Quick Reference AP® Computer Science A and AB

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Class Summary and Index

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Class*	Description	Page	Tested in AP CS Exam?	
Package			CS EXAM:	
AbstractGrid	AbstractGrid contains the methods that are common to	D - 1, D - 2	Implementation	
info.gridworld.grid	grid implementations.	,	(AB only)	
Actor	An Actor is an entity that can B-3		API only	
info.gridworld.actor	act. It has a color and direction.		,	
ActorWorld	An ActorWorld is occupied	Student Manual	Not tested	
info.gridworld.actor	by actors.	Part 3	110t tested	
BoundedGrid	A BoundedGrid is a rectangular grid with a finite	D - 3, D - 4	Implementation (AB only)	
info.gridworld.grid	number of rows and columns.			
BoxBug	A BoxBug traces out a square			
(none)	"box" of a given size.	C - 3	Implementation	
BoxBugRunner	This class runs a world that	Student Manual	N	
(none)	contains box bugs.	Part 2	Not tested	
Bug	A Bug is an actor that can	C 1 C 2	Implamantation	
info.gridworld.actor	move and turn. It drops flowers as it moves.	C - 1, C - 2	Implementation	
BugRunner	This class runs a world that	In the projects/ firstProject	NIat tart 1	
(none)	contains a bug and a rock, added at random locations.	folder of the code distribution	Not tested	
ChameleonCritter	A ChameleonCritter takes on the color of neighboring	C - 6	Implementation	
(none)	actors as it moves through the grid.	C - 0		
ChameleonRunner	This along man a world that	In the projects/		
(none)	This class runs a world that contains chameleon critters.	critters folder of the code distribution	Not tested	

^{*}Bold formatting of a class name indicates that students are responsible for the use of that class on the AP Computer Science Exams at the level indicated in this chart.

Class*	Description	Page	Tested in AP CS Exam?	
Package	_ cossq.	- "5"		
CrabCritter (none)	A CrabCritter looks at a limited set of neighbors when it eats and moves.	Student Manual Part 4	Not tested	
CrabRunner (none)	This class runs a world that contains crab critters.	In the projects/ critters folder of the code distribution	Not tested	
Critterinfo.gridworld.actor	A Critter is an actor that moves through its world, processing other actors in some way and then picking a new location.	C - 4, C - 5, C - 6	Implementation	
CritterRunner (none)	This class runs a world that contains critters.	In the projects/ critters folder of the code distribution	Not tested	
Flowerinfo.gridworld.actor	A Flower is an actor that darkens over time. Some actors drop flowers as they move.	B - 4	API only	
Grid info.gridworld.grid	Grid provides an interface for a two-dimensional, grid-like environment containing arbitrary objects.	B - 2	API only	
Location info.gridworld.grid	A Location object represents the row and column of a location in a two-dimensional grid.	B - 1	API only	
Rock info.gridworld.actor	A Rock is an actor that does nothing. It is commonly used to block other actors from moving.	B - 4	API only	
UnboundedGridinfo.gridworld.grid	An UnboundedGrid is a rectangular grid with an unbounded number of rows and columns.	D - 5, D - 6	Implementation (AB only)	
World info.gridworld.world	A world is the mediator between a grid and the GridWorld GUI.	In the API documentation of the code distribution	Not tested	

^{*}Bold formatting of a class name indicates that students are responsible for the use of that class on the AP Computer Science Exams at the level indicated in this chart.

Appendix B — Testable API

info.gridworld.grid.Location class (implements Comparable)

```
public Location(int r, int c)
        constructs a location with given row and column coordinates
public int getRow()
        returns the row of this location
public int getCol()
        returns the column of this location
public Location getAdjacentLocation(int direction)
        returns the adjacent location in the direction that is closest to direction
public int getDirectionToward(Location target)
        returns the closest compass direction from this location toward target
public boolean equals(Object other)
        returns true if other is a Location with the same row and column as this location; false otherwise
public int hashCode()
       returns a hash code for this location
public int compareTo(Object other)
        returns a negative integer if this location is less than other, zero if the two locations are equal, or a positive
        integer if this location is greater than other. Locations are ordered in row-major order.
        Precondition: other is a Location object.
public String toString()
        returns a string with the row and column of this location, in the format (row, col)
Compass directions:
public static final int NORTH = 0;
public static final int EAST = 90;
public static final int SOUTH = 180;
public static final int WEST = 270;
public static final int NORTHEAST = 45;
public static final int SOUTHEAST = 135;
public static final int SOUTHWEST = 225;
public static final int NORTHWEST = 315;
Turn angles:
public static final int LEFT = -90;
public static final int RIGHT = 90;
public static final int HALF_LEFT = -45;
public static final int HALF_RIGHT = 45;
public static final int FULL_CIRCLE = 360;
public static final int HALF CIRCLE = 180;
public static final int AHEAD = 0;
```

