# **SDD - SQL DATABASE DEVELOPER Quick Configuration** AM IULOS

This document presents a sequence for creating the necessary records to have a database ready to use after installation. The meaning of the fields present in the pages is described in the SDD document.

This sequence assumes the the SDD application is started using the line:

```
java -Dspring.config.location=<setup folder>\sdd.properties
-Denvironment=DEVELOPMENT -jar SDD.war
```

where **<setup folder>** is the folder that contains the sdd.properties copied from GitHub and adapted to meet the current environment.

The first page sent is the login page. In this case, the only user that can be used is the **ADMIN**, and the password is **admin**, inserted as part of the installation.

The environment is displayed on this page and this environment must be defined after the login.



If the username and password are informed correctly, the menu page is displayed. The corresponding environment is displayed in the upper left corner of the page and the current user is displayed in the upper right corner.

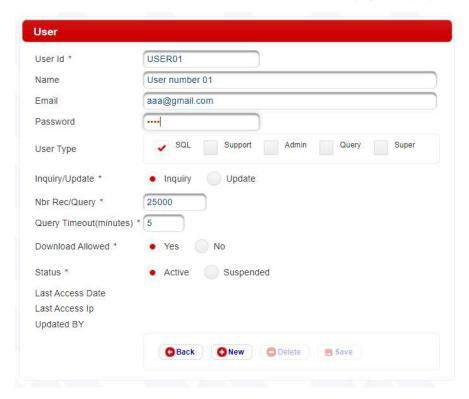


The only information present in the database is the record related to the user ADMIN. Selecting the menu **Admin** and the option **Users**, the **Users** query page is displayed with only one record.





To see the user details, click on the first button in the row and the user page is displayed.

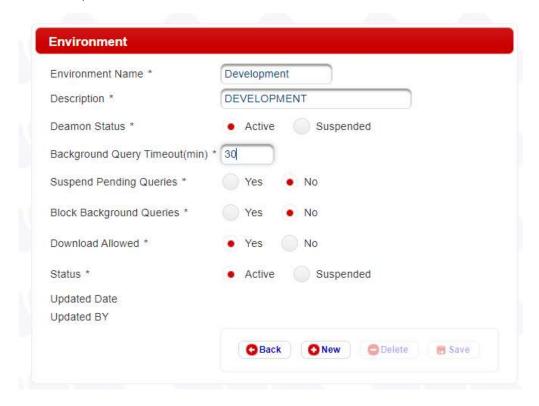


Selecting the menu **Admin**, the first information must be created, the **DEVELOPMENT** environment. Select **Environments** and an empty environments query page is displayed.





By pressing the button **Add New Environment** the environment page is sent. Enter the desired information and press **New**. The environment record is created.



The name of the environment must be the same as the text used in the SWENV variable.

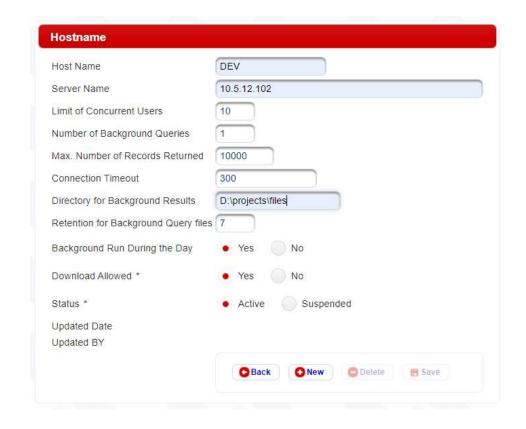


The next step is to create a hostname. In the **Admin** menu, select **Hostnames**. The hostnames query page is displayed and is empty.





By pressing the **Add New Hostname** button, the hostname page is sent. The **Host Name** can be the network name or an alias. The **Server Name** must be the name that the server is known to over the network.



The next step is related to the database to be accessed. The configuration is made by selecting the menu **Admin** and the **Databases** option. The databases query page is displayed.

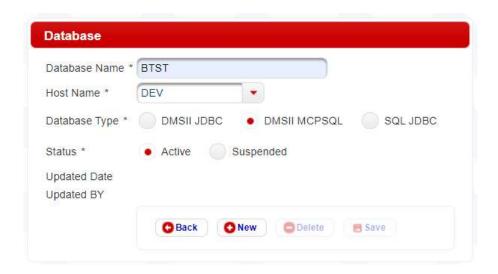




By pressing the Add New Database, the database page is shown. To define a database, it is necessary to define the **Database Name** and the **Host Name**.

If the database type is **DMSII MCPSQL**, the database name must have the same name defined in the **MCPSQL/CONFIG** file. The file **mcpsql.properties** must be present in the **SWDIR\_SETUP** folder. GitHub has a sample of this file (**mcpsql.properties**).

If the database type is DMSII JDBC, the database name must have the name used in the configuration file stored in the folder pointed by the **SWDIR\_SETUP** environment variable. If the database name is **DBTST**, the file **DBTST.properties** must be present in the **SWDIR\_SETUP** folder. GitHub has a sample of this file named DMSII JDBC.properties.



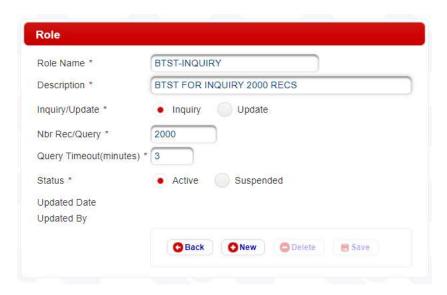
Roles are used to creating a profile and all users who are assigned to that role will have the privilege to access all databases included in the role.

