

WELCOME!

Virtualization and containerization at Swiss Post

WHAT ARE WE DOING TODAY?

- Introducing round
- Middleware Engineering
- Docker Introduction
- Docker Exercise
- Docker @ Post
- Docker Exercises
- Containerisation with Kubernetes incl.
Demo
- Kubermeres @ Post



INTRODUCTION ROUND

PATRICK BÜHLMANN

Middleware Engineering

Task area:

- OpenShift Engineering
- Kubernetes Engineering
- DevOps CI/CD
- Docker / AWS



NATHANIEL LIECHTI

Lernender Middleware
Engineering

Task area:

- OpenShift Engineering
- Kubernetes Engineering
- Automatisierung (GO)



PHILIP SAHLI

Middleware Engineering

Task area:

- Stv. Team leader
- Kafka / Go / Terraform
- Docker, AWS, Kubernetes



WHO ARE YOU?

What do you know about containers or dockers?

MIDDLEWARE-ENGINEERING



WHAT IS ENGINEERING?

- Systematic design of computer science systems
- Create and implement concepts

ICT-System-Ingenieur:

Planning, procurement, commissioning, testing and acceptance of platforms (hardware, system software, networks, including cloud environments) for the operation of ICT systems; definition of the operational requirements

<https://www.berufe-der-ict.ch/berufe/entwicklung/ict-system-ingeneur>

ENGINEERING TOOLS



ANSIBLE



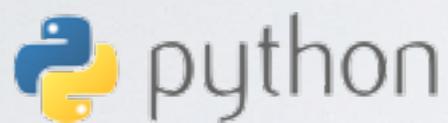
Bitbucket



kubernetes

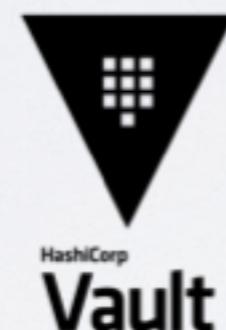


OPENSIFT



HashiCorp

Terraform



HashiCorp
Vault



Jenkins



Go

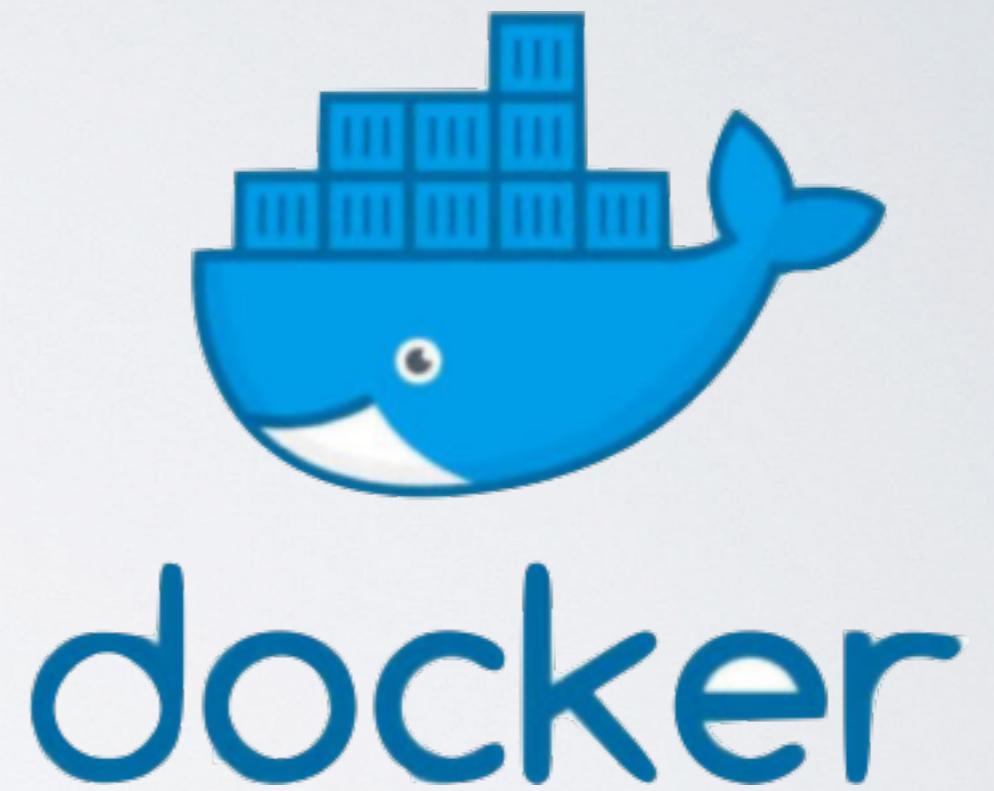


docker

WHAT DOES AN ENGINEER LIKE?

