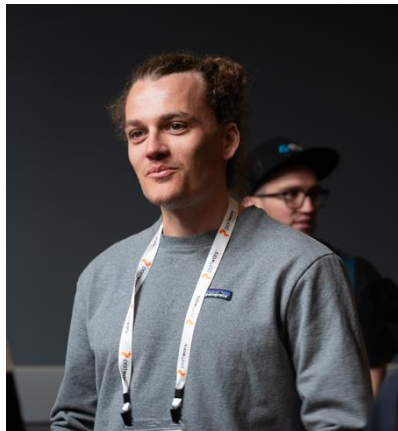


DEFER: THE SILENT HERO OF KUBERNETES OPERATORS

February 11 2026, Fabian Schulz, Lea Brühwiler



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DevOps Engineer

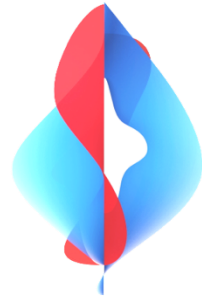
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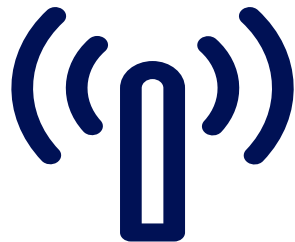


swisscom



User Equipment

(e.g. Phone, IoT Device)



Radio Access Network



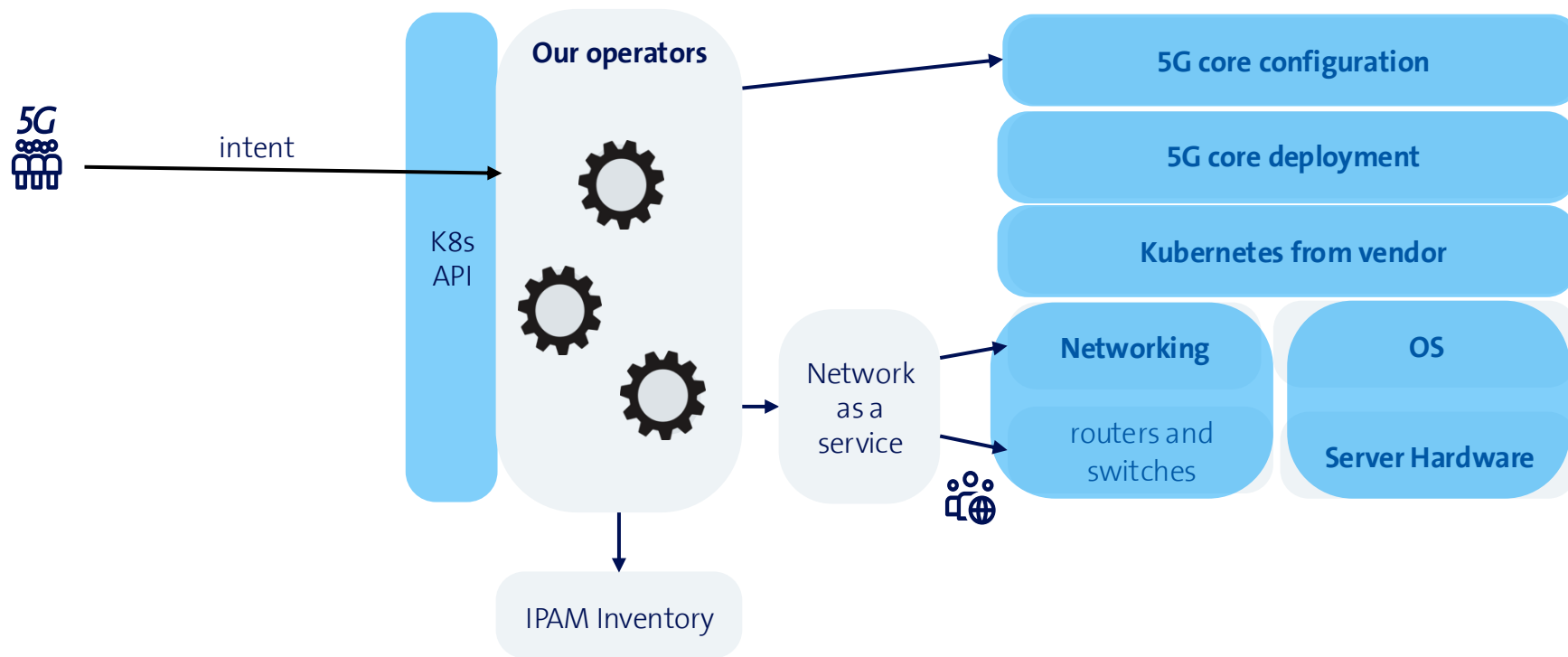
Mobile Data Core



Data Network

(e.g. Internet)

