

Improving Machine Learning Efficiency Against Noisy Data Sources

Investigating Advanced Strategies to Mitigate Adverse Effects of Noisy Data

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Master in Cybersecurity & Digital Forensics

Leiria, August 2025





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Preparation of this work was facilitated by the use of the *IPLeiria-Thesis* template.



Acknowledgements

1 Writing Guidance

In the *Acknowledgment* section, express your gratitude to those who helped and supported your work. Start by thanking your advisors, mentors, or supervisors who provided guidance and expertise. Mention any colleagues, classmates, or team members who contributed to discussions or offered assistance. You can also acknowledge specific organisations, institutions, or funding sources that supported your research or work. Lastly, include any personal acknowledgments for family or friends who offered encouragement and moral support during the project. Keep this section sincere, concise, and professional.



Resumo

1 Writing Guidance

Na secção *Resumo*, apresente um resumo conciso do seu projeto, destacando os pontos principais. Comece com uma breve declaração do problema ou objetivo, seguido de uma descrição da sua abordagem ou metodologia. Resuma os principais resultados ou conclusões, salientando a sua importância ou implicações. Conclua com uma ou duas frases sobre a contribuição global ou o impacto do seu trabalho. O resumo deve ser claro e conciso, idealmente com 150-250 palavras, para que os leitores compreendam rapidamente o seu trabalho e a sua importância.

Palavra-Chave: Palavra-Chave A, Palavra-Chave B, Palavra-Chave C.



Abstract

1 Writing Guidance

In the *Abstract* section, provide a concise summary of your project, highlighting the key points. Begin with a brief statement of the problem or objective, followed by a description of your approach or methodology. Summarise the main results or findings, emphasising their significance or implications. Conclude with a sentence or two on the overall contribution or impact of your work. Keep the abstract clear and focused, ideally within 150-250 words, to give readers a quick understanding of your research and its importance.

Keywords: Keyword A, Keyword B, Keyword C.



AI Acknowledgement

1 Writing Guidance

It is good academic practice to briefly state how, why, and when AI was used. Explaining both the actions taken and the reasons behind them encourages critical reflection, deepens understanding of AI's role in learning, and supports the evaluation of its impact on your work's quality and integrity. This page can be removed by setting the option alack to false in the document class options.

1 Example of Use

I acknowledge the use of ChatGPT (https://chatgpt.com) to refine the academic tone and improve the linguistic accuracy of this work, including aspects of grammar, punctuation, and vocabulary.

Description of Use

Prompt 1: In a paragraph, simply describe what LaTeX is.

Output 1: LaTeX is a high-quality typesetting system commonly used for producing scientific and mathematical documents due to its powerful handling of formulas and bibliographies. Unlike word processors, it uses plain text files with markup tags to define the structure and formatting of a document, allowing precise control over layout and appearance. It is especially popular in academia and research for creating theses, journal articles, and presentations.



Contents



List of Figures



List of Tables









1

Introduction to the Template Motivation and First Steps

Author: José Areia Current Version: 2.2.10

License: ETEX Project Public License v1.3c Official Repository: GitHub Repository

Welcome to the *IPLeiria Thesis* template! Thank you for choosing it for your dissertation, report, or project. This template reflects many hours of development, and I hope you enjoy using it as much as I did creating it. This chapter introduces its purpose and helps you get started. See Chapter 2 for a detailed guide, and Chapter 3 for a brief Lagrangian to maximise its use.

1.1 Motivation

I've been using $\[Mathebox{MEX}\]$ since 2020 for a wide range of purposes. Over time, I've reviewed over a hundred templates, and there's always something missing. *Always*. Powerful templates—*i.e.*, highly customisable with many options—are often poorly organised. Well-organised ones usually lack flexibility. Some even compile with errors and warnings. Most importantly, many aren't user-friendly. So, I created my own template for theses and reports, tailored to the Polytechnic University of Leiria. My goals were: i) clear and structured file organisation, ii) a clean, professional, and attractive design, iii) high customisability, and iv) ease of use, especially for beginners.