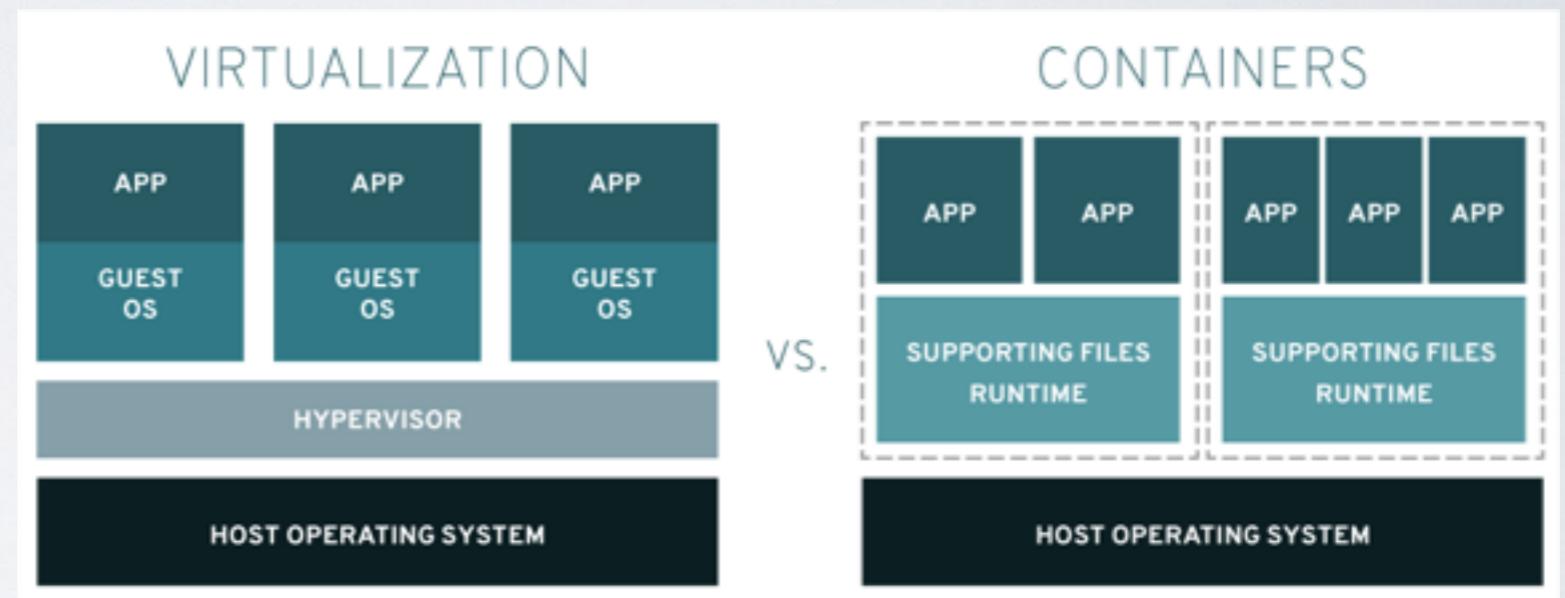
- Scripts, Automate
- Terminal, Shell
- Searching and developing new solutions
- Try something new
- Questioning the Existing
- Interest in system / network

DOCKER INTRODUCTION



WHAT IS A CONTAINER

- Share kernel and isolate the application processes
- Extremely portable
- Very lightweight
- One process in a container
- No data in a container (use volumes)



