p=< 0.00000000000000022
n= 104742, number of events= 9082
   (2574 observations deleted due to missingness)
$sl_
NULL
$ta
NULL
$more
NULL
attr(,"class")
[1] "fit_clogit" "list"
# these create massive outputs for the dynamic models so we've commented them out
# model_Op_harms$model$coefficients
# model_Op_harms$se
# model_Op_harms$vcov
# diag(model_Op_harms$D) # between cluster variance
# model_0p_harms$r.effect # individual estimates
# create a dataframe of the coefficients and their scaling attributes
coefs_clr_Op <- data.frame(coefs = names(model_Op_harms$model$coefficients),</pre>
```

```
value = model_Op_harms$model$coefficients)
coefs_clr_Op$scale_sd <- scaling_attributes_Op$sd
coefs_clr_Op <- coefs_clr_Op %>% mutate(value_nat = value / scale_sd)
head(coefs_clr_Op)
```

```
coefsvaluescale_sdvalue_natndvindvi0.119792620.099706481.2014527ndvi_sqndvi_sq-0.029336190.06498555-0.4514263canopycanopy-0.209315540.15313840-1.3668390canopy_sqcanopy_sq0.067733560.123312700.5492829slopeslope-0.081189110.68009298-0.1193794herbyherby-0.060009020.40882526-0.1467840
```

```
coefsvaluescale_sdvalue_natndvindvi0.003457790.099706480.03467969ndvi_s1ndvi_s1-0.905497050.22207031-4.07752410ndvi_c1ndvi_c1-1.587639030.22261685-7.13171101ndvi_sqndvi_sq0.042167660.064985550.64887747ndvi_sq_s1ndvi_sq_s10.422763260.082695415.11229399ndvi_sq_c1ndvi_sq_c10.894461330.0846635310.56489576
```

```
coefsvaluescale_sdvalue_natndvindvi0.043756830.099706480.4388565ndvi_s1ndvi_s1-0.992510730.22207031-4.4693535ndvi_s2ndvi_s20.342154310.219363651.5597585ndvi_c1ndvi_c1-1.612940370.22261685-7.2453652ndvi_c2ndvi_c20.088935510.225324340.3947000ndvi_sqndvi_sq-0.008090840.06498555-0.1245021
```

3р

```
coefs
                      value
                               scale_sd
                                          value_nat
ndvi
           ndvi
                 0.05343376 0.09970648
                                         0.53591063
ndvi_s1 ndvi_s1 -0.88959485 0.22207031 -4.00591521
ndvi s2 ndvi s2
                 0.37617357 0.21936365
                                         1.71484006
ndvi_s3 ndvi_s3
                 0.02020461 0.22087403
                                         0.09147573
ndvi_c1 ndvi_c1 -1.67356151 0.22261685 -7.51767674
ndvi_c2 ndvi_c2 -0.13513951 0.22532434 -0.59975548
```

Reconstruct the temporally dynamic coefficients

First we reconstruct the hourly coefficients for the model with no harmonics. This step isn't necessary as we already have the coefficients, and we have already rescaled them in the dataframe we created above. But as we are also fitting harmonic models and recover their coefficients across time, we have used the same approach here so then we can plot them together and illustrate the static/dynamic outputs of the models. It also means that we can use the same simulation code (which indexes across the hour of the day), and just change the data frame of coefficients (as it will index across the coefficients of the static model but they won't change).

We need a sequence of values that covers a full period (or the period that we want to construct the function over, which can be more or less than 1 period). The sequence can be arbitrarily finely spaced. The smaller the increment the smoother the function will be for plotting. When simulating data from the temporally dynamic coefficients, we will subset to the increment that relates to the data collection and model fitting (i.e. one hour in this case).

Essentially, the coefficients can be considered as weights of the harmonics, which combine into a single function.

Now we can reconstruct the harmonic function using the formula that we put into our model by interacting the harmonic terms with each of the covariates, for two pairs of harmonics (2p) a single covariate, let's say herbaceous vegetation (herby), this would be written down as:

$$f = \beta_{herby} + \beta_{herby_s1} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi t}{24}\right) + \beta_{herby_c1} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi t}{24}\right) + \beta_{herby_s2} \sin\left(\frac{4\pi t}{24}\right) + \beta_{herby_c2} \cos\left(\frac{4\pi t}{24}\right),$$

where we have 5 β_{herby} coefficients, one for the linear term, and one for each of the harmonic terms.

Here we use matrix multiplication to reconstruct the temporally dynamic coefficients. We provide some background in the Ecography_DynamicSSF_Walkthrough_Harmonics_and_selection_surfaces script.

First we create a matrix of the values of the harmonics, which is just the sin and cos terms for each harmonic, and then we can multiply this by the coefficients to get the function.

When we use two pairs of harmonics we will have 5 coefficients for each covariate (linear + 2 sine and 2 cosine), so there will be 5 columns in the matrix.

For matrix multiplication, the number of columns in the first matrix must be equal to the number of rows in the second matrix. The result will then have the same number of rows as the first matrix and the same number of columns as the second matrix.

Or in other words, if we have a 24 x 5 matrix of harmonics and a 5 x 1 matrix of coefficients, we will get a 24 x 1 matrix of the function, which corresponds to our 24 hours of the day.

```
# increments are arbitrary - finer results in smoother curves
# for the simulations we will subset to the step interval
hour \leftarrow seq(0,23.9,0.1)
# create the dataframe of values of the harmonic terms over the period (here just the linear
hour_harmonics_df_0p <- data.frame("linear_term" = rep(1, length(hour)))
harmonics_scaled_df_Op <- data.frame(</pre>
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "ndvi 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "canopy 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "herby" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_Op %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("step_1", coefs) & !grep1("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "log sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("log_step_1", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
```

```
# create the dataframe of values of the harmonic terms over the period
hour harmonics df 1p <- data.frame("linear term" = rep(1, length(hour)),
                                "hour_s1" = sin(2*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour c1" = cos(2*pi*hour/24))
harmonics_scaled_df_1p <- data.frame(</pre>
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "ndvi 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "canopy 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour harmonics df 1p))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "herby" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("step_1", coefs) & !grepl("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "log_sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_1", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "cos ta" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("cos", coefs)) %>%
```

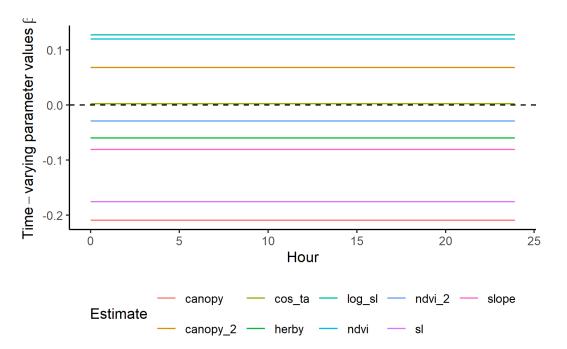
```
# create the dataframe of values of the harmonic terms over the period
hour_harmonics_df_2p <- data.frame("linear_term" = rep(1, length(hour)),
                                "hour_s1" = sin(2*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour s2" = \sin(4*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour_c1" = cos(2*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour c2" = cos(4*pi*hour/24))
harmonics_scaled_df_2p <- data.frame(</pre>
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "ndvi 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "canopy 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour harmonics df 2p))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "herby" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("step_1", coefs) & !grepl("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "log_sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_1", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "cos ta" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("cos", coefs)) %>%
```

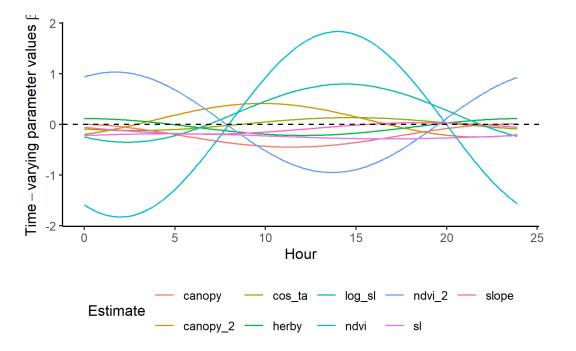
3р

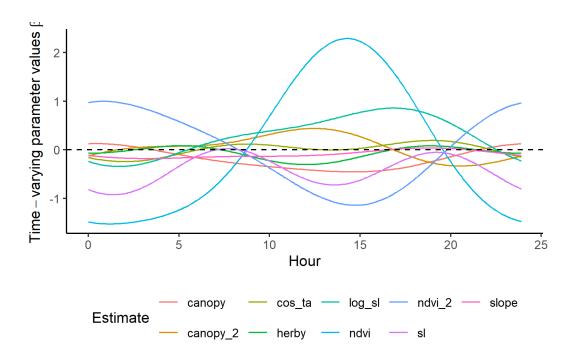
```
# create the dataframe of values of the harmonic terms over the period
hour_harmonics_df_3p <- data.frame("linear_term" = rep(1, length(hour)),
                                "hour s1" = sin(2*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour_s2" = sin(4*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour s3" = \sin(6*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour_c1" = cos(2*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour c2" = cos(4*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour_c3" = cos(6*pi*hour/24))
harmonics_scaled_df_3p <- data.frame(
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
  "ndvi_2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour harmonics df 3p))),
  "canopy_2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
  "herby" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("step_1", coefs) & !grep1("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
  "log sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_1", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
  "cos_ta" = as.numeric(
```

Plot the results - scaled temporally dynamic coefficients

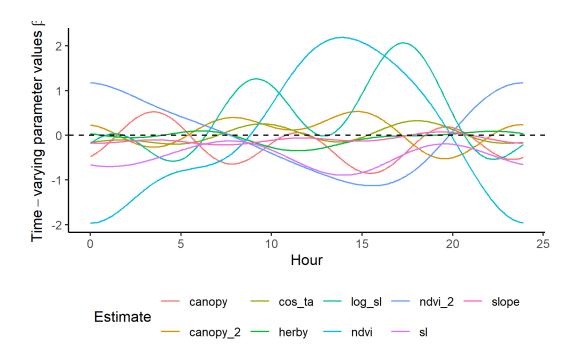
Here we show the temporally-varying coefficients across time (which are currently still scaled).







3р



Reconstructing the natural-scale temporally dynamic coefficients

As we scaled the covariate values prior to fitting the models, we want to rescale the coefficients to their natural scale. This is important for the simulations, as the environmental variables will not be scaled when we simulate steps.

