



# Evolving GitOps: Harnessing Kubernetes Resource Model for 5G Core

Ashan Senevirathne & Joel Studler



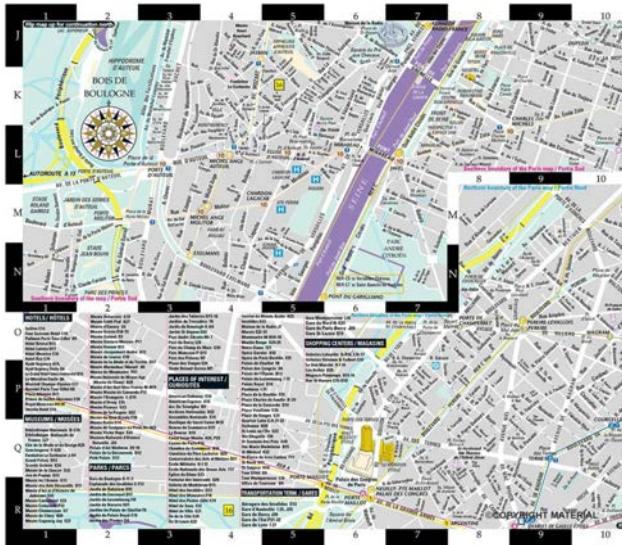


# An Analogy...

## Static paper map

- Fixed
- Static
- Unchanging
- Overwhelming

This is GitOps today



## Apple maps

- Dynamic
- Changes based on external conditions
- More focused
- Simple to navigate

This is GitOps w/ KRM





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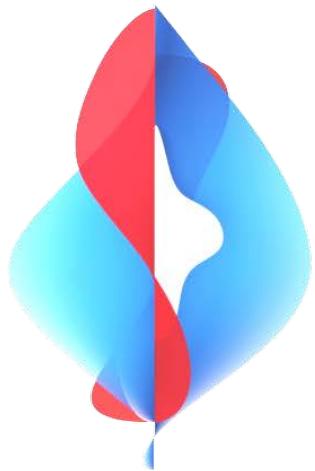


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**swisscom**



# From Telco to TechCo: What Does It Mean for Us?

## 5G - driving our journey from Telco to TechCo

by Swisscom CTIO Mark Düsener at Connect Conference 2022

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hND7TiXJED8>



## Cloud Nativeness

we need to introduce Reconciliation and leverage Kubernetes Patterns

## Simplicity

we need to introduce abstraction in our configuration and break it into smaller manageable parts

## Automation

we need to move from an imperative workflow-driven model to a declarative intent-based model



# What Is a 5G Core?

## Each blue object

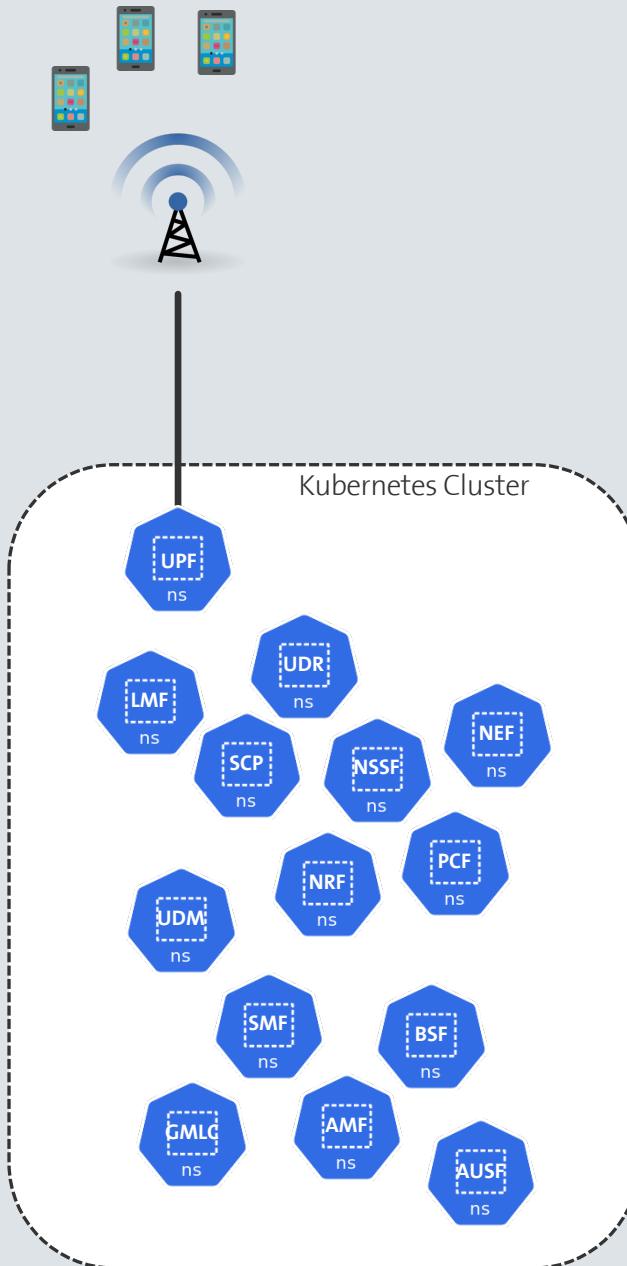
- is an App, in Mobile Networks this is called «CNF» aka «Containerized Network Function» – e.g. Router (UPF), Authentication Service (AUSF)
- Deployed using Helm