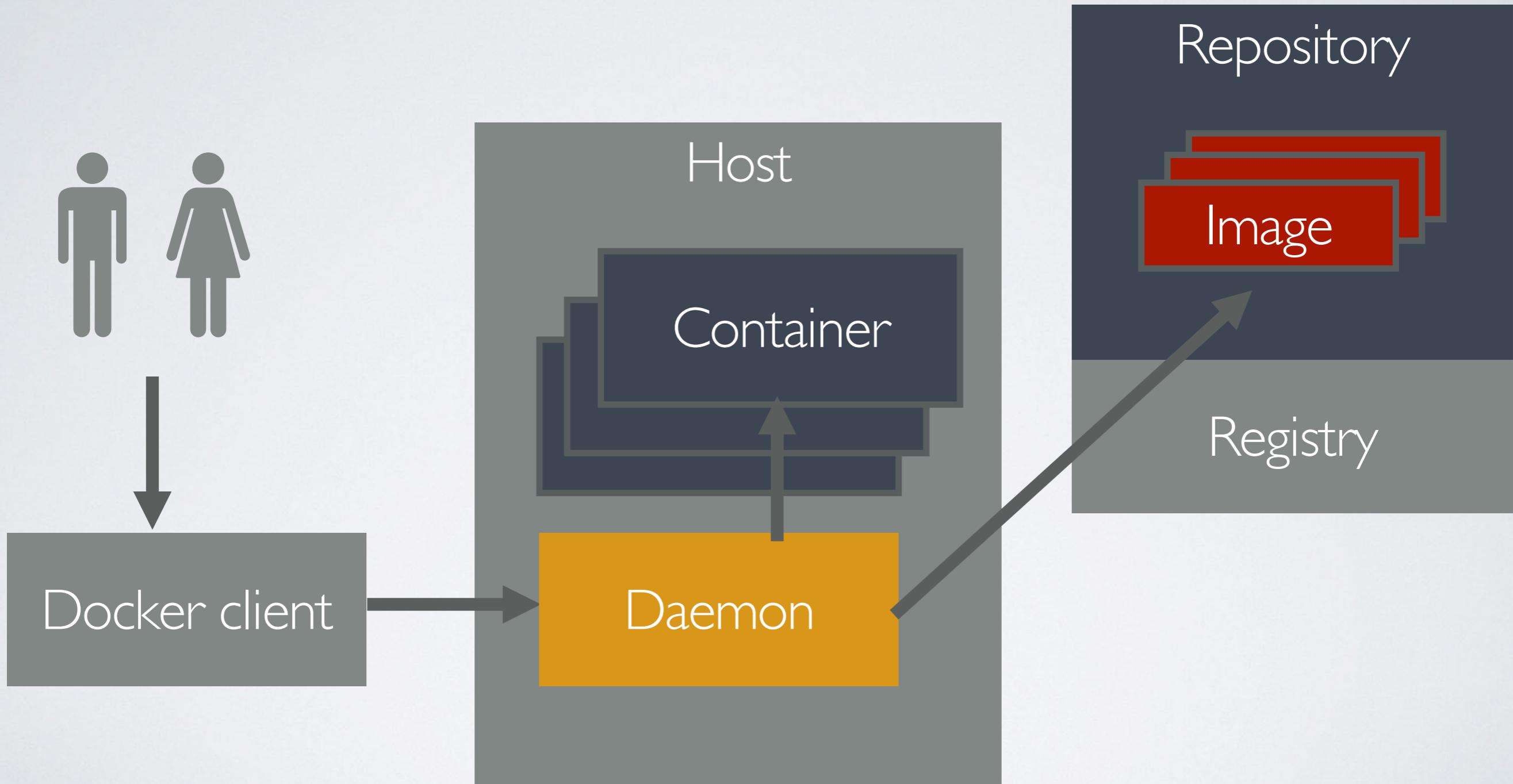
Quelle: <https://www.redhat.com/en/topics/containers/whats-a-linux-container>

DOCKER

Docker is a software platform designed to **make it easier** to create, deploy, and **run applications** by using containers. It allows **developers to package up** an application with all the parts it needs in a container, and then ship it out as **one package**.

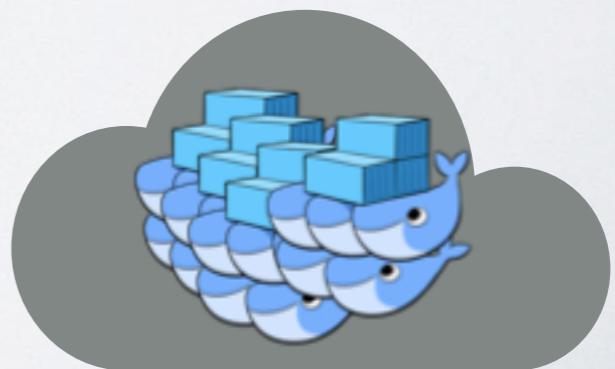
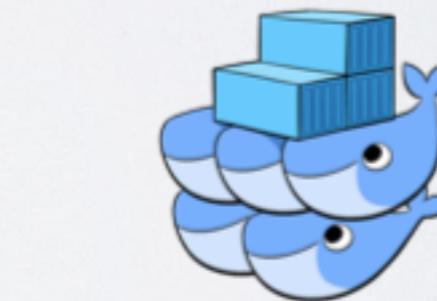
build, share and run any application, anywhere