```
harmonics nat df Op <- data.frame(
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("ndvi", coefs) & !grep1("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "ndvi_2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_Op %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
  "canopy_2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
```

```
pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
"herby" = as.numeric(
   coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
"sl" = as.numeric(
   coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("step_l", coefs) & !grepl("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
"log_sl" = as.numeric(
   coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_l", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
"cos_ta" = as.numeric(
   coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("cos", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))))
```

```
harmonics_nat_df_1p <- data.frame(</pre>
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "ndvi 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "canopy_2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "herby" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("step_1", coefs) & !grep1("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "log sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_1", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "cos_ta" = as.numeric(
```

```
coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("cos", coefs)) %>%
  pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))))
```

2p

```
harmonics_nat_df_2p <- data.frame(</pre>
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
     pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "ndvi 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "canopy_2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "herby" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("step_1", coefs) & !grep1("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "log sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_1", coefs)) %>%
     pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "cos_ta" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("cos", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))))
```

3р

```
harmonics_nat_df_3p <- data.frame(
   "hour" = hour,
   "ndvi" = as.numeric(
   coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
```

```
pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"ndvi_2" = as.numeric(
  coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"canopy" = as.numeric(
  coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"canopy_2" = as.numeric(
  coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"slope" = as.numeric(
 coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("slope", coefs) & !grep1("sq", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"herby" = as.numeric(
 coefs clr 3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"sl" = as.numeric(
  coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("step_1", coefs) & !grep1("log", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"log_sl" = as.numeric(
  coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_l", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"cos_ta" = as.numeric(
  coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("cos", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))))
```

Update the Gamma and von Mises distributions

To update the Gamma and von Mises distribution from the tentative distributions (e.g. Fieberg et al. 2021, Appendix C), we just do the calculation at each time point (for the natural-scale coefficients).

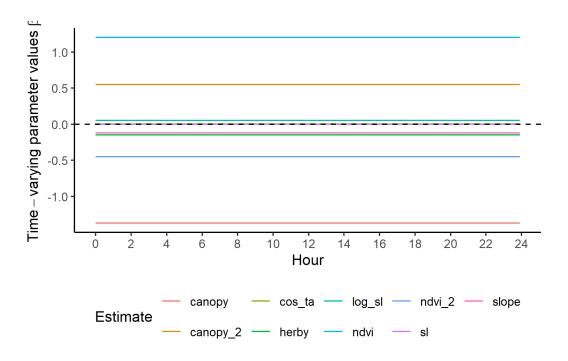
1p

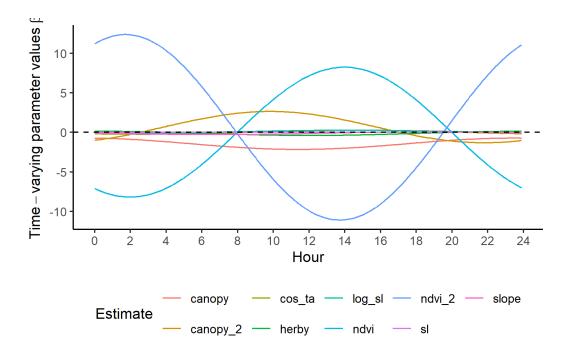
3р

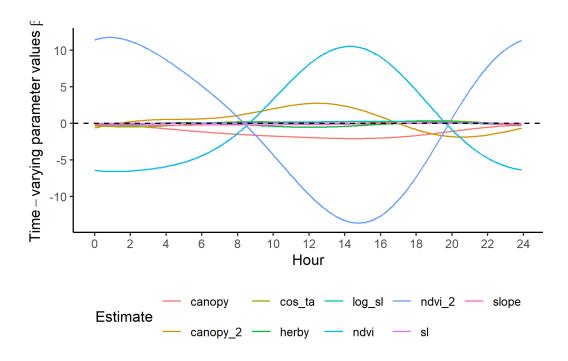
Plot the natural-scale temporally dynamic coefficients

Now that the coefficients are in their natural scales, they will be larger or smaller depending on the scale of the covariate.

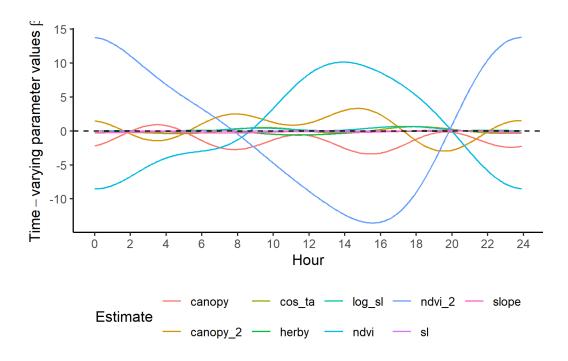
Plot just the habitat selection coefficients.







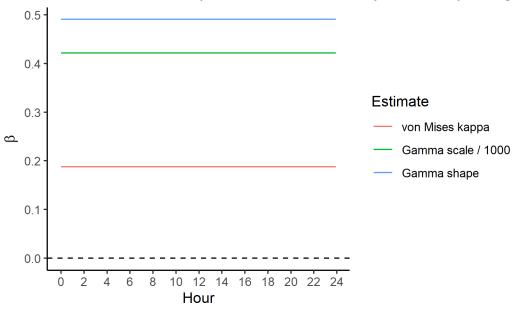
3р



Plot only the temporally dynamic movement parameters

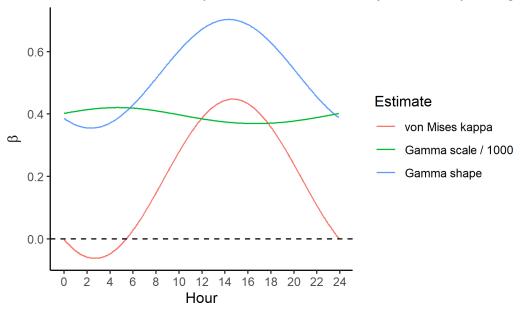
```
ggplot() +
    geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_0p %>%
              filter(coef %in% c("shape", "kappa")),
              aes(x = hour, y = value, colour = coef)) +
 geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_0p %>%
              filter(coef == "scale"),
              aes(x = hour, y = value/1000, colour = coef)) +
    geom_hline(yintercept = 0, linetype = "dashed") +
    scale_y_continuous(expression(beta)) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
  ggtitle("Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting") +
  scale_color_discrete("Estimate",
      labels = c("kappa" = "von Mises kappa",
                 "scale" = "Gamma scale / 1000",
                 "shape" = "Gamma shape")) +
    theme_classic() +
    theme(legend.position = "right")
```

Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting



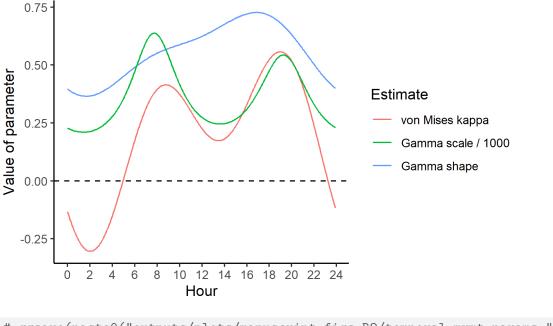
```
ggplot() +
   geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_1p %>%
              filter(coef %in% c("shape", "kappa")),
              aes(x = hour, y = value, colour = coef)) +
 geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_1p %>%
             filter(coef == "scale"),
              aes(x = hour, y = value/1000, colour = coef)) +
   geom_hline(yintercept = 0, linetype = "dashed") +
   scale_y_continuous(expression(beta)) +
 scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
 ggtitle("Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting") +
 scale_color_discrete("Estimate",
     labels = c("kappa" = "von Mises kappa",
                 "scale" = "Gamma scale / 1000",
                 "shape" = "Gamma shape")) +
   theme_classic() +
   theme(legend.position = "right")
```

Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting



```
ggplot() +
   geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_2p %>%
              filter(coef %in% c("shape", "kappa")),
              aes(x = hour, y = value, colour = coef)) +
 geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_2p %>%
             filter(coef == "scale"),
              aes(x = hour, y = value/1000, colour = coef)) +
   geom_hline(yintercept = 0, linetype = "dashed") +
   scale_y_continuous("Value of parameter") +
 scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
 ggtitle("*Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting") +
 scale_color_discrete("Estimate",
     labels = c("kappa" = "von Mises kappa",
                 "scale" = "Gamma scale / 1000",
                 "shape" = "Gamma shape")) +
   theme_classic() +
   theme(legend.position = "right")
```

*Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting

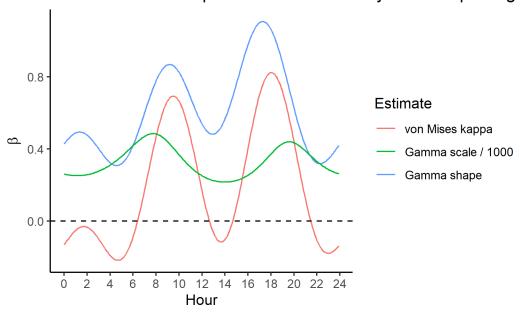


```
# ggsave(paste0("outputs/plots/manuscript_figs_R2/temporal_mvmt_params_",
# Sys.Date(), ".png"),
# width=150, height=90, units="mm", dpi = 1000)
```

3р

```
ggplot() +
    geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_3p %>%
              filter(coef %in% c("shape", "kappa")),
              aes(x = hour, y = value, colour = coef)) +
  geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_3p %>%
              filter(coef == "scale"),
              aes(x = hour, y = value/1000, colour = coef)) +
    geom_hline(yintercept = 0, linetype = "dashed") +
    scale_y_continuous(expression(beta)) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
  ggtitle("Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting") +
  scale_color_discrete("Estimate",
      labels = c("kappa" = "von Mises kappa",
                 "scale" = "Gamma scale / 1000",
                 "shape" = "Gamma shape")) +
    theme_classic() +
    theme(legend.position = "right")
```

Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting



Sample from temporally dynamic movement parameters

Here we sample from the movement kernel to generate a distribution of step lengths for each hour of the day, to assess how well it matches the observed step lengths. This is the 'selection-free' movement kernel, so the step lengths and turning angles from the simulations will be different, as the steps will be conditioned on the habitat, but this is a useful diagnostic to assess whether the harmonics are capturing the observed movement dynamics.

0p

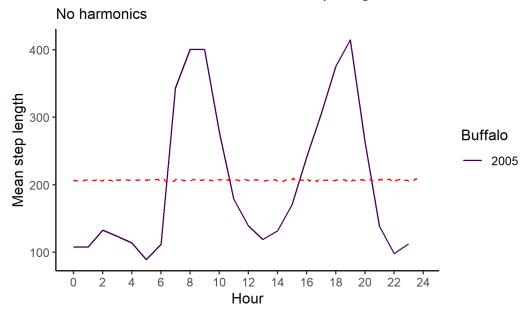
```
# summarise the observed step lengths by hour
movement_summary_buffalo <- buffalo_data %>%
  filter(y == 1) %>%
  group_by(id, hour) %>%
  summarise(mean_sl = mean(sl), median_sl = median(sl))
```

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'id'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.