## Configuration is done via

- Helm Values
- Other interfaces such as NETCONF

## Scale

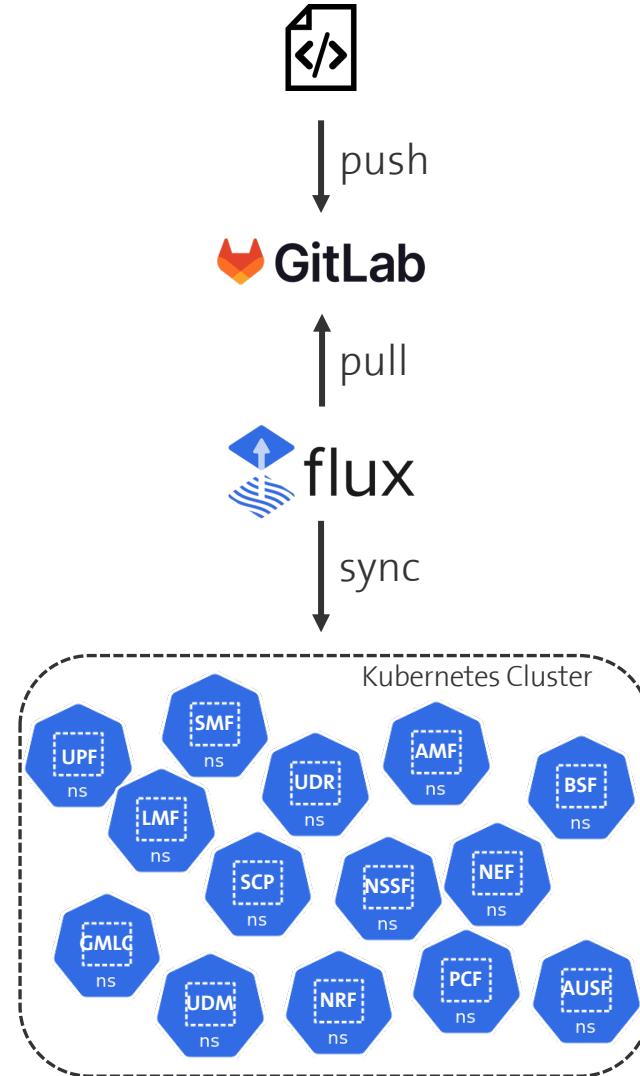
- A development environment contains ~2000 pods
- A total of 5000 interdependent configuration parameters





# Current State of 5G Core Configuration using GitOps

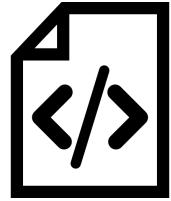
- ✓ Git as source of truth
- ✓ Declarative configuration
- ✓ Continuous reconciliation
- ✓ Versioned and immutable



***How We Are Moving from GitOps to Kubernetes Resource Model in 5G Core***  
By Ashan Senevirathne & Joel Studler  
KubeCon Europe 2024  
<https://sched.co/1YeN2>



## Example <config>





# Example <config>

IP addresses .  
Subnets  
VLANs  
DNS Records  
Network function variables  
Infrastructure variables  
Network function-Network -  
function mapping  
Secret references  
Certificate references