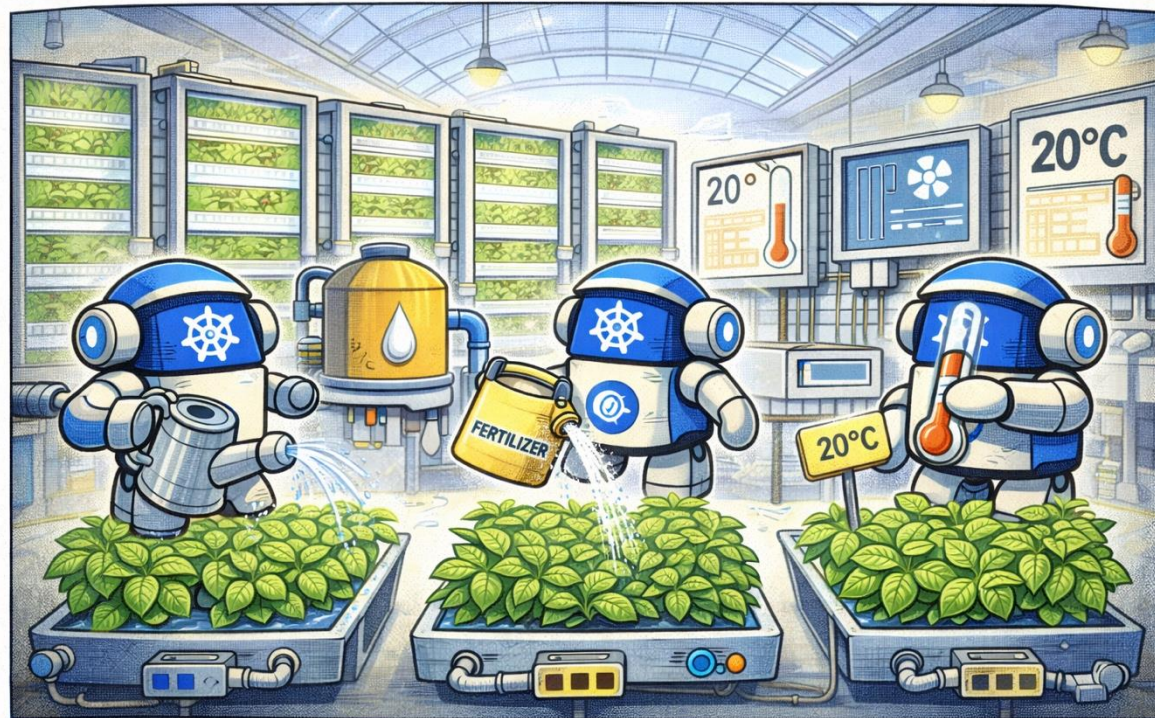




EXAMPLE: HYDROCULTURE OPERATOR



Hydroculture plant





Kubernetes Resource Model - KRM



API Extensions

Custom Resource Definitions extend the Kubernetes API.



Custom Resources (CRs) Instances

Custom Resources instantiate a CRD.



Business Logic

Use of Operators or templates to run custom logic.



Herbs CR

kind: Herbs

spec:

plant: basil

temperature: 20°C

humidity: 60%

status:

conditions:

TemperatureOk: True

HumidityOk: True

Ready: True

generation: 1

Temperature: 20°C

Humidity: 60%



Type: TemperatureOk

Status: True

ObservedGeneratio: 1

LastTransitionTime: <timestamp>

Reason: SelectedTemperatureReached

Message: "Temperature of 20°C reached"