```
# number of samples at each hour (more = smoother plotting, but slower)
n <- 1e5
gamma_dist_list <- vector(mode = "list", length = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_0p))</pre>
```

```
gamma_mean <- c()</pre>
gamma_median <- c()</pre>
gamma_ratio <- c()</pre>
for(hour_no in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_0p)) {
  gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]] <- rgamma(n, shape = hour_coefs_nat_df_Op$shape[hour_no],</pre>
                                         scale = hour_coefs_nat_df_0p$scale[hour_no])
  gamma_mean[hour_no] <- mean(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])</pre>
  gamma_median[hour_no] <- median(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])</pre>
  gamma_ratio[hour_no] <- gamma_mean[hour_no] / gamma_median[hour_no]</pre>
}
gamma_df_0p <- data.frame(model = "0p",</pre>
                           hour = hour_coefs_nat_df_0p$hour,
                           mean = gamma_mean,
                           median = gamma_median,
                           ratio = gamma_ratio)
mean_sl_0p <- ggplot() +</pre>
  geom_path(data = movement_summary_buffalo,
             aes(x = hour, y = mean_sl, colour = factor(id))) +
  geom_path(data = gamma_df_0p,
             aes(x = hour, y = mean), colour = "red", linetype = "dashed") +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Mean step length") +
  scale_colour_viridis_d("Buffalo") +
  ggtitle("Observed and modelled mean step length",
          subtitle = "No harmonics") +
  theme classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "right")
mean_sl_0p
```

Observed and modelled mean step length



Observed and modelled median step length

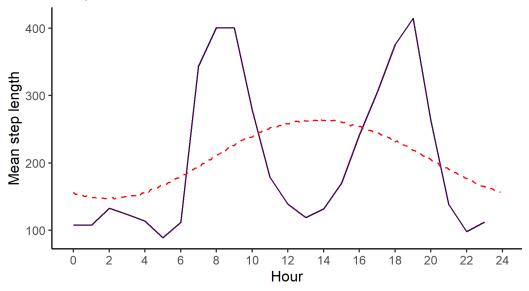
No harmonics 300 Median step length 200 Buffalo **—** 2005 100 0 8 10 14 16 18 20 22 24 0 12 Hour

```
# A tibble: 14 x 4
      id mean_sl median_sl ratio
           <dbl>
                     <dbl> <dbl>
   <dbl>
1 2005
            205.
                      89.7 2.29
2 2014
            135.
                      13.5 10.0
                            2.44
3 2018
            252.
                     103.
4
   2021
            183.
                      94.8 1.93
   2022
5
            219.
                      79.8 2.74
   2024
            211.
                      70.9
                           2.97
6
7
   2039
            357.
                     124.
                            2.87
  2154
8
            189.
                      88.9
                            2.13
  2158
            219.
                      82.1
                            2.67
9
10 2223
            249.
                      80.2
                            3.10
11 2327
                      46.0
                            4.32
            199.
12 2354
            232.
                      79.7
                            2.91
13 2387
            328.
                     108.
                            3.03
14 2393
            322.
                     127.
                            2.53
```

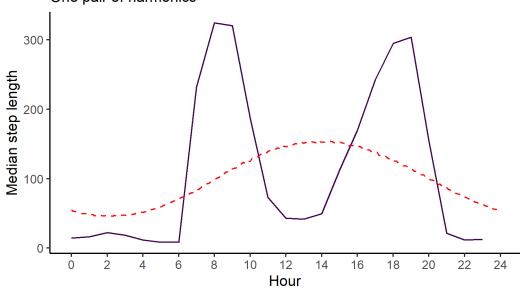
```
# all buffalo
buffalo_data_all %>% filter(y == 1) %>%
  summarise(mean sl = mean(sl),
            median_sl = median(sl),
            ratio = mean sl/median sl)
# A tibble: 1 x 3
  mean_sl median_sl ratio
              <dbl> <dbl>
    <dbl>
1
     234.
                82.3 2.84
# fitted model
gamma_df_0p %>% summarise(mean_mean = mean(mean),
                          median_mean = mean(median),
                          ratio_mean = mean_mean/median_mean)
  mean_mean median_mean ratio_mean
1 206.6893
                92.36694
                            2.237698
1p
gamma_dist_list <- vector(mode = "list", length = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p))</pre>
gamma_mean <- c()</pre>
gamma_median <- c()</pre>
gamma_ratio <- c()</pre>
for(hour_no in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p)) {
  gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]] <- rgamma(n,</pre>
                                          shape = hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$shape[hour_no],
                                          scale = hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$scale[hour_no])
  gamma_mean[hour_no] <- mean(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])</pre>
  gamma_median[hour_no] <- median(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])</pre>
  gamma_ratio[hour_no] <- gamma_mean[hour_no] / gamma_median[hour_no]</pre>
}
gamma_df_1p <- data.frame(model = "1p",</pre>
                           hour = hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$hour,
                            mean = gamma_mean,
                            median = gamma_median,
```

Observed and modelled mean step length

One pair of harmonics



Observed and modelled median step length One pair of harmonics



```
# across the hours
buffalo_data_all %>% filter(y == 1) %>% group_by(id) %>%
   summarise(mean_sl = mean(sl),
        median_sl = median(sl),
        ratio = mean_sl/median_sl)
```

```
# A tibble: 14 x 4
      id mean_sl median_sl ratio
   <dbl>
           <dbl>
                     <dbl> <dbl>
1 2005
            205.
                     89.7 2.29
 2 2014
           135.
                      13.5 10.0
 3 2018
           252.
                     103.
                            2.44
 4 2021
           183.
                     94.8 1.93
 5 2022
           219.
                     79.8 2.74
 6 2024
           211.
                     70.9 2.97
 7 2039
                     124.
                            2.87
           357.
```

```
8 2154
            189.
                      88.9 2.13
 9 2158
            219.
                      82.1 2.67
10 2223
            249.
                      80.2 3.10
11 2327
           199.
                      46.0 4.32
12 2354
            232.
                      79.7 2.91
13 2387
            328.
                     108.
                            3.03
14 2393
            322.
                     127.
                            2.53
buffalo_data_all %>% filter(y == 1) %>%
  summarise(mean_sl = mean(sl),
            median_sl = median(sl),
            ratio = mean_sl/median_sl)
# A tibble: 1 x 3
  mean_sl median_sl ratio
    <dbl>
              <dbl> <dbl>
     234.
               82.3 2.84
1
gamma_df_1p %>% summarise(mean_mean = mean(mean),
                      median_mean = mean(median),
                      ratio_mean = mean_mean/median_mean)
  mean_mean median_mean ratio_mean
1 206.7356
               99.57021
                          2.076279
2p
gamma_dist_list <- vector(mode = "list", length = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_2p))</pre>
gamma_mean <- c()</pre>
gamma_median <- c()
gamma_ratio <- c()</pre>
for(hour_no in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_2p)) {
```

gamma_ratio[hour_no] <- gamma_mean[hour_no] / gamma_median[hour_no]</pre>

shape = hour_coefs_nat_df_2p\$shape[hour_no],
scale = hour_coefs_nat_df_2p\$scale[hour_no])

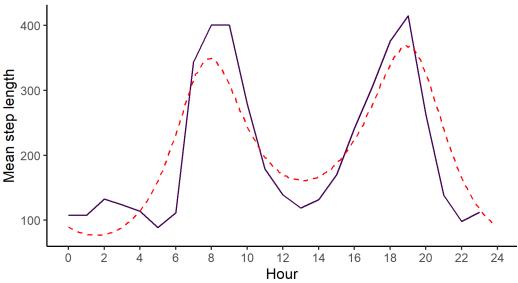
gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]] <- rgamma(n,</pre>

gamma_mean[hour_no] <- mean(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])
gamma_median[hour_no] <- median(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])</pre>

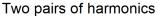
```
}
gamma_df_2p <- data.frame(model = "2p",</pre>
                           hour = hour_coefs_nat_df_2p$hour,
                           mean = gamma_mean,
                           median = gamma_median,
                           ratio = gamma_ratio)
mean_sl_2p \leftarrow ggplot() +
  geom_path(data = movement_summary_buffalo,
            aes(x = hour, y = mean_sl, colour = factor(id))) +
  geom_path(data = gamma_df_2p,
            aes(x = hour, y = mean),
            colour = "red", linetype = "dashed") +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Mean step length") +
  scale_colour_viridis_d("Buffalo") +
  ggtitle("Observed and modelled mean step length",
          subtitle = "Two pairs of harmonics") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
mean_sl_2p
```

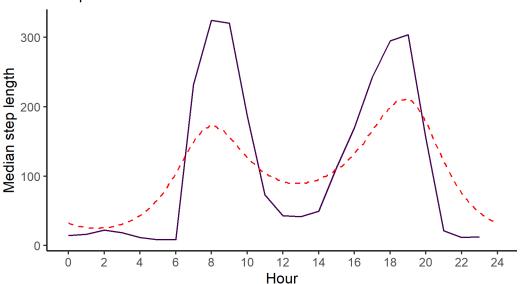
Observed and modelled mean step length

Two pairs of harmonics



Observed and modelled median step length



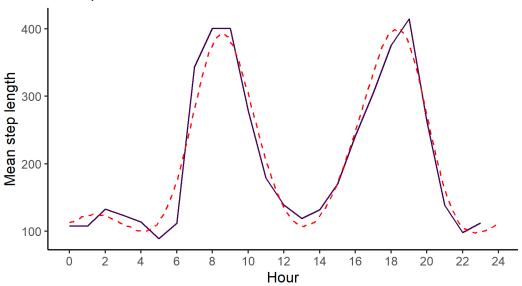