## LACK OF ABSTRACTION



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<application-name>sba</application-name>
<default-load-sharing>true</default-load-sharing>
<local-host>
  <host-name>afe23</host-name>
  <realm-name>ecp.009.999.mobilenetwork.com</realm-name>
</local-host>
<realm>
  <realm-name>ecp.009.999.mobilenetwork.com</realm-name>
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  <peer-list>2</peer-list>
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</realm>
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</local-host>
<realm>
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  <peer-list>2</peer-list>
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</realm>
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  <is-geographically-redundant>false</is-geographically-redundant>
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</peer>
<local-host>
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  <realm-name>ecp.009.999.mobilenetwork.com</realm-name>
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    <sctp-end-point-no>1</sctp-end-point-no>
  </sctp-end-point>
</local-host>
</diameter>
<dnn-function operation="replace">
  <dnn-redirection-enabled>true</dnn-redirection-enabled>
  <dnn-resolution-extension-enabled>false</dnn-resolution-extension-enabled>
</dnn-function>
<dnn-redirection-profile operation="replace">
  <dnn-redirection-profile-name>DefaultDnnRedirection</dnn-redirection-profile-name>
  <dnn-redirection-rule>defaultDnn</dnn-redirection-rule>
</dnn-redirection-profile>
```



# Configuration Philosophy

Several **unsolved problems** introduce toil into a **GitOps based configuration management system**.

- **Complexity in configurations**

5G core configurations typically involve thousands of parameters and are thus not user friendly

- **Redundancies across configurations**

Repeated parameters across application config and helm charts

- **Limited configuration discovery**

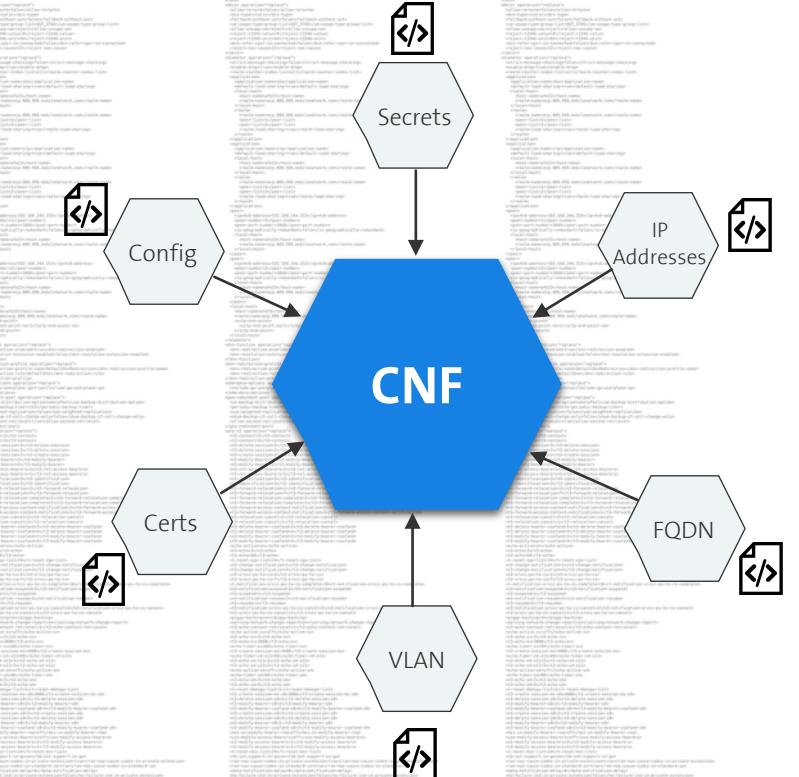
Automatic configuration based on the environment still weak

- **"Need to know" all details up-front**

IP addresses, VLANs

- **Outside → In**

Instructions are pushed to the receiving system



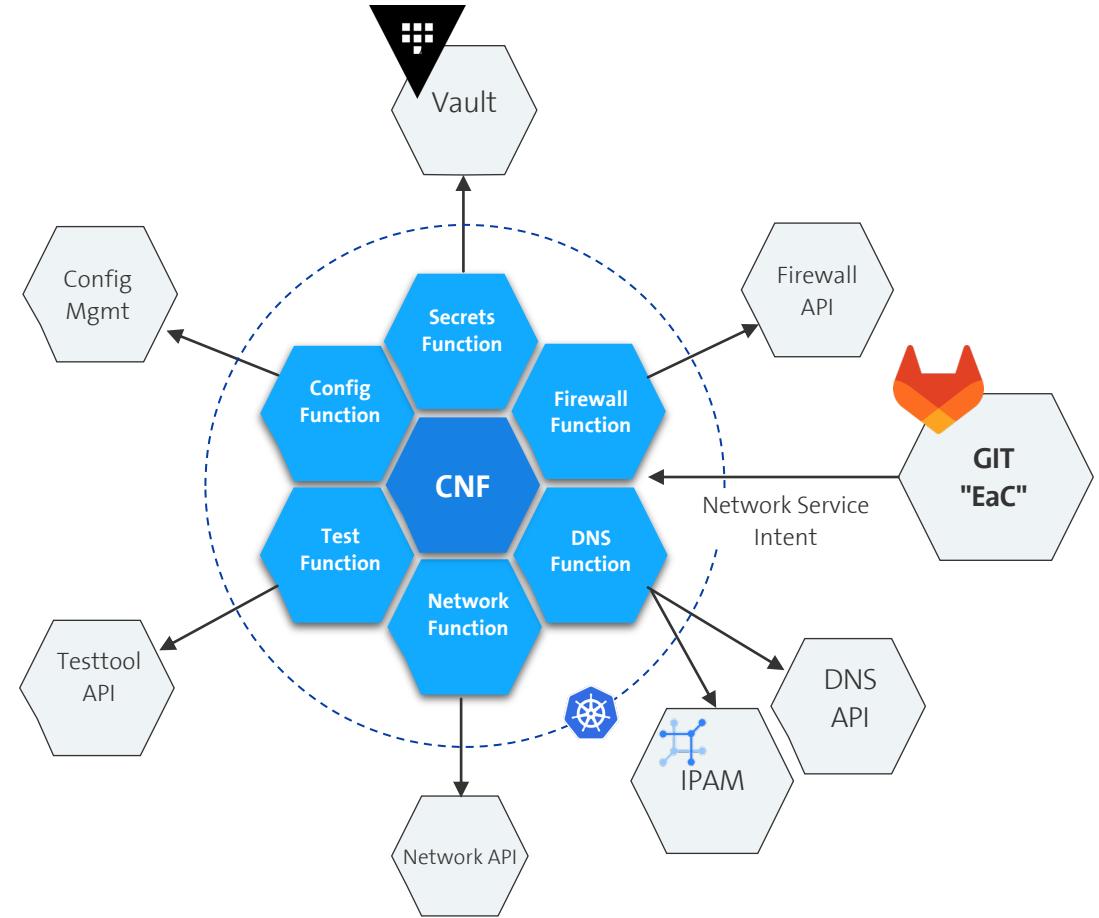
<https://sre.google/workbook/configuration-design>



# What If?

*Instead of telling the system **how to do everything**, we tell system **what we want**, and **system figures out the best possible way** to make it happen.*

- CNF receives the **intent** to move into an operational state **without step-by-step instructions**
- **Dynamic config assembly** based on **required resources** during runtime
- **Inside → out**  
System requests relevant information automatically from external sources