DOCKER

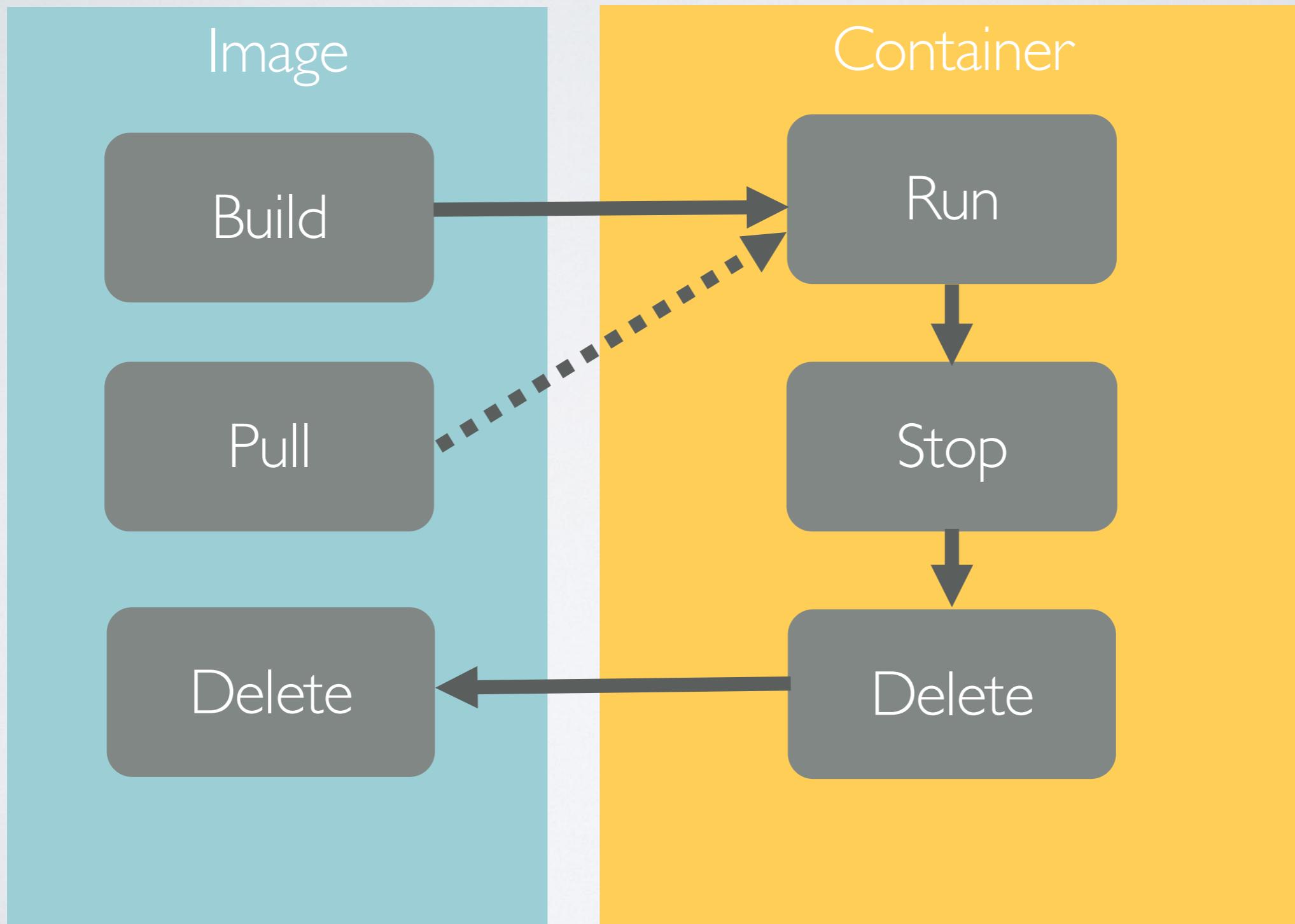


DOCKER PRODUCTS

- Engine
→ Container Runtime Environment
- Compose
→ Multi-container applications
- Swarm
→ Clustering Docker Daemons
- Machine
→ Provision Docker Hosts



WORKFLOW



DOCKER ENGINE COMMANDS

- build
- pull
- tag
- rmi
- run
- start
- logs
- inspect
- ps
- stop
- kill
- rm

DOCKER RUNTIME ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES

- Environment Variables

```
sudo docker run -it \
-e GREET=HELLO \
--rm centos
```

```
[root@eb558447bb9b /]# env|grep GREET
GREET=HELLO
[root@eb558447bb9b /]# echo $GREET
HELLO
```