```
1 2005
            205.
                      89.7 2.29
 2 2014
            135.
                      13.5 10.0
                     103.
 3 2018
            252.
                            2.44
 4 2021
            183.
                      94.8 1.93
 5 2022
            219.
                      79.8 2.74
 6 2024
                      70.9 2.97
            211.
 7 2039
            357.
                     124.
                            2.87
 8 2154
           189.
                      88.9 2.13
 9 2158
            219.
                      82.1 2.67
10 2223
            249.
                      80.2 3.10
11 2327
                      46.0 4.32
           199.
12 2354
            232.
                      79.7 2.91
13 2387
            328.
                            3.03
                     108.
14 2393
            322.
                     127.
                            2.53
buffalo_data_all %>% filter(y == 1) %>%
  summarise(mean_sl = mean(sl),
            median_sl = median(sl),
            ratio = mean_sl/median_sl)
# A tibble: 1 x 3
  mean_sl median_sl ratio
    <dbl>
             <dbl> <dbl>
     234.
              82.3 2.84
gamma_df_2p %>% summarise(mean_mean = mean(mean),
                         median_mean = mean(median),
                         ratio_mean = mean_mean/median_mean)
  mean_mean median_mean ratio_mean
1 208.3795
               106.4447
                          1.957633
3р
gamma_dist_list <- vector(mode = "list", length = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_3p))</pre>
gamma_mean <- c()</pre>
gamma_median <- c()</pre>
gamma_ratio <- c()</pre>
for(hour_no in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_3p)) {
gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]] <- rgamma(n,</pre>
```

```
shape = hour_coefs_nat_df_3p$shape[hour_no],
                                       scale = hour_coefs_nat_df_3p$scale[hour_no])
gamma_mean[hour_no] <- mean(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])</pre>
gamma_median[hour_no] <- median(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])</pre>
gamma_ratio[hour_no] <- gamma_mean[hour_no] / gamma_median[hour_no]</pre>
}
gamma_df_3p <- data.frame(model = "3p",</pre>
                           hour = hour_coefs_nat_df_3p$hour,
                           mean = gamma_mean,
                           median = gamma_median,
                           ratio = gamma_ratio)
mean_sl_3p <- ggplot() +</pre>
  geom_path(data = movement_summary_buffalo,
            aes(x = hour, y = mean_sl, colour = factor(id))) +
  geom_path(data = gamma_df_3p,
            aes(x = hour, y = mean),
            colour = "red", linetype = "dashed") +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Mean step length") +
  scale_colour_viridis_d("Buffalo") +
  ggtitle("Observed and modelled mean step length",
          subtitle = "Three pairs of harmonics") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
mean sl 3p
```

Observed and modelled mean step length

Three pairs of harmonics



Observed and modelled median step length

Three pairs of harmonics

```
300
Median step length
    200
    100
       0
                                               8
                                                       10
                                                               12
                                                                       14
                                                                               16
                                                                                        18
                                                                                                20
                                                                                                        22
                                                                                                                24
              0
                                                            Hour
```

```
# A tibble: 14 x 4
```

id mean_sl median_sl ratio <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> 1 2005 205. 89.7 2.29 2 2014 135. 13.5 10.0 3 2018 252. 103. 2.44 4 2021 94.8 1.93 183. 5 2022 219. 79.8 2.74 2024 70.9 2.97 6 211. 7 2039 357. 124. 2.87 8 2154 189. 88.9 2.13 2158 9 219. 82.1 2.67 10 2223 249. 80.2 3.10 2327 11 199. 46.0 4.32 12 2354 232. 79.7 2.91 13 2387 328. 108. 3.03 14 2393 322. 127. 2.53

```
buffalo data all %>% filter(y == 1) %>%
  summarise(mean_sl = mean(sl),
            median sl = median(sl),
            ratio = mean_sl/median_sl)
# A tibble: 1 x 3
  mean_sl median_sl ratio
              <dbl> <dbl>
    <dbl>
1
     234.
               82.3 2.84
gamma_df_3p %>% summarise(mean_mean = mean(mean),
                      median mean = mean(median),
                      ratio_mean = mean_mean/median_mean)
  mean_mean median_mean ratio_mean
                           1.79876
    205.827
               114.4271
```

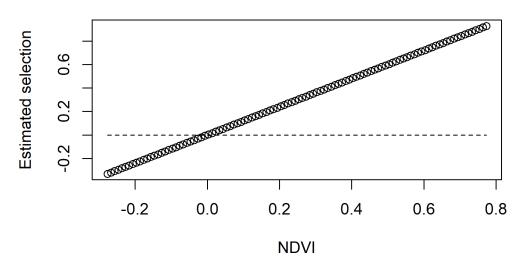
Creating selection surfaces

As we have both quadratic and harmonic terms in the model, we can reconstruct a 'selection surface' to visualise how the animal's respond to environmental features changes through time.

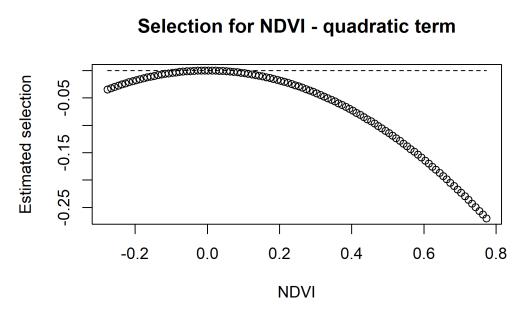
To illustrate, if we don't have temporal dynamics (as is the case for this model), then we have a coefficient for the linear term and a coefficient for the quadratic term. Using these, we can plot the selection curve at the scale of the environmental variable (in this case NDVI).

Using the natural scale coefficients from the model:

Selection for NDVI - linear term



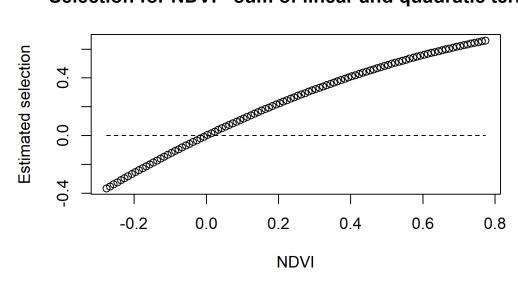
```
# and the quadratic term
ndvi_quadratic_selection <- (hour_coefs_nat_df_0p$ndvi_2[1] * (ndvi_seq ^ 2))</pre>
plot(x = ndvi_seq, y = ndvi_quadratic_selection,
     main = "Selection for NDVI - quadratic term",
     xlab = "NDVI", ylab = "Estimated selection")
lines(ndvi_seq, rep(0,length(ndvi_seq)), lty = "dashed")
```



```
# and the sum of both
ndvi_sum_selection <- ndvi_linear_selection + ndvi_quadratic_selection</pre>
plot(x = ndvi_seq, y = ndvi_sum_selection,
     main = "Selection for NDVI - sum of linear and quadratic terms",
```

```
xlab = "NDVI", ylab = "Estimated selection")
lines(ndvi_seq, rep(0,length(ndvi_seq)), lty = "dashed")
```

Selection for NDVI - sum of linear and quadratic terms



When there are no temporal dynamics, then this quadratic curve will be the same throughout the day, but when we have temporally dynamic coefficients for both the linear term and the quadratic term, then we will have a curves that vary continuously throughout the day, which we can visualise as a selection surface.

Here we illustrate for the model with 2 pairs of harmonic terms.

For brevity we won't plot the linear and quadratic terms separately, but we can do so if needed.

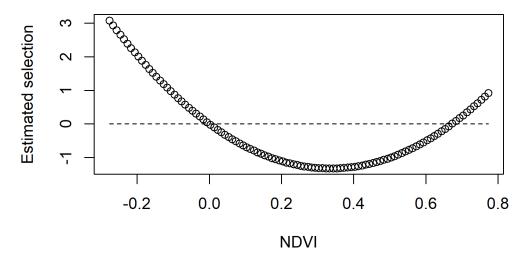
First for Hour 3

```
hour_no <- 3

# we can separate to the linear term
ndvi_linear_selection <-
    hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$ndvi[which(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$hour == hour_no)] * ndvi_seq
# plot(x = ndvi_seq, y = ndvi_linear_selection,
# main = "Selection for NDVI - linear term",
# xlab = "NDVI", ylab = "Estimated selection")

# and the quadratic term
ndvi_quadratic_selection <-
    (hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$ndvi_2[which(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$hour == hour_no)] * (ndvi_seq ^ 2)
# plot(x = ndvi_seq, y = ndvi_quadratic_selection,
# main = "Selection for NDVI - quadratic term",</pre>
```

Selection for NDVI - sum of linear and quadratic terms



We can see that the coefficient at hour 3 shows highest selection for NDVI values slightly above 0.2, and the coefficient is mostly negative.

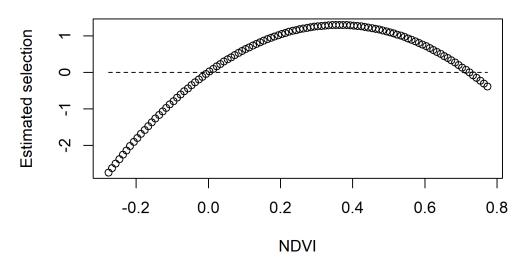
Secondly for Hour 12