1.2 Getting Started

To start using this template, you first need to know how to use LaTeX. For this, please refer to Chapter 3. Once you are familiar with LaTeX, you will need to either install it locally or use an online LaTeX editor.

If you prefer an online editor, I highly recommend Overleaf. While Overleaf offers a paid subscription for extended compilation time, this template is specifically designed to compile within the limits of the free subscription plan. To use the template in Overleaf, just refer to official template page and click

Use as Template. But if you prefer to use a different version of it (which I do not recommend), you can do the following:

- 1. Download the desired version from the GitHub repository as a Zip file.
- 2. Login to your Overleaf account.
- 3. In your Project area, click in the menu and then: New Project \rightarrow Upload Project.
- 4. Upload the Zip file.
- 5. Let Overleaf compile the document.

If you choose to use a local editor, you must first install LaTeX on your machine. For this, there are several options, but I personally recommend either TeX-Live or MikTeX. After installing LaTeX, you will need to select an editor for writing and editing your documents. To help with this decision, I suggest checking out this helpful post, which provides a comprehensive overview of various editors you can use. Once LaTeX and your editor are set up, simply clone or download the latest version of the template from GitHub and start using it!

Tip

In the official GitHub repository, you'll find a Makefile and a Latexmk configuration file, either of which can be used to compile the project. The Makefile supports both rubber and latexmk as compilers, so you can choose the one that best suits your preferences.

1.3 Getting Help

As a newcomer, you may encounter situations where you want to do something in Lagara or with this template but aren't sure how. When questions arise, you have several options. First, you can read the wiki available in the GitHub repository for this template. Another great option is the TeX Stack Exchange, an active community that can help with nearly any issue. Of course, Google is always a reliable resource. If all else fails, feel free to contact me directly with any questions about the template. You can reach me at <code>jose.apareia@gmail.com</code>.

1.3.1 Issues, Feature Request and Suggestions

If, by any chance, you encounter a bug, have a suggestion, or would like to request a feature, you can submit them via the *Issues* tab in the GitHub repository. Please be as descriptive as possible when reporting issues, and make sure to provide the appropriate labels to help me triage them effectively.

For feature requests or suggestions, you can either follow the steps mentioned above or, if you prefer, you can implement the feature yourself and submit a pull request. Both pull requests and pushes trigger a GitHub Action that will automatically compile the document. If the compilation fails, the pull request will be automatically rejected. Please keep this in mind and take care when submitting changes.

1.3.2 In-Built Comments, Guidance Texts and Warnings

Within this document template, you may encounter informational text displaying the message "Writing Guidance." These sections are provided solely as guidance to help users understand what content should be included in specific sections. They are not related to the Lagrange within this template.

While navigating through the template, especially the configuration files, you will notice that everything is thoroughly commented. Later can sometimes be difficult to understand without proper documentation for the packages we are working with. With that in mind, I have made an effort to comment on all the changes I've made. Occasionally, I may forget or deem it unnecessary to comment on simpler changes, but more advanced modifications are always accompanied by detailed comments.

Finally, regarding warnings: please take them into consideration when compiling the document. As you may have noticed, the template is designed to be free of warnings, so please strive to maintain this clean compilation.

1.4 Important Notices

Although this template is specifically tailored for students from all six schools of the Polytechnic University of Leiria, you are welcome to use it if you are from a different institution. It is highly customisable and can be easily modified to suit the needs of other schools. If your school is interested in adopting this as the official template, please contact me first.

If you decide to use this template, please consider acknowledging it in your work. To do so, simply cite it using \citep{IPLeiriaThesis}. You can also show your appreciation for this template by giving a star on the GitHub repository. This helps increase its visibility, and you will receive notifications about the latest updates and releases. Either way, acknowledging this work, which involved significant effort and countless hours, would be greatly appreciated.

