# Fitting SSF models to the buffalo data

Dynamic step selection functions with temporal harmonics - dry season

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# **Table of contents**

Load packages	3
Importing buffalo data	3
Fitting the models	5
Creating a data matrix	5
Selecting data	6
0p	6
1p	7
2p	8
3p	10
Model formula	12
0p	12
1p	12
2p	13
3p	15
Fit the model	16
0p	17
1p	18
2p	20
3p	$\frac{20}{22}$
Check the fitted model outputs	$\frac{22}{24}$
0p	$\frac{24}{25}$
1p	$\frac{26}{26}$
2p	$\frac{20}{26}$
3p	$\frac{20}{27}$
Reconstruct the temporally dynamic coefficients	28
- · · ·	
0p	29
1p	30
2n	31

3p							
Plot the results - scaled temporally dynamic coefficients							
0p							
1p							
2p							
3p							
Reconstructing the natural-scale temporally dynamic coefficients							
$0p  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  $							
1p							
2p							
3p							
Update the Gamma and von Mises distributions							. 3
0p							. 3
1p							. 4
2p							. 4
3p							. 4
Plot the natural-scale temporally dynamic coefficients							. 4
0p							. 4
1p							. 4
2p							. 4
3p							. 4
Plot only the temporally dynamic movement parameters							. 4
0p							. 4
1p							. 4
$^{\circ}_{ m 2p}$							
$^{\circ}_{3\mathrm{p}}$							
Sample from temporally dynamic movement parameters							
0p							
1p							
2p							
3p							
Creating selection surfaces							
NDVI selection surface							
0p							
1p							
2p							
3p							
Canopy cover selection surface							
0p							
1p							
2p							
3p							
ορ	•	• •	•	•	 •	•	. 1
mbining the plots							8
Movement parameters					 	_	
±							_

Habitat selection	83
ombining selection surfaces	90
NDVI	90
Canopy cover	91
dding all selection surfaces to the same plot	93
0p	93
1p	94
2p	95
3p	96
All selection surfaces	97
References	98
Session info	98

# Load packages

### Importing buffalo data

Import the buffalo data with random steps and extracted covariates that we created for the paper Forrest et al. (2024), in the script Ecography\_DynamicSSF\_1\_Step\_generation. This repo can be found at: swforrest/dynamic\_SSF\_sims.

Here we create the sine and cosine terms that were interact with each of the covariates to fit temporally varying parameters.

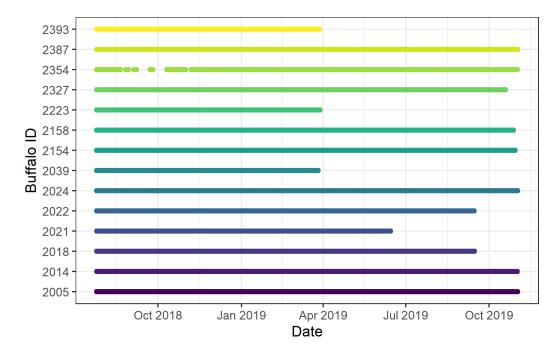
```
buffalo_data_all <- read_csv("data/buffalo_parametric_popn_covs_GvM_10rs_2024-09-04.csv")
```

```
Rows: 1165406 Columns: 22
-- Column specification ------
Delimiter: ","
dbl (18): id, burst_, x1_, x2_, y1_, y2_, sl_, ta_, dt_, hour_t2, step_id_,...
lgl (1): case_
dttm (3): t1_, t2_, t2_rounded
```

```
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
buffalo_data_all <- buffalo_data_all %>%
  mutate(t1_ = lubridate::with_tz(buffalo_data_all$t1_, tzone = "Australia/Darwin"),
         t2_ = lubridate::with_tz(buffalo_data_all$t2_, tzone = "Australia/Darwin"))
buffalo_data_all <- buffalo_data_all %>%
  mutate(id_num = as.numeric(factor(id)),
         step_id = step_id_,
         x1 = x1_, x2 = x2_,
         y1 = y1_, y2 = y2_,
         t1 = t1,
         t1_rounded = round_date(buffalo_data_all$t1_, "hour"),
         hour_t1 = hour(t1_rounded),
         t2 = t2,
         t2_rounded = round_date(buffalo_data_all$t2_, "hour"),
         hour_t2 = hour(t2_rounded),
         hour = hour_t2,
         yday = yday(t1_),
         year = year(t1_),
         month = month(t1_),
         sl = sl_{-}
         log_sl = log(sl_),
         ta = ta_,
         cos_ta = cos(ta_),
         # scale canopy cover from 0 to 1
         canopy 01 = \text{canopy cover}/100,
         # here we create the harmonic terms for the hour of the day
         # for seasonal effects, change hour to yday (which is tau in the manuscript),
         # and 24 to 365 (which is T)
         hour_s1 = sin(2*pi*hour/24),
         hour_s2 = sin(4*pi*hour/24),
         hour_s3 = sin(6*pi*hour/24),
         hour_c1 = cos(2*pi*hour/24),
         hour_c2 = cos(4*pi*hour/24),
         hour_c3 = cos(6*pi*hour/24))
# to select a single year of data
# buffalo_data_all <- buffalo_data_all %>% filter(t1 < "2019-07-25 09:32:42 ACST")
buffalo_ids <- unique(buffalo_data_all$id)</pre>
# Timeline of buffalo data
buffalo_data_all %>% ggplot(aes(x = t1, y = factor(id), colour = factor(id))) +
```

i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

```
geom_point(alpha = 0.1) +
scale_y_discrete("Buffalo ID") +
scale_x_datetime("Date") +
scale_colour_viridis_d() +
theme_bw() +
theme(legend.position = "none")
```



# Fitting the models

### Creating a data matrix

First we create a data matrix to be provided to the model, and then we scale and centre the full data matrix, with respect to each of the columns. That means that all variables are scaled and centred *after* the data has been split into wet and dry season data, and also after creating the quadratic and harmonic terms (when using them).

We should only include covariates in the data matrix that will be used in the model formula.

### Models

- 0p = 0 pairs of harmonics
- 1p = 1 pair of harmonics
- 2p = 2 pairs of harmonics
- 3p = 3 pairs of harmonics

For the dynamic models, we start to add the harmonic terms. As we have already created the harmonic terms for the hour of the day (s1, c1, s2, etc), we just interact (multiply) these with each of the covariates, including the quadratic terms, prior to model fitting. We store the scaling and centering variables to reconstruct the natural scale coefficients.

To provide some intuition about harmonic regression we have created a walkthrough script for Forrest et al. (2024), in the script Ecography\_DynamicSSF\_Walkthrough\_Harmonics\_and\_selection\_surfa which can be found at: swforrest/dynamic\_SSF\_sims, that introduces harmonics and how they can be used to model temporal variation in the data. It will help provide some understand the model outputs and how we construct the temporally varying coefficients in this script.

### Selecting data

```
months_wet <- c(1:4, 11:12)
buffalo_ids <- unique(buffalo_data_all$id)
focal_id <- 2005

# comment and uncomment the relevant lines to get either wet or dry season data
# buffalo_data <- buffalo_data_all %>% filter(id == focal_id & month %in% months_wet) # wet
buffalo_data <- buffalo_data_all %>% filter(id == focal_id & !month %in% months_wet) # dry s
# all data
# buffalo_data <- buffalo_data_all %>% filter(id == focal_id)
```

```
buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled <- buffalo_data %>% transmute(

  ndvi = ndvi_temporal,
  ndvi_sq = ndvi_temporal ^ 2,
  canopy = canopy_01,
  canopy_sq = canopy_01 ^ 2,
  slope = slope,
  herby = veg_herby,
  step_l = sl,
  log_step_l = log_sl,
  cos_turn_a = cos_ta)

buffalo_data_matrix_scaled <- scale(buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled)

# save the scaling values to recover the natural scale of the coefficients</pre>
```

```
buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled <- buffalo_data %>% transmute(
  # the 'linear' term
  ndvi = ndvi_temporal,
  # interact with the harmonic terms
  ndvi_s1 = ndvi_temporal * hour_s1,
 ndvi_c1 = ndvi_temporal * hour_c1,
 ndvi_sq = ndvi_temporal ^ 2,
  ndvi_sq_s1 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_s1,
  ndvi_sq_c1 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_c1,
  canopy = canopy_01,
  canopy_s1 = canopy_01 * hour_s1,
  canopy_c1 = canopy_01 * hour_c1,
  canopy_sq = canopy_01 ^ 2,
  canopy_sq_s1 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_s1,
  canopy_sq_c1 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_c1,
  slope = slope,
  slope_s1 = slope * hour_s1,
  slope_c1 = slope * hour_c1,
 herby = veg_herby,
  herby s1 = veg herby * hour s1,
  herby_c1 = veg_herby * hour_c1,
```

```
step_l = sl,
  step_l_s1 = sl * hour_s1,
  step_l_c1 = sl * hour_c1,
  log_step_l = log_sl,
  log_step_l_s1 = log_sl * hour_s1,
  log_step_l_c1 = log_sl * hour_c1,
  cos_turn_a = cos_ta,
  cos_turn_a_s1 = cos_ta * hour_s1,
  cos_turn_a_c1 = cos_ta * hour_c1)
buffalo_data_matrix_scaled <- scale(buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled)</pre>
mean_vals <- attr(buffalo_data_matrix_scaled, "scaled:center")</pre>
sd_vals <- attr(buffalo_data_matrix_scaled, "scaled:scale")</pre>
scaling_attributes_1p <- data.frame(variable = names(buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled),</pre>
                                     mean = mean_vals, sd = sd_vals)
buffalo_data_scaled_1p <- data.frame(id = buffalo_data$id,
                                       step_id = buffalo_data$step_id,
                                       y = buffalo_data$y,
                                       buffalo_data_matrix_scaled)
```

```
buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled <- buffalo_data %>% transmute(

   ndvi = ndvi_temporal,
   ndvi_s1 = ndvi_temporal * hour_s1,
   ndvi_s2 = ndvi_temporal * hour_s2,
   ndvi_c1 = ndvi_temporal * hour_c1,
   ndvi_c2 = ndvi_temporal * hour_c2,

   ndvi_sq = ndvi_temporal ^ 2,
   ndvi_sq_s1 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_s1,
   ndvi_sq_s2 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_s2,
   ndvi_sq_c1 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_c1,
   ndvi_sq_c2 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_c2,

canopy = canopy_01,
   canopy_s1 = canopy_01 * hour_s1,
   canopy_s2 = canopy_01 * hour_s2,
```

```
canopy_c1 = canopy_01 * hour_c1,
  canopy_c2 = canopy_01 * hour_c2,
  canopy_sq = canopy_01 ^ 2,
  canopy_sq_s1 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_s1,
  canopy_sq_s2 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_s2,
  canopy_sq_c1 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_c1,
  canopy_sq_c2 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_c2,
  slope = slope,
  slope_s1 = slope * hour_s1,
  slope_s2 = slope * hour_s2,
  slope_c1 = slope * hour_c1,
  slope_c2 = slope * hour_c2,
  herby = veg herby,
  herby_s1 = veg_herby * hour_s1,
  herby_s2 = veg_herby * hour_s2,
  herby_c1 = veg_herby * hour_c1,
  herby_c2 = veg_herby * hour_c2,
  step_l = sl,
  step_l_s1 = sl * hour_s1,
  step_1_s2 = s1 * hour_s2,
  step_l_c1 = sl * hour_c1,
  step_1_c2 = s1 * hour_c2,
  log_step_l = log_sl,
  log_step_l_s1 = log_sl * hour_s1,
  log_step_1_s2 = log_s1 * hour_s2,
  log_step_l_c1 = log_sl * hour_c1,
  log_step_1_c2 = log_sl * hour_c2,
  cos_turn_a = cos_ta,
  cos_turn_a_s1 = cos_ta * hour_s1,
  cos_turn_a_s2 = cos_ta * hour_s2,
  cos_turn_a_c1 = cos_ta * hour_c1,
  cos_turn_a_c2 = cos_ta * hour_c2)
buffalo data matrix scaled <- scale(buffalo data matrix unscaled)</pre>
mean_vals <- attr(buffalo_data_matrix_scaled, "scaled:center")</pre>
sd_vals <- attr(buffalo_data_matrix_scaled, "scaled:scale")</pre>
scaling_attributes_2p <- data.frame(variable = names(buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled),</pre>
```

```
buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled <- buffalo_data %>% transmute(
 ndvi = ndvi temporal,
 ndvi_s1 = ndvi_temporal * hour_s1,
 ndvi_s2 = ndvi_temporal * hour_s2,
 ndvi_s3 = ndvi_temporal * hour_s3,
 ndvi_c1 = ndvi_temporal * hour_c1,
  ndvi_c2 = ndvi_temporal * hour_c2,
  ndvi_c3 = ndvi_temporal * hour_c3,
  ndvi_sq = ndvi_temporal ^ 2,
 ndvi_sq_s1 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_s1,
  ndvi sq s2 = (ndvi temporal ^ 2) * hour s2,
  ndvi_sq_s3 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_s3,
  ndvi_sq_c1 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_c1,
  ndvi_sq_c2 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_c2,
  ndvi_sq_c3 = (ndvi_temporal ^ 2) * hour_c3,
  canopy = canopy_01,
  canopy_s1 = canopy_01 * hour_s1,
  canopy_s2 = canopy_01 * hour_s2,
  canopy_s3 = canopy_01 * hour_s3,
  canopy_c1 = canopy_01 * hour_c1,
  canopy_c2 = canopy_01 * hour_c2,
  canopy_c3 = canopy_01 * hour_c3,
  canopy_sq = canopy_01 ^ 2,
  canopy_sq_s1 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_s1,
  canopy_sq_s2 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_s2,
  canopy_sq_s3 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_s3,
  canopy_sq_c1 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_c1,
  canopy_sq_c2 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_c2,
  canopy_sq_c3 = (canopy_01 ^ 2) * hour_c3,
```

```
slope = slope,
  slope_s1 = slope * hour_s1,
  slope s2 = slope * hour s2,
  slope_s3 = slope * hour_s3,
  slope_c1 = slope * hour_c1,
  slope_c2 = slope * hour_c2,
  slope_c3 = slope * hour_c3,
  herby = veg_herby,
  herby_s1 = veg_herby * hour_s1,
  herby_s2 = veg_herby * hour_s2,
  herby_s3 = veg_herby * hour_s3,
  herby_c1 = veg_herby * hour_c1,
  herby_c2 = veg_herby * hour_c2,
  herby_c3 = veg_herby * hour_c3,
  step_1 = sl,
  step_l_s1 = sl * hour_s1,
  step_1_s2 = sl * hour_s2,
  step_1_s3 = s1 * hour_s3,
  step_l_c1 = sl * hour_c1,
  step_1_c2 = s1 * hour_c2,
  step_1_c3 = sl * hour_c3,
  log_step_l = log_sl,
  log_step_l_s1 = log_sl * hour_s1,
  log_step_1_s2 = log_s1 * hour_s2,
  log_step_1_s3 = log_s1 * hour_s3,
  log_step_l_c1 = log_sl * hour_c1,
  log_step_1_c2 = log_sl * hour_c2,
  log_step_1_c3 = log_sl * hour_c3,
  cos turn a = cos ta,
  cos_turn_a_s1 = cos_ta * hour_s1,
  cos_turn_a_s2 = cos_ta * hour_s2,
  cos_turn_a_s3 = cos_ta * hour_s3,
  cos_turn_a_c1 = cos_ta * hour_c1,
  cos_turn_a_c2 = cos_ta * hour_c2,
  cos_turn_a_c3 = cos_ta * hour_c3)
buffalo_data_matrix_scaled <- scale(buffalo_data_matrix_unscaled)</pre>
mean_vals <- attr(buffalo_data_matrix_scaled, "scaled:center")</pre>
sd_vals <- attr(buffalo_data_matrix_scaled, "scaled:scale")</pre>
```

### Model formula

As we have already precomputed and scaled the covariates, quadratic terms and interactions with the harmonics, we just include each parameter as a linear predictor.