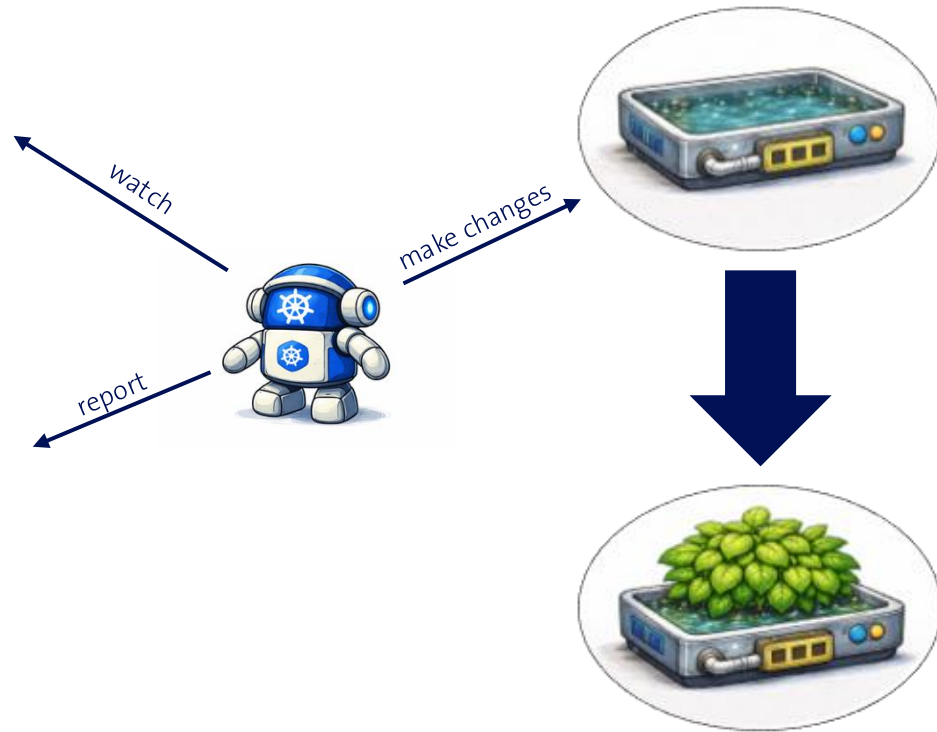
Operator Pattern

CNCF Operator

WhitePaper

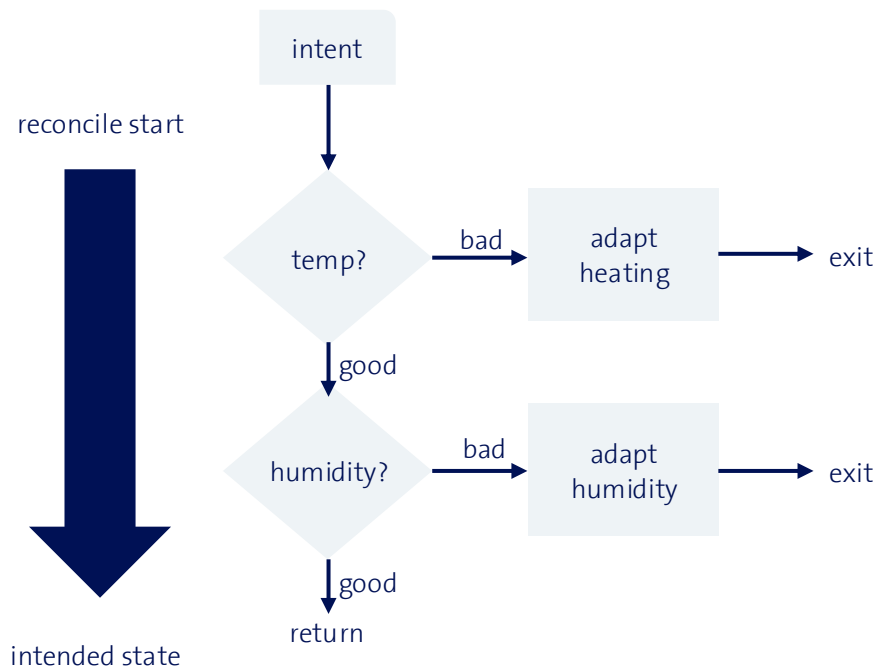
kind: Herbs
spec:
plant: basil

status:
conditions:
TemperatureOk: True
HumidityOk: True
Ready: True
generation: 1
Temperature: 20°C
Humidity: 60%