DOCKER RUNTIME NETWORKING

- Port translation

```
sudo docker run ... \
-p 10022:22 ...
```

```
"PortBindings": {
    "22/tcp": [
        {
            "HostIp": "",
            "HostPort": "10022"
        }
    ],
    "3000/tcp": [
        {
            "HostIp": "",
            "HostPort": "10080"
        }
    ],
    ...
}
```

DOCKER RUNTIME VOLUMES

- Mount a directory from the host into the container

```
sudo docker run ... \
-v /data/db:/var/lib/db ...
```

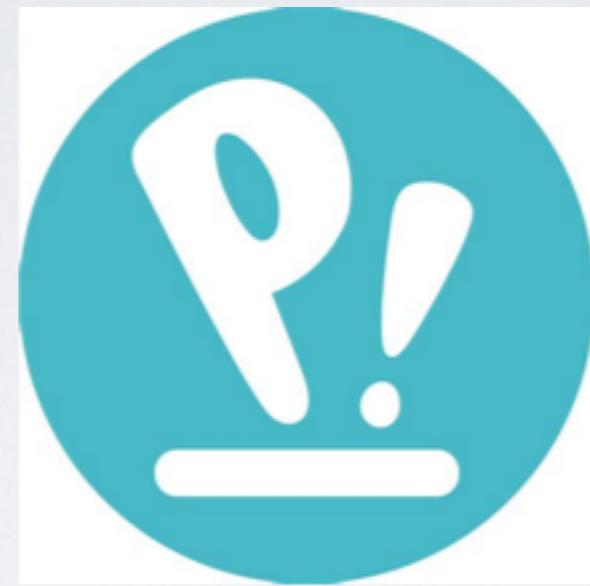
DOCKERFILE

The docker file is the truth



- Instruction-based image build
 - FROM, ADD, RUN, COPY,CMD, USER
- Cached layers

LAB ENVIRONMENT I



Login

popcorn

microwave

LAB ENVIRONMENT 2

```
popcorn@popcorn:~$ docker ps
CONTAINER ID        IMAGE       COMMAND      CREATED     STATUS      PORTS     NAMES
popcorn@popcorn:~$ docker pull alpine
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/alpine
ca3cd42a7c95: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:ec14c7992a97fc11425907e908340c6c3d6ff602f5f13d899e6b7027c9b4133a
Status: Downloaded newer image for alpine:latest
docker.io/library/alpine:latest
popcorn@popcorn:~$ docker images
REPOSITORY          TAG           IMAGE ID      CREATED      SIZE
alpine              latest        49f356fa4513   7 days ago   5.61MB
popcorn@popcorn:~$ cowsay "Hello Docker!"
-----
< Hello Docker! >
-----
 \  ^__^
  \  (oo)\_____
    (__)\       )\/\
        ||----w |
        ||     ||
```

LAB ENVIRONMENT 3



```
popcorn@popcorn:~$ docker run -ti --rm alpine sh  
/ # rm -rf /*
```