- **Extend Kubernetes API** to bring Kubernetes-native capabilities





# Kubernetes Resource Model (KRM)



## API extensions

Custom Resource Definitions extend the Kubernetes API.

e.g. API definition for NetBox PrefixClaim



## CRs as Instances

Custom Resources instantiate a CRD.

e.g. NetBox PrefixClaim resource



## Business Logic

Use of Operators or templates to run custom logic

e.g. Assemble a config, Self healing



# What Are Our Requirements?



## KRM Based

Input and Output can be KRM resources



## Garbage Collection

Resources belonging together are lifecycled together



## Output Flexibility

Generated resources stored with various backends



## Reconciliation

Output is updated as Input is changed



## Functions

Ability to define helper functions (e.g. get status field from K8s CR)



## Gradual Adoption

Migration from static to dynamic taken at own pace.



## But What About Helm, Kustomize, Argo and Flux?



### Limited Dynamic Assembly

We cannot use live  
Kubernetes resources as  
source of information



### No Custom Functions

We cannot invoke arbitrary  
code into Kustomize/Helm  
templating



### Only Partially KRM

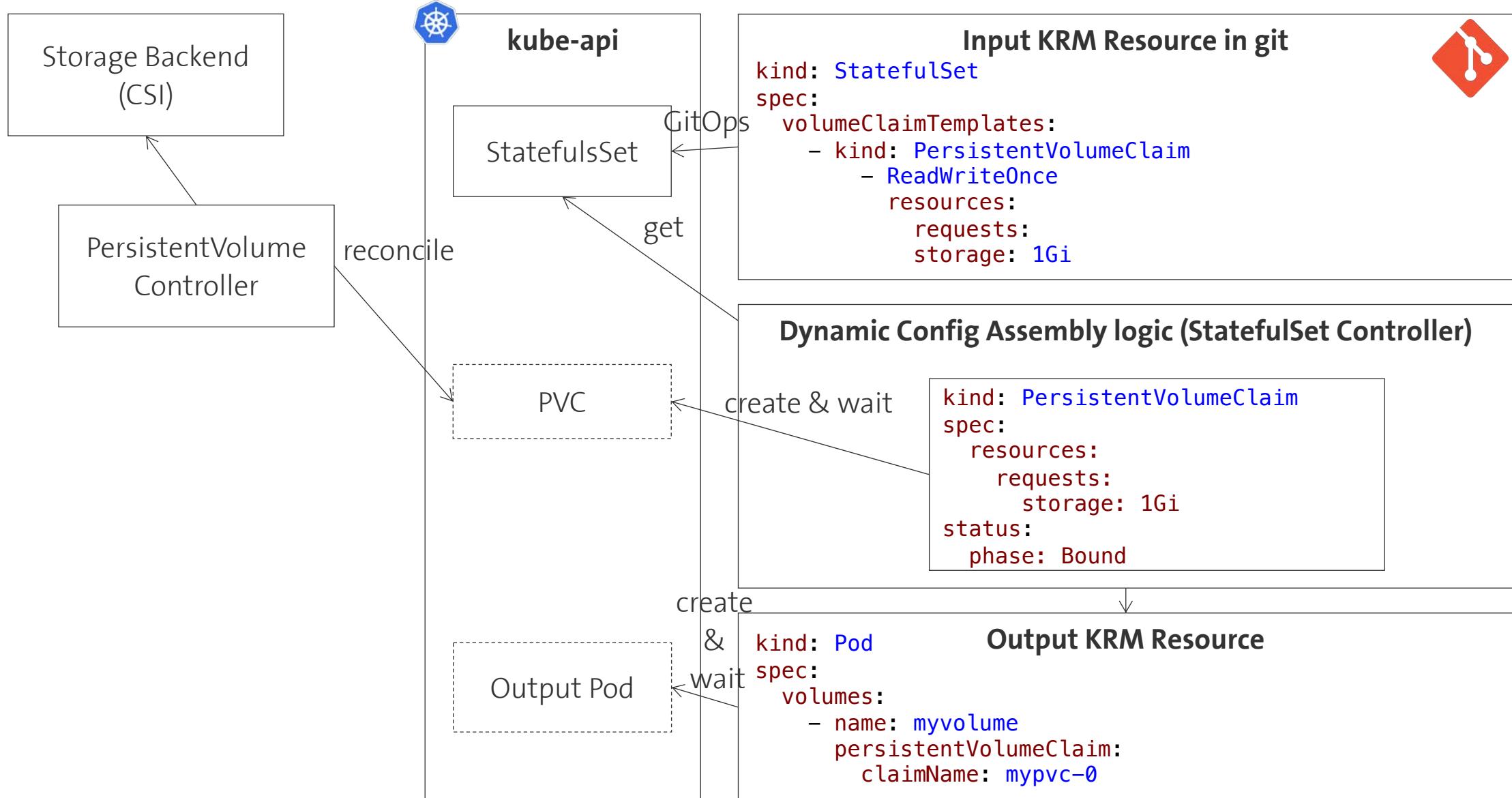
Not all Resources involved  
follow KRM

# GitOps 😍 KRM



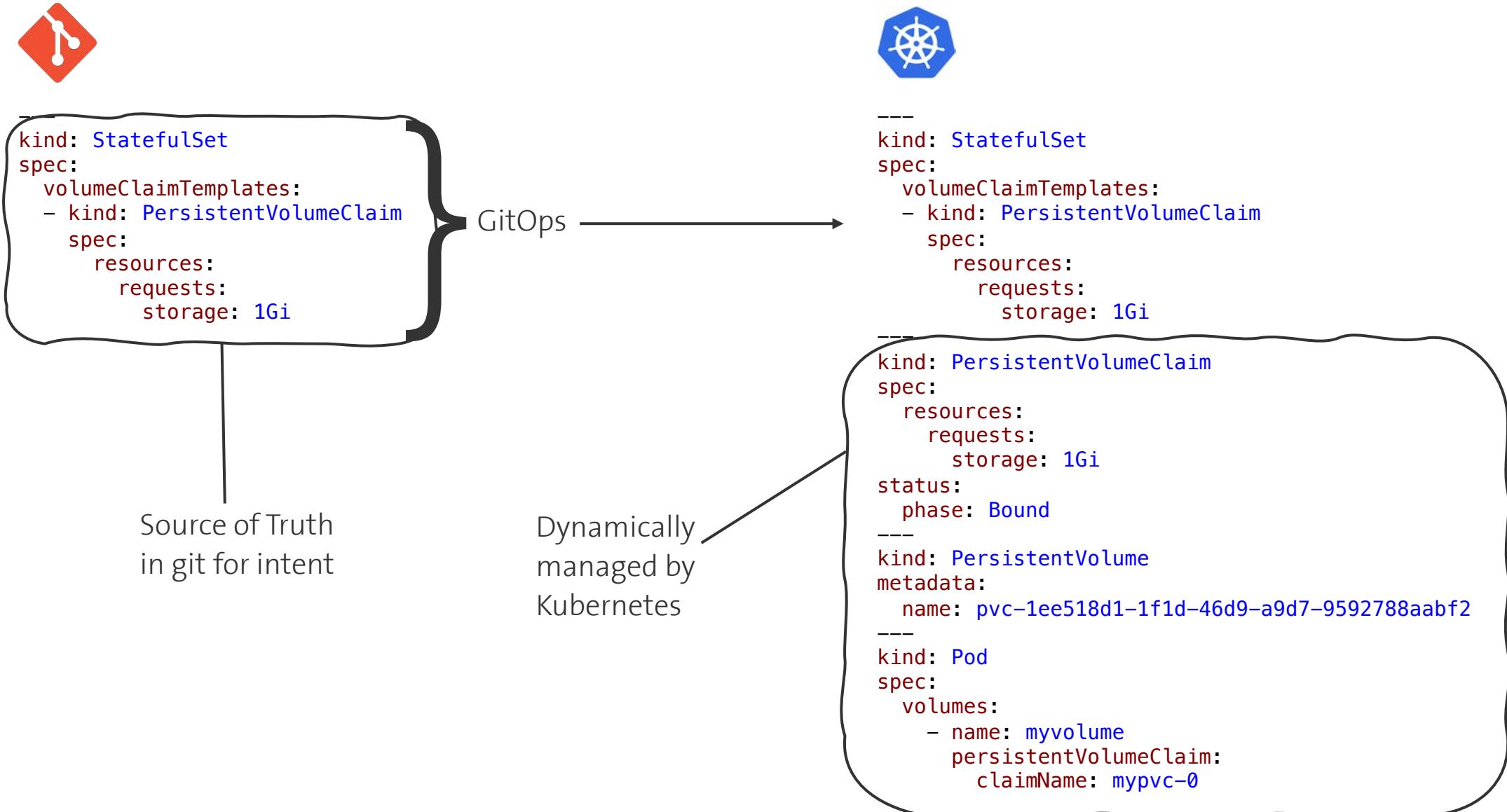


