

#### SmartCash SmartNode Setup Guide v1.0

#### Windows 10

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#### Introduction

Welcome to this step by step guide that will take you through the process of creating your own SmartCash SmartNode. This guide is aimed at the casual Windows 10 PC user who has already installed the SmartCash Wallet, purchased SmartCash from an exchange but has little or no experience of using Linux or VPS(virtual private servers).

This is an in-depth guide that will be broken into sections. The document will attempt to give a very concise explanation of each step accompanied by relevant screengrabs.

As a recommendation, please read through each section first and try to understand what is going on before doing it. As soon as one section is complete, please move to the next one. Don't miss any steps and please take your time.

The views and opinions expressed in this document are from the author only. This document is not an official document of the SmartCash team and has only been created by a hive member in the hope to assist others.

#### **Corrections and Comments**

If you like the guide or would like to give any feedback please contact yoyomonkey on the SmartCash discord channel.

#### Creating a Virtual Private Server (VPS)

For a small monthly fee, you can run your own Virtual Private Server to host a SmartNode without having to create one at home and having the extra headache of worrying about having your machine running 24/7 and managing static IP-addresses etc.

This guide has been created to give a step by step account using Digital Ocean. However, I would like to state that there is no recommended preference from the SmartCash team for picking a VPS service.

To demonstrate that the service offerings are very similar, I have also included an "OPTIONAL SECTION 3" for vultr.com to show an alternate VPS setup process. Compare the 2 Sections and pay attention that the requirements and setup are very similar.

A list has been compiled of alternate VPS providers and I would encourage all SmartNode creators to do their own research and pick the best service that suits them.

Typing "VPS Hosting Providers" in a Google Search should return a number of possible VPS providers that can be used.

Name	Link
Amazon AWS	https://aws.amazon.com/
Microsoft Azure	https://portal.azure.com/
Google Cloud	https://cloud.google.com/
Digital Ocean	https://www.digitalocean.com/
Vultr VPS	https://www.vultr.com/
Chunk Host	https://chunkhost.com/
VPS Net	https://www.vps.net/
Host-it.co.uk	https://www.host-it.co.uk
VPS City (SmartCash Accepted)	https://www.vps-city.com
Offshore Hosting Space (SmartCash Accepted)	http://offshorehostingspace.org/

#### **Requirements**

10,000 SmartCash for each SmartNode.

Computer for running a local wallet only to start nodes and hold funds.(Windows is used in guide, but other QT version wallets work)

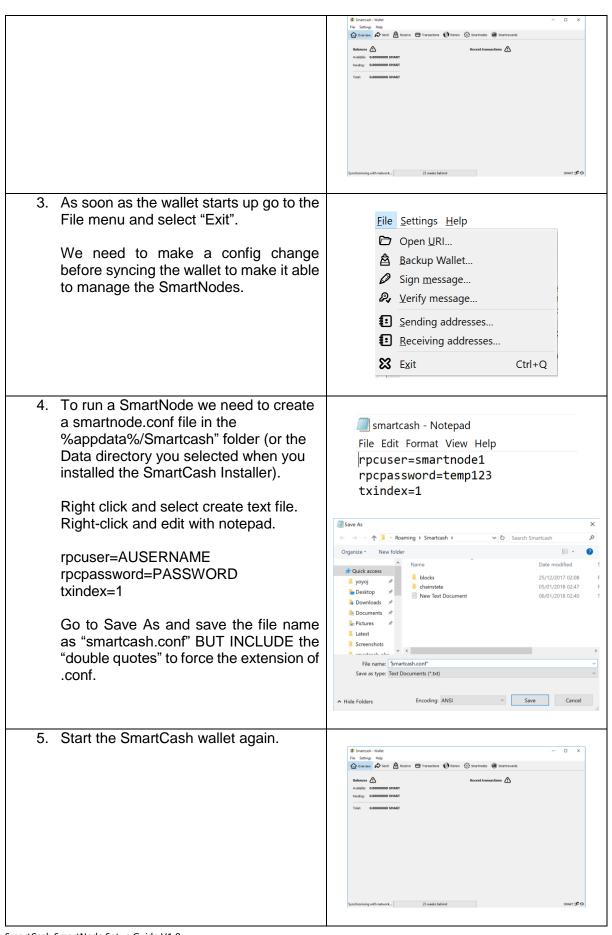
VPS server for remote node running 24hrs/day which includes:

- 1GB RAM (about half used for OS and half for daemon we install)
- 20GB drive (less than 1GB used for wallet, some for OS, and some for future.
- 1 Static IPV4 Address per node (IPV4 address that never changes) (No IPV6)

The remote node is actually the SmartNode, but for this guide we will call that remote node.

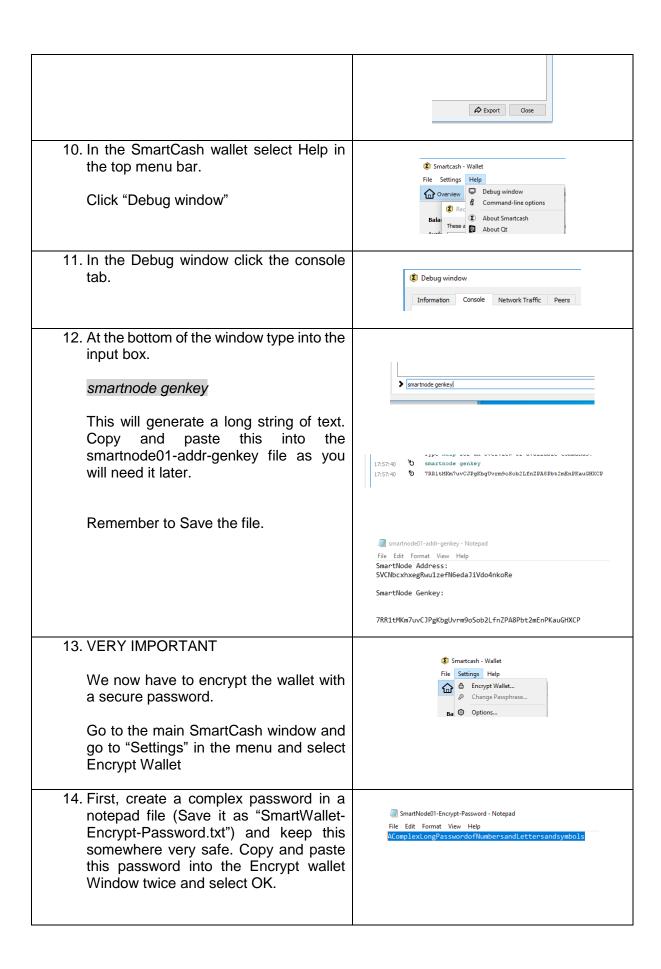
## Section 1: Configure Windows SmartCash Wallet