### **0**p

```
formula_0p <- y ~

ndvi +
ndvi_sq +
canopy +
canopy_sq +
slope +
herby +
step_l +
log_step_l +
cos_turn_a +</pre>
strata(step_id)
```

```
formula_1p <- y ~

ndvi +
 ndvi_s1 +
 ndvi_c1 +

ndvi_sq +
 ndvi_sq_s1 +
 ndvi_sq_c1 +</pre>
```

```
canopy +
canopy_s1 +
canopy_c1 +
canopy_sq +
canopy_sq_s1 +
canopy_sq_c1 +
slope +
slope_s1 +
slope_c1 +
herby +
herby_s1 +
herby_c1 +
step_l +
step_l_s1 +
step_l_c1 +
log_step_l +
log_step_l_s1 +
log_step_l_c1 +
cos_turn_a +
cos_turn_a_s1 +
cos_turn_a_c1 +
strata(step_id)
```

```
ndvi +
ndvi_s1 +
ndvi_s2 +
ndvi_c1 +
ndvi_c2 +
ndvi_sq +
ndvi_sq_s1 +
ndvi_sq_s2 +
```

```
ndvi_sq_c1 +
ndvi_sq_c2 +
canopy +
canopy_s1 +
canopy_s2 +
canopy_c1 +
canopy_c2 +
canopy_sq +
canopy_sq_s1 +
canopy_sq_s2 +
canopy_sq_c1 +
canopy_sq_c2 +
slope +
slope_s1 +
slope_s2 +
slope_c1 +
slope_c2 +
herby +
herby_s1 +
herby_s2 +
herby_c1 +
herby_c2 +
step_1 +
step_l_s1 +
step_1_s2 +
step_l_c1 +
step_1_c2 +
log_step_l +
log_step_l_s1 +
log_step_l_s2 +
log_step_l_c1 +
log_step_l_c2 +
cos_turn_a +
cos_turn_a_s1 +
cos_turn_a_s2 +
cos_turn_a_c1 +
cos_turn_a_c2 +
```

```
strata(step_id)
```

```
formula_3p <- y ~</pre>
 ndvi +
 ndvi_s1 +
 ndvi_s2 +
 ndvi_s3 +
 ndvi_c1 +
 ndvi_c2 +
 ndvi_c3 +
 ndvi_sq +
 ndvi_sq_s1 +
 ndvi_sq_s2 +
 ndvi_sq_s3 +
 ndvi_sq_c1 +
  ndvi_sq_c2 +
 ndvi_sq_c3 +
  canopy +
 canopy_s1 +
  canopy_s2 +
  canopy_s3 +
  canopy_c1 +
  canopy_c2 +
  canopy_c3 +
  canopy_sq +
  canopy_sq_s1 +
  canopy_sq_s2 +
  canopy_sq_s3 +
  canopy_sq_c1 +
  canopy_sq_c2 +
  canopy_sq_c3 +
  slope +
  slope_s1 +
  slope_s2 +
  slope_s3 +
  slope_c1 +
```

```
slope_c2 +
slope_c3 +
herby +
herby_s1 +
herby_s2 +
herby_s3 +
herby_c1 +
herby_c2 +
herby_c3 +
step_l +
step_l_s1 +
step_1_s2 +
step_1_s3 +
step_l_c1 +
step_1_c2 +
step_1_c3 +
log_step_l +
log_step_l_s1 +
log_step_l_s2 +
log_step_l_s3 +
log_step_l_c1 +
log_step_l_c2 +
log_step_l_c3 +
cos_turn_a +
cos_turn_a_s1 +
cos_turn_a_s2 +
cos_turn_a_s3 +
cos_turn_a_c1 +
cos_turn_a_c2 +
cos_turn_a_c3 +
strata(step_id)
```

### Fit the model

As we have already fitted the model, we will load it here, but if the model\_fit file doesn't exist, it will run the model fitting code. Be careful here that if you change the model formula, you will need to delete or rename the model\_fit file to re-run the model fitting code, otherwise it will just load the previous model.

We are fitting a single model to the focal individual.

```
if(file.exists(paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_0p_harms_dry.rds"))) {
 model_Op_harms <- readRDS(pasteO("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_Op_harms_dry.rds</pre>
 print("Read existing model")
} else {
 tic()
   model_Op_harms <- fit_clogit(formula = formula_Op,</pre>
                                     data = buffalo_data_scaled_0p)
 toc()
  # save model object
  saveRDS(model_0p_harms, file = paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_0p_harms_dr
  print("Fitted model")
  beep(sound = 2)
}
[1] "Read existing model"
model_Op_harms
$model
Call:
survival::clogit(formula, data = data, ...)
             coef exp(coef) se(coef)
ndvi
          -0.14980
                    0.86088 0.11297 -1.326
                                               0.18485
          0.27865
                    1.32135 0.11046 2.523
ndvi_sq
                                               0.01165
                   1.17028 0.08122 1.936
canopy
          0.15724
                                               0.05287
canopy_sq -0.34153
                   slope
          -0.12180
                   herby
          -0.12591
step_1
         -0.12264
                   0.88459 0.02043 -6.003 0.0000000194
log_step_1 0.05489
                   1.05643 0.01843 2.979
                                               0.00289
cos_turn_a -0.01038
                   0.98967 0.01391 -0.746
                                               0.45549
```

```
Likelihood ratio test=201.3 on 9 df, p=< 0.0000000000000000022
n=65082, number of events= 5692
   (1710 observations deleted due to missingness)
sl
NULL
$ta_
NULL
$more
NULL
attr(,"class")
[1] "fit_clogit" "list"
1p
if(file.exists(paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_1p_harms_dry.rds"))) {
  model_1p_harms <- readRDS(paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_1p_harms_dry.rds</pre>
  print("Read existing model")
} else {
  tic()
  model_1p_harms <- fit_clogit(formula = formula_1p,</pre>
                                        data = buffalo_data_scaled_1p)
  toc()
  # save model object
  saveRDS(model_1p_harms, file = paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_1p_harms_dr
  print("Fitted model")
  beep(sound = 2)
}
[1] "Read existing model"
model_1p_harms
$model
```

Call:
survival::clogit(formula, data = data, ...)

```
exp(coef)
                                  se(coef)
                  coef
                                                z
                                                                   р
            -0.0101419 0.9899094 0.1206239
                                                             0.932994
ndvi
                                           -0.084
ndvi_s1
             0.4908711
                       1.6337388
                                 0.3715837
                                            1.321
                                                             0.186493
ndvi_c1
            -4.4668428 0.0114835
                                 0.3953803 - 11.298 < 0.0000000000000000
             0.1253231
                       1.1335147
                                 0.1182051
                                            1.060
                                                             0.289046
ndvi_sq
            -0.2226478 0.8003967
                                 0.1992793
                                           -1.117
ndvi_sq_s1
                                                             0.263881
                                 0.2148066 11.525 < 0.00000000000000002
ndvi_sq_c1
             2.4757350 11.8904435
canopy
             0.3244912 1.3833266
                                 0.1058701
                                            3.065
                                                             0.002177
                                           -1.690
            -0.4622047
                       0.6298934
                                 0.2734603
                                                             0.090988
canopy_s1
canopy_c1
             1.4695710 4.3473699
                                 0.3187982
                                            4.610
                                                    0.000004032087403
                                 0.1054087
                                           -4.976
                                                    0.000000649329204
canopy_sq
            -0.5245070 0.5918471
canopy_sq_s1
             0.2844858 1.3290785
                                 0.1718349
                                            1.656
                                                             0.097808
canopy_sq_c1
            -1.1510663 0.3162993
                                 0.1974561
                                           -5.829
                                                    0.00000005559997
                                 0.0248421
                                           -5.276
slope
            -0.1310712 0.8771553
                                                    0.00000131906676
slope_s1
            -0.1367048 0.8722277
                                 0.0359432 -3.803
                                                             0.000143
             0.0946943 1.0993228
                                 0.0388848
                                            2.435
slope_c1
                                                             0.014881
                                 0.0231510 -4.268
herby
            -0.0988075 0.9059171
                                                    0.000019726332577
herby_s1
             0.0235596 1.0238393
                                 0.0487167
                                            0.484
                                                             0.628667
                                            4.992
                                                    0.000000597667434
herby_c1
             0.2579470 1.2942703
                                 0.0516724
step_1
            -0.2124163 0.8086280
                                 0.0229516 - 9.255 < 0.0000000000000000
             0.0584180 1.0601580
step_l_s1
                                 0.0259511
                                            2.251
                                                             0.024381
                                            0.011
step_l_c1
             0.0003032 1.0003033
                                 0.0269674
                                                             0.991029
             0.1975952 1.2184690 0.0220287
                                            8.970 < 0.00000000000000000000
log_step_l
log_step_l_s1 -0.2827514  0.7537071  0.0384039  -7.363
                                                    0.0000000000180
cos_turn_a
            -0.0032234 0.9967817
                                 0.0142967
                                           -0.225
                                                             0.821615
cos_turn_a_s1 -0.1031140 0.9020241
                                 0.0142727
                                           -7.225
                                                    0.00000000000503
```

Likelihood ratio test=1182 on 27 df, p=< 0.000000000000000022 n= 65082, number of events= 5692 (1710 observations deleted due to missingness)

\$sl\_ NULL

\$ta\_ NULL

\$more

NULL

```
attr(,"class")
[1] "fit_clogit" "list"
```

### [1] "Read existing model"

# model\_2p\_harms

```
$model
Call:
```

```
survival::clogit(formula, data = data, ...)
```

```
coef exp(coef)
                                se(coef)
                                                               р
            -0.0105652 0.9894904 0.1270414 -0.083
ndvi
                                                         0.933721
ndvi_s1
            0.2529427 1.2878094 0.3735203
                                          0.677
                                                         0.498288
ndvi_s2
            -0.0669366 0.9352545 0.3970369 -0.169
                                                         0.866119
ndvi_c1
            ndvi_c2
            0.7367382 2.0891102 0.4013043
                                         1.836
                                                         0.066378
ndvi_sq
            0.1289442 1.1376266 0.1241104
                                        1.039
                                                         0.298829
           -0.1044400 0.9008289 0.2005602 -0.521
ndvi_sq_s1
                                                         0.602547
ndvi_sq_s2
            0.0414484 1.0423194 0.2150427
                                         0.193
                                                         0.847159
            2.4382075 11.4524935 0.2330174 10.464 < 0.0000000000000002
ndvi_sq_c1
```

```
ndvi_sq_c2
             -0.2188485
                        0.8034434
                                   0.2169097
                                             -1.009
                                                               0.313004
                                              3.233
canopy
              0.3923837
                        1.4805057
                                   0.1213583
                                                               0.001224
canopy_s1
             -0.3372183
                        0.7137530
                                  0.3200240 - 1.054
                                                               0.292007
canopy_s2
                                              0.187
              0.0568951
                        1.0585448
                                  0.3048123
                                                               0.851930
canopy_c1
              1.8083945 6.1006452 0.4137692
                                              4.371
                                                      0.000012394011529
canopy_c2
              0.4700311
                        1.6000439
                                   0.3169358
                                              1.483
                                                               0.138062
                                             -4.850
canopy_sq
             -0.5794630
                        0.5601991
                                   0.1194847
                                                      0.000001236592905
              0.2184749
                        1.2441777
                                   0.1980022
                                              1.103
                                                               0.269855
canopy_sq_s1
                                              0.482
canopy_sq_s2
              0.0913285
                        1.0956288
                                   0.1893414
                                                               0.629559
                                             -5.200
                                                      0.000000199662891
             -1.3075321
                        0.2704868 0.2514654
canopy_sq_c1
canopy_sq_c2
             -0.1476704 0.8627155
                                  0.1966837
                                             -0.751
                                                               0.452772
                                                      0.00000065606762
slope
                        0.8623346 0.0274139
                                             -5.403
             -0.1481119
slope s1
             -0.1146156 0.8917089
                                  0.0355056
                                             -3.228
                                                               0.001246
slope_s2
                                              0.878
              0.0347404
                        1.0353509
                                   0.0395861
                                                               0.380166
slope_c1
              0.0764744 1.0794746
                                   0.0439889
                                              1.738
                                                               0.082124
slope_c2
             -0.0869779 0.9166974
                                  0.0401580
                                            -2.166
                                                               0.030319
             -0.0977996 0.9068306 0.0241066 -4.057
                                                      0.000049713104414
herby
herby_s1
              0.0157429
                        1.0158675
                                  0.0515717
                                              0.305
                                                               0.760166
herby s2
              0.0002868 1.0002868 0.0510424
                                              0.006
                                                               0.995517
herby_c1
              0.1969839 1.2177244
                                  0.0560673
                                              3.513
                                                               0.000443
herby_c2
             -0.0702094 0.9321986 0.0518900 -1.353
                                                               0.176042
                                  0.0311392 -14.535 < 0.00000000000000002
step_1
             -0.4526089 0.6359668
step_l_s1
             -0.0553466 0.9461571 0.0256130 -2.161
                                                               0.030704
step_1_s2
             -0.3384349
                        0.7128852 \quad 0.0299257 \quad -11.309 < 0.00000000000000000
step_l_c1
             -0.1758616  0.8387341  0.0374920  -4.691
                                                      0.000002723473773
step_1_c2
             0.2615324 \quad 1.2989190 \quad 0.0231012 \quad 11.321 < 0.0000000000000002
log_step_l
log step 1 s1 -0.2391907 0.7872647 0.0434073
                                             -5.510
                                                      0.000000035807221
log_step_1_s2 -0.0774179 0.9255030
                                  0.0409704
                                            -1.890
                                                               0.058811
log_step_l_c1 -0.5169396 0.5963428
                                  0.0430368 - 12.012 < 0.00000000000000002
log_step_1_c2 -0.0678024 0.9344451
                                  0.0410499 - 1.652
                                                               0.098594
             -0.0005184 0.9994818 0.0145390 -0.036
cos turn a
                                                               0.971559
cos_turn_a_s1 -0.1076412  0.8979497  0.0145766  -7.385
                                                      0.00000000000153
cos_turn_a_c1 -0.1575777
                        0.8542105 0.0146656 -10.745 < 0.0000000000000000
cos_turn_a_c2 -0.0838055 0.9196101 0.0146155 -5.734
                                                      0.00000009808054
```