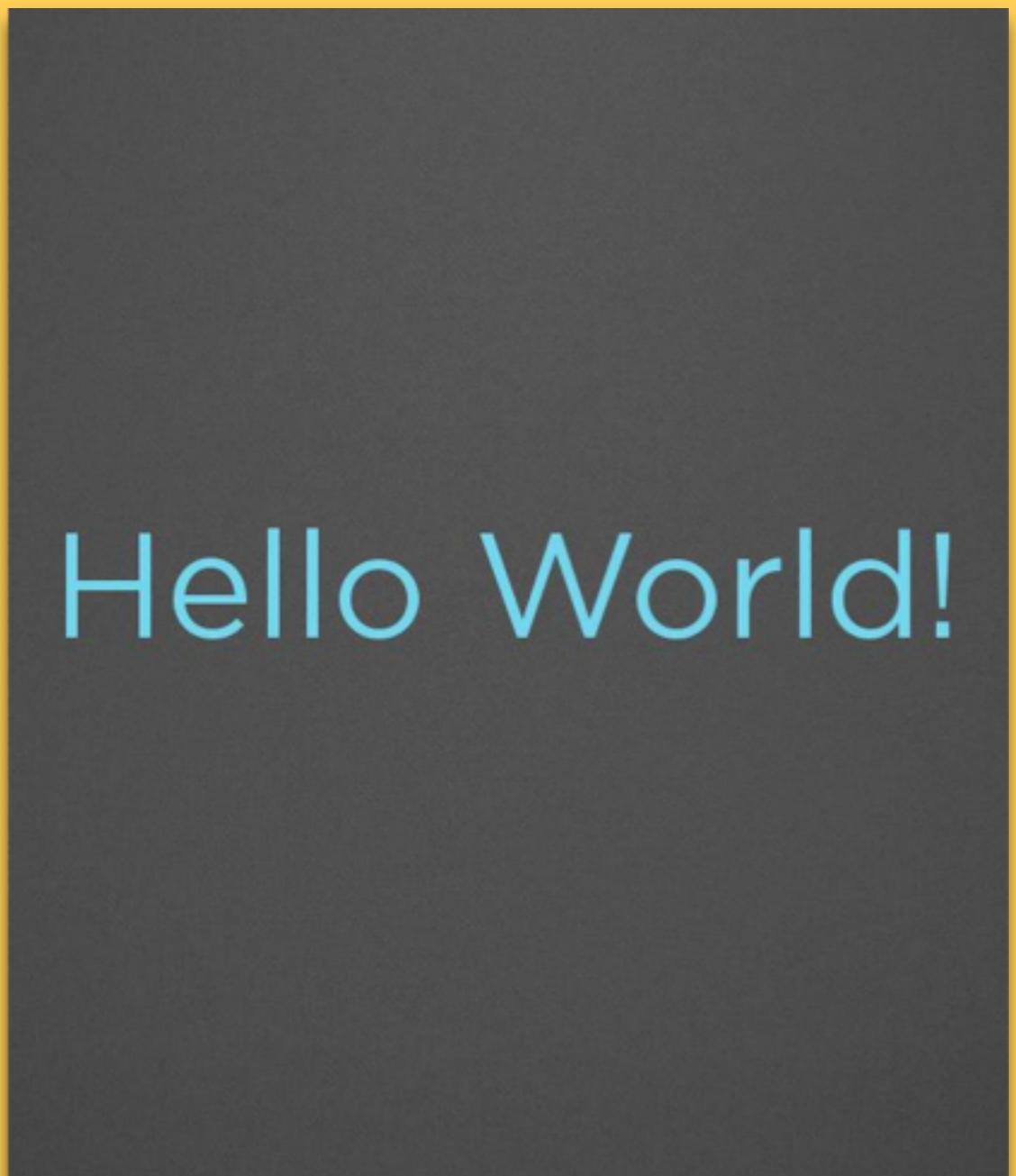
OVERVIEW EXERCISES

- HelloWorld → Image builden
- Webserver → Build und Compose
- Gogs → start Git Userinterface

DOCKER EXERCISE: „HELLO WORLD“

EXPLANATION OF THE EXERCISE

1. Choose the right & small base image (alpine, centos)
 2. Create bash script
 3. Build and run the container
- is there a faster way?



DOCKER @



DOCKER @ POST



Key figures

- Docker-Hosts: 257 Stk.
- Docker-Container: 1450 Stk.

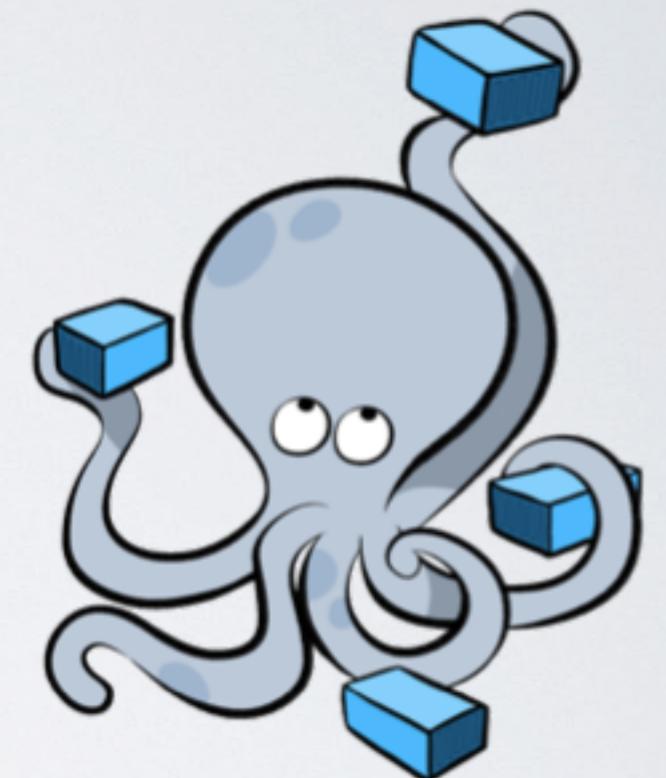


Application purpose

- Portainer (Monitoring)
- Jenkins Master & Slaves (Tool Chain)
- Artifactory, Bitbucket, Jira and Confluence
- Automation