info.gridworld.grid.Grid<E> interface

int getNumRows()

returns the number of rows, or -1 if this grid is unbounded

int getNumCols()

returns the number of columns, or -1 if this grid is unbounded

boolean isValid(Location loc)

returns true if loc is valid in this grid, false otherwise

Precondition: loc is not null

E put(Location loc, E obj)

puts obj at location loc in this grid and returns the object previously at that location (or null if the location was previously unoccupied).

Precondition: (1) loc is valid in this grid (2) obj is not null

E remove(Location loc)

removes the object at location loc from this grid and returns the object that was removed (or null if the

location is unoccupied)

Precondition: loc is valid in this grid

E get(Location loc)

returns the object at location loc (or null if the location is unoccupied)

Precondition: loc is valid in this grid

ArrayList<Location> getOccupiedLocations()

returns an array list of all occupied locations in this grid

ArrayList<Location> getValidAdjacentLocations(Location loc)

returns an array list of the valid locations adjacent to loc in this grid

Precondition: loc is valid in this grid

ArrayList<Location> getEmptyAdjacentLocations(Location loc)

returns an array list of the valid empty locations adjacent to loc in this grid

Precondition: loc is valid in this grid

ArrayList<Location> getOccupiedAdjacentLocations(Location loc)

returns an array list of the valid occupied locations adjacent to loc in this grid

Precondition: loc is valid in this grid

ArrayList<E> getNeighbors(Location loc)

returns an array list of the objects in the occupied locations adjacent to loc in this grid

Precondition: loc is valid in this grid

info.gridworld.actor.Actor class

```
public Actor()
        constructs a blue actor that is facing north
public Color getColor()
        returns the color of this actor
public void setColor(Color newColor)
        sets the color of this actor to newColor
public int getDirection()
        returns the direction of this actor, an angle between 0 and 359 degrees
public void setDirection(int newDirection)
        sets the direction of this actor to the angle between 0 and 359 degrees that is equivalent to newDirection
public Grid<Actor> getGrid()
        returns the grid of this actor, or null if this actor is not contained in a grid
public Location getLocation()
        returns the location of this actor, or null if this actor is not contained in a grid
        Precondition: this actor is contained in a grid
public void putSelfInGrid(Grid<Actor> gr, Location loc)
        puts this actor into location loc of grid gr. If there is another actor at loc, it is removed.
        Precondition: (1) This actor is not contained in a grid (2) loc is valid in gr
public void removeSelfFromGrid()
        removes this actor from its grid.
        Precondition: this actor is contained in a grid
public void moveTo(Location newLocation)
        moves this actor to newLocation. If there is another actor at newLocation, it is removed.
        Precondition: (1) This actor is contained in a grid (2) newLocation is valid in the grid of this actor
public void act()
        reverses the direction of this actor. Override this method in subclasses of Actor to define types of actors with
        different behavior
public String toString()
        returns a string with the location, direction, and color of this actor
```

info.gridworld.actor.Rock class (extends Actor)

info.gridworld.actor.Flower class (extends Actor)

```
public Flower()
        constructs a pink flower

public Flower(Color initialColor)
        constructs a flower with color initialColor

public void act()
        causes the color of this flower to darken
```