(1710 observations deleted due to missingness)

\$sl\_ NULL

\$ta

```
NULL
$more
NULL
attr(,"class")
[1] "fit_clogit" "list"
3р
if(file.exists(paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_3p_harms_dry.rds"))) {
  model_3p_harms <- readRDS(paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_3p_harms_dry.rds</pre>
  print("Read existing model")
} else {
  tic()
  model_3p_harms <- fit_clogit(formula = formula_3p,</pre>
                                     data = buffalo_data_scaled_3p)
  toc()
  # save model object
  saveRDS(model_3p_harms, file = paste0("ssf_coefficients/model_id", focal_id, "_3p_harms_dr
  print("Fitted model")
  beep(sound = 2)
}
[1] "Read existing model"
model_3p_harms
$model
Call:
survival::clogit(formula, data = data, ...)
                    coef exp(coef)
                                      se(coef)
               0.0706066 1.0731590 0.1277746
ndvi
                                                0.553
                                                                    0.580546
               0.2245451 1.2517532 0.3887548
                                                0.578
                                                                    0.563534
ndvi_s1
ndvi_s2
              -0.0194743 0.9807141 0.4057951 -0.048
                                                                    0.961724
              -0.4608978 0.6307171 0.3997941 -1.153
                                                                    0.248977
ndvi_s3
```

```
ndvi_c1
              -4.3895782
                           0.0124060
                                      0.4283404 - 10.248 < 0.0000000000000000
ndvi c2
                           1.4883922
                                                   0.976
               0.3976964
                                      0.4073673
                                                                      0.328936
ndvi_c3
              -0.1096700
                           0.8961298
                                      0.4068839
                                                  -0.270
                                                                      0.787517
ndvi_sq
                           1.0564653
                                                   0.439
               0.0549287
                                      0.1250750
                                                                      0.660541
ndvi_sq_s1
              -0.0861213
                           0.9174829
                                      0.2092987
                                                  -0.411
                                                                      0.680724
ndvi_sq_s2
               0.0160391
                           1.0161684
                                      0.2194906
                                                   0.073
                                                                      0.941747
ndvi_sq_s3
               0.2579377
                           1.2942581
                                      0.2173907
                                                   1.187
                                                                      0.235418
ndvi_sq_c1
               2.4283014 11.3396042
                                      0.2318705
                                                  10.473 < 0.0000000000000000
                           0.9350323
                                      0.2201701
                                                  -0.305
                                                                      0.760289
ndvi_sq_c2
              -0.0671742
ndvi_sq_c3
              -0.1488389
                           0.8617080
                                      0.2201537
                                                  -0.676
                                                                      0.498998
canopy
               0.3484793
                           1.4169112
                                      0.1195513
                                                   2.915
                                                                      0.003558
                                                  -0.228
canopy_s1
              -0.0816157
                           0.9216261
                                      0.3580034
                                                                      0.819666
canopy s2
               0.3298074
                           1.3907002
                                      0.3732663
                                                   0.884
                                                                      0.376928
                                      0.3106624
                                                   1.441
canopy_s3
               0.4476350
                           1.5646075
                                                                      0.149612
canopy_c1
               1.5732214
                           4.8221573
                                      0.4011492
                                                   3.922
                                                           0.0000878948645124
canopy_c2
               0.1330122
                           1.1422639
                                      0.3693462
                                                   0.360
                                                                      0.718751
                           0.5927246
                                                  -1.637
                                                                      0.101701
canopy_c3
              -0.5230254
                                      0.3195681
canopy_sq
              -0.5483508
                           0.5779021
                                      0.1178490
                                                  -4.653
                                                           0.0000032715062221
                           1.0575822
                                      0.2187516
                                                   0.256
                                                                      0.798004
canopy_sq_s1
               0.0559853
canopy_sq_s2
              -0.0614058
                           0.9404416
                                      0.2278020
                                                  -0.270
                                                                      0.787501
                           0.7767122
                                      0.1930056
                                                  -1.309
                                                                      0.190462
canopy_sq_s3
              -0.2526854
                                                  -4.819
                                                           0.0000014393650984
canopy_sq_c1
              -1.1755242
                           0.3086571
                                      0.2439113
               0.0592535
                           1.0610442
                                      0.2258879
                                                   0.262
                                                                      0.793080
canopy_sq_c2
canopy_sq_c3
               0.3889201
                           1.4753867
                                      0.1976682
                                                   1.968
                                                                      0.049121
                                                  -5.620
                                                           0.000000191020063
slope
              -0.1533516
                           0.8578280
                                      0.0272870
              -0.1037130
                           0.9014840
                                      0.0378366
                                                  -2.741
                                                                      0.006124
slope_s1
slope_s2
               0.0328810
                           1.0334275
                                      0.0403754
                                                   0.814
                                                                      0.415427
slope s3
               0.0212681
                           1.0214958
                                      0.0395627
                                                   0.538
                                                                      0.590868
slope_c1
               0.0702020
                           1.0727248
                                      0.0442970
                                                   1.585
                                                                      0.113012
slope c2
               -0.0658964
                           0.9362278
                                      0.0404277
                                                  -1.630
                                                                      0.103105
              -0.0483677
slope_c3
                           0.9527834
                                      0.0408586
                                                  -1.184
                                                                      0.236499
herby
                           0.9137637
                                      0.0241294
                                                  -3.737
                                                                      0.000186
              -0.0901833
herby_s1
               0.0027006
                           1.0027043
                                      0.0528976
                                                   0.051
                                                                      0.959282
              -0.0046719
herby_s2
                           0.9953390
                                      0.0539226
                                                  -0.087
                                                                      0.930957
herby_s3
              -0.0807781
                           0.9223983
                                      0.0518024
                                                  -1.559
                                                                      0.118914
herby_c1
               0.2100050
                           1.2336842
                                      0.0556708
                                                   3.772
                                                                      0.000162
herby_c2
              -0.0465425
                           0.9545240
                                      0.0544014
                                                  -0.856
                                                                      0.392253
herby_c3
              -0.0182664
                           0.9818995
                                      0.0520511
                                                  -0.351
                                                                      0.725640
step_1
              -0.4738944
                           0.6225730
                                      0.0307875 - 15.392 < 0.00000000000000002
step_l_s1
              -0.0053407
                           0.9946735
                                      0.0319965
                                                  -0.167
                                                                      0.867436
                                                  -8.474 < 0.00000000000000000
              -0.2740341
                           0.7603062
                                      0.0323389
step_1_s2
step_1_s3
              -0.0112702
                           0.9887931
                                      0.0316372
                                                  -0.356
                                                                      0.721667
                                                  -1.052
step 1 c1
              -0.0423870
                           0.9584988
                                      0.0402960
                                                                      0.292850
              -0.2555728
                           0.7744727
                                      0.0332400
                                                  -7.689
                                                           0.000000000000149
step_1_c2
step_1_c3
              -0.0193143
                           0.9808710
                                      0.0315001
                                                  -0.613
                                                                      0.539777
```

```
log_step_1
                                     0.0261920
                                                14.583 < 0.00000000000000000
               0.3819615
                          1.4651557
log_step_l_s1 -0.2611291
                          0.7701815
                                     0.0508703
                                                -5.133
                                                         0.0000002848068786
log_step_l_s2 -0.1991106
                          0.8194592
                                     0.0461490
                                                -4.315
                                                         0.0000159953500496
log_step_l_s3 0.5267168
                          1.6933635
                                     0.0434312
                                                12.128 < 0.0000000000000000
log_step_l_c1 -0.6766963
                          0.5082935
                                     0.0435923 - 15.523 < 0.00000000000000002
log_step_1_c2 -0.3136382
                          0.7307834
                                     0.0460771
                                                -6.807
                                                         0.000000000099782
log_step_1_c3 0.3861357
                          1.4712843
                                     0.0430061
                                                 8.979 < 0.00000000000000002
               0.0004812
                          1.0004813
                                     0.0147369
                                                 0.033
                                                                   0.973954
cos_turn_a
                                                -6.813
                                                         0.000000000095893
cos_turn_a_s1 -0.1017963
                          0.9032136
                                     0.0149425
cos_turn_a_s2 -0.1369483
                          0.8720153
                                     0.0147571
                                                -9.280 < 0.00000000000000002
cos_turn_a_s3 0.1443249
                          1.1552594
                                     0.0148551
                                                 0.0147472 -11.176 < 0.00000000000000002
cos_turn_a_c1 -0.1648113
                          0.8480537
cos turn a c2 -0.0915187
                          0.9125443
                                                -6.146
                                                         0.000000007962441
                                     0.0148916
cos_turn_a_c3  0.0491386
                          1.0503659
                                     0.0147343
                                                 3.335
                                                                   0.000853
Likelihood ratio test=2347
                           on 63 df, p=< 0.00000000000000022
n= 65082, number of events= 5692
   (1710 observations deleted due to missingness)
$sl
NULL
ta_{}
NULL
$more
NULL
attr(,"class")
[1] "fit_clogit" "list"
```

### Check the fitted model outputs

Create a dataframe of the coefficients with the scaling attributes that we saved when creating the data matrix. We can then return the coefficients to their natural scale by dividing by the scaling factor (standard deviation).

As we can see, we have a coefficient for each covariate by itself, and then one for each of the harmonic interactions. These are the 'weights' that we played around with in the <code>Ecography\_DynamicSSF\_Walkthrough\_Harmonics\_and\_selection\_surfaces</code> walkthrough script in: <code>swforrest/dynamic\_SSF\_sims</code>, and we reconstruct them in exactly the same way. We also have the coefficients for the quadratic terms and the interactions with the harmonics, which we have denoted as <code>ndvi\_sq</code> for instance. We will come back to these when we look at the selection surfaces.

#### model\_Op\_harms

```
$model
Call:
survival::clogit(formula, data = data, ...)
              coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                     0.86088 0.11297 -1.326
ndvi
          -0.14980
                                                  0.18485
ndvi_sq
           0.27865
                     1.32135 0.11046 2.523
                                                  0.01165
           0.15724 1.17028 0.08122 1.936
                                                  0.05287
canopy
canopy_sq -0.34153
                     0.88532 0.02321 -5.248 0.00000015358
slope
          -0.12180
herby
          -0.12591
                     0.88170 0.02115 -5.953 0.00000000263
                     0.88459 0.02043 -6.003 0.00000000194
step_1
          -0.12264
log_step_1 0.05489
                     1.05643 0.01843 2.979
                                                  0.00289
cos_turn_a -0.01038
                     0.98967 0.01391 -0.746
                                                  0.45549
Likelihood ratio test=201.3 on 9 df, p=< 0.00000000000000022
n=65082, number of events= 5692
   (1710 observations deleted due to missingness)
sl_{}
NULL
$ta
NULL
$more
NULL
attr(,"class")
[1] "fit_clogit" "list"
# these create massive outputs for the dynamic models so we've commented them out
# model_Op_harms$model$coefficients
# model_Op_harms$se
# model_Op_harms$vcov
# diag(model_Op_harms$D) # between cluster variance
# model_Op_harms$r.effect # individual estimates
# create a dataframe of the coefficients and their scaling attributes
coefs_clr_Op <- data.frame(coefs = names(model_Op_harms$model$coefficients),</pre>
```

```
value = model_Op_harms$model$coefficients)
coefs_clr_Op$scale_sd <- scaling_attributes_Op$sd
coefs_clr_Op <- coefs_clr_Op %>% mutate(value_nat = value / scale_sd)
head(coefs_clr_Op)
```

```
        coefs
        value
        scale_sd
        value_nat

        ndvi
        ndvi -0.1497977
        0.09511220
        -1.5749579

        ndvi_sq
        0.2786540
        0.06396295
        4.3564912

        canopy
        canopy
        0.1572430
        0.14062878
        1.1181425

        canopy_sq
        canopy_sq
        -0.3415343
        0.11787638
        -2.8973938

        slope
        slope
        -0.1218028
        0.70171822
        -0.1735779

        herby
        herby
        -0.1259086
        0.39783764
        -0.3164825
```

```
scale_sd
                coefs
                           value
                                              value_nat
                 ndvi -0.01014186 0.09511220 -0.1066305
ndvi
                                              2.2921114
ndvi s1
             ndvi s1 0.49087114 0.21415675
ndvi_c1
             ndvi_c1 -4.46684278 0.21669370 -20.6136254
             ndvi_sq 0.12532315 0.06396295
ndvi_sq
                                              1.9593084
ndvi_sq_s1 ndvi_sq_s1 -0.22264776 0.07838273 -2.8405205
ndvi_sq_c1 ndvi_sq_c1 2.47573501 0.08104539 30.5475105
```

```
coefsvaluescale_sdvalue_natndvindvi-0.010565230.09511220-0.1110818ndvi_s1ndvi_s10.252942660.214156751.1811099ndvi_s2ndvi_s2-0.066936560.21323368-0.3139118ndvi_c1ndvi_c1-4.385080040.21669370-20.2363060ndvi_c2ndvi_c20.736738230.217734983.3836467ndvi_sqndvi_sq0.128944200.063962952.0159202
```

```
coefs
                      value scale_sd
                                          value_nat
ndvi
           ndvi
                 0.07060662 0.0951122
                                         0.74235080
ndvi_s1 ndvi_s1
                 0.22454511 0.2141568
                                         1.04850819
ndvi s2 ndvi s2 -0.01947433 0.2132337
                                        -0.09132857
ndvi_s3 ndvi_s3 -0.46089780 0.2143455
                                        -2.15025600
ndvi_c1 ndvi_c1 -4.38957822 0.2166937
                                       -20.25706424
ndvi_c2 ndvi_c2 0.39769644 0.2177350
                                         1.82651610
```

### Reconstruct the temporally dynamic coefficients

First we reconstruct the hourly coefficients for the model with no harmonics. This step isn't necessary as we already have the coefficients, and we have already rescaled them in the dataframe we created above. But as we are also fitting harmonic models and recover their coefficients across time, we have used the same approach here so then we can plot them together and illustrate the static/dynamic outputs of the models. It also means that we can use the same simulation code (which indexes across the hour of the day), and just change the data frame of coefficients (as it will index across the coefficients of the static model but they won't change).