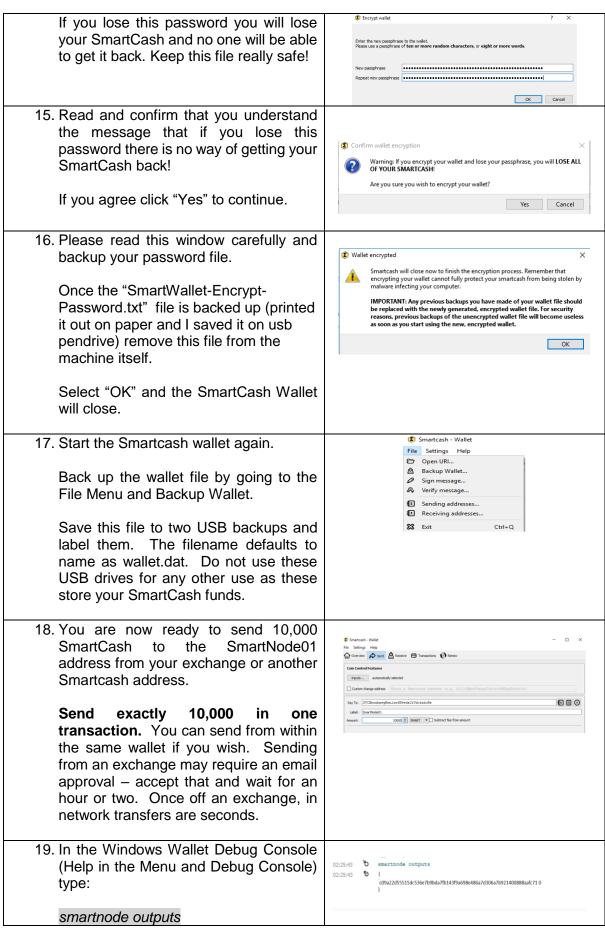
Install the 1.1.0 SmartCash wallet from	e G # loce into international value
https://smartcash.cc/wallets/	Smart (Cash Recover What Sharifast I Burlies Interference Recover Selection Water
	BE WALLET DOWNLOADS  These deeps devented femilical values from their efficie values & deeps fook out prior funds.
	MAC OS VINCOVOS UNICIDADES CONTROL TO
On your Windows machine start your SmartCash wallet.	



6. Wait for the wallet to fully sync. This can take up to 8 hours depending on many factors including Network SMART 35 <

√ Traffic. Look for the tick in the Bottom Right Corner of the wallet to signify that the wallet has fully synced. 7. Go to File in the top menu bar and then (2) Smartcash - Wallet select "Receiving addresses". File Settings Help Open URI... Backup Wallet... Sign message... Verify message... Sending addresses... Receiving addresses... Ctrl+Q 8. Create a new address. Click New. Call it something identifiable i.e "SmartNode01". Click Ok. A second address should now appear in Receiving Addresses Window. + New 🗗 Copy ♠ Export Close New receiving address Click the button "Copy". Label Smartnode01 OK Cancel + New 🗗 Copy ♠ Export Close 9. Paste the long address and save it in a file called: smartnode01-addr-genkey - Notepad File Edit Format View Help SmartNode Address: SVCNbcxhxegRwu1zefN6edaJiVdo4nkoRe "smartnode01-addr-genkey.txt" Close the Receiving addresses window.





Save the key and index(0,1,2..) in the file.

SmartInode01-addr-genkey Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

SmartInode Address:

SVEINDEATHER STATUTE FINE HELP

SmartInode Genkey:

TRILIMKM TUVCJ PRK DEUV TW90 Sob 2L Fri Z PABP bt Z mEn PK au GHXCP

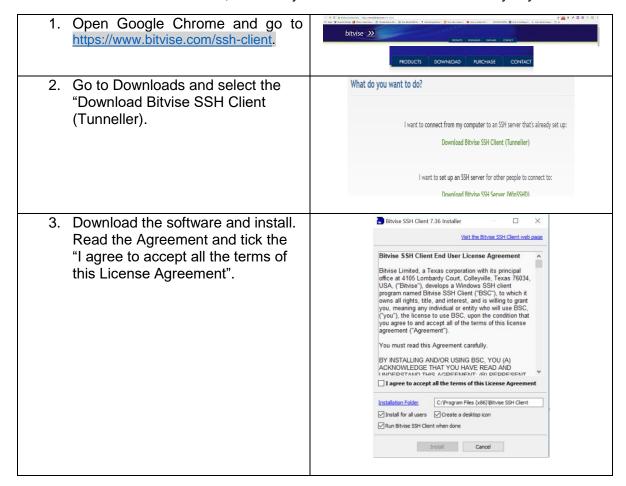
Transaction ID from the 10000 SMART being sent to the smartnode01 address c09 a 2 2 2 2 5 5 5 1 5 d c 5 3 6 e 7 b 9 b d a 7 f b 1 4 3 f 9 a 6 9 8 e 4 8 6 a 7 d 3 0 6 a 7 b 9 2 1 4 0 0 8 8 8 a a f c 7 1 0