Appendix C — Testable Code for APCS A/AB

Bug.java

```
package info.gridworld.actor;
import info.gridworld.grid.Grid;
import info.gridworld.grid.Location;
import java.awt.Color;
/**
 * A Bug is an actor that can move and turn. It drops flowers as it moves.
 * The implementation of this class is testable on the AP CS A and AB Exams.
public class Bug extends Actor
   * Constructs a red bug.
  public Bug()
    setColor(Color.RED);
   * Constructs a bug of a given color.
   * @param bugColor the color for this bug
  public Bug(Color bugColor)
    setColor(bugColor);
   * Moves if it can move, turns otherwise.
  public void act()
    if (canMove())
       move();
    else
       turn();
   * Turns the bug 45 degrees to the right without changing its location.
  public void turn()
    setDirection(getDirection() + Location.HALF_RIGHT);
```

```
/**
   * Moves the bug forward, putting a flower into the location it previously occupied.
  public void move()
    Grid<Actor> gr = getGrid();
    if (qr == null)
      return;
    Location loc = getLocation();
Location next = loc.getAdjacentLocation(getDirection());
    if (gr.isValid(next))
      moveTo(next);
    else
      removeSelfFromGrid();
    Flower flower = new Flower(getColor());
    flower.putSelfInGrid(gr, loc);
  /**
   * Tests whether this bug can move forward into a location that is empty or contains a flower.
   * @return true if this bug can move.
  public boolean canMove()
    Grid<Actor> gr = getGrid();
    if (gr == null)
      return false;
    Location loc = getLocation();
    Location next = loc.getAdjacentLocation(getDirection());
    if (!gr.isValid(next))
      return false;
    Actor neighbor = gr.get(next);
    return (neighbor == null) || (neighbor instanceof Flower);
    // ok to move into empty location or onto flower
    // not ok to move onto any other actor
}
```

BoxBug.java

```
import info.gridworld.actor.Bug;
/**
 * A BoxBug traces out a square "box" of a given size.
 * The implementation of this class is testable on the AP CS A and AB Exams.
 */
public class BoxBug extends Bug
  private int steps;
  private int sideLength;
  /**
   * Constructs a box bug that traces a square of a given side length
   * @param length the side length
  public BoxBug(int length)
     steps = 0;
     sideLength = length;
     /**
      * Moves to the next location of the square.
  public void act()
     if (steps < sideLength && canMove())</pre>
       move();
       steps++;
    else
       turn();
       turn();
       steps = 0;
}
```

Critter.java

```
package info.gridworld.actor;
import info.gridworld.grid.Location;
import java.util.ArrayList;
 * A Critter is an actor that moves through its world, processing
 * other actors in some way and then moving to a new location.
 * Define your own critters by extending this class and overriding any methods of this class except for act.
 * When you override these methods, be sure to preserve the postconditions.
 * The implementation of this class is testable on the AP CS A and AB Exams.
public class Critter extends Actor
    * A critter acts by getting a list of other actors, processing that list, getting locations to move to,
    * selecting one of them, and moving to the selected location.
  public void act()
     if (getGrid() == null)
       return;
     ArrayList<Actor> actors = getActors();
     processActors(actors);
     ArrayList<Location> moveLocs = getMoveLocations();
     Location loc = selectMoveLocation(moveLocs);
     makeMove(loc);
   /**
    * Gets the actors for processing. Implemented to return the actors that occupy neighboring grid locations.
    * Override this method in subclasses to look elsewhere for actors to process.
    * Postcondition: The state of all actors is unchanged.
    * @return a list of actors that this critter wishes to process.
  public ArrayList<Actor> getActors()
     return getGrid().getNeighbors(getLocation());
```

```
* Processes the elements of actors. New actors may be added to empty locations.
 * Implemented to "eat" (i.e., remove) selected actors that are not rocks or critters.
 * Override this method in subclasses to process actors in a different way.
 * Postcondition: (1) The state of all actors in the grid other than this critter and the
 * elements of actors is unchanged. (2) The location of this critter is unchanged.
 * @param actors the actors to be processed
public void processActors(ArrayList<Actor> actors)
  for (Actor a : actors)
     if (!(a instanceof Rock) && !(a instanceof Critter))
        a.removeSelfFromGrid();
}
 * Gets a list of possible locations for the next move. These locations must be valid in the grid of this critter.
 * Implemented to return the empty neighboring locations. Override this method in subclasses to look
 * elsewhere for move locations.
 * Postcondition: The state of all actors is unchanged.
 * @return a list of possible locations for the next move
public ArrayList<Location> getMoveLocations()
  return getGrid().getEmptyAdjacentLocations(getLocation());
/**
 * Selects the location for the next move. Implemented to randomly pick one of the possible locations,
 * or to return the current location if locs has size 0. Override this method in subclasses that
 * have another mechanism for selecting the next move location.
 * Postcondition: (1) The returned location is an element of locs, this critter's current location, or null.
 * (2) The state of all actors is unchanged.
 * @param locs the possible locations for the next move
 * @return the location that was selected for the next move.
 * /
public Location selectMoveLocation(ArrayList<Location> locs)
  int n = locs.size();
  if (n == 0)
     return getLocation();
  int r = (int) (Math.random()
                                          * n);
  return locs.get(r);
```

```
* Moves this critter to the given location loc, or removes this critter from its grid if loc is null.
   * An actor may be added to the old location. If there is a different actor at location loc, that actor is
   * removed from the grid. Override this method in subclasses that want to carry out other actions
   * (for example, turning this critter or adding an occupant in its previous location).
   * Postcondition: (1) getLocation() == loc.
   * (2) The state of all actors other than those at the old and new locations is unchanged.
   * @param loc the location to move to
  public void makeMove(Location loc)
       (loc == null)
       removeSelfFromGrid();
    else
       moveTo(loc);
}
ChameleonCritter.java
import info.gridworld.actor.Actor;
import info.gridworld.actor.Critter;
import info.gridworld.grid.Location;
import java.util.ArrayList;
/**
   A ChameleonCritter takes on the color of neighboring actors as it moves through the grid.
 * The implementation of this class is testable on the AP CS A and AB Exams.
public class ChameleonCritter extends Critter
   * Randomly selects a neighbor and changes this critter's color to be the same as that neighbor's.
   * If there are no neighbors, no action is taken.
  public void processActors(ArrayList<Actor> actors)
    int n = actors.size();
    if (n == 0)
       return;
    int r = (int) (Math.random()
    Actor other = actors.get(r);
    setColor(other.getColor());
   * Turns towards the new location as it moves.
  public void makeMove(Location loc)
    setDirection(getLocation().getDirectionToward(loc));
    super.makeMove(loc);
}
```