2

Comprehensive User Guide Instructions for Using the Template

If you plan to use this template, please read this chapter carefully. It provides all the information you need to effectively use the template, including the mandatory modifications (e.g., title, subtitle, author information) and other configurations that, while not highly recommended, are optional. The template comprises various directories and files, including a total of seven distinct directories and dozens of files. Among these, the most important are IPLeiriaMain.tex and IPLeiriaThesis.cls. Below, Table 2.1 presents the different directories available, along with their descriptions and a check-mark indicating whether you need to access the directory to make changes. Of course, the check mark indicates that you can make changes to the content, while a hyphen signifies that you should not modify it.

Table 2.1: Overview of the directory structure in this template.

Directory	Modifiable	Description
Bibliography	√	This folder contains the bibliography file used to manage references throughout the document.
Chapters	\checkmark	Individual chapters of the thesis are organised in this directory, making it easy to work on sections separately.
Code	\checkmark	Code examples and relevant scripts are stored here, supporting the content of the thesis.
Configurations	-	All configuration files required for the template, such as layout and style settings, are placed in this directory.
Figures	\checkmark	All figures and images referenced within the document are stored in this folder for easy access and management.
Matter	-	The front matter of the document, including the cover page, copyright statement, and glossary, is assembled in this directory.
Metadata	✓	This folder holds the metadata file, where key document details such as the author, title, and supervisor can be customised.

It is crucial to note that the files are organised according to a specific naming convention, which must be **respected** and **maintained**. The naming convention consists of an ascending two-digit numeric value, followed by a hyphen, and then the file name in capital letters. The name should always aim to be

a single word. If more than one word is necessary, they should be separated by a hyphen and capitalised.

Note

While Table 2.1 indicates that the *Matter* directory is not modifiable, two files within that directory should be altered when necessary: 04-Glossary.tex and 05-Acronyms.tex. Although the names are fairly self-explanatory, these files should contain the glossary and acronyms entries, respectively.

The two files mentioned earlier, IPLeiriaMain.tex and IPLeiriaThesis.cls, should be used with caution. The main file, as the name suggests, is the master file where you will add the necessary chapters to be included in your work. The class file, on the other hand, requires even more caution, and it is not recommended to alter it.

2.1 Template and Class Options

The first thing you need to do is specify the options within the IPLeiriaMain.tex file. How do you do that? It's simple. On the very first line, you will find a documentclass command that loads the custom class for this template. In this call, you can pass the options you need. The available options, presented in a key-argument style, are listed in Table 2.2.

tabularxtabularx

Table 2.2: Class options supported by the template.

Options	Description
school=OPT	Choosing a school and its corresponding logo.
estg, esecs, esslei, esad, estm	⇒ Default: school=estg
	This option only modifies the school name and the corresponding logo, which will be
	displayed on the cover and front page.
language=OPT	Language preference selection.
portuguese, english	⇒ Default: language=english
chapterstyle=OPT	Selection of a cover design style.
classic, modern, fancy	⇒ Default: chapterstyle=classic
	This option modifies the appearance of the chapter, including its title and numbering
	style. Explore the available styles and apply the one you prefer.
coverstyle=OPT	Choosing a style for the chapter.
classic, bw	⇒ Default: coverstyle=classic
	classic \rightarrow Put the cover on in the original red.
	$bw \rightarrow Make$ the cover black and white.
docstage=OPT	Choosing a stage for you document.
final, working	⇒ Default: docstage=final
	final \rightarrow Assumes this is the final version of the document.
	working \rightarrow It assumes the document is a work in progress.

Table 2.2 continued from previous page.

Options	Description
media=OPT	Project media type.
paper, screen	⇒ Default: media=paper
	paper $ ightarrow$ Blank pages will appear between sections.
	screen \rightarrow Blank pages will not appear between sections.
linkcolor=OPT	Main theme color.
color	\Rightarrow Default: linkcolor=red!45!black
	This option requires a valid color name. Refer to the xcolor manual (subsection 4.2)
	to select a valid color.
bookprint=OPT	For book printing.
true, false	⇒ Default: bookprint=false
	This option adds a binding margin on odd-numbered pages to allow for printing, as
	it increases the left margin.
aiack=OPT	AI acknowledgement print.
true, false	⇒ Default: aiack=true
	This option adds a section intended for the user to insert their acknowledgement of
	AI usage.