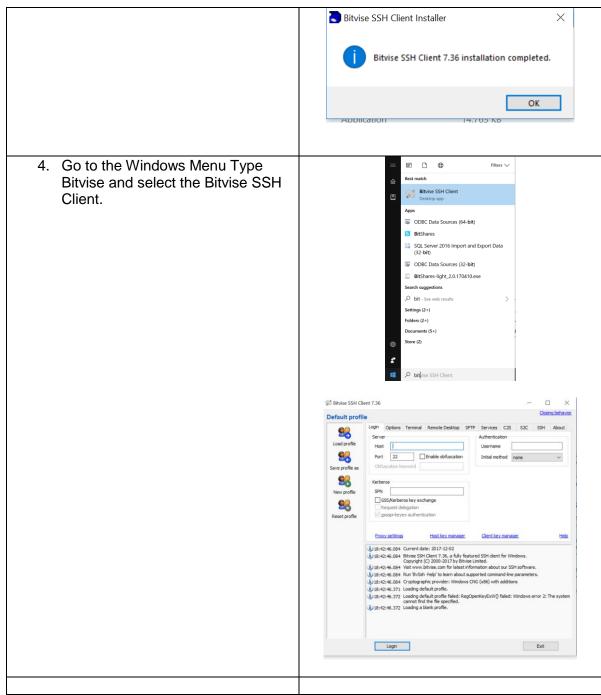
Once that is confirmed and you have backed up your files somewhere safe. Please continue with Section 2.

## **Section 2: Install Bitvise SSH Client**

The Bitvise SSH Client is a program which will allow you to connect to and control remote machines using the SSH protocol, which is for command line entry communication.

The remote node will be running 24/7 on a remote server. We can setup and maintain using Bitvise with IP-address, username and password. As the remote node will be running for a long duration, this guide will take it a step further by using secure keys to secure the connection further. We suggest following the extra security measure so your SmartNode is not kicked offline. There is no risk to funds, since they are not stored in this server anyway.

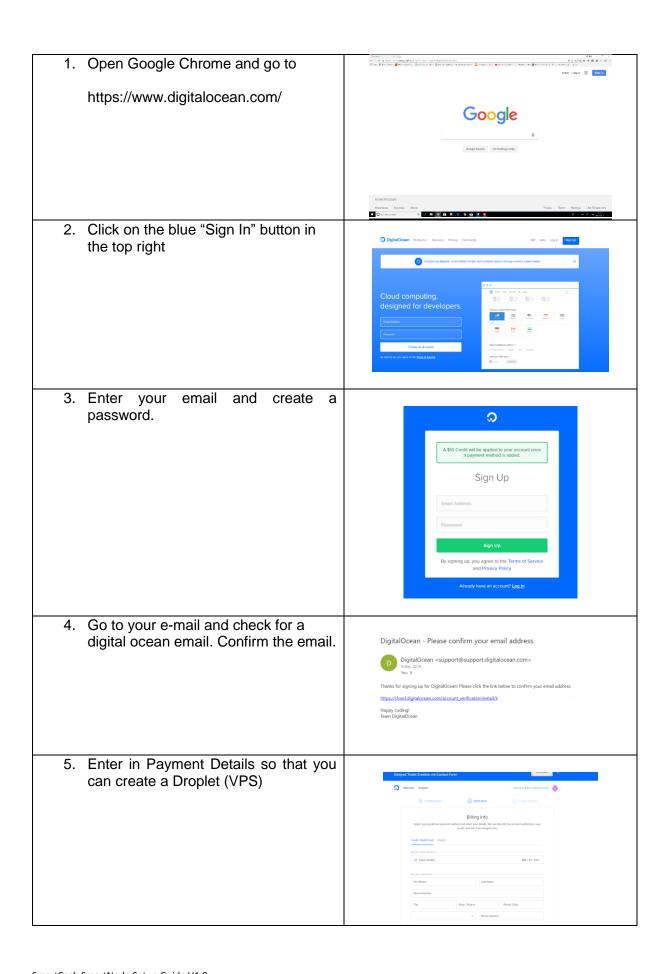




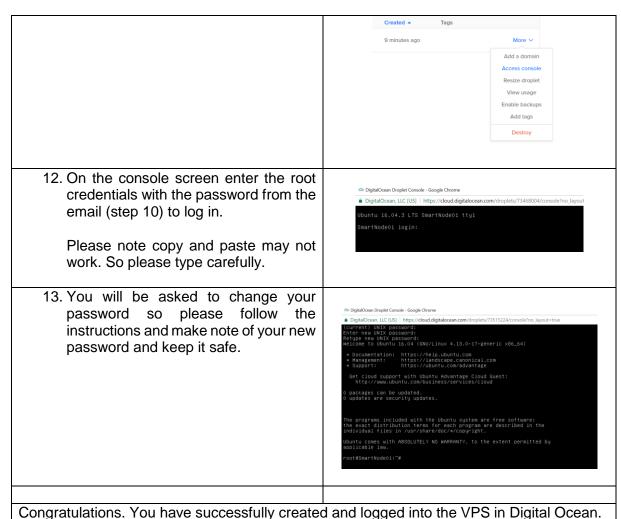
Congratulations you have installed Bitvise SSH Client. We will be using Bitvise in Section 5 to connect to the VPS.

## Section 3: Digital Ocean sign up and Droplet Creation

Next are the steps to create Virtual Server on Digital Ocean. For small amount each month you can have an Ubuntu machine running in the cloud 24 hours a day, 7 days a week to run your SmartCash SmartNode.