Appendix D — Testable Code for APCS AB

AbstractGrid.java

```
package info.gridworld.grid;
import java.util.ArrayList;
/**
 * AbstractGrid contains the methods that are common to grid implementations.
 * The implementation of this class is testable on the AP CS AB Exam.
public abstract class AbstractGrid<E> implements Grid<E>
 public ArrayList<E> getNeighbors(Location loc)
    ArrayList<E> neighbors = new ArrayList<E>();
    for (Location neighborLoc : getOccupiedAdjacentLocations(loc))
      neighbors.add(get(neighborLoc));
    return neighbors;
 public ArrayList<Location> getValidAdjacentLocations(Location loc)
    ArrayList<Location> locs = new ArrayList<Location>();
    int d = Location.NORTH;
    for (int i = 0; i < Location.FULL CIRCLE / Location.HALF RIGHT; i++)
      Location neighborLoc = loc.getAdjacentLocation(d);
      if (isValid(neighborLoc))
        locs.add(neighborLoc);
      d = d + Location.HALF RIGHT;
    return locs;
  public ArrayList<Location> getEmptyAdjacentLocations(Location loc)
    ArrayList<Location> locs = new ArrayList<Location>();
    for (Location neighborLoc : getValidAdjacentLocations(loc))
      if (get(neighborLoc) == null)
        locs.add(neighborLoc);
    return locs;
```

```
public ArrayList<Location> getOccupiedAdjacentLocations(Location loc)
    ArrayList<Location> locs = new ArrayList<Location>();
    for (Location neighborLoc : getValidAdjacentLocations(loc))
       if (get(neighborLoc) != null)
         locs.add(neighborLoc);
    return locs;
  /**
   * Creates a string that describes this grid.
   * @return a string with descriptions of all objects in this grid (not
   * necessarily in any particular order), in the format {loc=obj, loc=obj, ...}
  public String toString()
    String s = "{";}
    for (Location loc : getOccupiedLocations())
      if (s.length() > 1)
      s += ", ";
s += loc + "=" + get(loc);
    return s + "}";
}
```