Selecting the **Admin** menu and the **Roles** option, the roles query page is displayed.

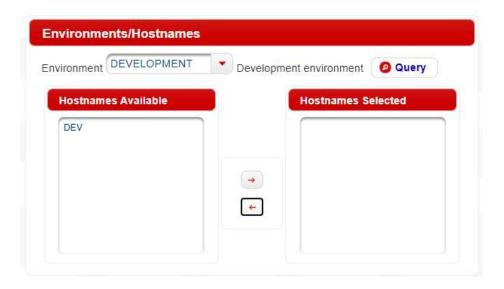


By pressing the **Add New Role** button, the role page is displayed. Enter the desired values in the fields and press **New**.



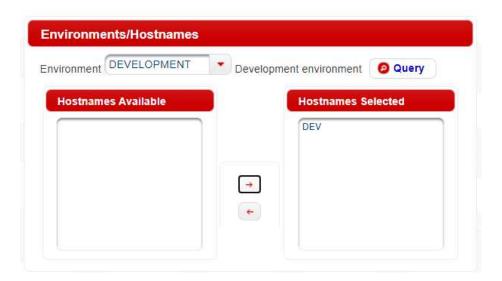


After finishing the first part, the relations must be defined. First, let's defined which mainframes are part of the environment. Select the option Environment/Hostnames in the Admin menu and the page will be displayed. The combo box has a list of all environments and selects the DEVELOPMENT environment from the list.

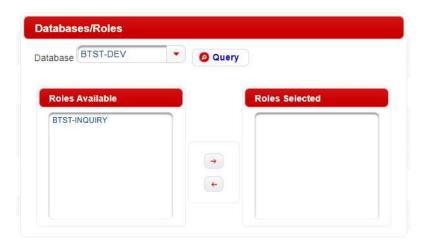


The mainframe **DEV** is the only mainframe defined. To include this mainframe, press over the hostname **DEV** on the left list and press the button to move it to the right.



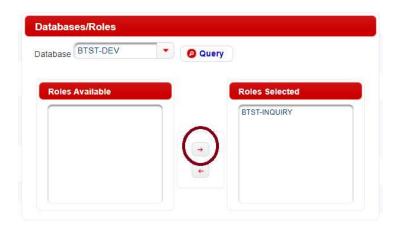


The next relation is Databases/Roles. Select the corresponding option in the **Admin** menu Select the database using the combo box and the roles available will be listed on the left side.



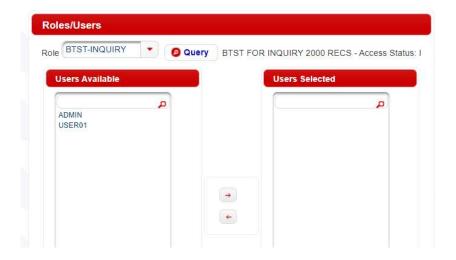
Press over the role name and click the button to move it to the right list.





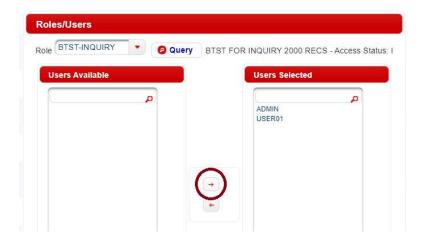
The next step is to create permission for the user **ADMIN**. Currently, **ADMIN** is an admin user but does not have access to any databases. Select the option **Roles/Users** in the **Admin** menu and the corresponding page will be displayed.

The combo box has all roles available. Select the role BTST-INQUIRY and the available users are displayed in the left list.



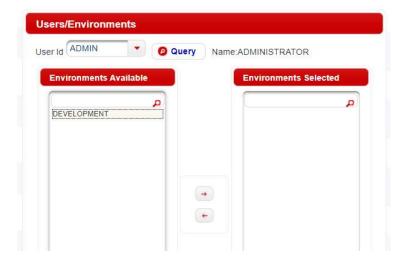
Select the users you want to assign to this role and press the button to move them to the right list. With this action, **ADMIN** and **USER01** can access the database **BTST** in inquiry mode but only 2.000 records are in a result.





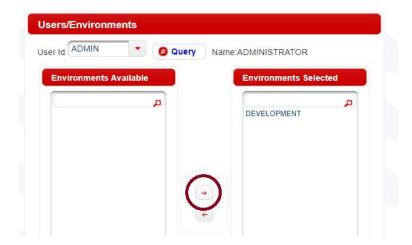
The last relation is to assign users to environments. This allows the user to access databases defined in that environment.

Select the option Users/Environment in the Admin menu and the page will be displayed.



Proceed using the same operation as the previous page to assign the **DEVELOPMENT** environment to the user **ADMIN**.





Now the security configuration has been done. You can connect using USER01 to use the SQL Worksheet page to submit queries to the BTST database.

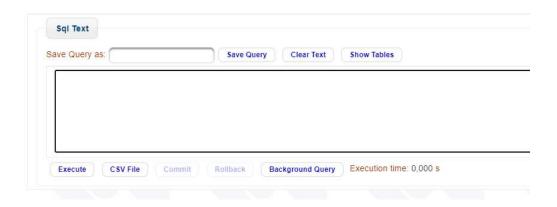
Select the option **SQL Worksheet** in the **SQL** menu. As no database has been selected yet, the **Select Database** page is displayed and all databases available to the connected user are listed.



Select the database BTST from the DEV mainframe and click OK.

The SQL Worksheet page is displayed.





You can use the query text to type your SQL statement. By pressing the Execute button, the query is processed and the gird contains the result of the query.