We need a sequence of values that covers a full period (or the period that we want to construct the function over, which can be more or less than 1 period). The sequence can be arbitrarily finely spaced. The smaller the increment the smoother the function will be for plotting. When simulating data from the temporally dynamic coefficients, we will subset to the increment that relates to the data collection and model fitting (i.e. one hour in this case).

Essentially, the coefficients can be considered as weights of the harmonics, which combine into a single function.

Now we can reconstruct the harmonic function using the formula that we put into our model by interacting the harmonic terms with each of the covariates, for two pairs of harmonics (2p) a single covariate, let's say herbaceous vegetation (herby), this would be written down as:

$$f = \beta_{herby} + \beta_{herby\_s1} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi t}{24}\right) + \beta_{herby\_c1} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi t}{24}\right) + \beta_{herby\_s2} \sin\left(\frac{4\pi t}{24}\right) + \beta_{herby\_c2} \cos\left(\frac{4\pi t}{24}\right),$$

where we have 5  $\beta_{herby}$  coefficients, one for the linear term, and one for each of the harmonic terms.

Here we use matrix multiplication to reconstruct the temporally dynamic coefficients. We provide some background in the Ecography\_DynamicSSF\_Walkthrough\_Harmonics\_and\_selection\_surfaces script.

First we create a matrix of the values of the harmonics, which is just the sin and cos terms for each harmonic, and then we can multiply this by the coefficients to get the function.

When we use two pairs of harmonics we will have 5 coefficients for each covariate (linear + 2 sine and 2 cosine), so there will be 5 columns in the matrix.

For matrix multiplication, the number of columns in the first matrix must be equal to the number of rows in the second matrix. The result will then have the same number of rows as the first matrix and the same number of columns as the second matrix.

Or in other words, if we have a 24 x 5 matrix of harmonics and a 5 x 1 matrix of coefficients, we will get a 24 x 1 matrix of the function, which corresponds to our 24 hours of the day.

```
# increments are arbitrary - finer results in smoother curves
# for the simulations we will subset to the step interval
hour \leftarrow seq(0,23.9,0.1)
# create the dataframe of values of the harmonic terms over the period (here just the linear
hour_harmonics_df_0p <- data.frame("linear_term" = rep(1, length(hour)))
harmonics_scaled_df_Op <- data.frame(</pre>
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "ndvi 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "canopy 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "herby" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_Op %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("step_1", coefs) & !grep1("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "log sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("log_step_1", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
```

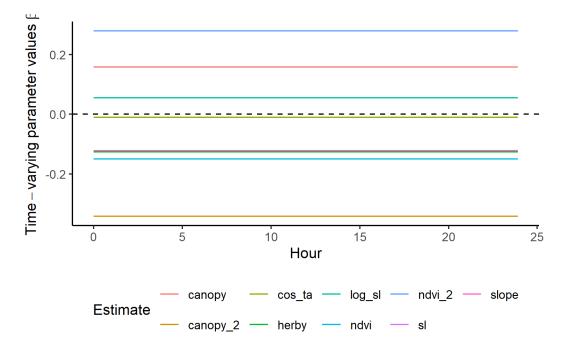
```
# create the dataframe of values of the harmonic terms over the period
hour harmonics df 1p <- data.frame("linear term" = rep(1, length(hour)),
                                "hour_s1" = sin(2*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour c1" = cos(2*pi*hour/24))
harmonics_scaled_df_1p <- data.frame(</pre>
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "ndvi 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "canopy 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour harmonics df 1p))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "herby" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("step_1", coefs) & !grepl("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "log_sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_1", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "cos ta" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("cos", coefs)) %>%
```

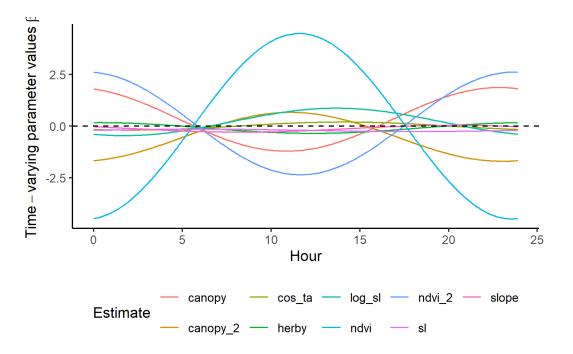
```
# create the dataframe of values of the harmonic terms over the period
hour_harmonics_df_2p <- data.frame("linear_term" = rep(1, length(hour)),
                                "hour_s1" = sin(2*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour s2" = sin(4*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour_c1" = cos(2*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour c2" = cos(4*pi*hour/24))
harmonics_scaled_df_2p <- data.frame(</pre>
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "ndvi 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "canopy 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour harmonics df 2p))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "herby" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("step_1", coefs) & !grepl("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "log_sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_1", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "cos ta" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("cos", coefs)) %>%
```

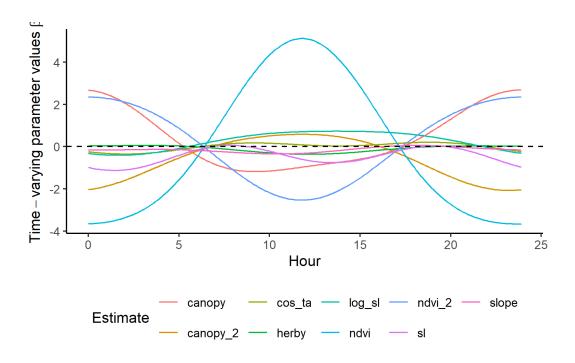
```
# create the dataframe of values of the harmonic terms over the period
hour_harmonics_df_3p <- data.frame("linear_term" = rep(1, length(hour)),
                                "hour s1" = sin(2*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour_s2" = sin(4*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour s3" = \sin(6*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour_c1" = cos(2*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour c2" = \cos(4*pi*hour/24),
                                "hour_c3" = cos(6*pi*hour/24))
harmonics_scaled_df_3p <- data.frame(
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
  "ndvi_2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour harmonics df 3p))),
  "canopy_2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
  "herby" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("step_1", coefs) & !grep1("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
  "log sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_1", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
  "cos_ta" = as.numeric(
```

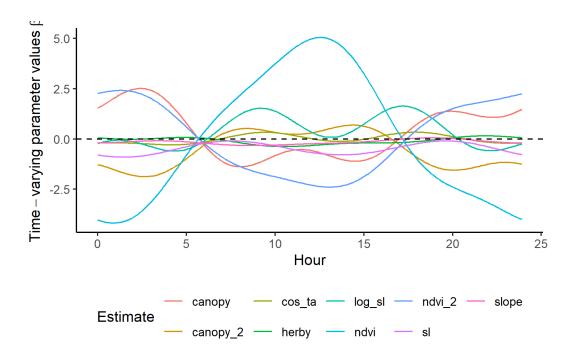
### Plot the results - scaled temporally dynamic coefficients

Here we show the temporally-varying coefficients across time (which are currently still scaled).









### Reconstructing the natural-scale temporally dynamic coefficients

As we scaled the covariate values prior to fitting the models, we want to rescale the coefficients to their natural scale. This is important for the simulations, as the environmental variables will not be scaled when we simulate steps.

```
harmonics nat df Op <- data.frame(
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("ndvi", coefs) & !grep1("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "ndvi_2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_Op %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
  "canopy_2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_Op))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
```

```
pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
"herby" = as.numeric(
   coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
"sl" = as.numeric(
   coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("step_l", coefs) & !grepl("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
"log_sl" = as.numeric(
   coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_l", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))),
"cos_ta" = as.numeric(
   coefs_clr_0p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("cos", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_0p))))
```

```
harmonics_nat_df_1p <- data.frame(</pre>
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "ndvi 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "canopy_2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "herby" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("step_1", coefs) & !grep1("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "log sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_1", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))),
  "cos_ta" = as.numeric(
```

```
coefs_clr_1p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("cos", coefs)) %>%
  pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_1p))))
```

#### 2p

```
harmonics_nat_df_2p <- data.frame(</pre>
  "hour" = hour,
  "ndvi" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
     pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "ndvi 2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "canopy" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "canopy_2" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "slope" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("slope", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "herby" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("step_1", coefs) & !grep1("log", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "log sl" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_1", coefs)) %>%
     pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))),
  "cos_ta" = as.numeric(
    coefs_clr_2p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("cos", coefs)) %>%
      pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_2p))))
```

#### 3р

```
harmonics_nat_df_3p <- data.frame(
   "hour" = hour,
   "ndvi" = as.numeric(
   coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
```

```
pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"ndvi_2" = as.numeric(
  coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("ndvi_sq", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"canopy" = as.numeric(
  coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy", coefs) & !grepl("sq", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"canopy_2" = as.numeric(
  coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("canopy_sq", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"slope" = as.numeric(
 coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("slope", coefs) & !grep1("sq", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"herby" = as.numeric(
 coefs clr 3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("herby", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"sl" = as.numeric(
  coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grep1("step_1", coefs) & !grep1("log", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"log_sl" = as.numeric(
  coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("log_step_l", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))),
"cos_ta" = as.numeric(
  coefs_clr_3p %>% dplyr::filter(grepl("cos", coefs)) %>%
   pull(value_nat) %>% t() %*% t(as.matrix(hour_harmonics_df_3p))))
```

#### **Update the Gamma and von Mises distributions**

To update the Gamma and von Mises distribution from the tentative distributions (e.g. Fieberg et al. 2021, Appendix C), we just do the calculation at each time point (for the natural-scale coefficients).

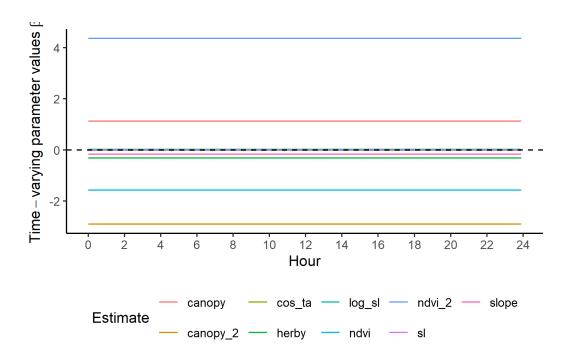
#### 1p

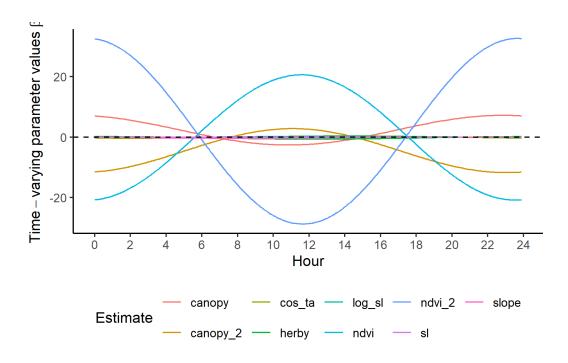
### 3р

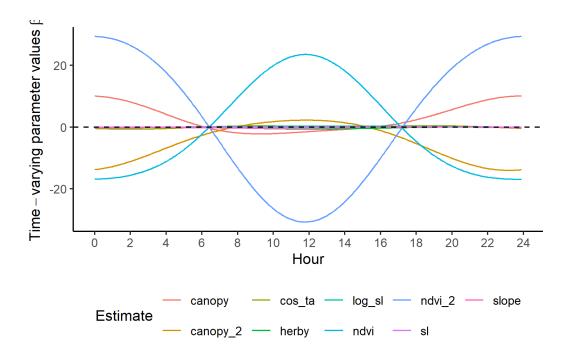
#### Plot the natural-scale temporally dynamic coefficients

Now that the coefficients are in their natural scales, they will be larger or smaller depending on the scale of the covariate.

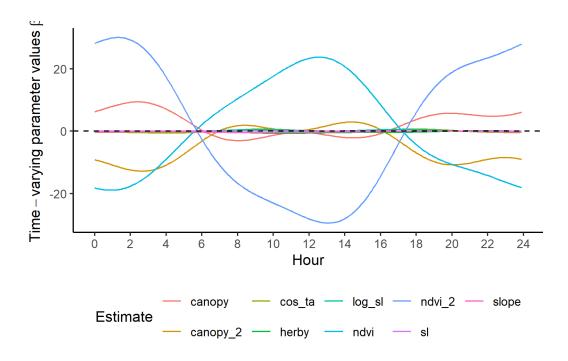
Plot just the habitat selection coefficients.