# Config Abstraction Example in Kubernetes: PVC for StatefulSet





# Shared Source of Truth in Git and Kubernetes



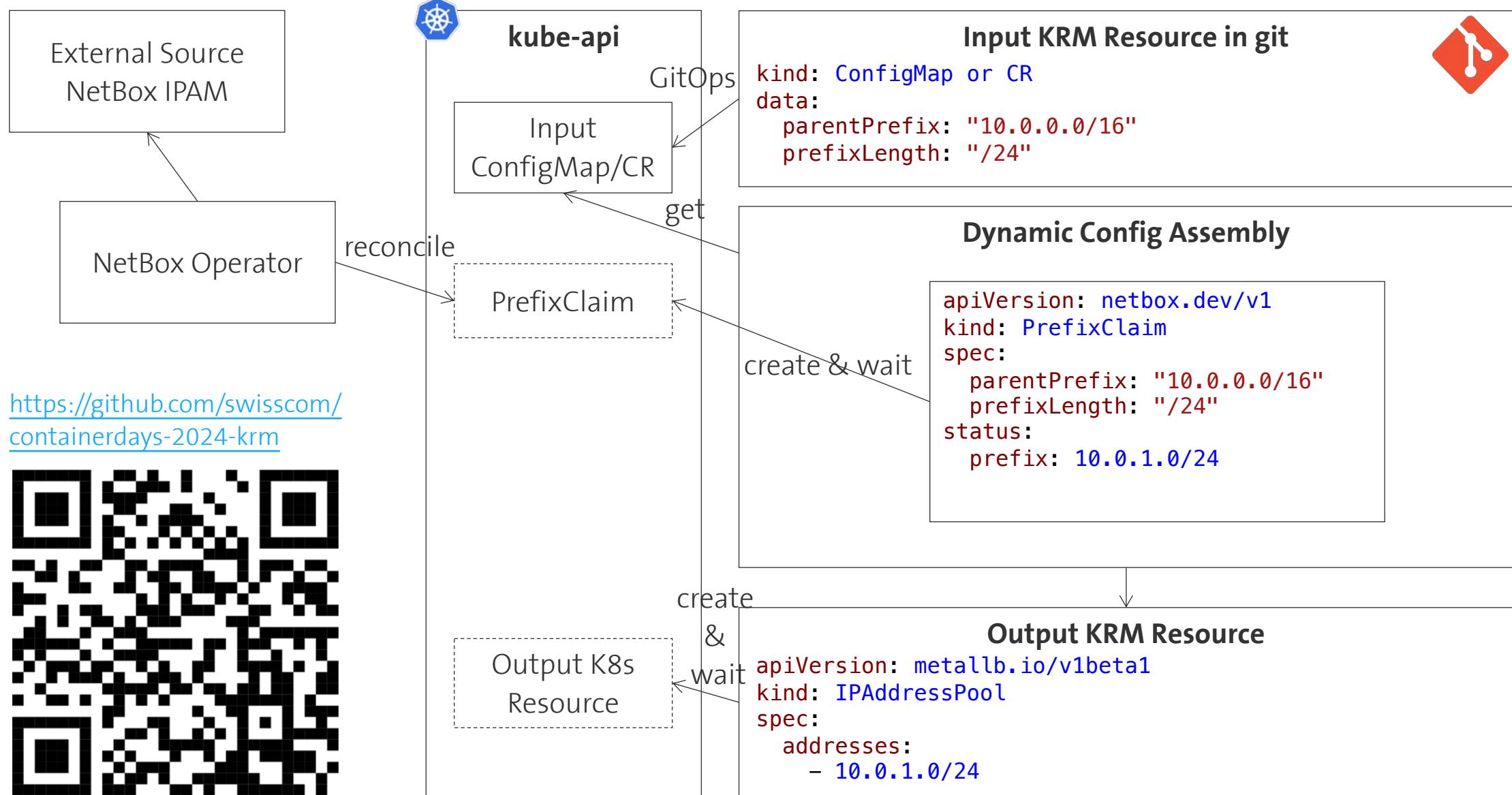


# GitOps vs. GitOps with KRM

	GitOps	GitOps with KRM
<b>Source of Truth</b>	Git	Git (intent) and Kubernetes (dynamic state)
<b>Config Management / Abstraction</b>	All details are in Git, no abstraction	Git holds intent; Kubernetes manages details
<b>Flexibility</b>	Less flexible, changes require Git updates	More flexible, dynamic assembly in Kubernetes
<b>Scalability</b>	More cumbersome and complex to scale	Easier to scale
<b>Operational Complexity</b>	High; all details tracked in Git	Medium; Kubernetes automates dynamic management



# Config Abstraction Demo Example: Dynamically Assign IPs for MetallB



<https://github.com/swisscom/containerdays-2024-krm>





# Ansible + Jinja2

**Open-Source automation framework**

<https://github.com/ansible/ansible> (62k Stars, 23k Forks)

**Business Logic in Templates and Playbooks**

Jinja2 for templating, Playbooks for imperative logic

**State Management**

Stateless, can use Kubernetes Garbage Collection

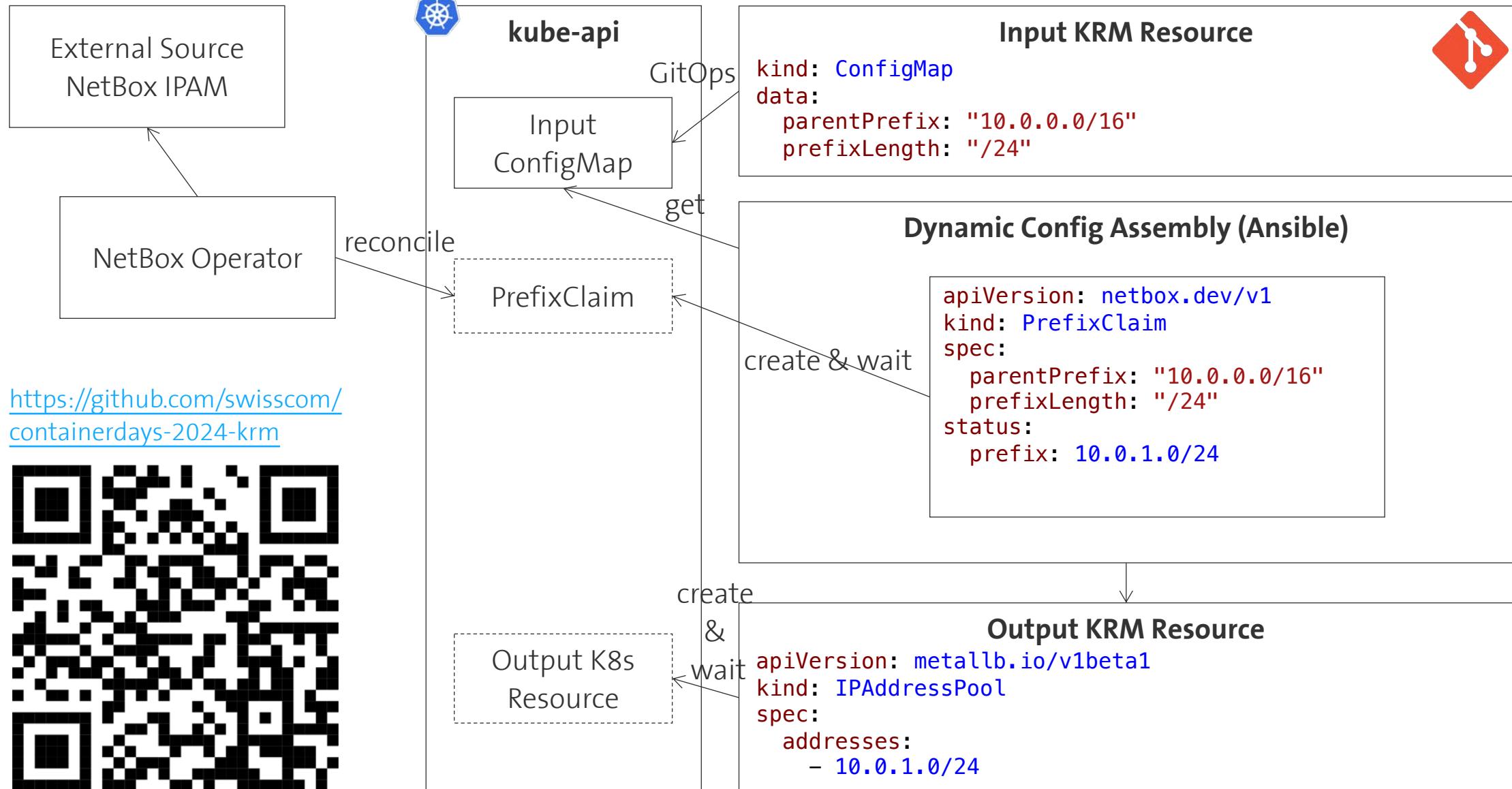
**No Reconciliation**

Just a binary, triggering/execution not solved





# Config Abstraction With Ansible + Jinja2





# Kubernetes Operator

**Golang Based Operator scaffolded using Kubebuilder**

<https://github.com/kubernetes-sigs/kubebuilder>

**Business Logic in Go Code**

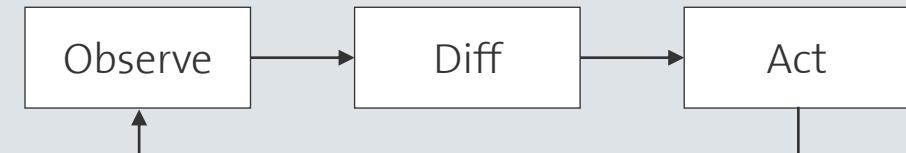