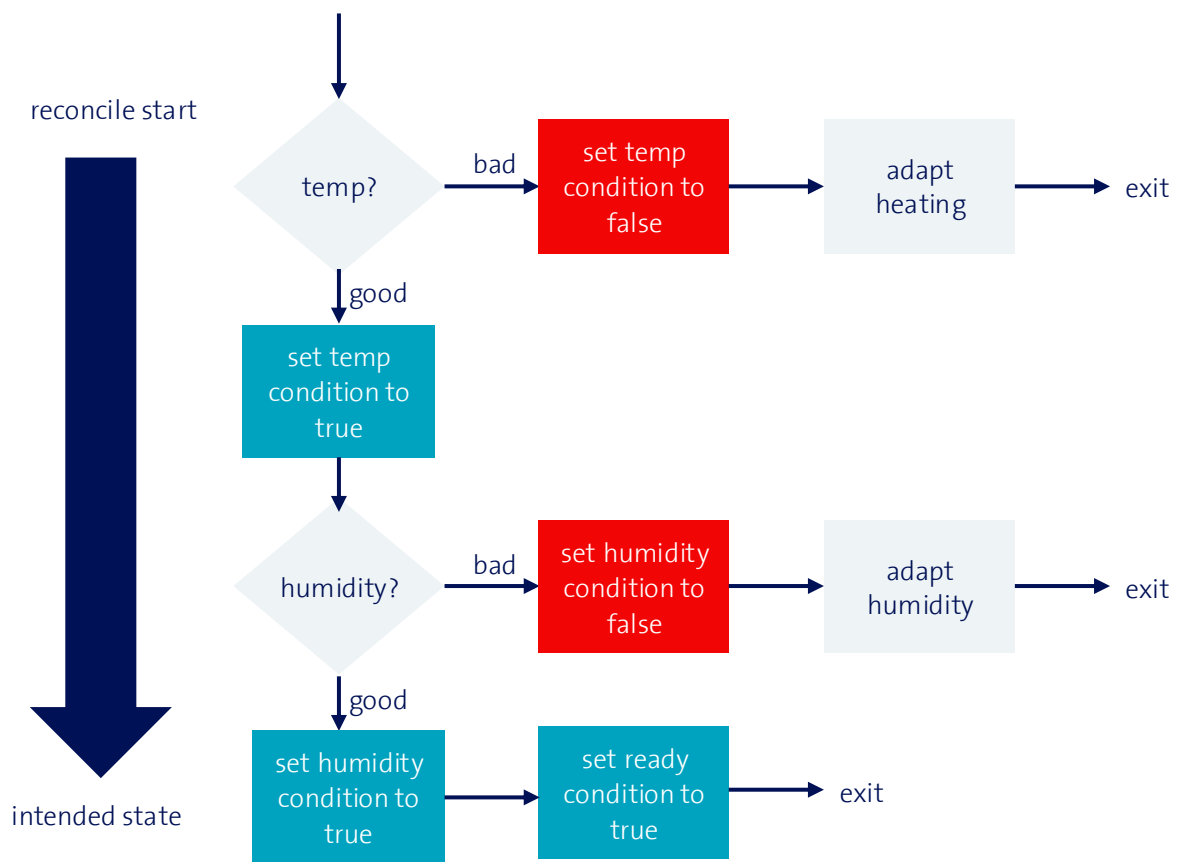


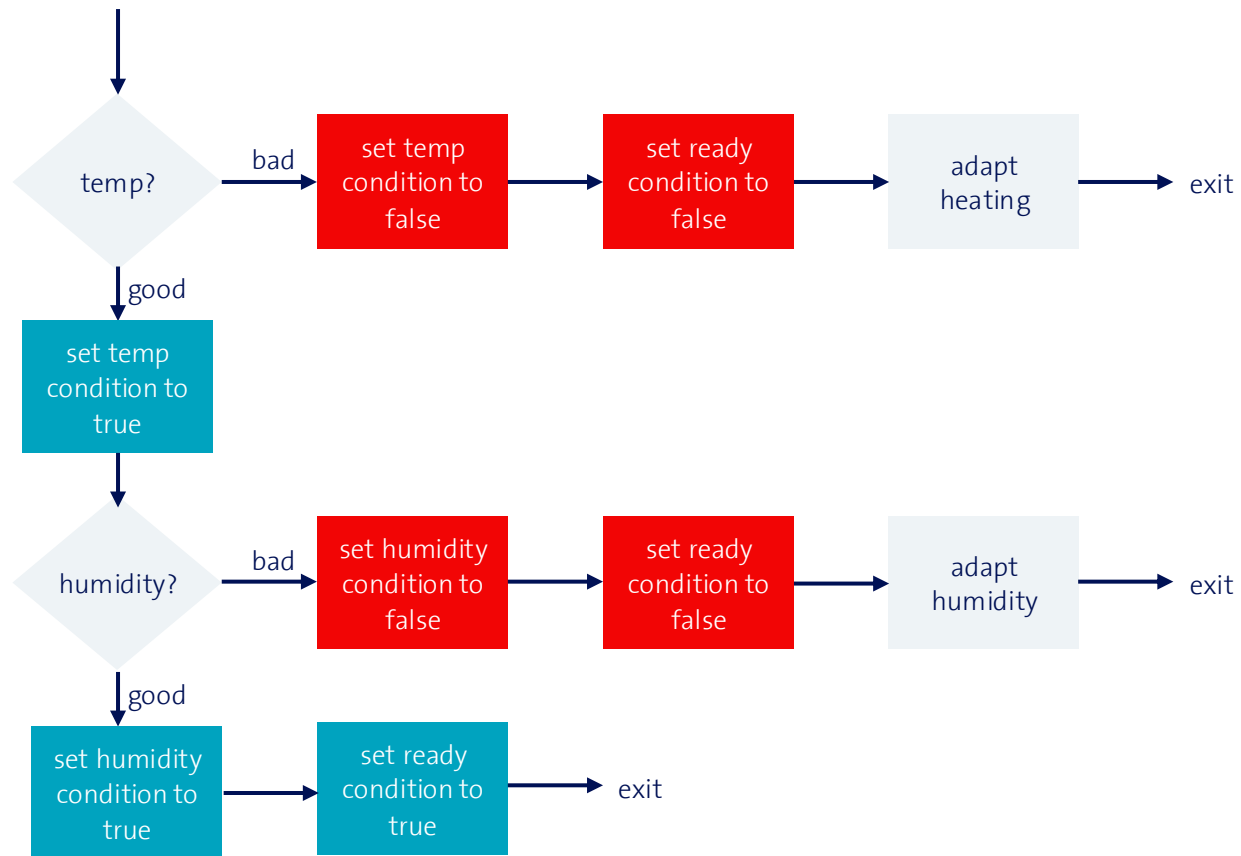
Herbs Reconcile Loop



CUSTOM RESOURCE STATUS UPDATES