```
hour_no <- 12

# we can separate to the linear term
ndvi_linear_selection <-
   hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$ndvi[which(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$hour == hour_no)] * ndvi_seq
# plot(x = ndvi_seq, y = ndvi_linear_selection,
# main = "Selection for NDVI - linear term",
# xlab = "NDVI", ylab = "Estimated selection")

# and the quadratic term
ndvi_quadratic_selection <-
   (hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$ndvi_2[which(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$hour == hour_no)] * (ndvi_seq ^ 2)
# plot(x = ndvi_seq, y = ndvi_quadratic_selection,
# main = "Selection for NDVI - quadratic term",
# xlab = "NDVI", ylab = "Estimated selection")</pre>
```

Selection for NDVI - sum of linear and quadratic terms



Whereas for hour 12, the coefficient shows highest selection for NDVI values slightly above 0.4, and the coefficient is positive for NDVI values above 0.

We can imagine viewing these plots for every hour of the day, where each hour has a different quadratic curve, but this would be a lot of plots. We can also see it as a 3D surface, where the x-axis is the hour of the day, the y-axis is the NDVI value, and the z-axis (colour) is the coefficient value.

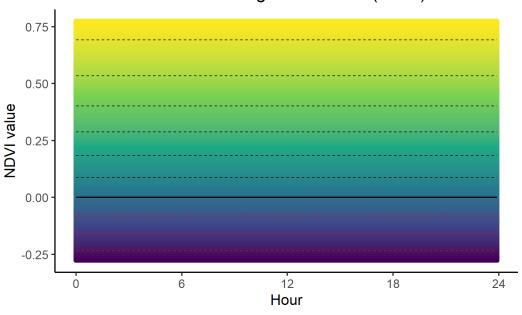
We simply index over the linear and quadratic terms and calculate the coefficient values at every time point.

NDVI selection surface

```
ndvi_min <- min(buffalo_data$ndvi_temporal, na.rm = TRUE)
ndvi_max <- max(buffalo_data$ndvi_temporal, na.rm = TRUE)
ndvi_seq <- seq(ndvi_min, ndvi_max, by = 0.01)
# Create empty data frame</pre>
```

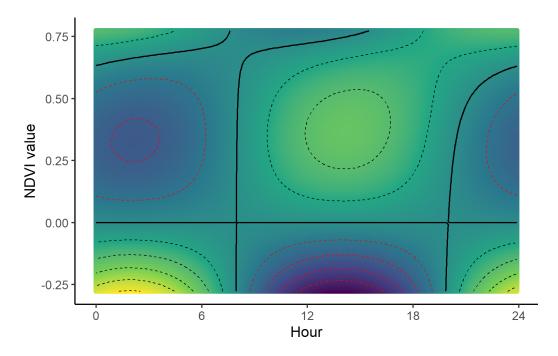
```
ndvi_fresponse_df <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_0p),</pre>
                                        nrow = length(ndvi_seq)))
# loop over each time increment, calculating the selection values for each NDVI value
# and storing each time increment as a column in a dataframe that we can use for plotting
for(i in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_0p)) {
  # Assign the vector as a column to the dataframe
  ndvi_fresponse_df[,i] <- (hour_coefs_nat_df_0p$ndvi[i] * ndvi_seq) +</pre>
    (hour_coefs_nat_df_0p$ndvi_2[i] * (ndvi_seq ^ 2))
}
ndvi_fresponse_df <- data.frame(ndvi_seq, ndvi_fresponse_df)</pre>
colnames(ndvi fresponse df) <- c("ndvi", hour)</pre>
ndvi_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(ndvi_fresponse_df,</pre>
                                     cols = !1, names to = "hour")
ndvi_contour_max <- max(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # 0.7890195</pre>
ndvi_contour_min <- min(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # -0.7945691</pre>
ndvi_contour_increment <- (ndvi_contour_max-ndvi_contour_min)/10</pre>
ndvi_quad_0p <- ggplot(data = ndvi_fresponse_long,</pre>
                        aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = ndvi)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
                breaks = seq(ndvi_contour_increment,
                             ndvi_contour_max,
                             ndvi_contour_increment),
                colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-ndvi_contour_increment,
                             ndvi contour min,
                             -ndvi_contour_increment),
               colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("NDVI value", breaks = seq(-1, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  ggtitle("Normalised Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)") +
  theme classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
ndvi_quad_0p
```

Normalised Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)



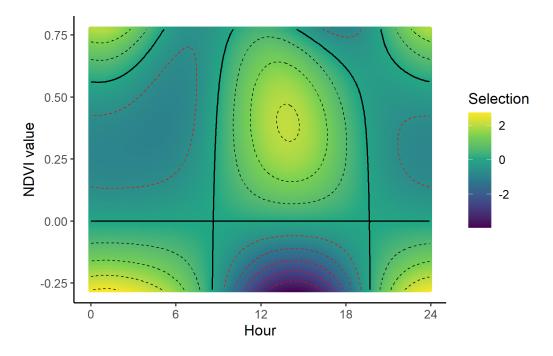
```
ndvi_min <- min(buffalo_data$ndvi_temporal, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
ndvi_max <- max(buffalo_data$ndvi_temporal, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
ndvi_seq <- seq(ndvi_min, ndvi_max, by = 0.01)</pre>
# Create empty data frame
ndvi_fresponse_df <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p),</pre>
                                          nrow = length(ndvi_seq)))
for(i in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p)) {
  # Assign the vector as a column to the dataframe
  ndvi_fresponse_df[,i] <- (hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$ndvi[i] * ndvi_seq) +</pre>
    (hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$ndvi_2[i] * (ndvi_seq ^ 2))
}
ndvi_fresponse_df <- data.frame(ndvi_seq, ndvi_fresponse_df)</pre>
colnames(ndvi_fresponse_df) <- c("ndvi", hour)</pre>
ndvi_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(ndvi_fresponse_df, cols = !1, names_to = "hour")</pre>
ndvi_contour_max <- max(ndvi_fresponse long$value) # 0.7890195
ndvi_contour_min <- min(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # -0.7945691</pre>
ndvi_contour_increment <- (ndvi_contour_max-ndvi_contour_min)/10</pre>
ndvi_quad_1p <- ggplot(data = ndvi_fresponse_long,</pre>
```

```
aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = ndvi)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) + # colour = "white"
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(ndvi_contour_increment,
                            ndvi_contour_max,
                            ndvi_contour_increment),
               colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-ndvi_contour_increment,
                            ndvi_contour_min,
                            -ndvi_contour_increment),
               colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("NDVI value", breaks = seq(-1, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  # ggtitle("Normalised Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
ndvi_quad_1p
```



```
ndvi_min <- min(buffalo_data$ndvi_temporal, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
ndvi_max <- max(buffalo_data$ndvi_temporal, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
ndvi_seq <- seq(ndvi_min, ndvi_max, by = 0.01)</pre>
# Create empty data frame
ndvi_fresponse_df <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_2p),</pre>
                                         nrow = length(ndvi_seq)))
for(i in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_2p)) {
  # Assign the vector as a column to the dataframe
  ndvi_fresponse_df[,i] <- (hour_coefs_nat_df_2p$ndvi[i] * ndvi_seq) +</pre>
    (hour_coefs_nat_df_2p$ndvi_2[i] * (ndvi_seq ^ 2))
}
ndvi fresponse df <- data.frame(ndvi seq, ndvi fresponse df)
colnames(ndvi_fresponse_df) <- c("ndvi", hour)</pre>
ndvi_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(ndvi_fresponse_df, cols = !1,</pre>
                                     names_to = "hour")
ndvi_contour_max <- max(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # 0.7890195</pre>
ndvi_contour_min <- min(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # -0.7945691
ndvi_contour_increment <- (ndvi_contour_max-ndvi_contour_min)/10</pre>
ndvi_quad_2p <- ggplot(data = ndvi_fresponse_long,</pre>
                        aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = ndvi)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) + # colour = "white"
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(ndvi_contour_increment,
                             ndvi_contour_max,
                             ndvi contour increment),
                colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-ndvi_contour_increment,
                             ndvi_contour_min,
                             -ndvi_contour_increment),
               colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("NDVI value", breaks = seq(-1, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  # ggtitle("Normalised Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)") +
  theme_classic() +
```

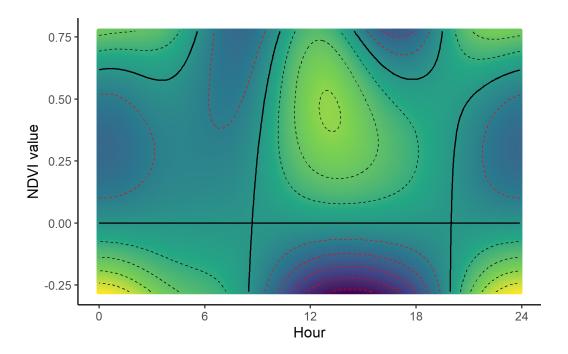
```
theme(legend.position = "right")
ndvi_quad_2p
```