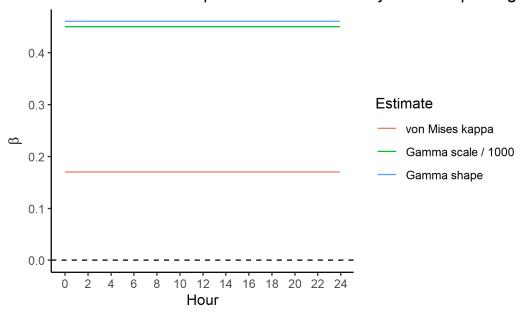
## 3р



#### Plot only the temporally dynamic movement parameters

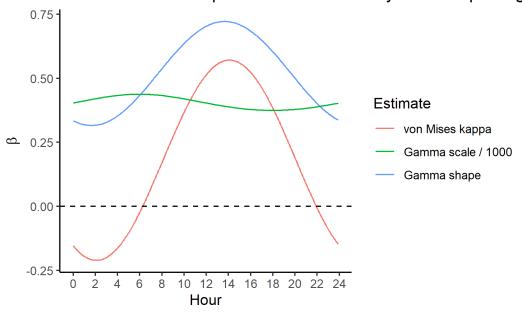
```
ggplot() +
   geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_0p %>%
              filter(coef %in% c("shape", "kappa")),
              aes(x = hour, y = value, colour = coef)) +
 geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_0p %>%
              filter(coef == "scale"),
              aes(x = hour, y = value/1000, colour = coef)) +
   geom_hline(yintercept = 0, linetype = "dashed") +
   scale_y_continuous(expression(beta)) +
 scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
 ggtitle("Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting") +
 scale_color_discrete("Estimate",
     labels = c("kappa" = "von Mises kappa",
                 "scale" = "Gamma scale / 1000",
                 "shape" = "Gamma shape")) +
   theme_classic() +
   theme(legend.position = "right")
```

## Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting



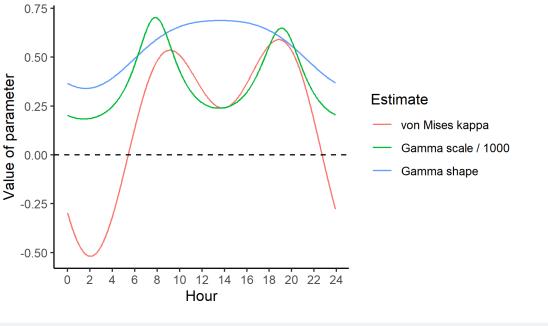
```
ggplot() +
   geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_1p %>%
              filter(coef %in% c("shape", "kappa")),
              aes(x = hour, y = value, colour = coef)) +
 geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_1p %>%
             filter(coef == "scale"),
              aes(x = hour, y = value/1000, colour = coef)) +
   geom_hline(yintercept = 0, linetype = "dashed") +
   scale_y_continuous(expression(beta)) +
 scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
 ggtitle("Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting") +
 scale_color_discrete("Estimate",
     labels = c("kappa" = "von Mises kappa",
                 "scale" = "Gamma scale / 1000",
                 "shape" = "Gamma shape")) +
   theme_classic() +
   theme(legend.position = "right")
```

## Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting



```
ggplot() +
   geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_2p %>%
              filter(coef %in% c("shape", "kappa")),
              aes(x = hour, y = value, colour = coef)) +
 geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_2p %>%
             filter(coef == "scale"),
              aes(x = hour, y = value/1000, colour = coef)) +
   geom_hline(yintercept = 0, linetype = "dashed") +
   scale_y_continuous("Value of parameter") +
 scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
 ggtitle("*Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting") +
 scale_color_discrete("Estimate",
     labels = c("kappa" = "von Mises kappa",
                 "scale" = "Gamma scale / 1000",
                 "shape" = "Gamma shape")) +
   theme_classic() +
   theme(legend.position = "right")
```

## \*Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting

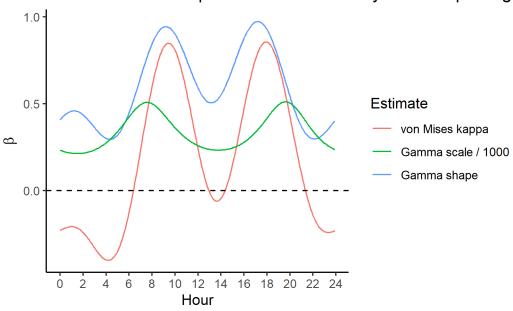


```
# ggsave(paste0("outputs/plots/manuscript_figs_R2/temporal_mvmt_params_",
# Sys.Date(), ".png"),
# width=150, height=90, units="mm", dpi = 1000)
```

#### 3р

```
ggplot() +
    geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_3p %>%
              filter(coef %in% c("shape", "kappa")),
              aes(x = hour, y = value, colour = coef)) +
  geom_path(data = hour_coefs_nat_long_3p %>%
              filter(coef == "scale"),
              aes(x = hour, y = value/1000, colour = coef)) +
    geom_hline(yintercept = 0, linetype = "dashed") +
    scale_y_continuous(expression(beta)) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
  ggtitle("Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting") +
  scale_color_discrete("Estimate",
      labels = c("kappa" = "von Mises kappa",
                 "scale" = "Gamma scale / 1000",
                 "shape" = "Gamma shape")) +
    theme_classic() +
    theme(legend.position = "right")
```

## Note that the scale parameter is divided by 1000 for plotting



#### Sample from temporally dynamic movement parameters

Here we sample from the movement kernel to generate a distribution of step lengths for each hour of the day, to assess how well it matches the observed step lengths. This is the 'selection-free' movement kernel, so the step lengths and turning angles from the simulations will be different, as the steps will be conditioned on the habitat, but this is a useful diagnostic to assess whether the harmonics are capturing the observed movement dynamics.

#### **0**p

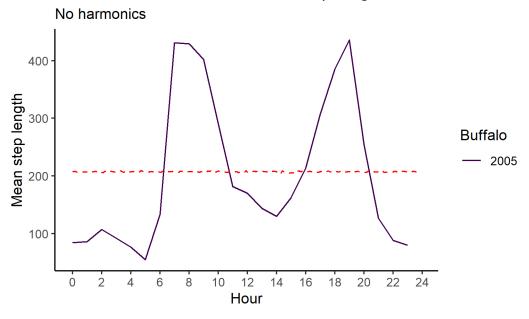
```
# summarise the observed step lengths by hour
movement_summary_buffalo <- buffalo_data %>%
filter(y == 1) %>%
group_by(id, hour) %>%
summarise(mean_sl = mean(sl), median_sl = median(sl))
```

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'id'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.

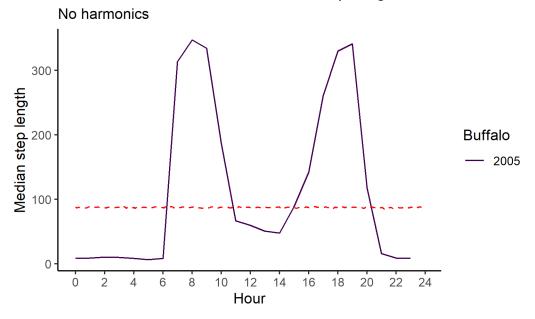
```
# number of samples at each hour (more = smoother plotting, but slower)
n <- 1e5
gamma_dist_list <- vector(mode = "list", length = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_0p))</pre>
```

```
gamma_mean <- c()</pre>
gamma_median <- c()</pre>
gamma_ratio <- c()</pre>
for(hour_no in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_0p)) {
  gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]] <- rgamma(n, shape = hour_coefs_nat_df_Op$shape[hour_no],</pre>
                                         scale = hour_coefs_nat_df_0p$scale[hour_no])
  gamma_mean[hour_no] <- mean(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])</pre>
  gamma_median[hour_no] <- median(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])</pre>
  gamma_ratio[hour_no] <- gamma_mean[hour_no] / gamma_median[hour_no]</pre>
}
gamma_df_0p <- data.frame(model = "0p",</pre>
                           hour = hour_coefs_nat_df_0p$hour,
                           mean = gamma_mean,
                           median = gamma_median,
                           ratio = gamma_ratio)
mean_sl_0p <- ggplot() +</pre>
  geom_path(data = movement_summary_buffalo,
             aes(x = hour, y = mean_sl, colour = factor(id))) +
  geom_path(data = gamma_df_0p,
             aes(x = hour, y = mean), colour = "red", linetype = "dashed") +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Mean step length") +
  scale_colour_viridis_d("Buffalo") +
  ggtitle("Observed and modelled mean step length",
          subtitle = "No harmonics") +
  theme classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "right")
mean_sl_0p
```

## Observed and modelled mean step length



## Observed and modelled median step length

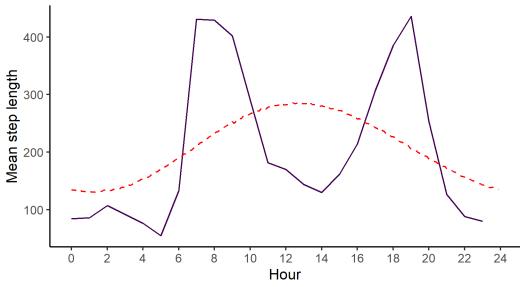


#### # A tibble: 14 x 4 id mean\_sl median\_sl ratio <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> 1 2005 205. 89.7 2.29 2 2014 135. 13.5 10.0 3 2018 252. 103. 2.44 4 2021 183. 94.8 1.93 2022 5 219. 79.8 2.74 2024 211. 70.9 2.97 6 7 2039 357. 124. 2.87 2154 8 189. 88.9 2.13 2158 219. 82.1 2.67 9 10 2223 249. 80.2 3.10 2327 46.0 4.32 11 199. 12 2354 232. 79.7 2.91 13 2387 328. 108. 3.03 14 2393 322. 127. 2.53

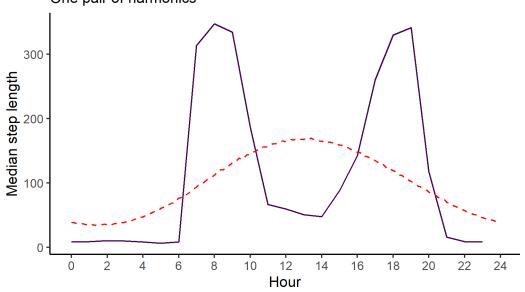
```
# all buffalo
buffalo_data_all %>% filter(y == 1) %>%
  summarise(mean sl = mean(sl),
            median_sl = median(sl),
            ratio = mean sl/median sl)
# A tibble: 1 x 3
  mean_sl median_sl ratio
              <dbl> <dbl>
    <dbl>
1
     234.
                82.3 2.84
# fitted model
gamma_df_0p %>% summarise(mean_mean = mean(mean),
                          median_mean = mean(median),
                          ratio_mean = mean_mean/median_mean)
  mean_mean median_mean ratio_mean
1 207.4377
                87.43594
                            2.372454
1p
gamma_dist_list <- vector(mode = "list", length = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p))</pre>
gamma_mean <- c()</pre>
gamma_median <- c()</pre>
gamma_ratio <- c()</pre>
for(hour_no in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p)) {
  gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]] <- rgamma(n,</pre>
                                          shape = hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$shape[hour_no],
                                          scale = hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$scale[hour_no])
  gamma_mean[hour_no] <- mean(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])</pre>
  gamma_median[hour_no] <- median(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])</pre>
  gamma_ratio[hour_no] <- gamma_mean[hour_no] / gamma_median[hour_no]</pre>
}
gamma_df_1p <- data.frame(model = "1p",</pre>
                           hour = hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$hour,
                            mean = gamma_mean,
                            median = gamma_median,
```

## Observed and modelled mean step length

One pair of harmonics



# Observed and modelled median step length One pair of harmonics



```
# A tibble: 14 x 4
      id mean_sl median_sl ratio
   <dbl>
           <dbl>
                     <dbl> <dbl>
1 2005
            205.
                     89.7 2.29
 2 2014
           135.
                      13.5 10.0
 3 2018
           252.
                    103.
                            2.44
 4 2021
           183.
                     94.8 1.93
 5 2022
           219.
                     79.8 2.74
 6 2024
           211.
                     70.9 2.97
 7 2039
                    124.
                            2.87
           357.
```

```
8 2154
            189.
                      88.9 2.13
 9 2158
            219.
                      82.1 2.67
10 2223
            249.
                      80.2 3.10
11 2327
           199.
                      46.0 4.32
12 2354
            232.
                      79.7 2.91
13 2387
            328.
                     108.
                            3.03
14 2393
            322.
                     127.
                            2.53
buffalo_data_all %>% filter(y == 1) %>%
  summarise(mean_sl = mean(sl),
            median_sl = median(sl),
            ratio = mean_sl/median_sl)
# A tibble: 1 x 3
  mean_sl median_sl ratio
    <dbl>
              <dbl> <dbl>
     234.
               82.3 2.84
1
gamma_df_1p %>% summarise(mean_mean = mean(mean),
                      median_mean = mean(median),
                      ratio_mean = mean_mean/median_mean)
  mean_mean median_mean ratio_mean
1 208.7188
                          2.090891
               99.82292
2p
gamma_dist_list <- vector(mode = "list", length = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_2p))</pre>
gamma_mean <- c()</pre>
gamma_median <- c()
gamma_ratio <- c()</pre>
for(hour_no in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_2p)) {
```

gamma\_ratio[hour\_no] <- gamma\_mean[hour\_no] / gamma\_median[hour\_no]</pre>

shape = hour\_coefs\_nat\_df\_2p\$shape[hour\_no],
scale = hour\_coefs\_nat\_df\_2p\$scale[hour\_no])

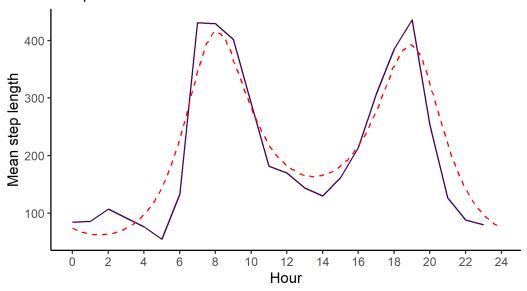
gamma\_dist\_list[[hour\_no]] <- rgamma(n,</pre>

gamma\_mean[hour\_no] <- mean(gamma\_dist\_list[[hour\_no]])
gamma\_median[hour\_no] <- median(gamma\_dist\_list[[hour\_no]])</pre>

```
}
gamma_df_2p <- data.frame(model = "2p",</pre>
                           hour = hour_coefs_nat_df_2p$hour,
                           mean = gamma_mean,
                           median = gamma_median,
                           ratio = gamma_ratio)
mean_sl_2p <- ggplot() +</pre>
  geom_path(data = movement_summary_buffalo,
            aes(x = hour, y = mean_sl, colour = factor(id))) +
  geom_path(data = gamma_df_2p,
            aes(x = hour, y = mean),
            colour = "red", linetype = "dashed") +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Mean step length") +
  scale_colour_viridis_d("Buffalo") +
  ggtitle("Observed and modelled mean step length",
          subtitle = "Two pairs of harmonics") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
mean_sl_2p
```

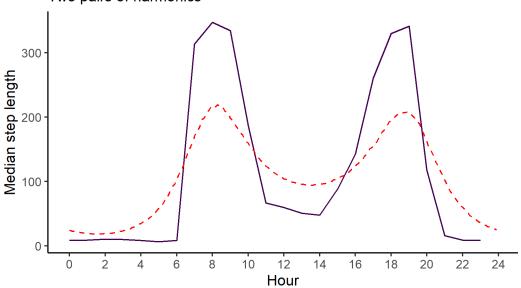
## Observed and modelled mean step length