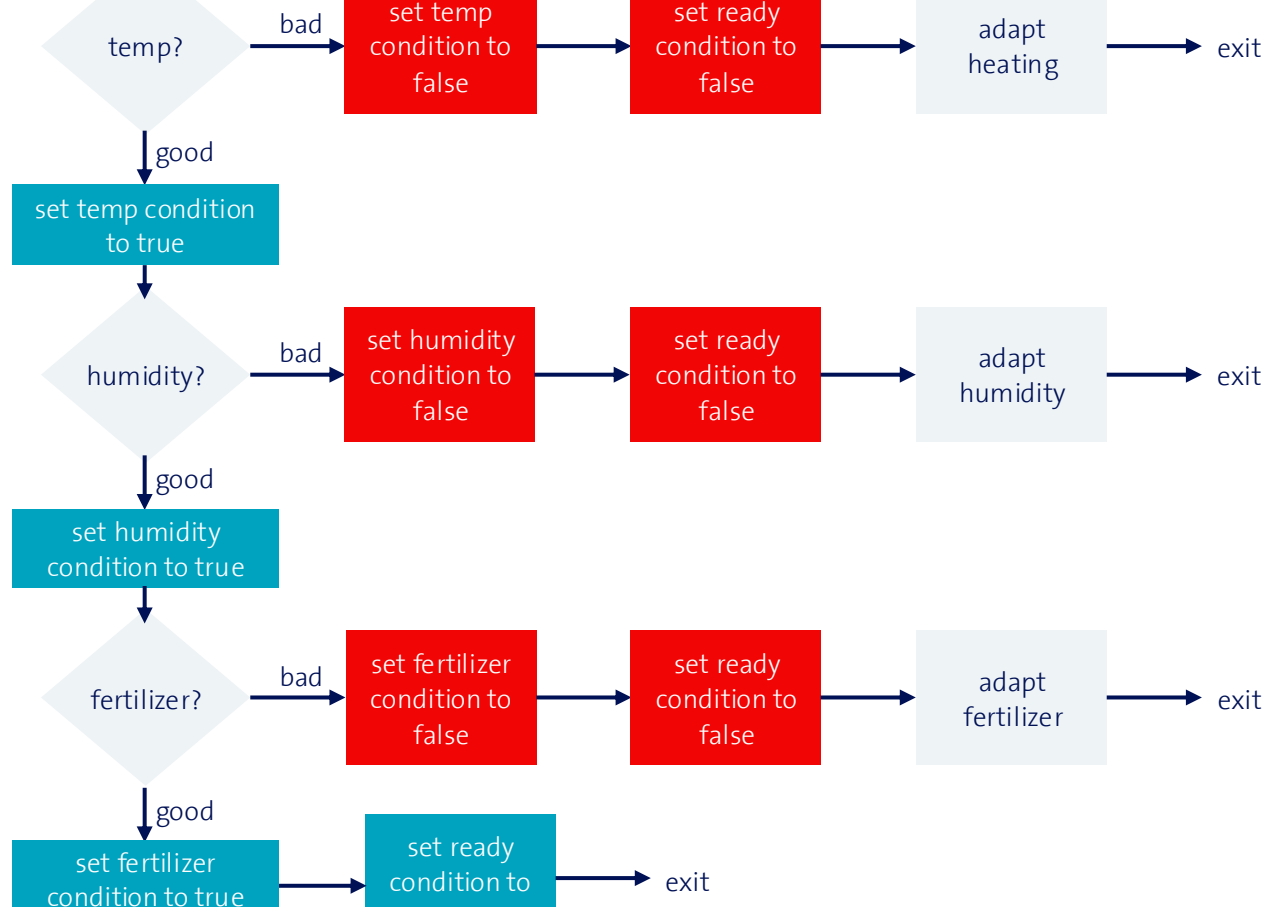
Hydroculture Example







We also need to
control the
concentration of
fertilizer.





Add web cams for
the most important
plants.