```
# ggsave(paste0("outputs/plots/manuscript_figs_R2/ndvi_selection_surface_legend_",
# Sys.Date(), ".png"),
# width=170, height=90, units="mm", dpi = 1000)
```

3р

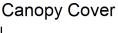
```
ndvi_fresponse_df <- data.frame(ndvi_seq, ndvi_fresponse_df)</pre>
colnames(ndvi_fresponse_df) <- c("ndvi", hour)</pre>
ndvi_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(ndvi_fresponse_df, cols = !1,</pre>
                                     names_to = "hour")
ndvi_contour_max <- max(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # 0.7890195</pre>
ndvi_contour_min <- min(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # -0.7945691</pre>
ndvi_contour_increment <- (ndvi_contour_max-ndvi_contour_min)/10</pre>
ndvi_quad_3p <- ggplot(data = ndvi_fresponse_long,</pre>
                        aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = ndvi)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) + # colour = "white"
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(ndvi_contour_increment,
                             ndvi contour max,
                             ndvi_contour_increment),
               colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-ndvi_contour_increment,
                             ndvi_contour_min,
                             -ndvi_contour_increment),
               colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("NDVI value", breaks = seq(-1, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  # ggtitle("Normalised Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)") +
  theme classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
ndvi_quad_3p
```

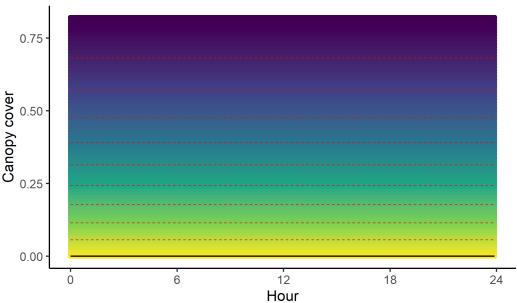


Canopy cover selection surface

```
canopy_min <- min(buffalo_data$canopy_01, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
canopy_max <- max(buffalo_data$canopy_01, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
canopy_seq <- seq(canopy_min, canopy_max, by = 0.01)</pre>
# Create empty data frame
canopy_fresponse_df <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_0p),</pre>
                                            nrow = length(canopy_seq)))
for(i in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_0p)) {
  # Assign the vector as a column to the dataframe
  canopy_fresponse_df[,i] <- (hour_coefs_nat_df_0p$canopy[i] * canopy_seq) +</pre>
    (hour_coefs_nat_df_0p$canopy_2[i] * (canopy_seq ^ 2))
}
canopy_fresponse_df <- data.frame(canopy_seq, canopy_fresponse_df)</pre>
colnames(canopy_fresponse_df) <- c("canopy", hour)</pre>
canopy_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(canopy_fresponse_df,</pre>
                                         cols = !1,
                                         names to = "hour")
canopy_contour_min <- min(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 0</pre>
```

```
canopy_contour_max <- max(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 2.181749</pre>
canopy_contour_increment <- (canopy_contour_max-canopy_contour_min)/10</pre>
canopy_quad_0p <- ggplot(data = canopy_fresponse_long, aes(x = as.numeric(hour),</pre>
                                                            y = canopy)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(canopy_contour_increment, canopy_contour_max,
                             -canopy_contour_increment),
               colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
  breaks = seq(-canopy_contour_increment, canopy_contour_min,
               -canopy_contour_increment),
               colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Canopy cover", breaks = seq(0, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  ggtitle("Canopy Cover") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
canopy_quad_0p
```

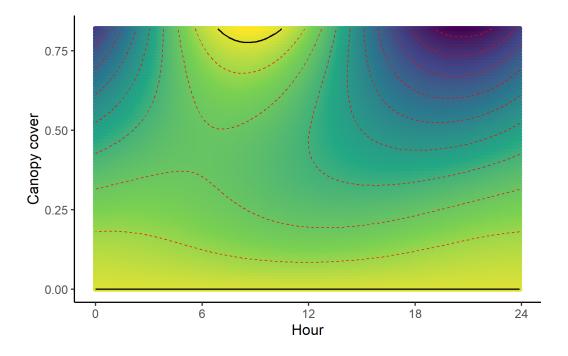




```
canopy_min <- min(buffalo_data$canopy_01, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
canopy max <- max(buffalo data$canopy 01, na.rm = TRUE)
canopy_seq <- seq(canopy_min, canopy_max, by = 0.01)</pre>
# Create empty data frame
canopy_fresponse_df <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p),</pre>
                                           nrow = length(canopy_seq)))
for(i in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p)) {
  # Assign the vector as a column to the dataframe
  canopy_fresponse_df[,i] <- (hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$canopy[i] * canopy_seq) +</pre>
    (hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$canopy_2[i] * (canopy_seq ^ 2))
}
canopy_fresponse_df <- data.frame(canopy_seq, canopy_fresponse_df)</pre>
colnames(canopy_fresponse_df) <- c("canopy", hour)</pre>
canopy_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(canopy_fresponse_df, cols = !1,</pre>
                                        names_to = "hour")
canopy_contour_min <- min(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 0</pre>
canopy_contour_max <- max(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 2.181749</pre>
canopy_contour_increment <- (canopy_contour_max-canopy_contour_min)/10
canopy_quad_1p <- ggplot(data = canopy_fresponse_long,</pre>
                          aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = canopy)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(canopy_contour_increment,
                             canopy_contour_max,
                             -canopy_contour_increment),
                colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-canopy_contour_increment,
                             canopy_contour_min,
                             -canopy_contour_increment),
                colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Canopy cover", breaks = seq(0, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  # ggtitle("Canopy Cover") +
  theme_classic() +
```

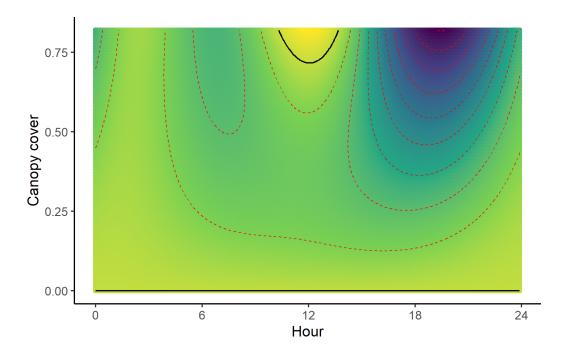
```
theme(legend.position = "none")
canopy_quad_1p
```

Warning: $\operatorname{inmin}(x)$: Zero contours were generated Warning in $\min(x)$: no non-missing arguments to \min ; returning Inf Warning in $\max(x)$: no non-missing arguments to \max ; returning -Inf



```
(hour_coefs_nat_df_2p$canopy_2[i] * (canopy_seq ^ 2))
}
canopy_fresponse_df <- data.frame(canopy_seq, canopy_fresponse_df)</pre>
colnames(canopy_fresponse_df) <- c("canopy", hour)</pre>
canopy_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(canopy_fresponse_df, cols = !1,</pre>
                                       names to = "hour")
canopy_contour_min <- min(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 0</pre>
canopy_contour_max <- max(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 2.181749</pre>
canopy_contour_increment <- (canopy_contour_max-canopy_contour_min)/10</pre>
canopy_quad_2p <- ggplot(data = canopy_fresponse_long,</pre>
                          aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = canopy)) +
  geom point(aes(colour = value)) +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(canopy_contour_increment,
                             canopy_contour_max,
                             -canopy_contour_increment),
                colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-canopy_contour_increment,
                             canopy_contour_min,
                             -canopy_contour_increment),
                colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Canopy cover", breaks = seq(0, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  # ggtitle("Canopy Cover") +
  theme classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
canopy_quad_2p
```

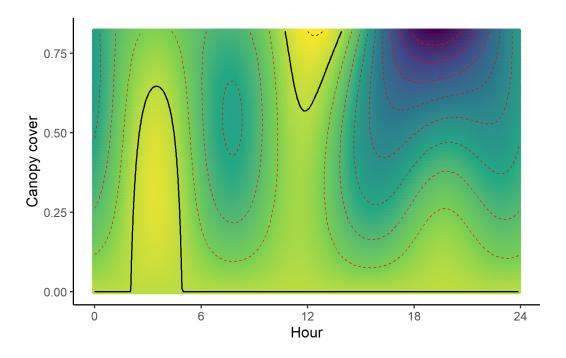
```
Warning: `stat_contour()`: Zero contours were generated
Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
```



3р

```
canopy_min <- min(buffalo_data$canopy_01, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
canopy_max <- max(buffalo_data$canopy_01, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
canopy_seq <- seq(canopy_min, canopy_max, by = 0.01)</pre>
# Create empty data frame
canopy_fresponse_df <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_3p),</pre>
                                            nrow = length(canopy_seq)))
for(i in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_3p)) {
  # Assign the vector as a column to the dataframe
  canopy_fresponse_df[,i] <- (hour_coefs_nat_df_3p$canopy[i] * canopy_seq) +</pre>
    (hour_coefs_nat_df_3p$canopy_2[i] * (canopy_seq ^ 2))
}
canopy_fresponse_df <- data.frame(canopy_seq, canopy_fresponse_df)</pre>
colnames(canopy_fresponse_df) <- c("canopy", hour)</pre>
canopy_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(canopy_fresponse_df, cols = !1,</pre>
                                         names_to = "hour")
canopy_contour_min <- min(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 0</pre>
canopy_contour_max <- max(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 2.181749</pre>
canopy_contour_increment <- (canopy_contour_max-canopy_contour_min)/10</pre>
```

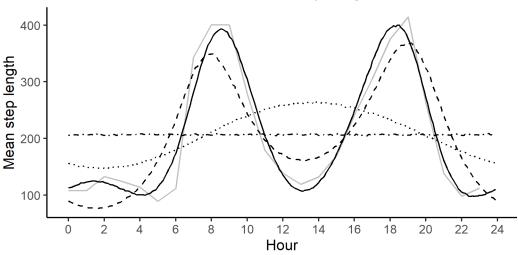
```
canopy_quad_3p <- ggplot(data = canopy_fresponse_long,</pre>
                         aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = canopy)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(canopy_contour_increment,
                            canopy_contour_max,
                            canopy_contour_increment),
               colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-canopy_contour_increment,
                            canopy_contour_min,
                            -canopy_contour_increment),
               colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale x continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0, 24, 6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Canopy cover", breaks = seq(0, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  # ggtitle("Canopy Cover",
            subtitle = "Three pairs of harmonics") +
 theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
canopy_quad_3p
```



Combining the plots

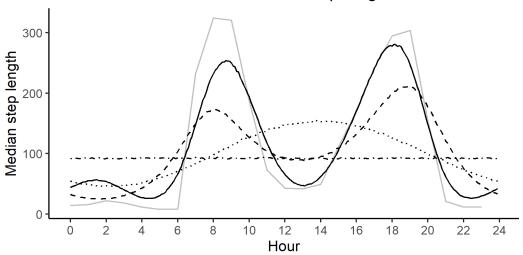
Movement parameters

Observed and modelled mean step length



