## **Transform**

Ingest the raw data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics and transform it into simplified files prepared for analysis.

```
In [1]: import os
   import cpi
   import pandas as pd

In [2]: import warnings
   warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

In [3]: pd.set_option("display.max_columns", None)
```

Set all the years of data to transform

```
In [4]: years = range(1990, 2016)
```

The shortlist of industries to extract from the data

Where to find the CSV files

```
In [6]: path_template = './data/{}.annual.singlefile.csv'
```

Area titles crosswalk to decode the raw data files

```
In [30]: area_titles = pd.read_csv("./data/area_titles.csv")
```

Loop through all years and transform the state and county level data for each

```
In [8]: for year in years:
            print "Transforming {}".format(year)
            # Read in the csv
            df = pd.read csv(path template.format(year), dtype={"area fips": str})
            # Decode the area titles
            df = df.merge(area titles, on="area fips", how="inner")
            # Filter it down to desired industries using whitelist
            filtered df = df.merge(whitelist, on='industry code', how="inner")
            # Filter it down to the statewide aggregation level for each industry
            state df = filtered df[
                # Statewide totals for all industries
                 ((filtered_df.agglvl_code == 50) & (filtered_df.industry_group == 'tot
        al')) |
                # Statewide totals for our selected industries
                     (filtered df.agglvl code.isin([55, 56])) &
                     (filtered df.own code == 5) &
                     (filtered_df.industry_group == 'crops')
                )
            # Filter it down to the county aggregation level for each industry
            county df = filtered df[
                # County totals for all industries
                 ((filtered df.agglvl code == 70) & (filtered df.industry group == 'tot
        al')) |
                # County totals for our selected industries
                     (filtered df.agglvl code.isin([75, 76])) &
                     (filtered df.own code == 5) &
                     (filtered_df.industry_group == 'crops')
                 )
            ]
            # Trim to only the columns we want
            trimmed columns = [
                 'area_fips',
                 'area title',
                 'industry_code',
                 'industry_name',
                 'industry_group',
                 'agglvl_code',
                 'year',
                 'own code',
                 'avg_annual_pay',
                 'annual_avg_emplvl',
                'total annual wages',
            1
            trimmed_state_df = state_df[trimmed_columns]
            trimmed_county_df = county_df[trimmed_columns]
            # Adjust wages for inflation
```

```
trimmed state df['total annual wages 2015'] = trimmed state df.apply(
        lambda x: cpi.to_2015_dollars(x.total_annual_wages, x.year),
        axis=1
   )
   trimmed county df['total annual wages 2015'] = trimmed county df.apply(
       lambda x: cpi.to_2015_dollars(x.total_annual_wages, x.year),
       axis=1
   )
   # Group totals by industry group
   groupby = [
        'year',
        'area_fips',
        'area_title',
       'industry_group'
   1
   aggregation = {
        'annual_avg_emplvl': 'sum',
       'total annual wages 2015': 'sum'
   grouped_state_df = trimmed_state_df.groupby(groupby).agg(aggregation).rese
t index()
   grouped county df = trimmed county df.groupby(groupby).agg(aggregation).re
set_index()
   # Recalculate average pay for the new group
   grouped state df['avg annual pay 2015'] = (
        grouped_state_df.total_annual_wages_2015 / grouped_state_df.annual_avg
emplvl
   )
   grouped_county_df['avg_annual_pay_2015'] = (
       grouped_county_df.total_annual_wages_2015 / grouped_county_df.annual_a
vg_emplvl
   )
   # Write out each annual file separately
   grouped_state_df.to_csv("./data/transformed_state_{}.csv".format(year), in
dex=False)
   grouped county df.to csv("./data/transformed county {}.csv".format(year),
index=False)
```

```
Transforming 1990
Transforming 1991
Transforming 1992
Transforming 1993
Transforming 1994
Transforming 1995
Transforming 1996
Transforming 1997
Transforming 1998
Transforming 1999
Transforming 2000
Transforming 2001
Transforming 2002
Transforming 2003
Transforming 2004
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Transforming 2006
Transforming 2007
Transforming 2008
Transforming 2009
Transforming 2010
Transforming 2011
Transforming 2012
Transforming 2013
Transforming 2014
Transforming 2015
```

## Combine all the annual files

## Write them out

```
In [11]: combined_state_df.to_csv("./data/transformed_state.csv", index=False)
In [12]: combined_county_df.to_csv("./data/transformed_county.csv", index=False)
```