

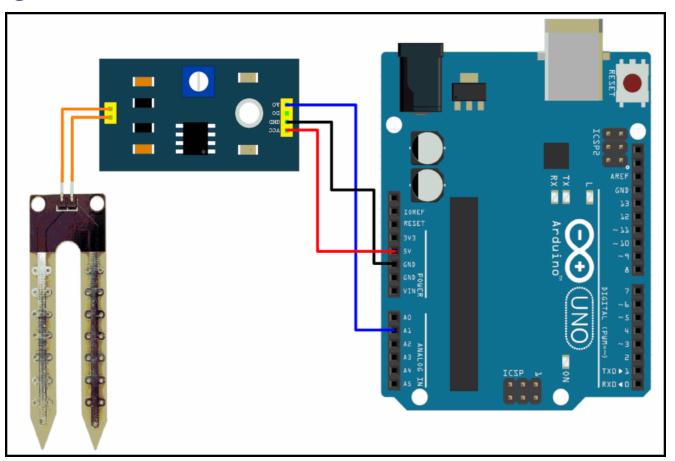
Node-RED: Case Study



Requirement:

- i. Microcontroller x 1
- ii. Soil Moisture x 2
- iii. NodeRED

The schematic diagram:



The result:

When you run the sketch, you'll see the close to the following readings in the serial monitor:

- when the soil was dry (~850)
- when the soil was completely wet (~400)



Status: Dry Test Reading: ~850



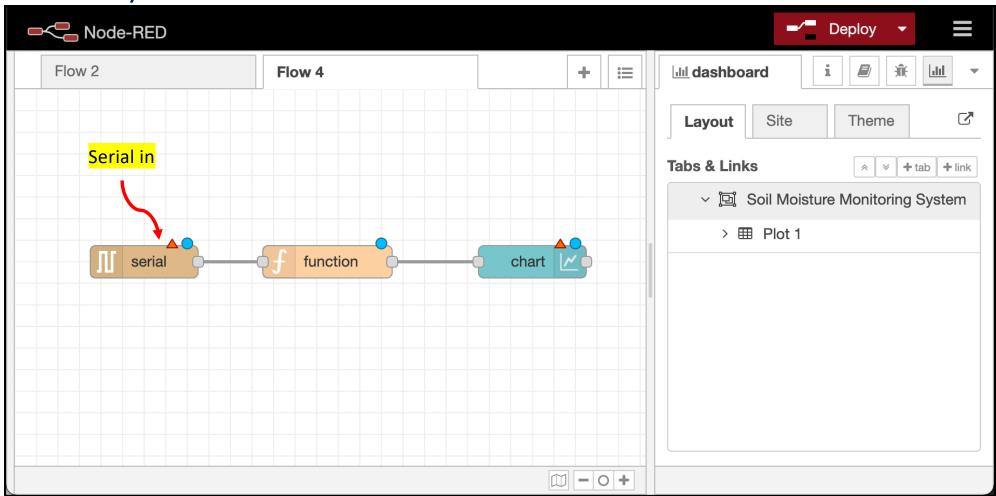
Status: Completely wet Test Reading: ~400

https://lastminuteengineers.com/soil-moisture-sensor-arduino-tutorial/

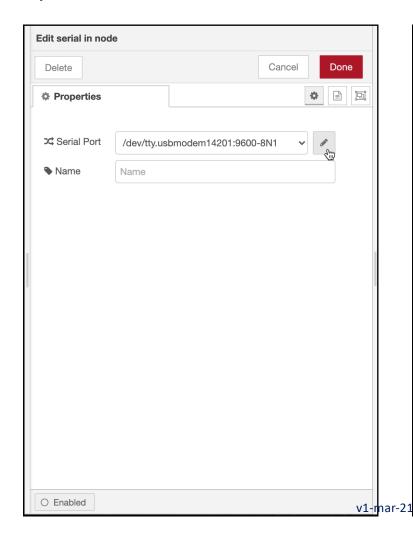
The sketch:

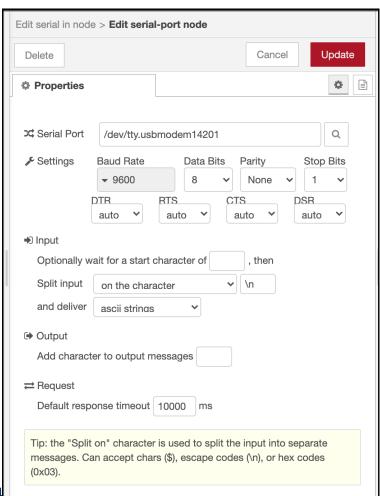
```
// the setup routine runs once when you press reset:
void setup() {
 // initialize serial communication at 9600 bits per second:
 Serial.begin(9600);
 String moist;
// the loop routine runs over and over again forever:
void loop() {
// read the input on analog pin 0:
 int sensorValue = analogRead(A0);
 moist = string(sensorValue); // need to convert to string which will pickup by nodeRED
 // print out the value you read:
 Serial.print("Moisture Level: ");
 Serial.print(moist);
Serial.println(","); //delimiter -> for nodeRED
 delay(1000); // delay in between reads for stability
```

Node-RED layout:

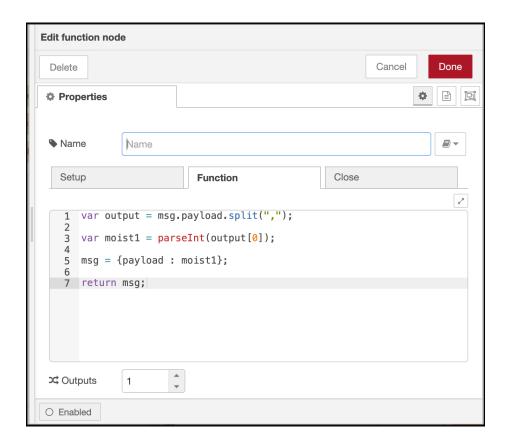


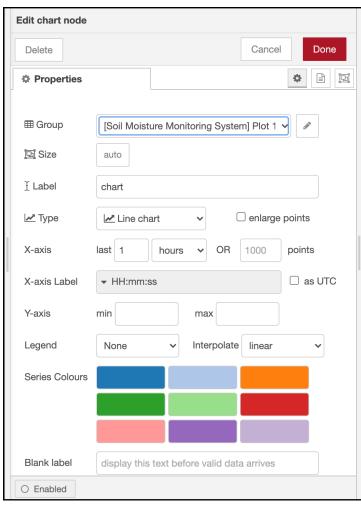
Node-RED properties:



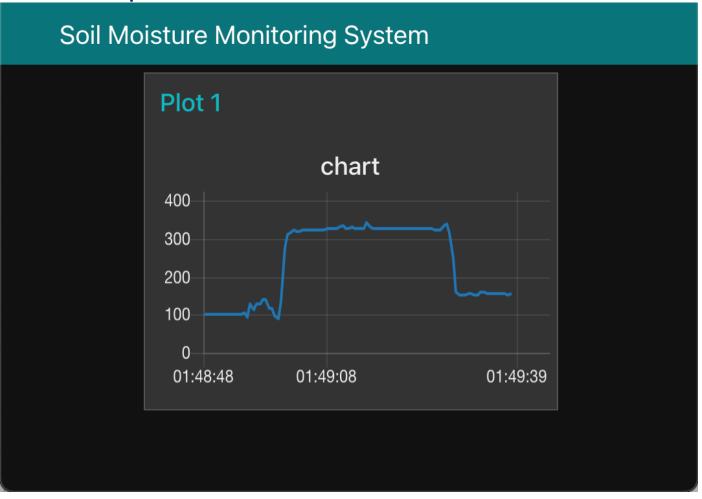


Node-RED layout:





Node-RED expected output:



EXERCISES:

Add one more sensor, modify the function node.

QnA

END