```
# ggsave(paste0("outputs/plots/manuscript_figs_R1/mean_sl_",
# Sys.Date(), ".png"),
# width=150, height=90, units="mm", dpi = 1000)
```

Observed and modelled median step length



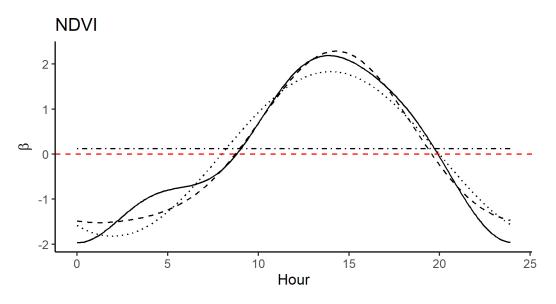
```
Model · - · 0p · · · · 1p - - 2p — 3p
```

```
# ggsave(paste0("outputs/plots/manuscript_figs_R1/median_sl_",
# Sys.Date(), ".png"),
# width=150, height=90, units="mm", dpi = 1000)
```

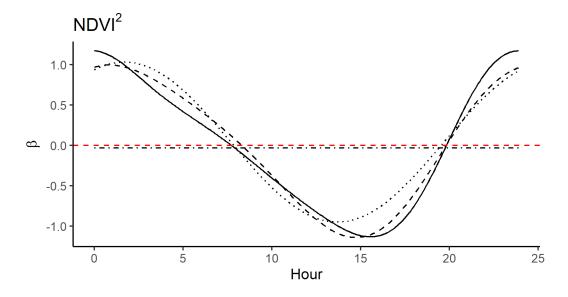
Habitat selection

```
harmonics_scaled_long_0p <- harmonics_scaled_long_0p %>% mutate(model = "0p")
harmonics_scaled_long_1p <- harmonics_scaled_long_1p %>% mutate(model = "1p")
```

```
harmonics_scaled_long_2p <- harmonics_scaled_long_2p %>% mutate(model = "2p")
harmonics_scaled_long_3p <- harmonics_scaled_long_3p %>% mutate(model = "3p")
harmonics_scaled_long_Mp <- rbind(harmonics_scaled_long_0p,</pre>
                                   harmonics_scaled_long_1p,
                                   harmonics_scaled_long_2p,
                                   harmonics_scaled_long_3p)
coef_titles <- unique(harmonics_scaled_long_Mp$coef)</pre>
ndvi_harms <- ggplot() +</pre>
      geom_path(data = harmonics_scaled_long_Mp %>%
                filter(coef == "ndvi"),
                aes(x = hour, y = value, linetype = model)) +
      geom_hline(yintercept = 0, linetype = "dashed", colour = "red") +
      scale_y_continuous(expression(beta)) +
      scale_x_continuous("Hour") +
  scale_linetype_manual("Model", breaks=c("0p","1p", "2p", "3p"),
                         values=c(4,3,2,1)) +
      ggtitle("NDVI") +
      theme_classic() +
      theme(legend.position = "bottom")
ndvi_harms
```

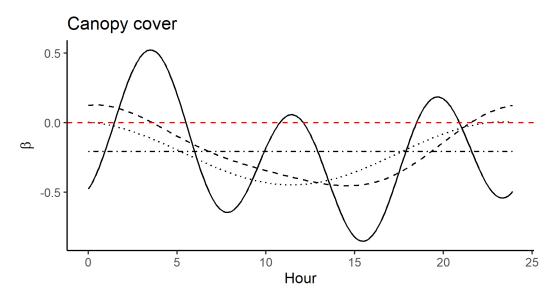


Model · - · 0p · · · · 1p - - 2p ─ 3p

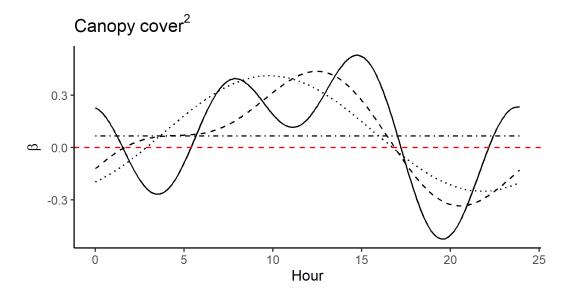


Model · - · 0p · · · · 1p - - 2p — 3p

```
theme(legend.position = "bottom")
canopy_harms
```

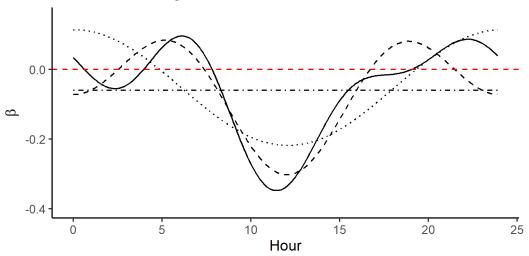


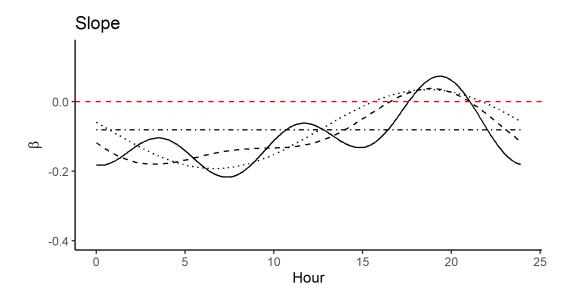
```
Model · - · 0p · · · · 1p - - 2p ─ 3p
```



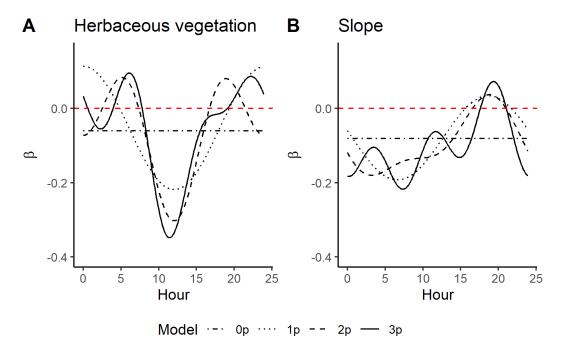
Model -- 0p -- 1p -- 2p -- 3p

Herbaceous vegetation





Model · - · 0p · · · · 1p - - 2p ─ 3p



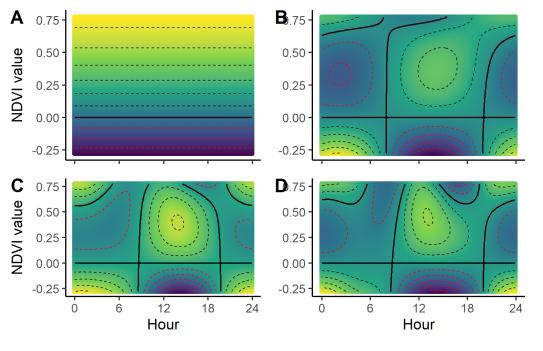
```
# ggsave(paste0("outputs/plots/manuscript_figs_R1/herby_slope_harmonic_functions_",
# Sys.Date(), ".png"),
# width=150, height=90, units="mm", dpi = 1000)
```

Combining selection surfaces

NDVI

- A = 0p model
- B = 1p model
- C = 2p model
- D = 3p model

```
ggarrange(ndvi_quad_0p + theme(plot.title = element_blank(),
                               axis.title.x = element_blank(),
                               axis.text.x = element_blank()),
          ndvi_quad_1p + theme(plot.title = element_blank(),
                               axis.title.x = element_blank(),
                               axis.text.x = element_blank(),
                               axis.title.y = element_blank(),
                               ),
          ndvi_quad_2p,
          ndvi_quad_3p + theme(plot.title = element_blank(),
                               axis.title.y = element_blank(),
                               ),
          labels = c("A", "B", "C", "D"),
          ncol = 2, nrow = 2,
          legend = "none",
          common.legend = TRUE)
```



```
# ggsave(paste0("outputs/plots/manuscript_figs_R1/",
# "NDVI_2x2_CLR_TS_daily_GvM_10rs_",
# Sys.Date(), ".png"),
# width=150, height=120, units="mm", dpi = 1000)
```

Canopy cover

- A = 0p model
- B = 1p model
- C = 2p model
- D = 3p model

```
axis.title.y = element_blank(),
),

labels = c("A", "B", "C", "D"),
ncol = 2, nrow = 2,
legend = "none",
common.legend = TRUE)
```

Warning: `stat_contour()`: Zero contours were generated

Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf

Warning: `stat_contour()`: Zero contours were generated

Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf

Warning: `stat_contour()`: Zero contours were generated

Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

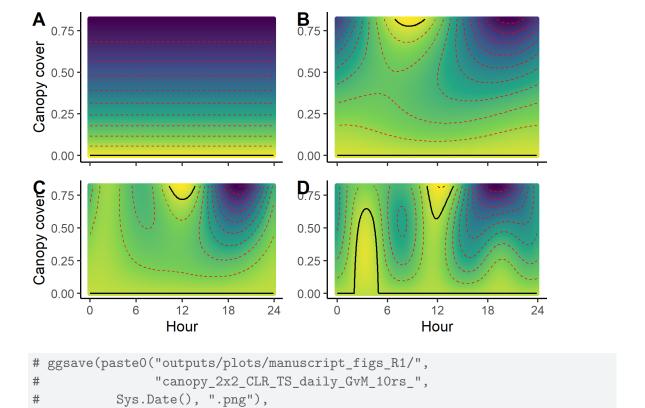
Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf

Warning: `stat_contour()`: Zero contours were generated

Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf



Adding all selection surfaces to the same plot

width=150, height=120, units="mm", dpi = 1000)

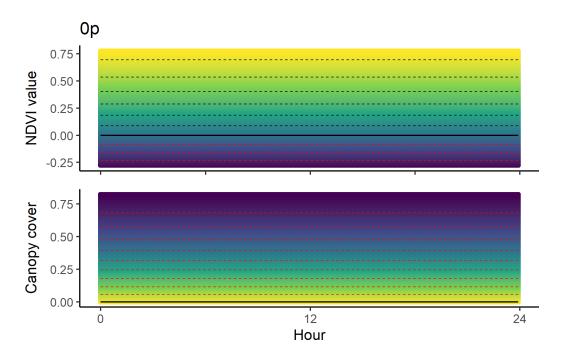
We combine these plots into the plot that is in the paper. On the top is the **NDVI** selection surface, and on the bottom is the **canopy cover** selection surface.

0р

