Laboratory Report

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING AND TESTING METHODOLOGIES CSE2017L

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

Submitted By			
Student Names and Enrolment Numbers	Dev Kartik Agarwal	170020401002	
	Shubham Gogia	170020203036	
	Swarup Ghosh	170020203040	
Section/Group	A-T2		
Department	Computer Science and Engineering		
Session/Semester	2018-19/ Even Semester		
Submitted To			
Faculty Name	Dr. Sujata		
	Ms. Vaishali Arya		



G D GOENKA UNIVERSITY

GURGAON, HARYANA

Contents

Objectives	3
Requirements	4
Functional Requirements	4
Non-Functional Requirements	7
Security Requirements	8
Constraints	8
Methodology	9
Tool Specification	9
Database Specification	10
Modules Specification	10
Case Diagram	10
Class Diagram	10
ER Diagram	10
Overall Plan	11
Future Scope	11

Objectives

The primary objective of the project is to provide customers (users) an efficient interface that can allow them to buy products through an e-commerce application. The online shopping management system is intended to provide the customers different products and services which they can buy online which will try to replace the standard brick and mortar shopping experience in place. It will primarily assist users with a hassle free and seamless shopping experience.

Apart from that there are a few secondary objectives that our project will fulfil, which have been enlisted underneath.

- To provide an effective catalogue of products to each individual user
- To harness use of recommender systems in order to suggest products to existing users on the platform
- To enable user engagement at large through our system, promotion and discount related services are to be incorporated
- To deliver a highly available system that would be designed with the needs of the user in mind
- To have an in-built mechanism that acts as an incident management system, where in people maintaining the software keep a record of the failures that occur in the system
- To incorporate reporting tools in the platform such that people working in the sales and marketing teams can submit generic reports about products or a category of products

Requirements

Functional Requirements

The online shopping management system will constitute different modules in the form

of web based micro-services that will actually interact amongst each other to serve a

highly available REST API (Representational State Transfer - Application Programmers

Interface). Use of micro services internally will ensure the fact that if in case of failure

of any sub system, the entire system won't be affected at large since other sub

systems will be working with the same availability rate.

The REST API will be used further by client applications like mobile apps which will be

functioning at the user end.

Module 1: JSON REST API

Each sub module will be implemented in the form of a web micro service.

Module 1.1: Catalogue

The catalogue will provide users with details about each product that is

available for purchase. Apart from that it will list all products on the basis of its

product category.

Module 1.2: Discount and Promotion

The system will allow discounts and special vouchers by use of referral codes

and **promotion** oriented **discounts** on individual subset of **products**.

Module 1.3: Cart and Checkout

For any user purchase of items serves as the most important functionality. Cart

is the virtual place which allows users to persist products selected by user for

purchase even across sessions. Whereas the checkout functionality will

actually redirect to the payment page so that an order can be initiated with a

callback mechanism.

Module 1.4: User Management and IAM

For any online system the **users** module serves as a gateway for access control to the the outside world. The same module presents upon to its **users** with the functionality for **signup** and **login**. The identity access management based system will also help distinguish **standard users** and **administrators** on the platform.

Module 1.5: Search Engine Optimisation Dashboard

A dashboard for SEO allows input of **metadata** and creation of search engine indexes optimised for web **crawlers** and search engine detections. It will also include automatic **sitemap** generation.

Module 1.6: Emailer

Both transactional emails as well marketing campaigns forms an integral module for any e-commerce solution. This module will target users sending them emails for details about orders as well as for product promotion.

Module 1.7: Reporting Tools

This module will be used by **administrators** to generate meaningful reports about **products** and **product categories** based on data that has been already collected on the platform.

Module 1.8: Support Tickets

During functioning of the system it is obvious for the **users** to face issues and problems. A support ticket mechanism will act as a bridge between **administrators** and **users** to mediate such issues through communication.

Module 1.9: Order Book and Returns

Order books are to be maintained per user which will record all transactions as well as allow initiation of item returns.

Module 1.10: User Product Recommender

This module will recommend products through a recommender system based

on the data collected for user activity.

Module 2: Android Application

Module 2.1: Models

Models will be constructed as a part of the application to facilitate interaction

with the different modules present in the REST API. A single model and relevant

classes will be created for each module.

Module 2.2: Viewer (UI)

The application when being used from a mobile app frontend will include UI

layouts which will call different models to run the actual BL so as to provide

users with a workable interface.

Module 3: Web Application

Module 3.1: Models

Models similar to the mobile application will be created for the web application

as well.

Module 3.2: Viewer (UI)

The viewer will contain markups so to display different layouts and render web

pages on the basis of the models. It is similar to the mobile application viewer.