6. Once this is all done, log in again to Digital Ocean and go to "Create Droplet" 7. Select an Ubuntu Distribution use Ubuntu Version 16.04 LTS. Select a monthly plan. Our suggestion is to setup with 1GB or more of RAM. Although, 512MB of RAM will work for a few days, it will 60 MB / 1 CPU 168 / 1 CPU 368 / 1 CPU 2 68 / 1 CPU 2 68 / 1 CPU 2 66 / 2 CPUs 2 CPUs 2 66 / 2 CPUs 2 CPUs 2 66 / 2 often cause the wallet to lockup when it runs out of memory. As we add features, our wallets will use more resources too. 8. You DO NOT need to Add block Add block storage New of storage so leave this empty. Add Volume Choose a Datacenter Region. If you have multiple nodes use different locations. DO NOT select additional options DO NOT add SSH Keys 9. Give your VPS a name and select create. 10. Check your email account for an email from Digital Ocean which will contain the root password. 11. Back on the Digital Ocean page in your Internet Browser. Once the machine is created you will be presented with this screen. Click on more link and select Access console.

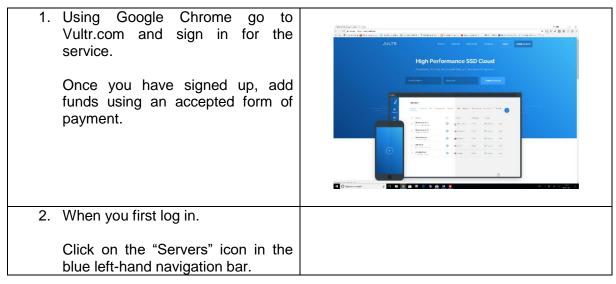


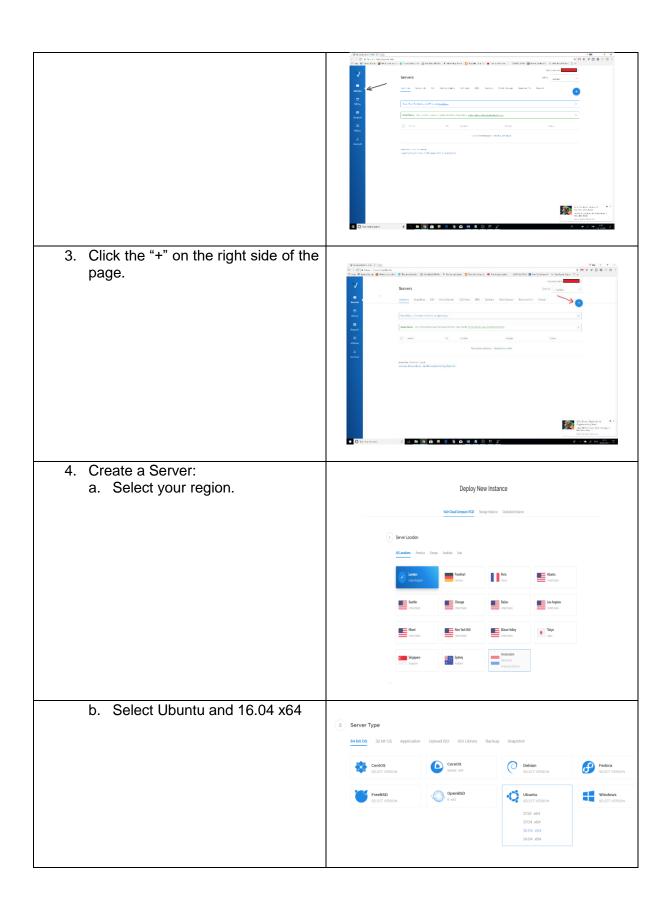
congratulations. For have successfully created and logged into the VF3 in Digital Ocean

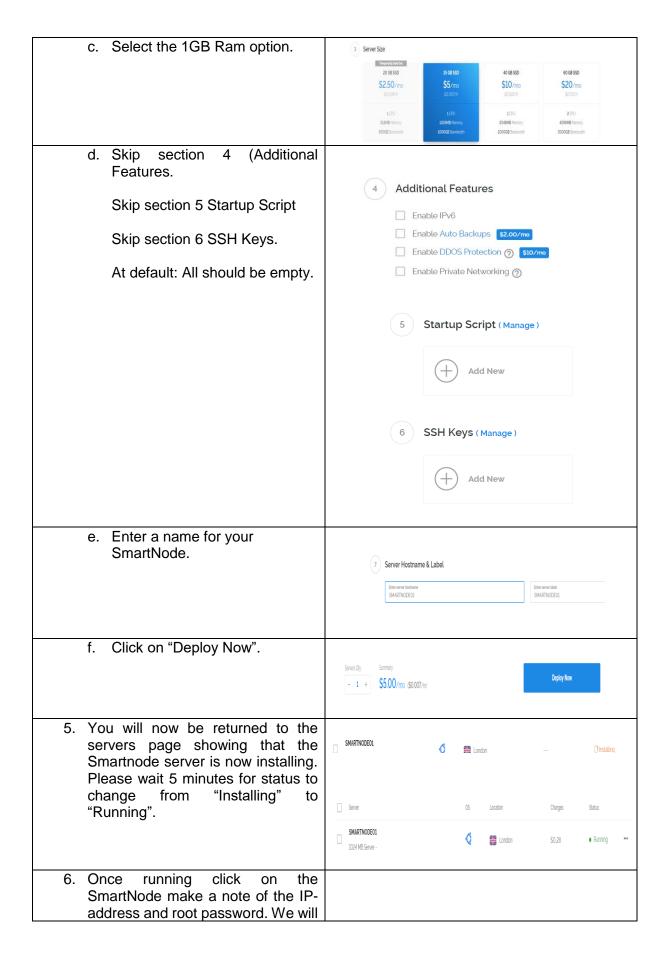
#### **ALTERNATE Section 3: VPS Creation and Console Connection: vultr.com**

We are now going to use Vultr.com to create an Ubuntu Server in the Vultr console.