Two pairs of harmonics



## Observed and modelled median step length

Two pairs of harmonics



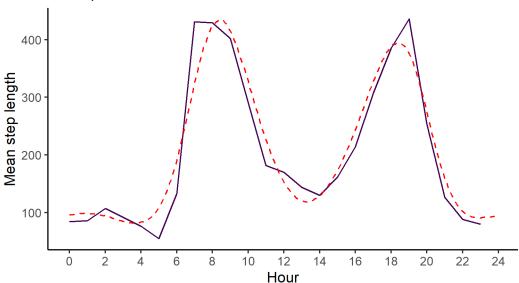
```
1 2005
            205.
                      89.7 2.29
 2 2014
            135.
                      13.5 10.0
                     103.
 3 2018
            252.
                            2.44
 4 2021
           183.
                      94.8 1.93
 5 2022
            219.
                      79.8 2.74
 6 2024
                      70.9 2.97
            211.
 7 2039
           357.
                    124.
                            2.87
 8 2154
           189.
                      88.9 2.13
 9 2158
           219.
                      82.1 2.67
10 2223
           249.
                      80.2 3.10
11 2327
                      46.0 4.32
           199.
12 2354
            232.
                      79.7 2.91
13 2387
            328.
                            3.03
                     108.
14 2393
            322.
                     127.
                            2.53
buffalo_data_all %>% filter(y == 1) %>%
  summarise(mean_sl = mean(sl),
           median_sl = median(sl),
           ratio = mean_sl/median_sl)
# A tibble: 1 x 3
  mean_sl median_sl ratio
    <dbl>
             <dbl> <dbl>
     234.
              82.3 2.84
gamma_df_2p %>% summarise(mean_mean = mean(mean),
                         median_mean = mean(median),
                         ratio_mean = mean_mean/median_mean)
  mean_mean median_mean ratio_mean
1 212.4527
               107.9531
                          1.968009
3p
gamma_dist_list <- vector(mode = "list", length = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_3p))</pre>
gamma_mean <- c()</pre>
gamma_median <- c()</pre>
gamma_ratio <- c()</pre>
for(hour_no in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_3p)) {
```

gamma\_dist\_list[[hour\_no]] <- rgamma(n,</pre>

```
shape = hour_coefs_nat_df_3p$shape[hour_no],
                                       scale = hour_coefs_nat_df_3p$scale[hour_no])
gamma_mean[hour_no] <- mean(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])</pre>
gamma_median[hour_no] <- median(gamma_dist_list[[hour_no]])</pre>
gamma_ratio[hour_no] <- gamma_mean[hour_no] / gamma_median[hour_no]</pre>
}
gamma_df_3p <- data.frame(model = "3p",</pre>
                           hour = hour_coefs_nat_df_3p$hour,
                           mean = gamma_mean,
                           median = gamma_median,
                           ratio = gamma_ratio)
mean_sl_3p <- ggplot() +</pre>
  geom_path(data = movement_summary_buffalo,
            aes(x = hour, y = mean_sl, colour = factor(id))) +
  geom_path(data = gamma_df_3p,
            aes(x = hour, y = mean),
            colour = "red", linetype = "dashed") +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Mean step length") +
  scale_colour_viridis_d("Buffalo") +
  ggtitle("Observed and modelled mean step length",
          subtitle = "Three pairs of harmonics") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
mean sl 3p
```

## Observed and modelled mean step length

## Three pairs of harmonics



## Observed and modelled median step length

Three pairs of harmonics

```
Wedian step and the step and th
```

```
# A tibble: 14 x 4
```

id mean\_sl median\_sl ratio <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> 1 2005 205. 89.7 2.29 2 2014 135. 13.5 10.0 3 2018 252. 103. 2.44 4 2021 94.8 1.93 183. 5 2022 219. 79.8 2.74 6 2024 70.9 2.97 211. 7 2039 357. 124. 2.87 8 2154 189. 88.9 2.13 2158 9 219. 82.1 2.67 10 2223 249. 80.2 3.10 2327 11 199. 46.0 4.32 12 2354 232. 79.7 2.91 13 2387 328. 108. 3.03 14 2393 322. 127. 2.53

```
buffalo data all %>% filter(y == 1) %>%
  summarise(mean_sl = mean(sl),
            median sl = median(sl),
            ratio = mean_sl/median_sl)
# A tibble: 1 x 3
  mean_sl median_sl ratio
              <dbl> <dbl>
    <dbl>
1
     234.
               82.3 2.84
gamma_df_3p %>% summarise(mean_mean = mean(mean),
                      median mean = mean(median),
                      ratio_mean = mean_mean/median_mean)
  mean_mean median_mean ratio_mean
1 208.7555
               115.2817
                          1.810829
```

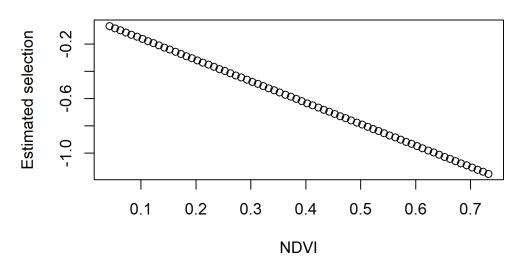
#### Creating selection surfaces

As we have both quadratic and harmonic terms in the model, we can reconstruct a 'selection surface' to visualise how the animal's respond to environmental features changes through time.

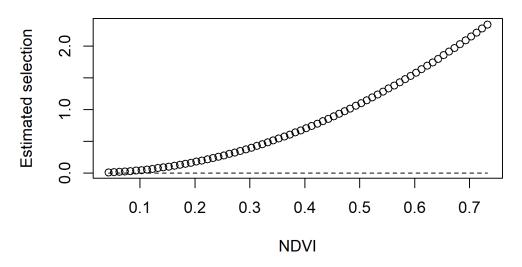
To illustrate, if we don't have temporal dynamics (as is the case for this model), then we have a coefficient for the linear term and a coefficient for the quadratic term. Using these, we can plot the selection curve at the scale of the environmental variable (in this case NDVI).

Using the natural scale coefficients from the model:

## **Selection for NDVI - linear term**

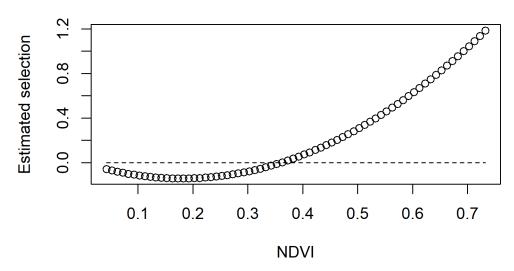


## Selection for NDVI - quadratic term



```
xlab = "NDVI", ylab = "Estimated selection")
lines(ndvi_seq, rep(0,length(ndvi_seq)), lty = "dashed")
```

## Selection for NDVI - sum of linear and quadratic terms



When there are no temporal dynamics, then this quadratic curve will be the same throughout the day, but when we have temporally dynamic coefficients for both the linear term and the quadratic term, then we will have a curves that vary continuously throughout the day, which we can visualise as a selection surface.

Here we illustrate for the model with 2 pairs of harmonic terms.

For brevity we won't plot the linear and quadratic terms separately, but we can do so if needed.

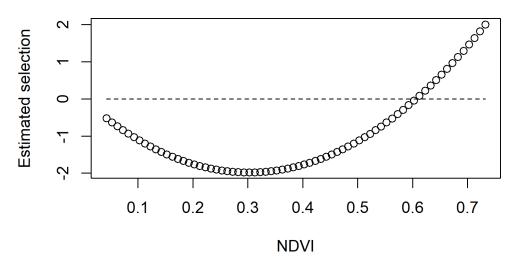
#### First for Hour 3

```
hour_no <- 3

# we can separate to the linear term
ndvi_linear_selection <-
   hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$ndvi[which(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$hour == hour_no)] * ndvi_seq
# plot(x = ndvi_seq, y = ndvi_linear_selection,
# main = "Selection for NDVI - linear term",
# xlab = "NDVI", ylab = "Estimated selection")

# and the quadratic term
ndvi_quadratic_selection <-
   (hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$ndvi_2[which(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$hour == hour_no)] * (ndvi_seq ^ 2)
# plot(x = ndvi_seq, y = ndvi_quadratic_selection,
# main = "Selection for NDVI - quadratic term",</pre>
```

## Selection for NDVI - sum of linear and quadratic terms



We can see that the coefficient at hour 3 shows highest selection for NDVI values slightly above 0.2, and the coefficient is mostly negative.

#### Secondly for Hour 12

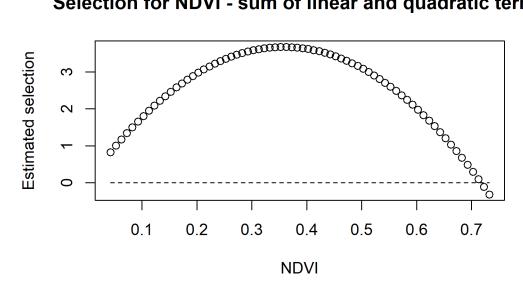
```
hour_no <- 12

# we can separate to the linear term
ndvi_linear_selection <-
   hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$ndvi[which(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$hour == hour_no)] * ndvi_seq
# plot(x = ndvi_seq, y = ndvi_linear_selection,
# main = "Selection for NDVI - linear term",
# xlab = "NDVI", ylab = "Estimated selection")

# and the quadratic term
ndvi_quadratic_selection <-
   (hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$ndvi_2[which(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$hour == hour_no)] * (ndvi_seq ^ 2)
# plot(x = ndvi_seq, y = ndvi_quadratic_selection,
# main = "Selection for NDVI - quadratic term",
# xlab = "NDVI", ylab = "Estimated selection")</pre>
```

```
# and the sum of both
ndvi_sum_selection <- ndvi_linear_selection + ndvi_quadratic_selection</pre>
plot(x = ndvi_seq, y = ndvi_sum_selection,
     main = "Selection for NDVI - sum of linear and quadratic terms",
     xlab = "NDVI", ylab = "Estimated selection")
lines(ndvi_seq, rep(0,length(ndvi_seq)), lty = "dashed")
```

## Selection for NDVI - sum of linear and quadratic terms



Whereas for hour 12, the coefficient shows highest selection for NDVI values slightly above 0.4, and the coefficient is positive for NDVI values above 0.

We can imagine viewing these plots for every hour of the day, where each hour has a different quadratic curve, but this would be a lot of plots. We can also see it as a 3D surface, where the x-axis is the hour of the day, the y-axis is the NDVI value, and the z-axis (colour) is the coefficient value.

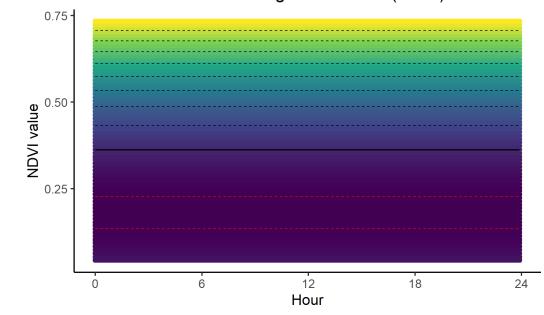
We simply index over the linear and quadratic terms and calculate the coefficient values at every time point.

#### **NDVI** selection surface

```
ndvi_min <- min(buffalo_data$ndvi_temporal, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
ndvi_max <- max(buffalo_data$ndvi_temporal, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
ndvi_seq <- seq(ndvi_min, ndvi_max, by = 0.01)</pre>
# Create empty data frame
```

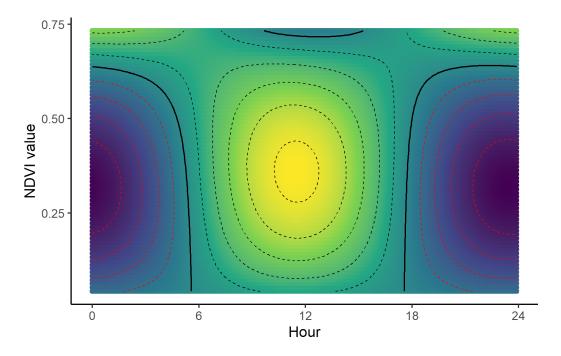
```
ndvi_fresponse_df <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_0p),</pre>
                                        nrow = length(ndvi_seq)))
# loop over each time increment, calculating the selection values for each NDVI value
# and storing each time increment as a column in a dataframe that we can use for plotting
for(i in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_0p)) {
  # Assign the vector as a column to the dataframe
  ndvi_fresponse_df[,i] <- (hour_coefs_nat_df_0p$ndvi[i] * ndvi_seq) +</pre>
    (hour_coefs_nat_df_0p$ndvi_2[i] * (ndvi_seq ^ 2))
}
ndvi_fresponse_df <- data.frame(ndvi_seq, ndvi_fresponse_df)</pre>
colnames(ndvi fresponse df) <- c("ndvi", hour)</pre>
ndvi_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(ndvi_fresponse_df,</pre>
                                     cols = !1, names to = "hour")
ndvi_contour_max <- max(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # 0.7890195</pre>
ndvi_contour_min <- min(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # -0.7945691</pre>
ndvi_contour_increment <- (ndvi_contour_max-ndvi_contour_min)/10</pre>
ndvi_quad_0p <- ggplot(data = ndvi_fresponse_long,</pre>
                        aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = ndvi)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
                breaks = seq(ndvi_contour_increment,
                             ndvi_contour_max,
                             ndvi_contour_increment),
                colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-ndvi_contour_increment,
                             ndvi contour min,
                             -ndvi_contour_increment),
               colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("NDVI value", breaks = seq(-1, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  ggtitle("Normalised Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)") +
  theme classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
ndvi_quad_0p
```