Module 3.3: Administration Dashboard

An administration dashboard available exclusively from the web application

ensures that administrator will be able to access necessary tools for the system

management. It will also internally make API calls to make the dashboard

functional.

Non-Functional Requirements

A high level view of the system that is to developed could be as follows. The non-functional requirements for the proposed system will mainly consist of the following:

- Load Balancer(s)
- Spanning Web Server(s)
- Database Server(s)
- Internal Network for Micro Services

The application will be written in a way to reduce vendor lock-in by drastically putting implementations over open technologies rather than proprietary services. Hence, the entire application may be deployed to any cloud application platform or alternatively to any on premise platform with little or no change in internal configuration.

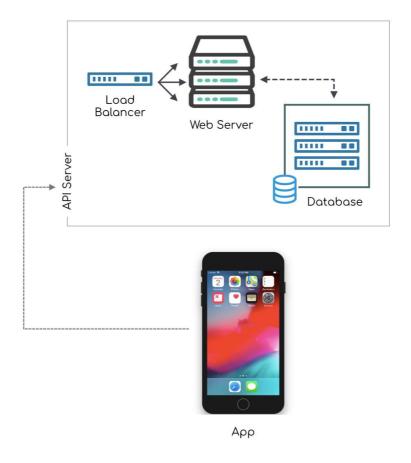


FIG 1.1 HIGH LEVEL VIEW OF REST API BASED SYSTEM

The system will be designed such that mobile app, web frontend based application will internally communicate with REST API to provide the different functionalities to the user.

Security Requirements

The following security requirements are to be considered while developing the application:

- Use of HTTPS (for encrypted end to end communication)
- Use of OAuth or similar authentication mechanism (for user authentication over API)
- User Privacy
- Use of encrypted SMTP, SPF and DKIM (for sending emails securely)

Constraints

The following may be considered as the different constraints that the software will face.

- There may be issues relating to payments in case transactions are dropped by bank since the payment gateway is integrated on the platform through third party solutions.
- Returning of items will be available for each product which may not be desirable at all times by the seller.
- Due to use of third party services for courier facility cash on delivery services might not be available for all regions but it will ensure a pan country deliverability of goods.

Methodology

An **agile** approach would be extremely suitable for deliverability of such a software product which has multiple modules consisting of a broad set of features that will evolve over time. In conjunction with traditional agile methodologies, **DevOps** tools can be significantly harnessed in order to leverage software delivery through use of CI/CD pipelines which will allow code to be tested, evaluated and rolled to production with minimal efforts.

Tool Specification

The following tools are to be used in order to make the shopping system functional:

- PayTM Payment Gateway (payment gateway to accept payments from users)
- Any Continuous Integration Platform (DevOps tool to reduce transition from development to operations time faster for production environments)
- Delhivery B2B Solutions (allowing Delhivery courier services to be integrated within the software platform for product shipping and returns)
- Any Cloud Platform or Micro Services Orchestration Platform (for cloud based deployments any suitable cloud platform may be used or alternatively micro service orchestration through Docker-Kubernetes like solutions could be used on-premise)

Database Specification

A relational database management system will be used for the purpose of data storage and retrieval of the application. It will be deployed in such a way that it can be scaled and sharded for production workload environments. In this case, a standard <u>Oracle mySQL</u> database running InnoDB engine may be used or alternatively, <u>MariaDB</u> (an open source mySQL fork) may also be used since they allow interoperability.

Modules Specification

Case Diagram Class Diagram ER Diagram

Overall Plan

The following tasks are to be performed chronologically during the development phase. The already mentioned iterative process development model for the project will ensure that each phase is properly tested and evaluated before delivery.

- The database will be created initially with the necessary schema that will be documented from the database design phase.
- The REST API will be developed that will establish database connections inside the application to facilitate the different functionalities.
- The android application models and web models will be prepared simultaneously.
- During the near end of the project the frontend design and mobile application layouts will be developed which will communicate with the respective model classes for working of the application.

It is notable to mention that during the development of REST API as a service a micro services architecture is to be followed. While during the web and mobile application are to conform with a simpler Model Viewer Controller (MVC) architecture.

Future Scope

The project will be aimed at high availability and ease of scalability such that it can be treated as a resilient system which allows to its users with shopping capabilities over online means replacing brick and mortar shops into digital carts. The future goal of the project would be to create a framework like application such that it can be deployed over the fly onto any application platform like a CMS (content management system) module. Thus, it will abstract away the internal working of the application providing a simple handy tool that is accessible directly to e-commerce administrators for making online shopping possible at user level.