We will then log into the server using the Vultr control panel.







need these details to connect to the server.	Location: London  IP Address: 45.76.138.142  Username: root  Password: STk8aZlgJJVfHIIP
7. Click on the connect button located in the top left.	Server Information (SmartNodeO1)  49783932
8. You should now have a connection to your Virtual Machine. Enter the root password exactly when prompted.  Please note copy and paste may not work. So please type correctly.	Jsing username "root". coot@45.76.138.142's password:
not work. So please type carefully.	
Please go to Section 4: Step to update the \	/PS. Create a user and install the firewall

# <u>Section 4: VPS: Update, Firewall and New user creation, Key Generation and Root SSH Disabled.</u>

Now that you have logged in, let us start to configure the Linux server to be more secure and get it ready to become a SmartNode. This guide will use the Digital Ocean Droplet as the main examples in screen captures. Using any other VPS should be exactly the same.

1.	In the connection to the virtual machine let us get the latest updates, please type in	root@SmartNodeO1:~# apt-get update
	apt-get update	
	and hit enter.	
2.	Now type	root@SmartNode01:~# apt-get upgrade_
	apt-get upgrade	restreament the about a map and a map a map and a map an
	and hit enter it will ask you if you	
	want to upgrade just type yes.	
3.	Restart the machine with	
	reboot	root@SmartNode01:~# <b>reboot</b>
	and log in again.	
4.	Once you have logged back in let us create a new user smartadmin with the command	
	adduser smartadmin	

```
Get cloud support with Ubuntu Advantage Cloud Guest:
http://www.ubuntu.com/business/services/cloud
5. Enter the details for a password and
     keep it safe.
                                                                    omartNode01:"# adduser smartadmin
( user `smartadmin' ...
new sroup `smartadmin' (1000) ...
new user `smartadmin' (1000) with group `smartadmin'
ing home directory 'Anome/smartadmin' ...
ug files from `etc/skel' ...
6. You can enter the optional
     information but it is not necessary
     so you can just skip it by pressing
                                                                             word.
:sword:
:dated successfully
information for smartadmin
:. or press ENTER for the default.
     enter.
7. Type Y for the question "Is this
     information correct" and press
     enter.
8. Give the smartadmin the ability to
     elevate the user privileges when
     needed by adding the user to the
     sudo group with the command
     gpasswd -a smartadmin sudo
9. Let us install the firewall with
     apt-get install ufw
10. Open up the correct ports for the
     SmartNode to function later.
                                                                           -
d (v6)
de01:∼# ufw limit ssh/tcp
     ufw allow ssh/tcp
     ufw limit ssh/tcp
                                                                             (v6)
e01:~# ufw logging on
     ufw allow 9678/tcp
                                                                         abled
Node01:~# ufw enable
s active and enabled on system startup
Node01:~#
     ufw logging on
     ufw enable
11. Check the status of the firewall with
     ufw status
                                                                 tcp (v6)
                                                               oot@SmartNode01:~#
12. As we have been using the console
     from the vultr control panel we have
                                                                   root@SmartNode01:~# reboot
     not used ssh.
     In the next section we get this
     sorted but first let us restart the
     machine again with
     reboot
```

NOTE: Please be aware that restarting the machine may change your IP address so please refer back to the website and check your ip has not changed in the reboot.

Location:

IP Address:

Username:

root

Password:

STK8aZIgJJVfHIIP

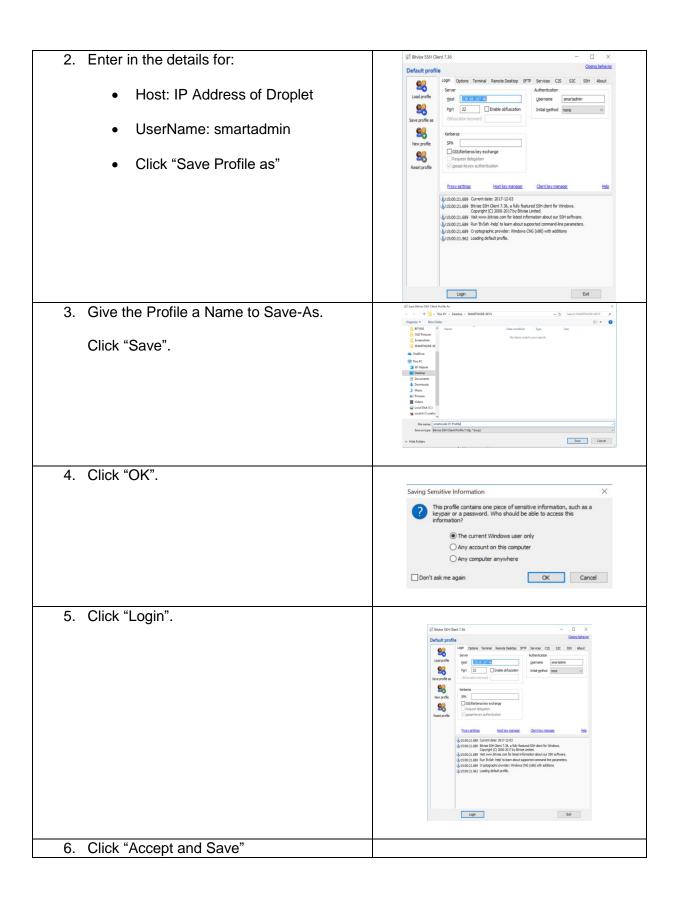
Congratulations you have successfully logged in as root, upgraded and updated the droplet. Created a new user smartadmin and installed/configured a firewall.