DOCKER COMPOSE

- Description in YAML format for containers
- Automatically builds image before creating container
- Used for stacks with more than one container (cache -, database -, web container)
- Scale up (create multiple web containers)



DOCKER EXERCISE: „WEBSERVER“

EXPLANATION OF THE EXERCISE

1. Choose the right & small base image (alpine, centos)
2. Install an apache http server
3. Create an index.html file and paste it to the web location
4. Build and run the container in the detached mode (background)
5. Start and stop the images „helloworld“ and „webserver“ with a single docker-compose file



This is a simple Webserver

Yeah my Docker Image is working! Great work

DOCKER EXERCISE: „GOGS“



PHILIP

1.Docker Image is published on

<https://hub.docker.com/r/gogs/gogs/>

2.Watch out for „Ship with docker“

3.Pull the image / Run a container
(see Usage section)

1.Mount a directory onto /data

2.Map Port 10022 to 22

3.Map Port 10080 to 3000

4.Open UI

1.Configure Installation (SQLite,
Database Type, Domain,
Application URL)

2.Sign up

5.Create a repository

6.Clone the repository on the
docker host

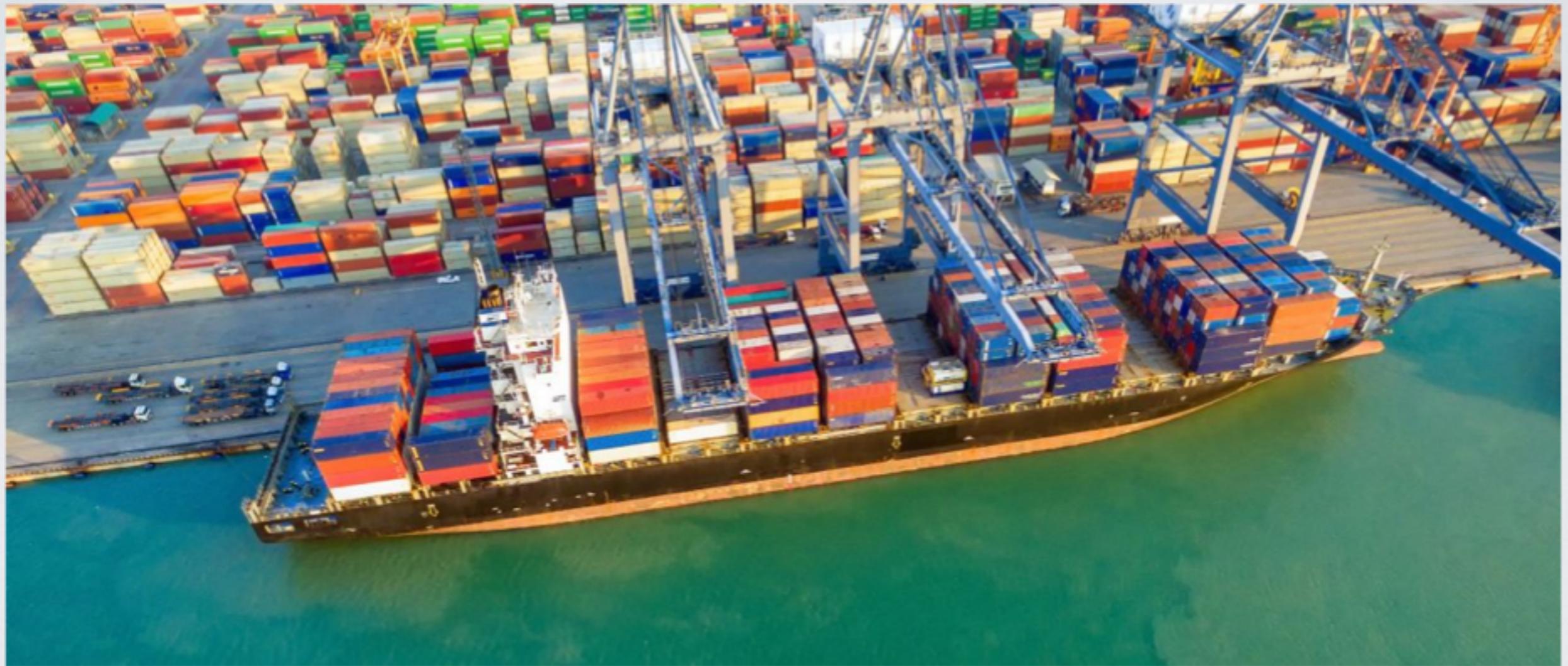
CONTAINERISATION WITH KUBERNETES



WHAT DOCKER LOOKS LIKE:



WHAT KUBERNETES LOOKS LIKE:



WHAT IS KUBERNETES

User Experience



kubectl



Orchestration



Container Engine

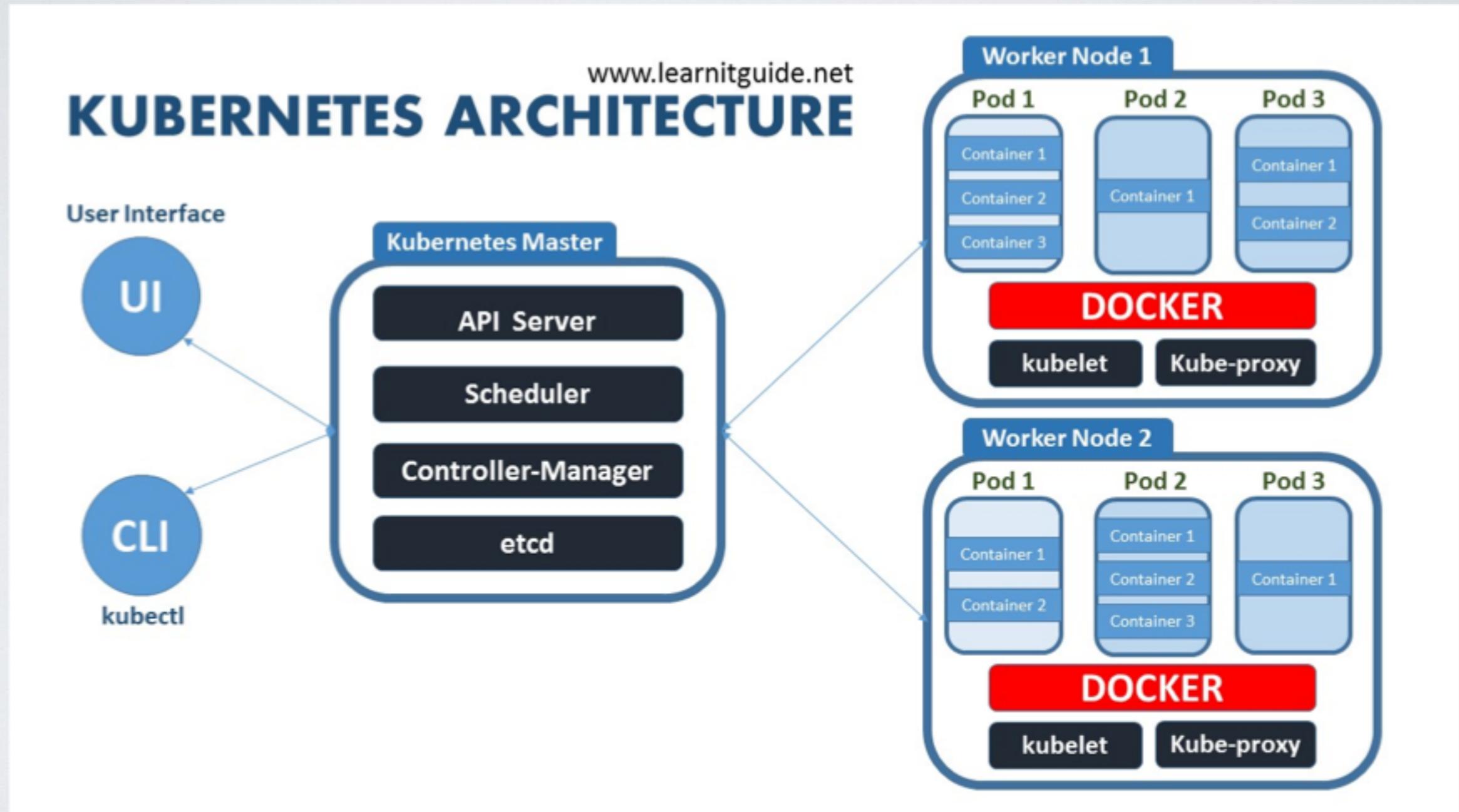


podman

Container Host



WHAT IS KUBERNETES





LIVE DEMO

Kubernetes



KUBERNETES @



KUBERNETES @ POST



Key figures

- Kubernetes Pods: 2'850
- Kuberentes Nodes: 148

Application purpose

- PostAuto Backend
- Chatbot & Livechat
- Build Pipeline
- Automated & Failsafe

ROADMAP CONTAINER

- New On-Prem Plattform



VMware Tanzu

- Investigation in Kubernetes on Azure (AKS)



- Continuous Development on AWS EKS



Amazon EKS

QUESTIONS?

mweng@post.ch