After setting the desired options in the main class, you are all set to personalise the metadata. To learn how, simply refer to Section 2.2.

2.2 Metadata Customisation

While options like language and school can be passed as arguments to the main class, other options, such as author and title, must be defined manually. Since this template supports a wide range of metadata options, a dedicated file is provided for this purpose. The file at Metadata/Metadata.tex lists metadata variables, with comments on whether they are mandatory. Comment out the variables to omit them. Table 2.3 includes all metadata variables, their GET command, and if they are mandatory. The GET command automatically retrieves the information from the stored variable.

Table 2.3: *Metadata variables within the template.*

Variable	Macro Commands	Mandatory
Title	\GetTitle	✓
Subtitle	\GetSubtitle	✓
University	\GetUniversity	✓
School	\GetSchool	✓
Department	\GetDepartment	✓
Degree	\GetDegree	✓
Course	\GetCourse	-
Local and date	\GetDate	✓
Academic year	\GetAcademicYear	✓

Continued on the next page.

Table 2.3 continued from previous page.

Variable	Macro Commands	Mandatory
Thesis type (Dissertation, Project or Internship)	\GetThesisType	✓
First author name	\GetFirstAuthor	\checkmark
First author identification	\GetFirstAuthorNumber	\checkmark
Second author name	\GetSecondAuthor	-
Second author identification	\GetSecondAuthorNumber	-
Third author name	\GetThirdAuthor	-
Third author identification	\GetThirdAuthorNumber	-
Supervisor name	\GetSupervisor	\checkmark
Supervisor e-mail	\GetSupervisorMail	\checkmark
Supervisor title and affiliation	\GetSupervisorTitle	\checkmark
Co-supervisor name	\GetCoSupervisor	-
Co-supervisor e-mail	\GetCoSupervisorMail	-
Co-supervisor title and affiliation	\GetCoSupervisorTitle	-
Second co-supervisor name	\GetSecCoSupervisor	-
Second co-supervisor e-mail	\GetSecCoSupervisorMail	-
Second co-supervisor title and affiliation	$\verb \GetSecCoSupervisorTitle $	-

If, by any chance, **you want to add more options**, please contact me by opening an issue in the official GitHub repository or via the email provided in this document.

2.3 Custom Chapter Insertion

As stated before, to use this template, you need to do three things: set the appropriate options in the document class (see Section 2.1), update the document metadata (see Section 2.2), and create and import your custom chapters. To create and import a custom chapter, follow these steps: i create a TeX file in the Chapters directory that follows the predefined naming convention and ii) include it in the main file using the command $\include{CHAPTER}$. And voilà, your first chapter is ready!

2.4 Custom Commands

Within this template, some custom commands are also available for your use. For example, if you are writing your thesis and want to add a to-do note, you can easily insert a block with the option todo, as follows: \begin{block}[todo]. This will insert a to-do block with a style similar to Markdown. Other available options are: tip, warning, and note. Below is a visual example for each one.

To-Do

This is a to-do block.

Tip

This is a tip block.

Warning

This is a warning block.

Note

This is a note block.

3

Essential LaTeX Tutorial Fundamentals and Key Concepts

This chapter introduces the Latex working environment and the essentials for producing your thesis. Latex (pronounced "LAY-tek" or "LAH-tek") is a tool for creating professional documents using plain text with formatting commands, unlike WYSIWYG editors like Microsoft Word. These files are processed by a TeX engine to generate a polished PDF, allowing you to focus on content while Latex handles the layout. While this chapter covers key features, it's worth learning Latex from the start. For a quick introduction, see Overleaf Learn LaTeX series for guidance.

3.1 Citations

We present two distinct approaches for citing entries in the bibliography. The first method involves intext citations, executed using \citet{ENTRY}, while the second method employs \citep{ENTRY} for citations within a paragraph. Below is an example that demonstrates both usages. You can cite multiple works in the same citation environment using \citep{ENTRY1, ENTRY2, ...}. For citing only the title, use \citetitle{ENTRY}, and for the author, use \citeauthor{ENTRY}.