## Normalised Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)



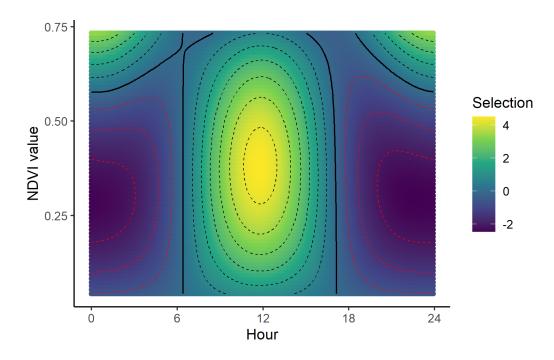
```
ndvi_min <- min(buffalo_data$ndvi_temporal, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
ndvi_max <- max(buffalo_data$ndvi_temporal, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
ndvi_seq <- seq(ndvi_min, ndvi_max, by = 0.01)</pre>
# Create empty data frame
ndvi_fresponse_df <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p),</pre>
                                          nrow = length(ndvi_seq)))
for(i in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p)) {
  # Assign the vector as a column to the dataframe
  ndvi_fresponse_df[,i] <- (hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$ndvi[i] * ndvi_seq) +</pre>
    (hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$ndvi_2[i] * (ndvi_seq ^ 2))
}
ndvi_fresponse_df <- data.frame(ndvi_seq, ndvi_fresponse_df)</pre>
colnames(ndvi_fresponse_df) <- c("ndvi", hour)</pre>
ndvi fresponse long <- pivot longer(ndvi fresponse df, cols = !1, names to = "hour")</pre>
ndvi_contour_max <- max(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # 0.7890195
ndvi_contour_min <- min(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # -0.7945691</pre>
ndvi_contour_increment <- (ndvi_contour_max-ndvi_contour_min)/10</pre>
ndvi_quad_1p <- ggplot(data = ndvi_fresponse_long,</pre>
```

```
aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = ndvi)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) + # colour = "white"
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(ndvi_contour_increment,
                            ndvi_contour_max,
                            ndvi_contour_increment),
               colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-ndvi_contour_increment,
                            ndvi_contour_min,
                            -ndvi_contour_increment),
               colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("NDVI value", breaks = seq(-1, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  # ggtitle("Normalised Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
ndvi_quad_1p
```



```
ndvi_min <- min(buffalo_data$ndvi_temporal, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
ndvi_max <- max(buffalo_data$ndvi_temporal, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
ndvi_seq <- seq(ndvi_min, ndvi_max, by = 0.01)</pre>
# Create empty data frame
ndvi_fresponse_df <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_2p),</pre>
                                         nrow = length(ndvi_seq)))
for(i in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_2p)) {
  # Assign the vector as a column to the dataframe
  ndvi_fresponse_df[,i] <- (hour_coefs_nat_df_2p$ndvi[i] * ndvi_seq) +</pre>
    (hour_coefs_nat_df_2p$ndvi_2[i] * (ndvi_seq ^ 2))
}
ndvi fresponse df <- data.frame(ndvi seq, ndvi fresponse df)
colnames(ndvi_fresponse_df) <- c("ndvi", hour)</pre>
ndvi_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(ndvi_fresponse_df, cols = !1,</pre>
                                     names_to = "hour")
ndvi_contour_max <- max(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # 0.7890195</pre>
ndvi_contour_min <- min(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # -0.7945691
ndvi_contour_increment <- (ndvi_contour_max-ndvi_contour_min)/10</pre>
ndvi_quad_2p <- ggplot(data = ndvi_fresponse_long,</pre>
                        aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = ndvi)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) + # colour = "white"
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(ndvi_contour_increment,
                             ndvi_contour_max,
                             ndvi contour increment),
                colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-ndvi_contour_increment,
                             ndvi_contour_min,
                             -ndvi_contour_increment),
               colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("NDVI value", breaks = seq(-1, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  # ggtitle("Normalised Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)") +
  theme_classic() +
```

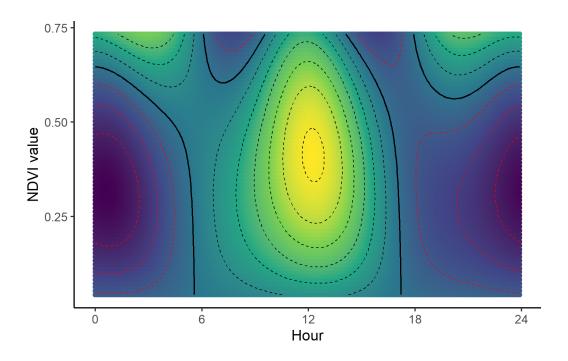
```
theme(legend.position = "right")
ndvi_quad_2p
```



```
# ggsave(paste0("outputs/plots/manuscript_figs_R2/ndvi_selection_surface_legend_",
# Sys.Date(), ".png"),
# width=170, height=90, units="mm", dpi = 1000)
```

## 3р

```
ndvi_fresponse_df <- data.frame(ndvi_seq, ndvi_fresponse_df)</pre>
colnames(ndvi_fresponse_df) <- c("ndvi", hour)</pre>
ndvi_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(ndvi_fresponse_df, cols = !1,</pre>
                                     names_to = "hour")
ndvi_contour_max <- max(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # 0.7890195</pre>
ndvi_contour_min <- min(ndvi_fresponse_long$value) # -0.7945691</pre>
ndvi_contour_increment <- (ndvi_contour_max-ndvi_contour_min)/10</pre>
ndvi_quad_3p <- ggplot(data = ndvi_fresponse_long,</pre>
                        aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = ndvi)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) + # colour = "white"
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(ndvi_contour_increment,
                             ndvi contour max,
                             ndvi_contour_increment),
               colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-ndvi_contour_increment,
                             ndvi_contour_min,
                             -ndvi_contour_increment),
               colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("NDVI value", breaks = seq(-1, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  # ggtitle("Normalised Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)") +
  theme classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
ndvi_quad_3p
```

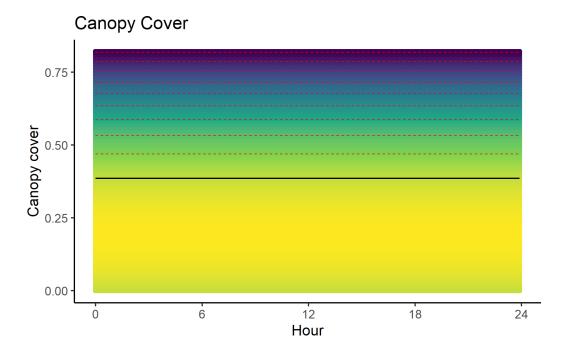


### Canopy cover selection surface

```
canopy_min <- min(buffalo_data$canopy_01, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
canopy_max <- max(buffalo_data$canopy_01, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
canopy_seq <- seq(canopy_min, canopy_max, by = 0.01)</pre>
# Create empty data frame
canopy_fresponse_df <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_0p),</pre>
                                            nrow = length(canopy_seq)))
for(i in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_0p)) {
  # Assign the vector as a column to the dataframe
  canopy_fresponse_df[,i] <- (hour_coefs_nat_df_0p$canopy[i] * canopy_seq) +</pre>
    (hour_coefs_nat_df_0p$canopy_2[i] * (canopy_seq ^ 2))
canopy_fresponse_df <- data.frame(canopy_seq, canopy_fresponse_df)</pre>
colnames(canopy_fresponse_df) <- c("canopy", hour)</pre>
canopy_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(canopy_fresponse_df,</pre>
                                         cols = !1,
                                         names to = "hour")
canopy_contour_min <- min(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 0</pre>
```

```
canopy_contour_max <- max(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 2.181749</pre>
canopy_contour_increment <- (canopy_contour_max-canopy_contour_min)/10</pre>
canopy_quad Op <- ggplot(data = canopy_fresponse_long, aes(x = as.numeric(hour),</pre>
                                                            y = canopy)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(canopy_contour_increment,
                            canopy_contour_max,
                            -canopy_contour_increment),
               colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
  breaks = seq(-canopy_contour_increment,
               canopy_contour_min,
               -canopy contour increment),
               colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Canopy cover", breaks = seq(0, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  ggtitle("Canopy Cover") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
canopy_quad_0p
```

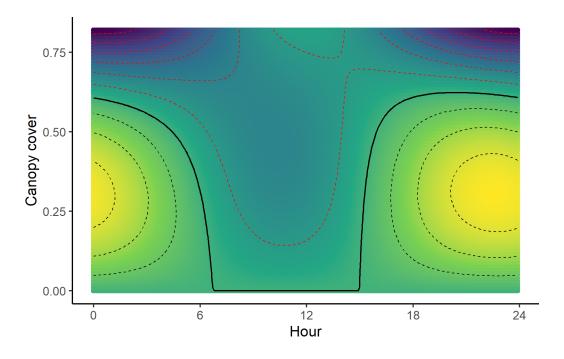
Warning: `stat\_contour()`: Zero contours were generated
Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf



### 1p

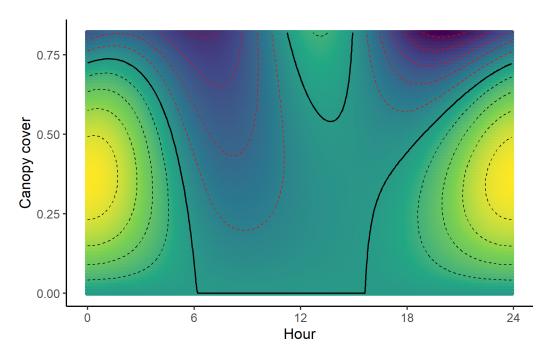
```
canopy_min <- min(buffalo_data$canopy_01, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
canopy_max <- max(buffalo_data$canopy_01, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
canopy_seq <- seq(canopy_min, canopy_max, by = 0.01)</pre>
# Create empty data frame
canopy fresponse_df <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = nrow(hour coefs_nat_df_1p),</pre>
                                            nrow = length(canopy_seq)))
for(i in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_1p)) {
  # Assign the vector as a column to the dataframe
  canopy_fresponse_df[,i] <- (hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$canopy[i] * canopy_seq) +</pre>
    (hour_coefs_nat_df_1p$canopy_2[i] * (canopy_seq ^ 2))
}
canopy_fresponse_df <- data.frame(canopy_seq, canopy_fresponse_df)</pre>
colnames(canopy_fresponse_df) <- c("canopy", hour)</pre>
canopy_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(canopy_fresponse_df, cols = !1,</pre>
                                         names_to = "hour")
canopy_contour_min <- min(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 0</pre>
canopy_contour_max <- max(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 2.181749</pre>
canopy_contour_increment <- (canopy_contour_max-canopy_contour_min)/10</pre>
```

```
canopy_quad_1p <- ggplot(data = canopy_fresponse_long,</pre>
                         aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = canopy)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(canopy_contour_increment,
                            canopy_contour_max,
                            canopy_contour_increment),
               colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-canopy_contour_increment,
                            canopy_contour_min,
                            -canopy_contour_increment),
               colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale x continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0, 24, 6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Canopy cover", breaks = seq(0, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  # ggtitle("Canopy Cover") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
canopy_quad_1p
```

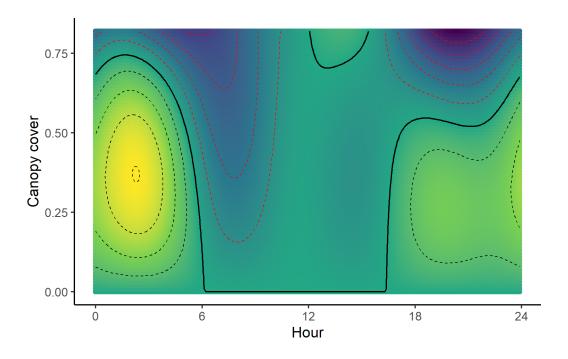


```
canopy_min <- min(buffalo_data$canopy_01, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
canopy max <- max(buffalo data$canopy 01, na.rm = TRUE)
canopy_seq <- seq(canopy_min, canopy_max, by = 0.01)</pre>
# Create empty data frame
canopy fresponse df <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = nrow(hour coefs_nat_df_2p),</pre>
                                          nrow = length(canopy_seq)))
for(i in 1:nrow(hour_coefs_nat_df_2p)) {
  # Assign the vector as a column to the dataframe
  canopy_fresponse_df[,i] <- (hour_coefs_nat_df_2p$canopy[i] * canopy_seq) +</pre>
    (hour_coefs_nat_df_2p$canopy_2[i] * (canopy_seq ^ 2))
}
canopy fresponse df <- data.frame(canopy seq, canopy fresponse df)
colnames(canopy_fresponse_df) <- c("canopy", hour)</pre>
canopy_fresponse_long <- pivot_longer(canopy_fresponse_df, cols = !1,</pre>
                                       names_to = "hour")
canopy_contour_min <- min(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 0</pre>
canopy_contour_max <- max(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 2.181749</pre>
canopy_contour_increment <- (canopy_contour_max-canopy_contour_min)/10
canopy_quad_2p <- ggplot(data = canopy_fresponse_long,</pre>
                          aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = canopy)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(canopy_contour_increment,
                             canopy_contour_max,
                             canopy contour increment),
                colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-canopy_contour_increment,
                             canopy_contour_min,
                             -canopy_contour_increment),
                colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Canopy cover", breaks = seq(0, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  # ggtitle("Canopy Cover") +
  theme_classic() +
```

```
theme(legend.position = "none")
canopy_quad_2p
```



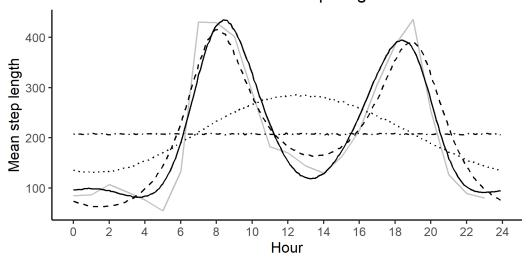
```
canopy_contour_min <- min(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 0</pre>
canopy_contour_max <- max(canopy_fresponse_long$value) # 2.181749</pre>
canopy_contour_increment <- (canopy_contour_max-canopy_contour_min)/10</pre>
canopy_quad_3p <- ggplot(data = canopy_fresponse_long,</pre>
                         aes(x = as.numeric(hour), y = canopy)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = value)) +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(canopy_contour_increment,
                            canopy_contour_max,
                            canopy_contour_increment),
               colour = "black", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value),
               breaks = seq(-canopy_contour_increment,
                            canopy contour min,
                            -canopy_contour_increment),
               colour = "red", linewidth = 0.25, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_contour(aes(z = value), breaks = 0, colour = "black", linewidth = 0.5) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,6)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Canopy cover", breaks = seq(0, 1, 0.25)) +
  scale_colour_viridis_c("Selection") +
  # ggtitle("Canopy Cover",
            subtitle = "Three pairs of harmonics") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
canopy_quad_3p
```



# Combining the plots

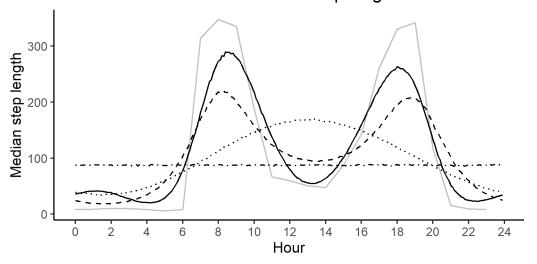
### Movement parameters

# Observed and modelled mean step length



```
# ggsave(paste0("outputs/plots/manuscript_figs_R1/mean_sl_",
           Sys.Date(), ".png"),
    width=150, height=90, units="mm", dpi = 1000)
median_sl <- ggplot() +</pre>
  geom_path(data = movement_summary_buffalo,
            aes(x = hour, y = median_sl, group = factor(id)),
            alpha = 0.25) +
  geom_path(data = gamma_df, aes(x = hour, y = median, linetype = model)) +
  scale_x_continuous("Hour", breaks = seq(0,24,2)) +
  scale_y_continuous("Median step length") +
  scale_linetype_manual("Model", breaks=c("0p","1p", "2p", "3p"),
                        values=c(4,3,2,1)) +
  ggtitle("Observed and modelled median step length") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom")
median_sl
```