```
legend = "none",
common.legend = TRUE)
```

Scale for x is already present. Adding another scale for x, which will replace the existing scale.

surface_plots_0p



```
align = "v",
legend = "none",
common.legend = TRUE)
```

Warning: `stat_contour()`: Zero contours were generated

Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

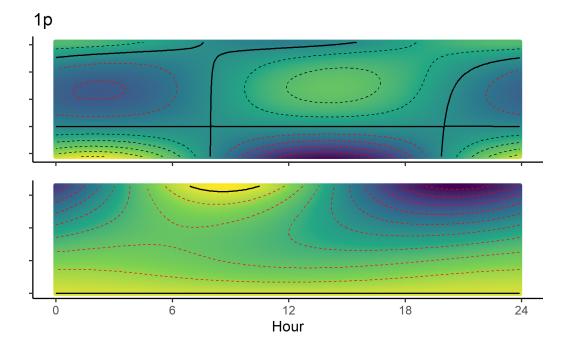
Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf

Warning: `stat_contour()`: Zero contours were generated

Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf

surface_plots_1p



```
Warning: `stat_contour()`: Zero contours were generated

Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

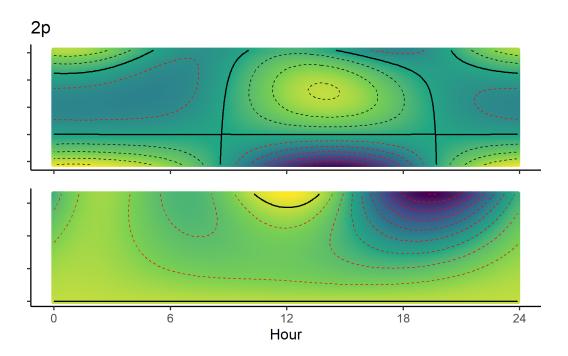
Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf

Warning: `stat_contour()`: Zero contours were generated

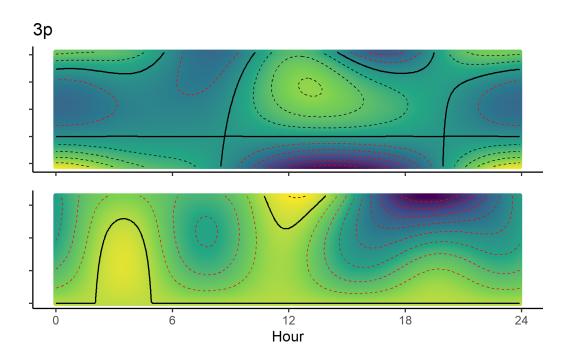
Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf

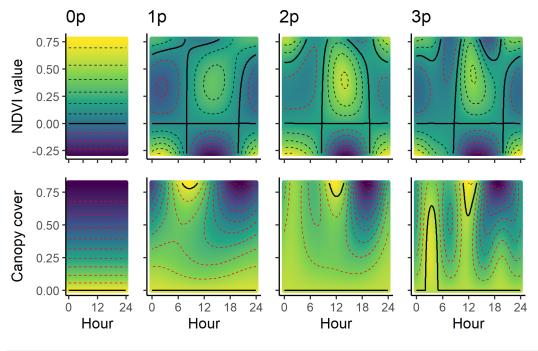
surface_plots_2p
```



3р



All selection surfaces



```
# ggsave(paste0("outputs/plots/manuscript_figs_R1/",
# "all_quad_4x1_CLR_TS_daily_GvM_10rs_",
# Sys.Date(), ".png"),
# width=150, height=110, units="mm", dpi = 1000)
```

References

Fieberg, John, Johannes Signer, Brian Smith, and Tal Avgar. 2021. "A 'How to' Guide for Interpreting Parameters in Habitat-Selection Analyses." *The Journal of Animal Ecology* 90 (5): 1027–43. https://doi.org/10.1111/1365-2656.13441.

Forrest, Scott W, Dan Pagendam, Michael Bode, Christopher Drovandi, Jonathan R Potts, Justin Perry, Eric Vanderduys, and Andrew J Hoskins. 2024. "Predicting Fine-scale Distributions and Emergent Spatiotemporal Patterns from Temporally Dynamic Step Selection Simulations." *Ecography*, December. https://doi.org/10.1111/ecog.07421.

Session info

sessionInfo()

R version 4.4.1 (2024-06-14 ucrt) Platform: x86 64-w64-mingw32/x64

Running under: Windows 10 x64 (build 19045)

Matrix products: default

locale:

- $\hbox{ [1] $LC_COLLATE$=English_Australia.utf8} \quad \hbox{ LC_CTYPE=English_Australia.utf8} \\$
- [3] LC_MONETARY=English_Australia.utf8 LC_NUMERIC=C
- [5] LC_TIME=English_Australia.utf8

time zone: Australia/Brisbane

tzcode source: internal

attached base packages:

[1] stats graphics grDevices utils datasets methods base

other attached packages:

[1]	scales_1.3.0	patchwork_1.3.0	MASS_7.3-60.2	ggpubr_0.6.0
[5]	beepr_2.0	tictoc_1.2.1	terra_1.7-78	survival_3.6-4
[9]	amt_0.2.2.0	<pre>lubridate_1.9.3</pre>	forcats_1.0.0	stringr_1.5.1
[13]	dplyr_1.1.4	purrr_1.0.2	readr_2.1.5	tidyr_1.3.1
[17]	tibble_3.2.1	ggplot2_3.5.1	${\tt tidyverse_2.0.0}$	

loaded via a namespace (and not attached):

gtable_0.3.5	xfun_0.47	rstatix_0.7.2	lattice_0.22-6
tzdb_0.4.0	vctrs_0.6.5	tools_4.4.1	Rdpack_2.6.1
generics_0.1.3	parallel_4.4.1	proxy_0.4-27	fansi_1.0.6
pkgconfig_2.0.3	Matrix_1.7-0	KernSmooth_2.23-24	lifecycle_1.0.4
farver_2.1.2	compiler_4.4.1	munsell_0.5.1	tinytex_0.53
codetools_0.2-20	carData_3.0-5	htmltools_0.5.8.1	class_7.3-22
yaml_2.3.10	crayon_1.5.3	car_3.1-2	pillar_1.9.0
classInt_0.4-10	magick_2.8.5	abind_1.4-8	tidyselect_1.2.1
digest_0.6.37	stringi_1.8.4	sf_1.0-17	labeling_0.4.3
splines_4.4.1	cowplot_1.1.3	fastmap_1.2.0	grid_4.4.1
colorspace_2.1-1	cli_3.6.3	magrittr_2.0.3	utf8_1.2.4
broom_1.0.6	e1071_1.7-16	withr_3.0.1	backports_1.5.0
bit64_4.0.5	timechange_0.3.0	rmarkdown_2.28	audio_0.1-11
bit_4.0.5	<pre>gridExtra_2.3</pre>	ggsignif_0.6.4	hms_1.1.3
evaluate_1.0.0	knitr_1.48	rbibutils_2.2.16	<pre>viridisLite_0.4.2</pre>
rlang_1.1.4	isoband_0.2.7	Rcpp_1.0.13	glue_1.7.0
DBI_1.2.3	vroom_1.6.5	jsonlite_1.8.8	R6_2.5.1
units_0.8-5			
	gtable_0.3.5 tzdb_0.4.0 generics_0.1.3 pkgconfig_2.0.3 farver_2.1.2 codetools_0.2-20 yaml_2.3.10 classInt_0.4-10 digest_0.6.37 splines_4.4.1 colorspace_2.1-1 broom_1.0.6 bit64_4.0.5 bit_4.0.5 evaluate_1.0.0 rlang_1.1.4 DBI_1.2.3 units_0.8-5	tzdb_0.4.0 vctrs_0.6.5 generics_0.1.3 parallel_4.4.1 pkgconfig_2.0.3 Matrix_1.7-0 farver_2.1.2 compiler_4.4.1 codetools_0.2-20 carData_3.0-5 yaml_2.3.10 crayon_1.5.3 classInt_0.4-10 magick_2.8.5 digest_0.6.37 stringi_1.8.4 splines_4.4.1 cowplot_1.1.3 colorspace_2.1-1 cli_3.6.3 broom_1.0.6 e1071_1.7-16 bit64_4.0.5 timechange_0.3.0 bit_4.0.5 gridExtra_2.3 evaluate_1.0.0 knitr_1.48 rlang_1.1.4 isoband_0.2.7 DBI_1.2.3 vroom_1.6.5	tzdb_0.4.0 vctrs_0.6.5 tools_4.4.1 generics_0.1.3 parallel_4.4.1 proxy_0.4-27 pkgconfig_2.0.3 Matrix_1.7-0 KernSmooth_2.23-24 farver_2.1.2 compiler_4.4.1 munsell_0.5.1 codetools_0.2-20 carData_3.0-5 htmltools_0.5.8.1 yaml_2.3.10 crayon_1.5.3 car_3.1-2 classInt_0.4-10 magick_2.8.5 abind_1.4-8 digest_0.6.37 stringi_1.8.4 sf_1.0-17 splines_4.4.1 cowplot_1.1.3 fastmap_1.2.0 colorspace_2.1-1 cli_3.6.3 magrittr_2.0.3 broom_1.0.6 e1071_1.7-16 withr_3.0.1 timechange_0.3.0 rmarkdown_2.28 bit_4.0.5 gridExtra_2.3 ggsignif_0.6.4 evaluate_1.0.0 knitr_1.48 rbibutils_2.2.16 rlang_1.1.4 isoband_0.2.7 Rcpp_1.0.13 DBI_1.2.3 vroom_1.6.5 jsonlite_1.8.8