Tip

Proper citations are vital in academic writing and ensure credibility, transparency, and knowledge advancement. They are essential for responsible scholarship. Ensure accuracy and appropriateness.

Example: A novel signature scheme is introduced, along with an implementation of the Diffie-Hellman key distribution scheme that accomplishes a public key cryptosystem (**Elgamal1985**). According to **Elgamal1985**, a new signature scheme that accomplishes a public key cryptosystem is introduced (...) This template was created by **IPLeiriaThesis**, with the title **IPLeiriaThesis**.

3.2 References

Much like citations, it is advisable to employ references in your document for citing crucial elements such as chapters, sections, figures, or tables. To reference these elements, begin by creating a label. This label can be generated using \label{TEXT}, and it should be positioned within the element you intend to refer to. Once the element is created, you can utilise \ref{LABEL} to generate an in-text reference. We strongly recommend using \autoref{LABEL}. This command automatically creates a custom link with color corresponding to the type of element being referred to. For instance, a chapter reference will appear like this: Chapter 1, rather than simply Chapter 1.

Tip

Properly referencing elements within the document, such as **chapters**, **sections**, **figures**, **tables**, **or listings**, is crucial.

3.3 Glossary, Acronyms and Symbols

The document includes a glossary, and an acronym and symbol list, accessible at the beginning of the document. You can create a new entry in either the Matter/05-Glossary, Matter/06-Acronyms or Matter/07-Symbols sections, depending on the type of entry you intend to add. Once the entry is created, you can reference it using \gls{ENTRY} for both glossary and symbol entries. For acronym entries, there are two ways to reference them. The first method, \acrfull{ENTRY}, should be used the first time the acronym appears in the text as it automatically provides the definition in-text. Subsequently, to refer to the acronym without repeating its meaning, use \acrshort{ENTRY}.

Example: Utilising Latex for Mathematics is essential (...). It is advisable to seek both the Greatest Common Divisor (GCD) and Least Common Multiple (LCM) because (...). Subsequently, with the aid of GCD and LCM, we can find both α and β (...).

3.4 Figures

In MEX, integrating figures is a straightforward process. To insert them, you should utilise the environment \begin{figure}. You can customise the width parameter according to your requirements, but it is crucial to select a high-quality figure when inserting it into your documents. It is equally crucial to furnish a well-crafted caption. If necessary, consider including citations or references to indicate the figure's origin. The caption environment is denoted as \caption{TEXT}. To generate a smaller caption for the Table of Figures, be sure to utilise the format \caption[SMALL_TEXT] {BIG_TEXT}. By following the aforementioned tips, we can create a figure as demonstrated in Figure 3.1.

For comparison or for other reasons, you can insert side-by-side figures using both the \begin{figure} and \begin{subfigure} environments. You can also refer to the sub-figure as Figure 3.2a and Figure 3.2b.

3.4. Figures 11

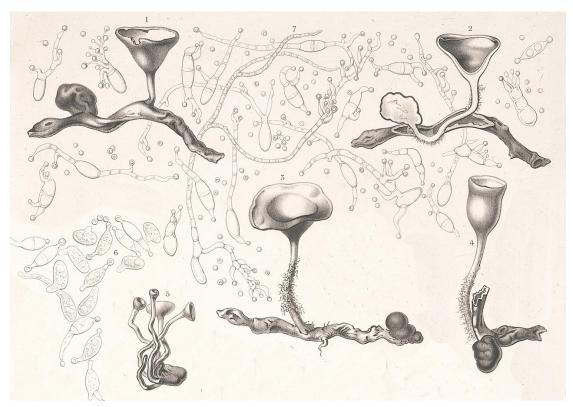
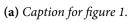


Figure 3.1: Illustration of the fungus Dumontinia tuberosa by physician, mycologist, and illustrator Charles Tulasne (1816–1884) in the book Selecta Fungorum Carpologia (1861–65). (Name of the original work: Peziza tuberosa parasite on Anemone nemorosa).







(b) Caption for figure 2.

Figure 3.2: Overall caption of the figure.