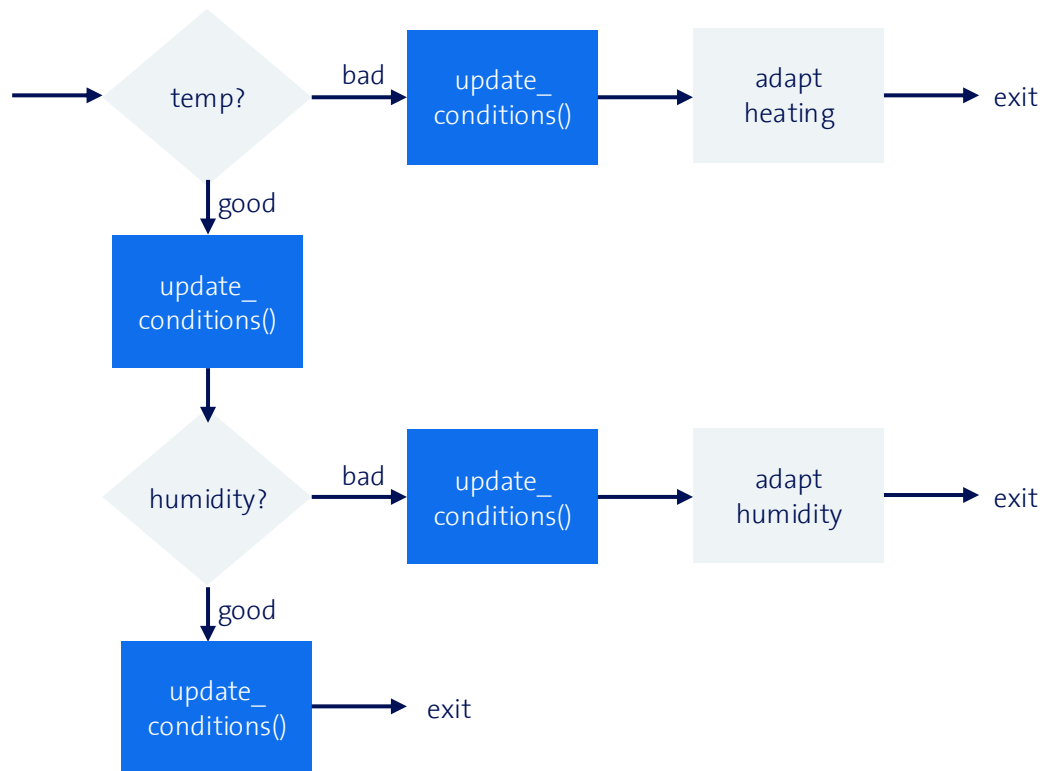


Observation

- Status conditions are updated in many locations in the code
- Can easily be forgotten

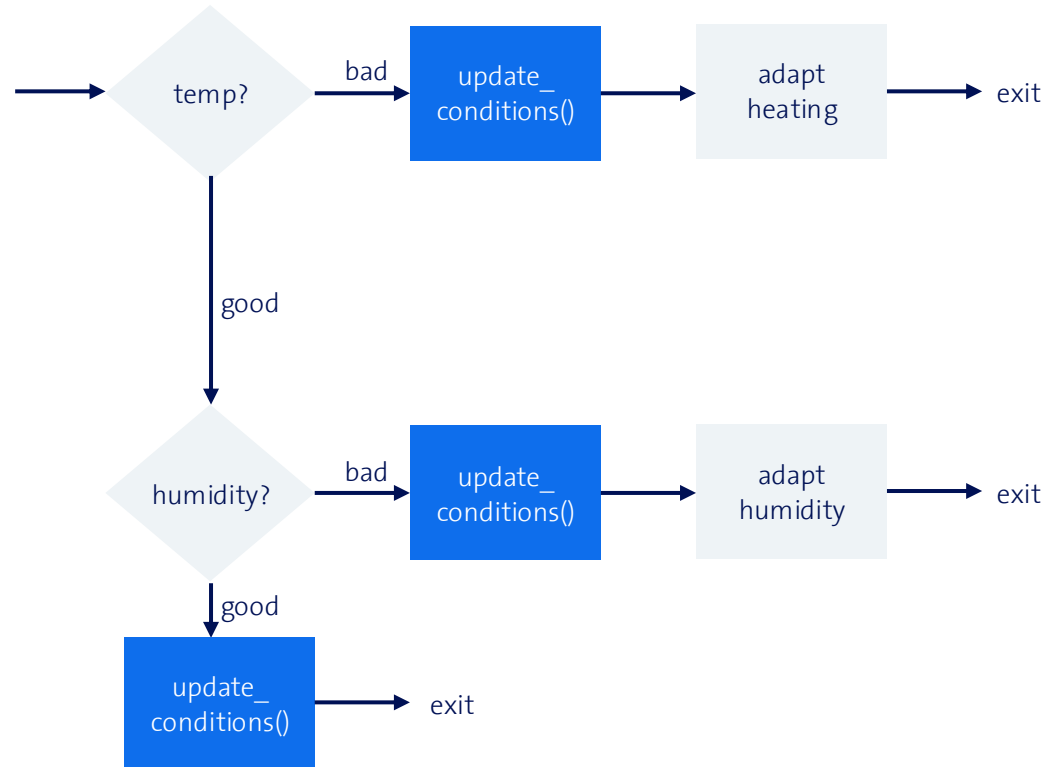


Solution to remove duplicates -> def update_conditions()





Solution to remove duplicates -> def update_conditions()





defer()



defer()

Defer is used to ensure that a function call is performed later in a program's execution, usually for purposes of cleanup.





Intro quiz: Question 0

<https://go.dev/play/p/eQ882z-pTvU>

What will be returned by the function on the right?