BoundedGrid.java

```
package info.gridworld.grid;
import java.util.ArrayList;
/**
 * A BoundedGrid is a rectangular grid with a finite number of rows and columns.
 * The implementation of this class is testable on the AP CS AB Exam.
public class BoundedGrid<E> extends AbstractGrid<E>
  private Object[][] occupantArray; // the array storing the grid elements
  /**
   * Constructs an empty bounded grid with the given dimensions.
   * (Precondition: rows > 0 and cols > 0.)
   * @param rows number of rows in BoundedGrid
   * @param cols number of columns in BoundedGrid
  public BoundedGrid(int rows, int cols)
    if (rows <= 0)
       throw new IllegalArgumentException("rows <= 0");</pre>
    if (cols <= 0)
       throw new IllegalArgumentException("cols <= 0");</pre>
    occupantArray = new Object[rows][cols];
  public int getNumRows()
    return occupantArray.length;
  public int getNumCols()
    // Note: according to the constructor precondition, numRows() > 0, so
    // theGrid[0] is non-null.
    return occupantArray[0].length;
  public boolean isValid(Location loc)
    return 0 <= loc.getRow() && loc.getRow() < getNumRows()</pre>
             && 0 <= loc.getCol() && loc.getCol() < getNumCols();
  }
```

```
public ArrayList<Location> getOccupiedLocations()
    ArrayList<Location> theLocations = new ArrayList<Location>();
    // Look at all grid locations.
    for (int r = 0; r < getNumRows(); r++)
      for (int c = 0; c < getNumCols(); c++)
        // If there's an object at this location, put it in the array.
        Location loc = new Location(r, c);
        if (get(loc) != null)
          theLocations.add(loc);
    return theLocations;
 public E get(Location loc)
    if (!isValid(loc))
      throw new IllegalArgumentException("Location " + loc + " is not valid");
    return (E) occupantArray[loc.qetRow()][loc.qetCol()]; // unavoidable warning
public E put(Location loc, E obj)
    if (!isValid(loc))
      throw new IllegalArgumentException("Location " + loc+ " is not valid");
    if (obj == null)
      throw new NullPointerException("obj == null");
    // Add the object to the grid.
    E oldOccupant = get(loc);
    occupantArray[loc.getRow()][loc.getCol()] = obj;
    return oldOccupant;
 public E remove(Location loc)
    if (!isValid(loc))
      throw new IllegalArgumentException("Location " + loc + " is not valid");
    // Remove the object from the grid.
    E r = qet(loc);
    occupantArray[loc.getRow()][loc.getCol()] = null;
    return r;
}
```

UnboundedGrid.java

```
package info.gridworld.grid;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.*;
 * An UnboundedGrid is a rectangular grid with an unbounded number of rows and columns.
 * The implementation of this class is testable on the AP CS AB Exam.
 * /
public class UnboundedGrid<E> extends AbstractGrid<E>
  private Map<Location, E> occupantMap;
   * Constructs an empty unbounded grid.
  public UnboundedGrid()
    occupantMap = new HashMap<Location, E>();
  public int getNumRows()
    return -1;
  public int getNumCols()
    return -1;
  public boolean isValid(Location loc)
    return true;
  public ArrayList<Location> getOccupiedLocations()
    ArrayList<Location> a = new ArrayList<Location>();
    for (Location loc : occupantMap.keySet())
      a.add(loc);
    return a;
  }
  public E get(Location loc)
    if (loc == null)
      throw new NullPointerException("loc == null");
    return occupantMap.get(loc);
```

```
public E put(Location loc, E obj)
{
   if (loc == null)
      throw new NullPointerException("loc == null");
   if (obj == null)
      throw new NullPointerException("obj == null");
   return occupantMap.put(loc, obj);
}

public E remove(Location loc)
{
   if (loc == null)
      throw new NullPointerException("loc == null");
   return occupantMap.remove(loc);
}
```

Quick Reference A/AB

Location Class (implements Comparable) public Location(int r, int c) public int getRow() public int getCol() public Location getAdjacentLocation(int direction) public int getDirectionToward(Location target) public boolean equals(Object other)

NORTH, EAST, SOUTH, WEST, NORTHEAST, SOUTHEAST, NORTHWEST, SOUTHWEST LEFT, RIGHT, HALF LEFT, HALF RIGHT, FULL CIRCLE, HALF CIRCLE, AHEAD