Maximum flexibility for imperative logic

**State Management**

Uses Kubernetes Garbage Collection and Finalizers

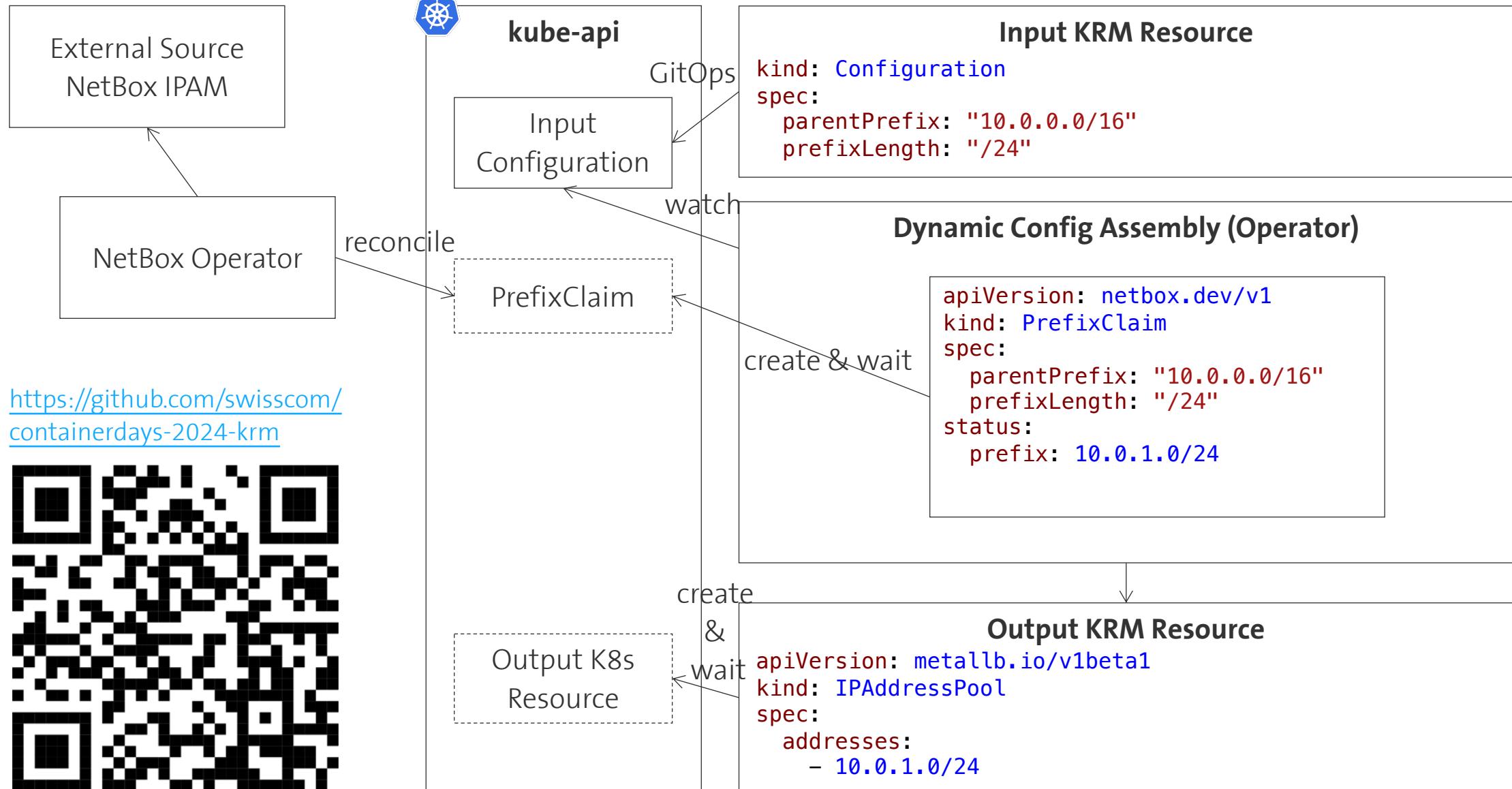
**Reconciliation**

Event driven triggering, constant reconciliation





# Config Abstraction With Kubernetes Operator





# Ansible vs. Kubernetes Operator

	Ansible+Jinja2	Kubernetes Operator
KRM Based	● ● ○ ○ ○	● ● ● ○ ○
Garbage Collection	● ● ● ● ○	● ● ● ● ○
Output Flexibility	● ● ● ● ●	● ● ● ● ●
Reconciliation	● ○ ○ ○ ○	● ● ● ● ●
Functions	● ● ● ● ○	● ● ● ● ●
Gradual Adoption	● ● ● ● ●	● ○ ○ ○ ○



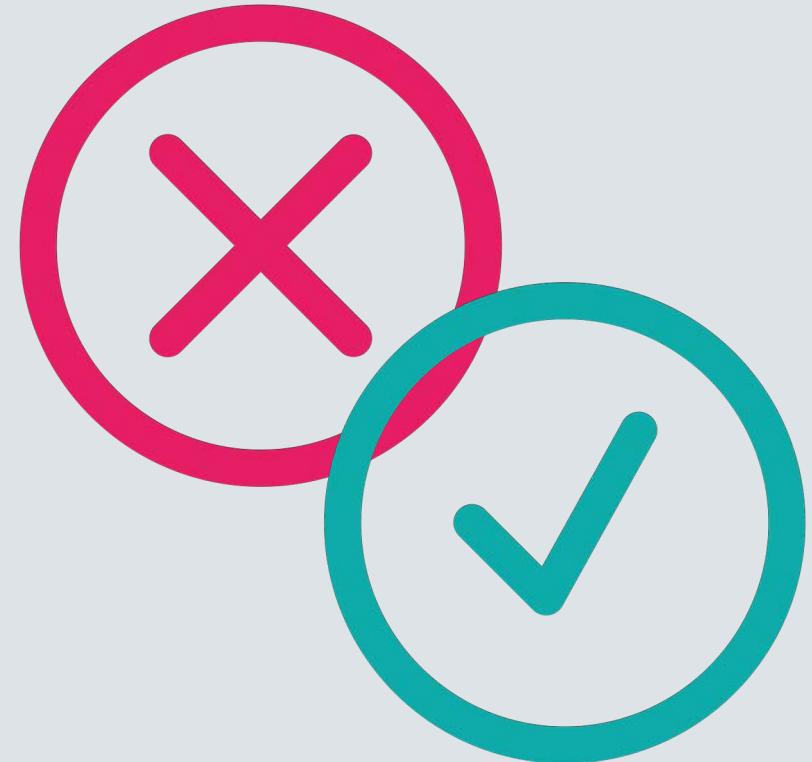
# No mature Kubernetes native tool available to dynamically assemble configurations





# Our Learnings & Suggestions

... on configuration abstraction





# Avoid

## **Checking in low level configurations in Git**

Things like IP Addresses, VLAN IDs

## **Complicated configurations**

Avoid unnecessary layers of abstraction

## **Ignore tooling gaps**

Avoid using tools like Ansible or Jinja that aren't designed with Kubernetes in mind

## **Neglect Industry Relevance**

Don't assume KRM challenges and solutions are unique to your sector





## Aim to

### Leverage abstraction

Simplify complex configurations by focusing on essential controls

### Reuse cloud native tools to be in-band with K8s

E.g. Flux, Argo, Testkube, cert-manager