Code snippet

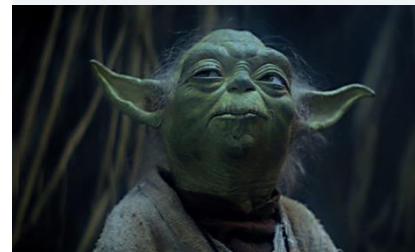
```
func quote() {  
    fmt.Println("decide")  
    defer fmt.Println("you must")  
    fmt.Println("your path")  
}  
return  
}
```

Answer

decide

your path

you must





Intro quiz: Question 1

<https://go.dev/play/p/BtkBMyt8lHh>

What will be returned by the function on the right?

Code snippet

```
func number() {  
    i := 0  
    defer fmt.Println(i)  
    i++  
}
```

Answer

"0"



Intro quiz: Question 2

https://go.dev/play/p/ICDRu_5J0TR

What will be returned by the function on the right?

Code snippet

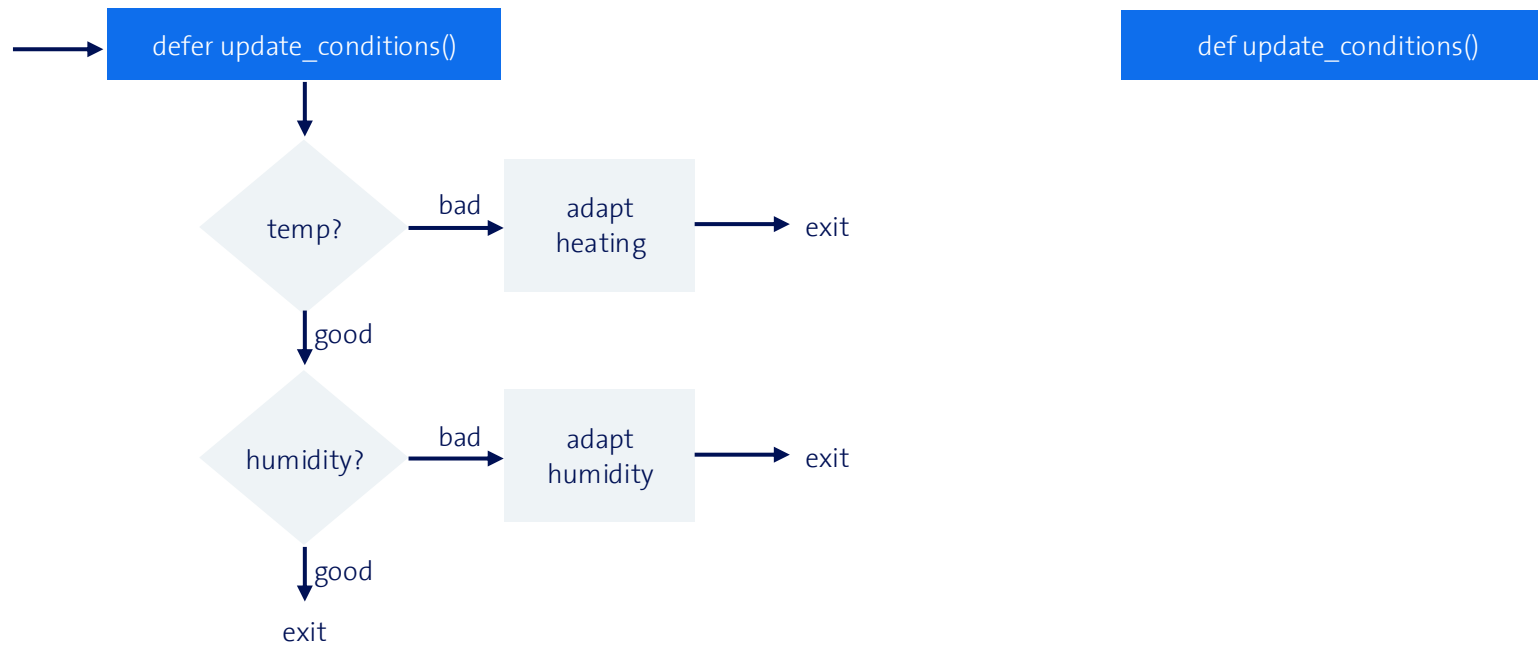
```
func counter() {  
    for i := 0; i < 4; i++ {  
        defer fmt.Print(i)  
    }  
}
```

Answer

"3210"



Better solution to remove duplicates -> defer func()





```
func (r *HerbsReconciler) Reconcile(  
    ctx context.Context, req ctrl.Request)  
    (ctrl.Result, error) {  
  
    herbs := &hydroculturev1.Herbs{}  
    r.Get(ctx, req.NamespacedName, herbs)  
  
    defer func() {  
        r.update_conditions(ctx, herbs)  
    }()  
  
    // ... reconciler logic here ...  
  
    return  
}
```

ERROR HANDLING



Error handling



Events

Create an event for the reconciled resource in case of an error



Status conditions

Update Status Condition and add error message to message of status condition



Logs

Create Log message in case of an error

Key message move error handling to defer function to ensure consistency



Quiz: Question 3

<https://go.dev/play/p/c5BBmkj6DZ->

What will be returned by the function on the right?