Grid<E> Interface

public int hashCode()

public String toString()

public int compareTo(Object other)

```
int getNumCols()
int getNumCols()
boolean isValid(Location loc)
E put(Location loc, E obj)
E remove(Location loc)
E get(Location loc)
ArrayList<Location> getOccupiedLocations()
ArrayList<Location> getValidAdjacentLocations(Location loc)
ArrayList<Location> getEmptyAdjacentLocations(Location loc)
ArrayList<Location> getOccupiedAdjacentLocations(Location loc)
ArrayList<Location> getOccupiedAdjacentLocations(Location loc)
ArrayList<E> getNeighbors(Location loc)
```

Actor Class

```
public Actor()
public Color getColor()
public void setColor(Color newColor)
public int getDirection()
public void setDirection(int newDirection)
public Grid<Actor> getGrid()
public Location getLocation()
public void putSelfInGrid(Grid<Actor> gr, Location loc)
public void removeSelfFromGrid()
public void moveTo(Location newLocation)
public void act()
public String toString()
```

Rock Class (extends Actor)

```
public Rock()
public Rock(Color rockColor)
public void act()
```

Flower Class (extends Actor)

```
public Flower()
public Flower(Color initialColor)
public void act()
```

Bug Class (extends Actor)

```
public Bug()
public Bug(Color bugColor)
public void act()
public void turn()
public void move()
public boolean canMove()
```

BoxBuq Class (extends Buq)

```
public BoxBug(int n)
public void act()
```

Critter Class (extends Actor)

```
public void act()
public ArrayList<Actor> getActors()
public void processActors(ArrayList<Actor> actors)
public ArrayList<Location> getMoveLocations()
public Location selectMoveLocation(ArrayList<Location> locs)
public void makeMove(Location loc)
```

<u>ChameleonCritter Class (extends Critter)</u>

```
public void processActors(ArrayList<Actor> actors)
public void makeMove(Location loc)
```

Appendix F Quick Reference AB

Quick Reference AB Only

AbstractGrid Class (implements Grid)

```
public ArrayList<E> getNeighbors(Location loc)
public ArrayList<Location> getValidAdjacentLocations(Location loc)
public ArrayList<Location> getEmptyAdjacentLocations(Location loc)
public ArrayList<Location> getOccupiedAdjacentLocations(Location loc)
public String toString()
```

BoundedGrid Class (extends AbstractGrid)

```
public BoundedGrid(int rows, int cols) / public UnboundedGrid()
public int getNumRows()
public int getNumCols()
public boolean isValid(Location loc)
public ArrayList<Location> getOccupiedLocations()
public E get(Location loc)
public E put(Location loc, E obj)
public E remove(Location loc)
```

<u>UnboundedGrid Class (extends AbstractGrid)</u>

```
public UnboundedGrid()
public int getNumRows()
public int getNumCols()
public boolean isValid(Location loc)
public ArrayList<Location> getOccupiedLocations()
public E get(Location loc)
public E put(Location loc, E obj)
public E remove(Location loc)
```

Appendix G Source Code Index

Appendix G: Index for Source Code

This appendix provides an index for the Java source code found in Appendix C and Appendix D.

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ontion, java	
act()	C4
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<pre>selectMoveLocation(ArrayList<location> locs)</location></pre>	C5
<pre>makeMove(Location loc)</pre>	C6
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Appendix G Source Code Index

AbstractGrid.java

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getEmptyAdjacentLocations (Location loc)	D1
<pre>getOccupiedAdjacentLocations (Location loc)</pre>	D2
toString()	D2

BoundedGrid.java

BoundedGrid(int rows, int cols)	D3
getNumRows()	D3
getNumCols()	D3
isValid(Location loc)	D3
getOccupiedLocations()	D4
get(Location loc)	D4
<pre>put(Location loc, E obj)</pre>	D4
remove(Location loc)	D4

UnboundedGrid.java

UnboundedGrid()	D5
getNumRows()	D5
getNumCols()	D5
isValid(Location loc)	D5
getOccupiedLocations()	D5
get(Location loc)	D5
<pre>put(Location loc, E obj)</pre>	D6
remove (Location loc)	D6