

Total Marks: 30

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Total Time: 20 mins

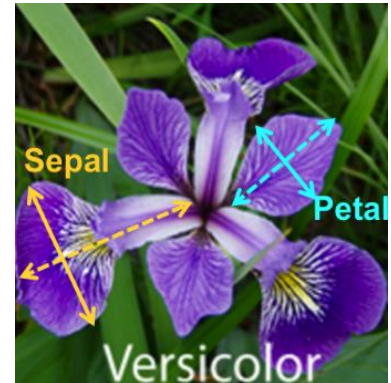
- I. [2 pts.] In Modeling and Simulation we convert \_\_\_\_\_ equation \_\_\_\_\_ into \_\_\_\_\_ data \_\_\_\_\_.
- II. [2 pts.] In Data Mining we convert \_\_\_\_\_ data \_\_\_\_\_ into \_\_\_\_\_ equation \_\_\_\_\_.
- III. [2 pts.] In the equation of the regression line  $Y = 1.2X - 3.4$ , slop is 1.2 and y-intercept is -3.4.
- IV. [2 pts.] The equation of the regression line is  $Y = 1.2X - 3.4$ , predict the Y when  $X = 5$  2.6.
- V. [2 pts.] The equation of the regression line is equation  $Y = 1.2X - 3.4$ . The residual for the point (7, 6) is 1.
- VI. [10 pts.] Consider following data set representing width (W) and length (L) of Iris Versicolor Petal. Perform linear regression to construct a model representing relationship between W and L.

Regression Equation(y) =  $w_0 + w_1x$

Slope( $w_1$ ) =  $(N\sum XY - (\sum X)(\sum Y)) / (N\sum X^2 - (\sum X)^2)$

Intercept( $w_0$ ) =  $(\sum Y - b(\sum X)) / N$

W	L
3	4.5
3.2	4.7
3.5	5
3.6	5.1



$\sum X = 13.3$        $\sum Y = 19.3$

$\sum XY = 64.4$        $\sum X^2 = 44.45$        $(\sum X)^2 = 176.89$

Slope( $w_1$ ) =  $(4 \times 64.4 - 13.3 \times 19.3) / (4 \times 44.45 - 176.89)$  = 1.0

Intercept( $w_0$ ) =  $(19.3 - 1 \times 13.3) / 4$  = 1.5

$y = 1.5 + x$       or       $L = W + 1.5$

- VII. [10 pts.] Consider the above data. Perform stochastic gradient descent for simple linear regression for first instance assuming  $w_0 = 0.5$ ,  $w_1 = 0.25$  and learning rate = 0.25.

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