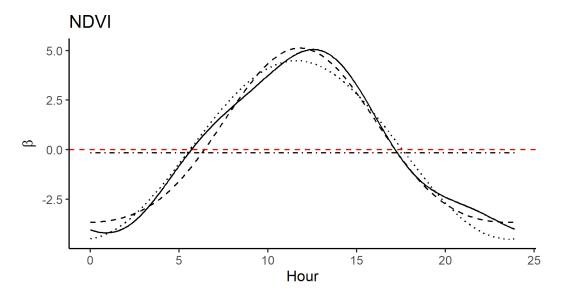
# Observed and modelled median step length



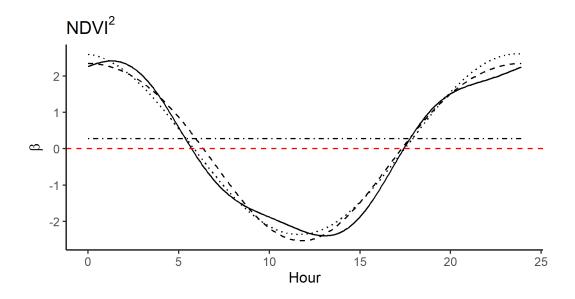
```
Model · - · 0p · · · · 1p - - 2p — 3p
```

```
# ggsave(paste0("outputs/plots/manuscript_figs_R1/median_sl_",
# Sys.Date(), ".png"),
# width=150, height=90, units="mm", dpi = 1000)
```

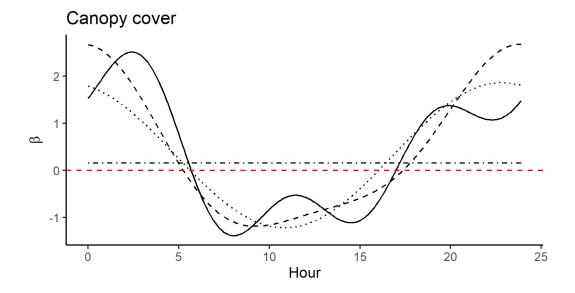
### Habitat selection



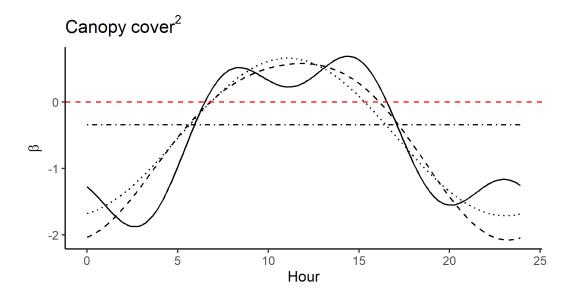
Model -- 0p -- 1p -- 2p - 3p



```
Model -- 0p -- 2p -- 3p
```



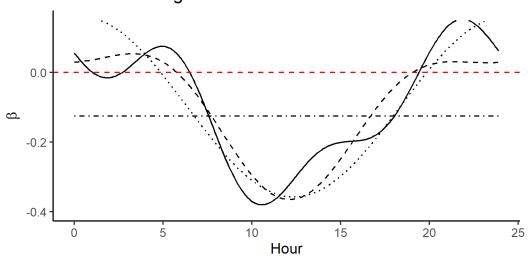
```
Model · - · 0p · · · · 1p - - 2p — 3p
```



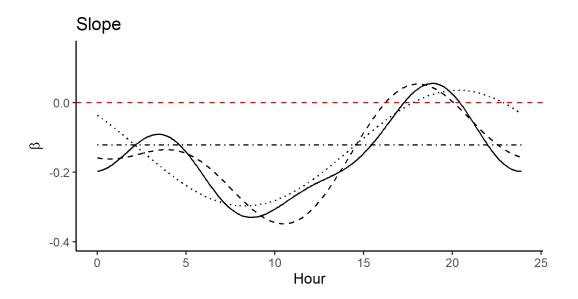
Model · - · 0p · · · · 1p - - 2p ─ 3p

Warning: Removed 22 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range  $(\gray embeds)$ .

# Herbaceous vegetation



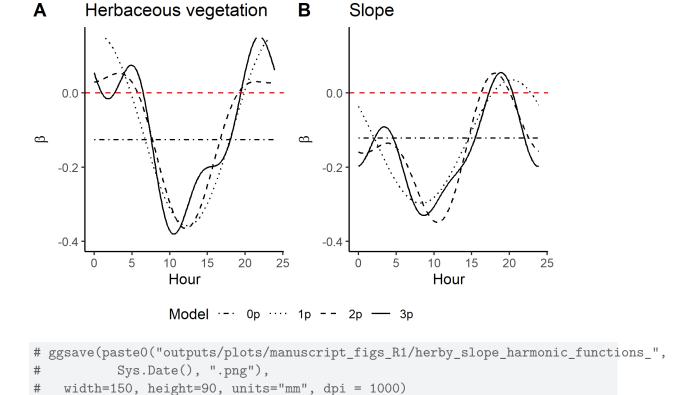
Model · - · 0p · · · · 1p − − 2p ─ 3p



Model · - · 0p · · · · 1p - - 2p ─ 3p

Warning: Removed 22 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range (`geom\_path()`).

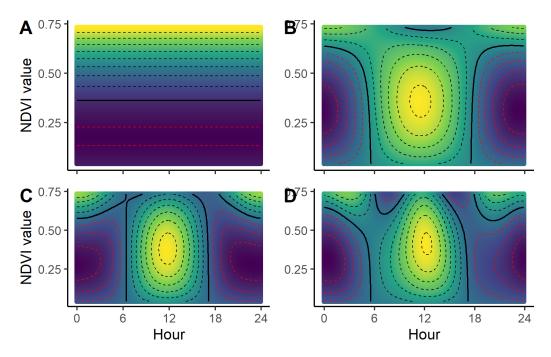
Removed 22 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range  $(\text{`geom\_path()`})$ .



# **Combining selection surfaces**

### **NDVI**

- A = 0p model
- B = 1p model
- C = 2p model
- D = 3p model



```
# ggsave(paste0("outputs/plots/manuscript_figs_R1/",
# "NDVI_2x2_CLR_TS_daily_GvM_10rs_",
# Sys.Date(), ".png"),
# width=150, height=120, units="mm", dpi = 1000)
```

# Canopy cover

- A = 0p model
- B = 1p model
- C = 2p model
- D = 3p model

Warning: `stat\_contour()`: Zero contours were generated

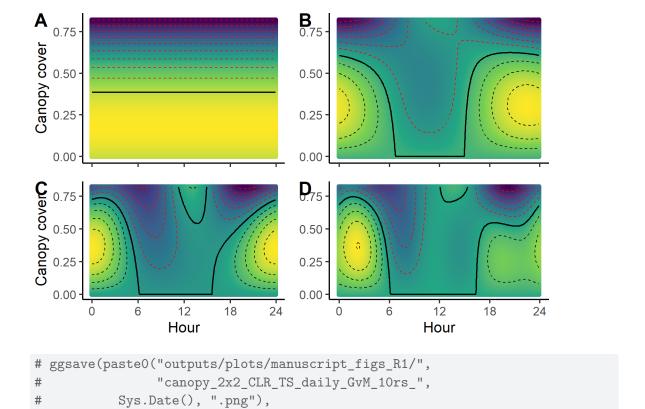
Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf

Warning: `stat\_contour()`: Zero contours were generated

Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf



width=150, height=120, units="mm", dpi = 1000)

Adding all selection surfaces to the same plot

We combine these plots into the plot that is in the paper. On the top is the **NDVI** selection surface, and on the bottom is the **canopy cover** selection surface.

### 0p

```
legend = "none",
common.legend = TRUE)
```

Scale for x is already present. Adding another scale for x, which will replace the existing scale.

Warning: `stat\_contour()`: Zero contours were generated

Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

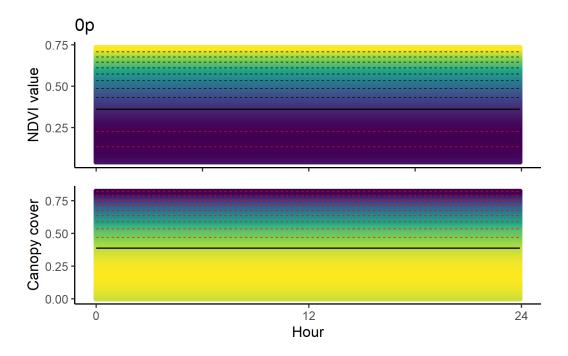
Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf

Warning: `stat\_contour()`: Zero contours were generated

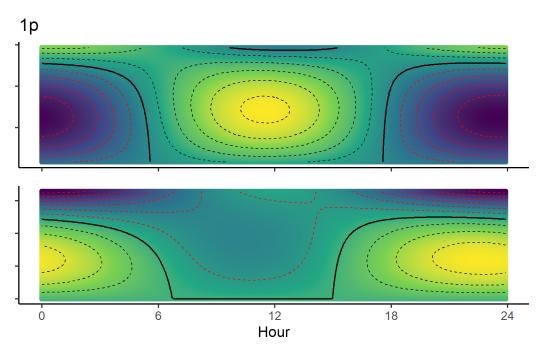
Warning in min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

Warning in max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf

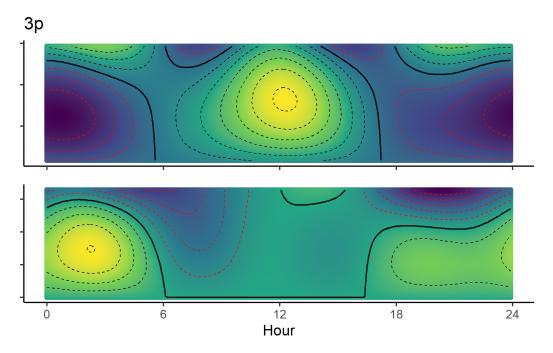
### surface\_plots\_0p



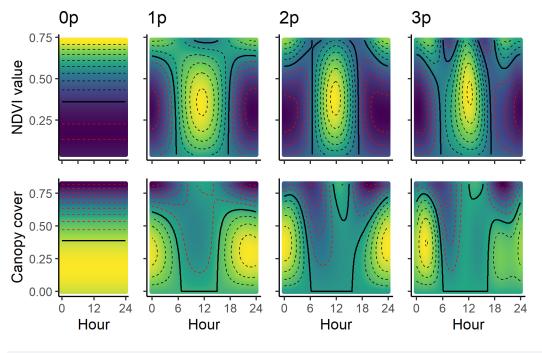
1p



# 



### All selection surfaces



```
# ggsave(paste0("outputs/plots/manuscript_figs_R1/",
# "all_quad_4x1_CLR_TS_daily_GvM_10rs_",
# Sys.Date(), ".png"),
# width=150, height=110, units="mm", dpi = 1000)
```

### References

Fieberg, John, Johannes Signer, Brian Smith, and Tal Avgar. 2021. "A 'How to' Guide for Interpreting Parameters in Habitat-Selection Analyses." *The Journal of Animal Ecology* 90 (5): 1027–43. https://doi.org/10.1111/1365-2656.13441.

Forrest, Scott W, Dan Pagendam, Michael Bode, Christopher Drovandi, Jonathan R Potts, Justin Perry, Eric Vanderduys, and Andrew J Hoskins. 2024. "Predicting Fine-scale Distributions and Emergent Spatiotemporal Patterns from Temporally Dynamic Step Selection Simulations." *Ecography*, December. https://doi.org/10.1111/ecog.07421.

### Session info

### sessionInfo()

R version 4.4.1 (2024-06-14 ucrt) Platform: x86 64-w64-mingw32/x64

Running under: Windows 10 x64 (build 19045)

### Matrix products: default

### locale:

- [1] LC\_COLLATE=English\_Australia.utf8 LC\_CTYPE=English\_Australia.utf8
- [3] LC\_MONETARY=English\_Australia.utf8 LC\_NUMERIC=C
- [5] LC\_TIME=English\_Australia.utf8

time zone: Australia/Brisbane

tzcode source: internal

### attached base packages:

[1] stats graphics grDevices utils datasets methods base

### other attached packages:

[1]	scales_1.3.0	<pre>patchwork_1.3.0</pre>	MASS_7.3-60.2	ggpubr_0.6.0
[5]	beepr_2.0	tictoc_1.2.1	terra_1.7-78	survival_3.6-4
[9]	amt_0.2.2.0	<pre>lubridate_1.9.3</pre>	forcats_1.0.0	stringr_1.5.1
[13]	dplyr_1.1.4	purrr_1.0.2	readr_2.1.5	tidyr_1.3.1
Γ17]	tibble 3.2.1	ggplot2 3.5.1	tidvverse 2.0.0	

### loaded via a namespace (and not attached):

[1]	gtable_0.3.5	xfun_0.47	rstatix_0.7.2	lattice_0.22-6
[5]	tzdb_0.4.0	vctrs_0.6.5	tools_4.4.1	Rdpack_2.6.1
[9]	generics_0.1.3	parallel_4.4.1	proxy_0.4-27	fansi_1.0.6
[13]	pkgconfig_2.0.3	Matrix_1.7-0	${\tt KernSmooth\_2.23-24}$	lifecycle_1.0.4
[17]	farver_2.1.2	compiler_4.4.1	munsell_0.5.1	tinytex_0.53
[21]	codetools_0.2-20	carData_3.0-5	htmltools_0.5.8.1	class_7.3-22
[25]	yaml_2.3.10	crayon_1.5.3	car_3.1-2	pillar_1.9.0
[29]	classInt_0.4-10	magick_2.8.5	abind_1.4-8	<pre>tidyselect_1.2.1</pre>
[33]	digest_0.6.37	stringi_1.8.4	sf_1.0-17	labeling_0.4.3
[37]	splines_4.4.1	cowplot_1.1.3	fastmap_1.2.0	grid_4.4.1
[41]	colorspace_2.1-1	cli_3.6.3	magrittr_2.0.3	utf8_1.2.4
[45]	broom_1.0.6	e1071_1.7-16	withr_3.0.1	backports_1.5.0
[49]	bit64_4.0.5	timechange_0.3.0	rmarkdown_2.28	audio_0.1-11
[53]	bit_4.0.5	<pre>gridExtra_2.3</pre>	ggsignif_0.6.4	hms_1.1.3
[57]	evaluate_1.0.0	knitr_1.48	rbibutils_2.2.16	<pre>viridisLite_0.4.2</pre>
[61]	rlang_1.1.4	isoband_0.2.7	Rcpp_1.0.13	glue_1.7.0
[65]	DBI_1.2.3	vroom_1.6.5	jsonlite_1.8.8	R6_2.5.1
[69]	units_0.8-5			