## Section 5: Configure Secure Login as smartadmin using the privatekey

Now let us log in as the newly created user smartadmin and secure our SSH Connection

1. Go to Windows menu and start up Bitvise SSH Client.

| See | Color | Color



Host Key Verification

New host key

Either the connection to this host is being established for the first time or the host key has been removed from, or never saved to the database.

Please contact the server's administrator and verify the received key. Accepting the host key without verification is not recommended.

Connecting to 138.68.187.46:22

Host key algorithm: RSA, size: 2048 bits.

MD5 Fingerprint:
9:1573.37/deais.doi.151.551.64.e81.351.3f7.74:11:68:c2

Bubble-Babble:
xdem-hadav-bimig-puken-dibem-somyb-zirep-budin-vamek-zyfyt-bxyx

SHA-256 Fingerprint:
plesxX.27/pbeb(33H)1VQY+3+XTutahvd3Vyp2mwSsl%AY

Accept and Save

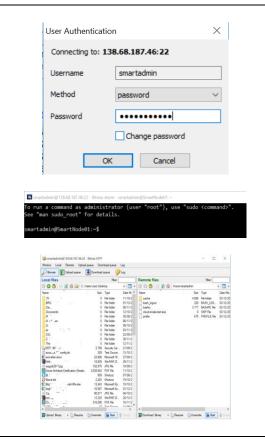
Accept for This Session

Cancel

7. Password: Type the password you created for the smartadmin user.

Click "OK".

Two windows will appear one xterm console window and a file transfer window.



8. Go to the xterm console window and let us create the ssh key.

ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 2048

It will offer to save the file in the default location:

/home/smartadmin/.ssh

Press Enter to Accept Defaults.

Create a Passphrase.

Enter the Passphrase Again.



9. Now we need to rename and change the permission on the public key.

mv ~/.ssh/id\_rsa.pub ~/.ssh/authorized\_keys
chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized\_keys

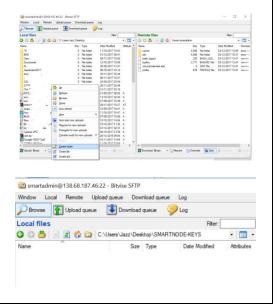
smartadmin@SmartNode01:~/.ssh\$ mv ~/.ssh/id\_rsa.pub ~/.ssh/authorized\_keys smartadmin@SmartNode01:~/.ssh\$ chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized\_keys

10. Go to the File Transfer Window

Create a folder in the left hand side of the file transfer window. (This is your local system - Windows 10 Machine)

Right Mouse Click – Select Create folder named "SMARTNODE-KEYS"

Double click the Folder to enter the folder.



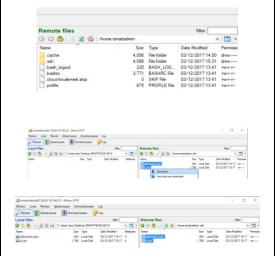
11. On the right side is the Droplet/VPS Side of the file transfer window (Remote VPS Machine).

Look for a directory called .ssh

If this window is empty click or does not show .ssh folder on the refresh button on the right hand side.

Go into the .ssh folder select both files and copy both files.

Right mouse click and select "Download"



12. Go to the x-term session and delete the id\_rsa (private key) file from linux with the command.

rm ~/.ssh/id\_rsa

13. Now to disable root access for ssh.

sudo pico /etc/ssh/sshd config

Enter when prompted the password for the smartadmin user.

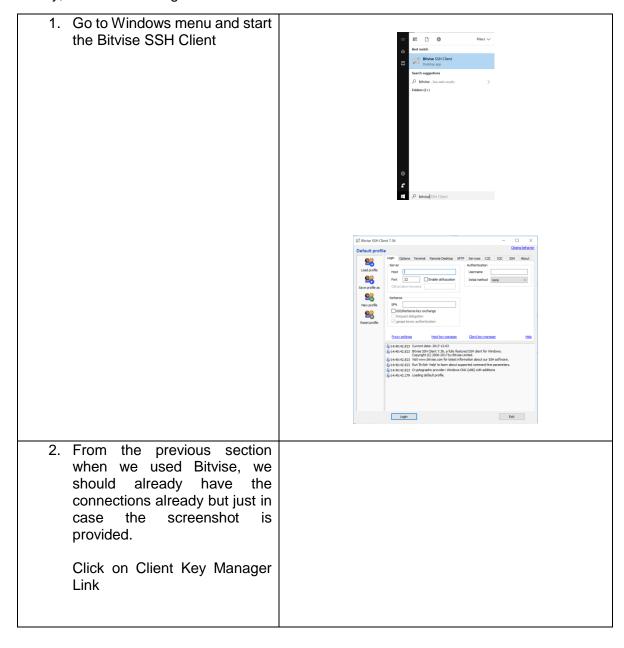
smartadmin@SmartNode01:~\$ smartadmin@SmartNode01:~\$ rm ~/.ssh/id\_rsa