Code snippet

```
func c() (i int){  
    defer func() { i++ }()  
    return 1  
}  
  
func main() {  
  
    fmt.Println(c())  
  
}
```

Answer

"2"



```
func (r *HerbsReconciler) Reconcile(ctx context.Context,  
    reqctrl.Request) (result ctrl.Result, reconcileErr error) {  
    // Fetch the Herbs instance  
    herbs := &hydroculturev1.herbs{}  
    r.Get(ctx, req.NamespacedName, herbs); err != nil  
  
    defer func() {  
        // Set Condition and handle error  
        result, reconcileErr = r.finalizeReconciliation(ctx,  
            herbs,  
            reconcileErr)  
    }()  
  
    // ... reconciler logic here ...  
}
```




Types of errors

System error

Unexpected errors

Example:

Requests to kubeapi fail

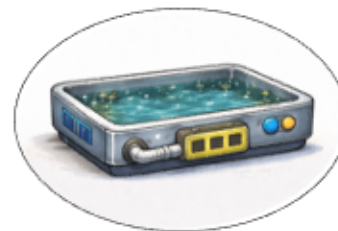


Domain error

Expected errors

Example:

No basil seeds left in warehouse





```
func (r *HydroCultureSettingsReconciler) finalizeReconciliation (ctx context.Context
    o hydroCultureSettings, err error) (result ctrl.Result, err error) {
    if err != nil{
        // SetReadyConditionFalse adds error message to condition message
        if updateErr := r.SetReadyConditionFalse(o, err); updateErr != nil{
            return errors.Join(updateErr, err)
        }
        if ignoreDomainErr(err) != nil{
            return ctrl.Result{}, err
        }
        return ctrl.Result{Reconcile: true}, nil
    }
    if updateErr := r.SetReadyConditionTrue(o); updateErr != nil{
        return ctrl.Result{}, updateErr
    }
    return ctrl.Result{}, nil
}
```

SCHEDULED RECONCILIATION



> **Ensure backend is in
sync with intent**

> **Consistent behaviour**

```
kind:  
HydrocultureSettings  
spec:  
  plant: basil
```

↑
read



↓
reconcile





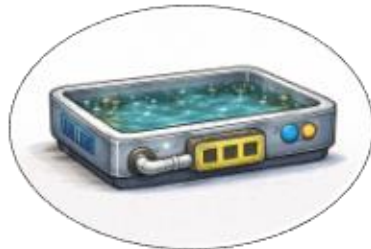
```
func (r *HydroCultureSettingsReconciler) finalizeReconciliation (ctx context.Context
    o hydroCultureSettings, err error) (result ctrl.Result, err error) {
    if err != nil{
        // SetReadyConditionFalse adds error message to condition message
        if updateErr := r.SetReadyConditionFalse(o, err); updateErr != nil{
            return errors.Join(updateErr, err)
        }
        if ignoreDomainErr(err) != nil{
            return ctrl.Result{}, err
        }
        return ctrl.Result{Reconcile: true}, nil
    }
    if updateErr := r.SetReadyConditionTrue(o); updateErr != nil{
        return ctrl.Result{}, updateErr
    }
    return calculateDurationUntilNextReconciliation(), nil
}
```

RELEASING LOCKED RESOURCES



reconcile start

intended state





Example releasing locked resources

```
func (r *HydroCultureSettingsReconciler) finalizeReconciliation (ctx context.Context
    o hydroCultureSettings, err error) (result ctrl.Result, err error) {
    if errRelease = releaseLock(); errRelease != nil {
        // Do not return here because the status should still be set
        err = errors.Join(errRelease, err)
    }
    // ... Logic to update status and calculate next reconciliation here ...
}
```




Takeaways

Use defer in the reconcile function

Separation of concerns improves maintainability and consistency for error handling

Get inspiration from existing projects

[Kubernetes Community Guidelines](#)

[Flux CD](#)

Ship early

Ship early to gather user feedback

Add extensive testing

Trust in your code changes



A close-up portrait of a young woman with dark, curly hair, smiling warmly at the camera. The background is softly blurred, showing bokeh lights in shades of pink and orange.

Hydroculture demo



Use defer in your Kubernetes controllers!





Quiz: Question 4

<https://go.dev/play/p/Cv2XFvWwUpI>

What will be returned by the function on the right?

Code snippet

```
func spicy() (x int) {  
    x = 1  
    defer func() { x *= 10 }()  
    defer func() { x += 2 }()  
    return x  
}  
  
func main() {  
    fmt.Println(spicy())  
}
```

Answer

"30"