### Prioritize scalability

Design KRM-based tools with future growth and scaling

### Contribute to the ecosystem

Share your code





# Community Contributions

We build on community-driven tools and proudly give back, driving innovation together!

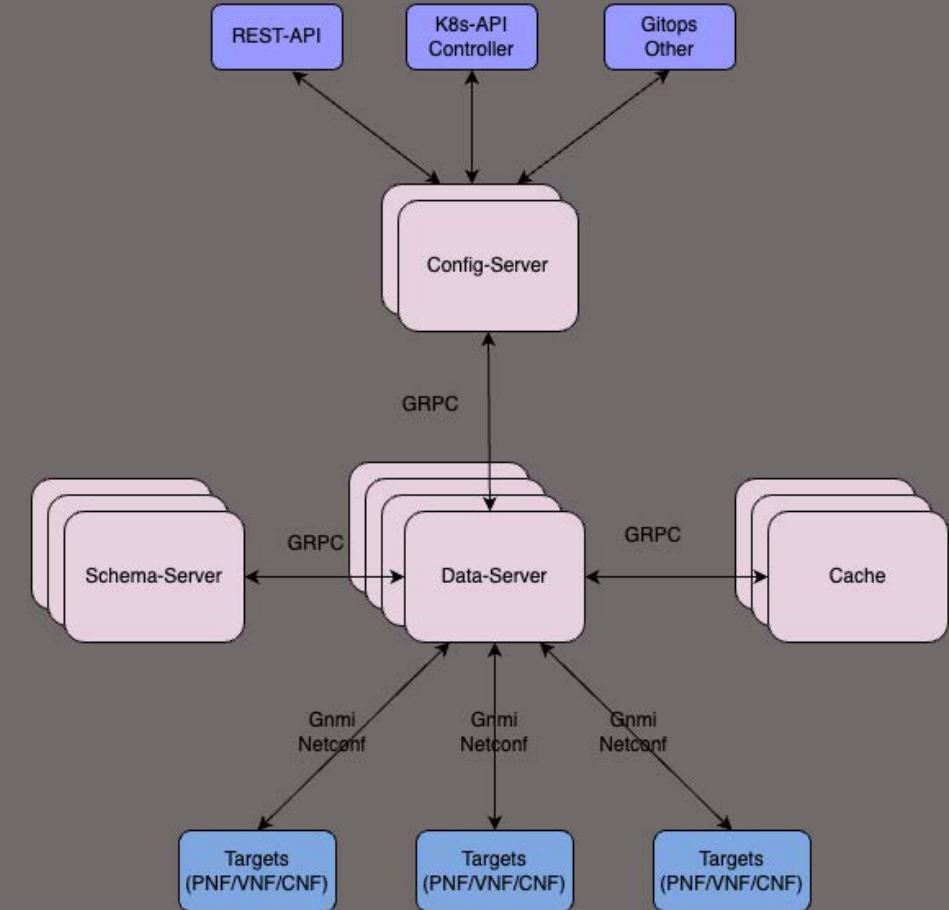




# Config Sync Operator SDC



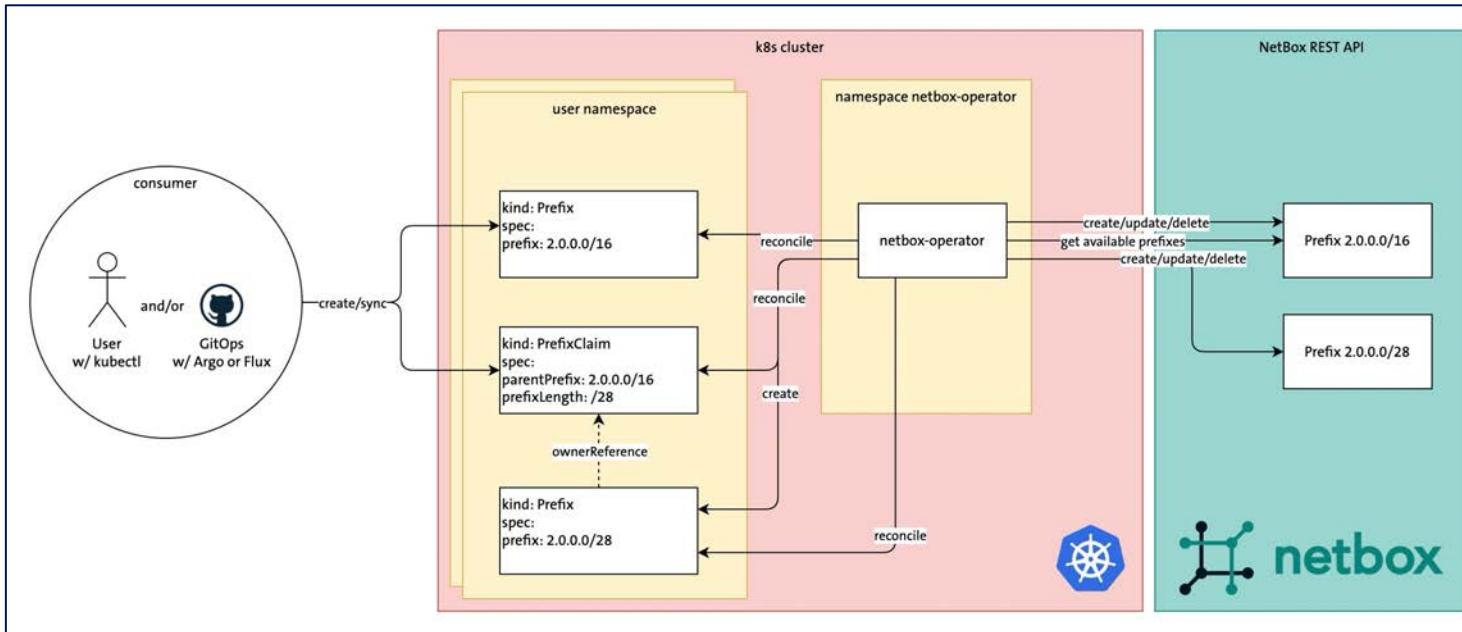
- “Schema Driven Configuration” (SDC)
- Use case: Config apply tool for 5G Core
- Part of KubeNet community  
<https://discord.gg/64WpUaxt>
- Protocols: gNMI, NETCONF (Telco Industry Standard)
- Supported Targets: Physical (PNF), Virtual Machines (VNF) Cloud Native (CNF)
- Vendor agnostic
- Declarative (Kubernetes CRs, Operators, API extension)





# NetBox Operator

NetBox Operator, a tool designed to integrate NetBox resource management directly into your Kubernetes environment.



<https://github.com/netbox-community/netbox-operator>

[CNCF Blog Post](#)



## Related Talks

### **How We Are Moving from GitOps to Kubernetes Resource Model in 5G Core**

*by Ashan Senevirathne and Joel Studler at KubeCon Europe 2024*

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=crmTnB6Zwt8>



### **From Spreadsheets to "Everything as Code"**

*by Joel Studler and Jérémie Weber at ContainerDays 2023*

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eMAMqW2aLTI>





# Thanks!





# Q&A