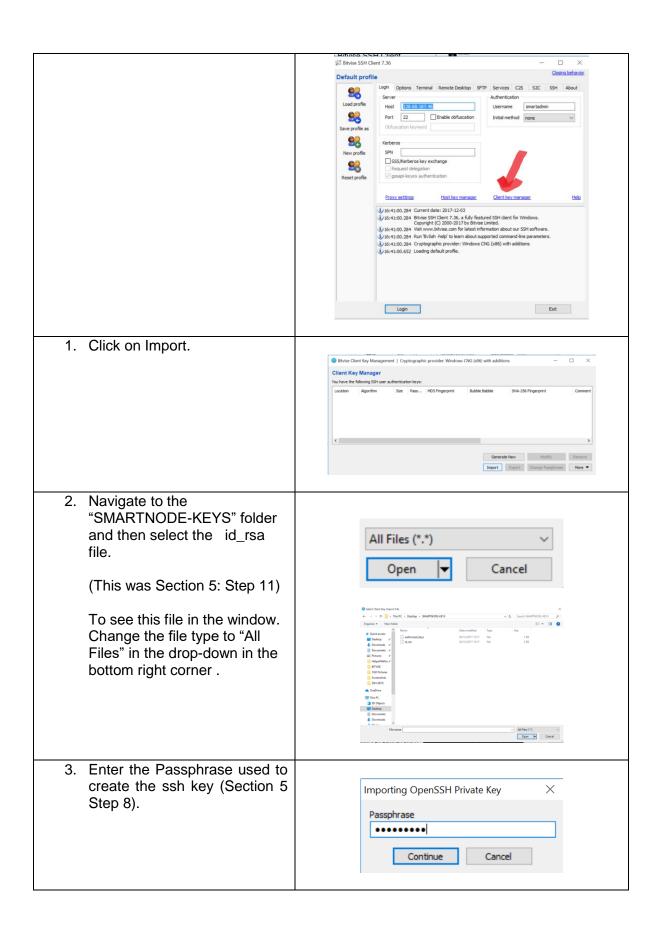
∰ smartadmin@SMARTNODE01:~ smartadmin@SMARTNODE01:~\$ sudo pico /etc/ssh/sshd\_config 14. Scroll down the file till you see PermitRootLogin yes and change it to no SyslogFacility AUTH #LogLevel INFO LoginGraceTime 2m ermitRootLogin yes PermitRootLogin no 15. Scroll down to PasswordAuthentication and make sure it has no # infront and says no (check screenshot) #PasswordAuthentication no #PermitEmptyPasswords no To PasswordAuthentication no PermitEmptyPasswords no 16. Now press CTRL + x to close. Save modified buffer? (Answering "No" will DISCARD changes.) "Save modified buffer?" will appear at the bottom. Press Y to save. 17. Hit Enter to confirm the filename to save as. File Name to Write: /etc/ssh/sshd config 18. Now it is time to restart the ssh service so the changes become active. sudo systemctl reload sshd 19. Congratulations we are all done just restart the machine. smartadmin@SmartNode01:~/downloads/smartcash-1.1.0/bin\$ sudo reboot sudo reboot Your machine is now updated and ready.

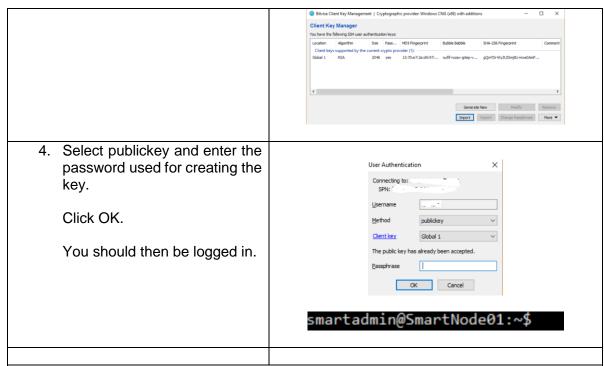
	Location: London  IP Address: 45.76.138.142  Username: root  Password: \$Ttk8aZlgJJVfHIIP
20. Close Bitvise SSH and all associated windows.	

# <u>Section 6: Securely login as the smartadmin user with the private key and passphrase using Bitvise</u>

Finally, let us test the login as the smartadmin user.



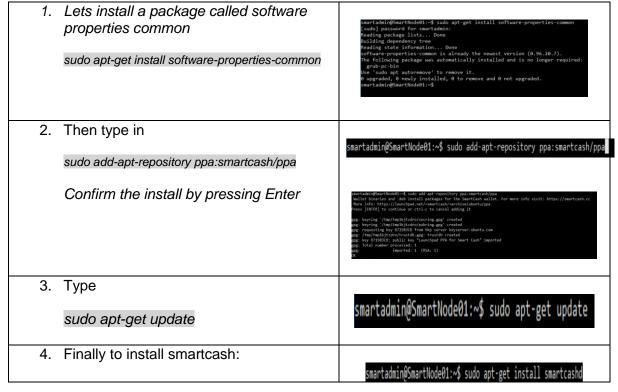




Congratulations. You now have securely logged in with a secure key and password into your account.

## Section 7: Installing SmartCash using a PPA

Since you have already logged in as the smartadmin user let us install the Smartcash Wallet using apt-get



Sudo apt-get install smartcashd

Go to Section 8 to add a configuration file before running for the first time.

## **ALTERNATE SECTION 7 Install with tar.gz file**

In your terminal	
mkdir ~/downloads	smartadmin@SmartNode01:~\$ mkdir ~/downloads
2. cd ~/downloads	
	smartadmin@SmartNode01:~\$ cd ~/downloads
3. Type:	
wget <u>https://smartcash.cc/wp-</u> content/uploads/2017/12/smartcash-1.1.0-x86_64- linux-gnu.tar.gz	wget https://smartcash.cc/wp-content/uploads/2017/12/smartcash-1.1.0-x86_64-linux-gnu.tar.gz
For a latest download right click on the download file from the website and copy hyperlink.	
4. Type	1100 1110 11 3 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
tar -zxvf smartcash-1.1.0-86_64-linux-gnu.tar.gz	smartadmin@SmartNode01:~/downloads\$ tar -zxvf smartcash-1.1.0-x86_64-linux-gnu.tar.gz
5. Type	
cd smartcash1.1.0/bin/	smartadmin@SmartNode01:~/downloads\$ cd smartcash-1.0.1/bin smartadmin@SmartNode01:~/downloads/smartcash-1.0.1/bin\$
The smartcashd and smartcash-cli files are inside this directory.	
Go to Section 8 to add a configuration file before	e running for the first time.

## Section 8: Configure SmartNode to run on Droplet/VPS

1. Type	annet dei AC mart No de Od , & ni and a summer a blamatara b annet
mkdir ~/.smartcash	smartadmin@SmartNode01:~\$ pico ~/.smartcash/smartcash.conf
press enter.	
pico ~/.smartcash/smartcash.conf	
press enter.	

2. We need to create a File: /home/smartadmin/.smartcash/smartcash.conf smartcash.conf file to create the node. Type: rpcuser=smart rpcpassword=somethingunique port=9678 daemon=1 listen=1 server=1 smartnode=1 txindex=1 smartnodeprivkey=7RR1tMKm7uvC..... smartnodeprivkey is the output from the command "smartnode genkey" command you used in Section 1: Step 12. 3. Now press CTRL + x to close. Save modified buffer? (Answering "No" will DISCARD changes.) "Save modified buffer?" will appear at the bottom. Press Y to save 4. Press Enter to confirm Filename. ile Name to Write: smartcash.conf Get Help M-D DOS Format Cancel Mac Format 5. Start smartcashd smartadmin@SmartNode01:~/downloads/smartcash-1.1.0/bin\$ ./smartcashd (if installed via apt-get) Smartcash server starting or ./smartcashd (if installed via tar.gz) n@Jazz-SmartNode01:~/downloads/smartcash-1.1.0/bin\$ Error: Cannot obtain a lock on data directory /home/smartdain/.smartcash. Smartc If you receive a warning saying: robably already running. "Error: Cannot obtain a lock on data directory /home/smartadmin/.smartcash. Smartcash is probably already running." Stop the smartcash process with ./smartcash-cli stop (if installed via tar.gz) or smartcash-cli stop (if installed via apt-get)

Then try starting smartcash again

./smartcashd (if installed via tar.gz)

or

smartcashd (if installed via apt-get) smartadmin@SmartNode01:∾/downloads/smartcash-1.1.0/bin\$ ./smartcash-cli stop Smartcash server stopping . •

smartadmin@SmartNode01:~/downloads/smartcash-1.1.0/bin\$ ./smartcashd

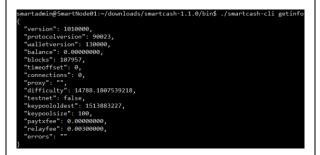
6. Now that smartcashd is running please leave it to sync the complete blockchain this can take about an hour.

smartcash-cli getinfo

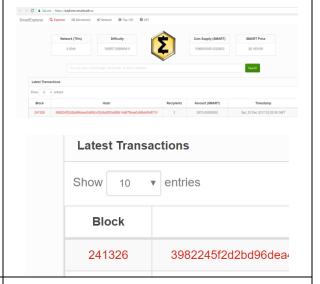
Type the above command every couple of minutes and check that the "blocks" field is increasing. When these numbers get within 1 block of the latest block explorer number you should then be fully synced.

Go to your Chrome Browser and get the latest block number from

https://explorer.smartcash.cc



## "blocks": 107957,



7. Once your VPS has completely synced run the command.

./smartcash-cli smartnode status

Or

smartcash-cli smartnode status if you installed SmartCash via PPA

This will return a smartnode status.

./smartcash-cli smartnode status

Current Smartnode Status

Current Smartnode Status

smartadsingfiestNet-1:-/dominations/smartash-titosh Status

smartadsingfiestNet-1:-/dominations/smartash-titosh Status

("via": "Ctalr(ContPoint(NSAS)18-Sace270cb479197161cdc780fff846de1f0cde2cc84s94acebdBab, 2), scriptSigo", "aparyces," "TBND28icsNet2AXQXxXSshubcnc5XNB)X4t",
"status": "Smartnode is capable but not activated."
)

"Smartnode is capable but not activated"

Once you run the start command from your local wallet and wait a few minutes, it will say

"Smartnode successfully started".

{
 "vin": "CTXIn(COutPoint(c09a22d55515dc536e7b9bda7fb143f9a698e486a7d306a7b921400888aafc71, 0), scriptSig=)",
 "service": "45.76.138.142:9678",
 "payee": "SVCNbcxhxegRwulzefN6eda]iVdc4nkoRe",
 "payee": "SWCNbcxhxegRwulzefN6eda]iVdc4nkoRe",
}
}

}

After Section 9 is Complete

Congratulations your SmartNode is now configured.

### Section 9: Start the SmartCash SmartNode

 Go back to your local Windows Machine Open the file in %appdata%/Smartcash (or the Data directory you selected when you installed the SmartCash Installer) called smartnode.conf.

Tie Edit Format Veer Help Smartrookel, 45,7%,138,142-5678 799119Voltus/CPgdsglvmeischol/LFd29499tzhie-PPLand-HCP c/89425555555556799bia PFs145P94598498a-76596a-76511499009baa-Fc7,1 8

This file has an example showing how a smartnode can be added for the windows wallet to manage it.

Each line denotes a single SmartNode.

The line consists of the following information separated by a single space.

LABEL: A one-word name you make up to call your node (ex. SmartNode01)

IP: PORT: Your remote node VPS's IP-Address, and the port which is always 9678.

SMARTNODEPRIVKEY: This is the result of your "smartnode genkey" from Section 1 Step 12.

TRANSACTION HASH: The collateral tx. hash from "smartnode outputs" command from Section 1 Step 19.

INDEX: The Index value(0,1,2..) at the end of the smartnode outputs from Section 1 Step 19.

Add your smartnode details using the structure highlighted above. Do not add a # to the beginning lines of your smartnodes.

Save the file.

 Start the SmartCash wallet (If it is already started please close the application and restart the wallet so it can read the changes made).

Wait for the wallet to fully sync: indicated by the tick in the bottom right corner.

