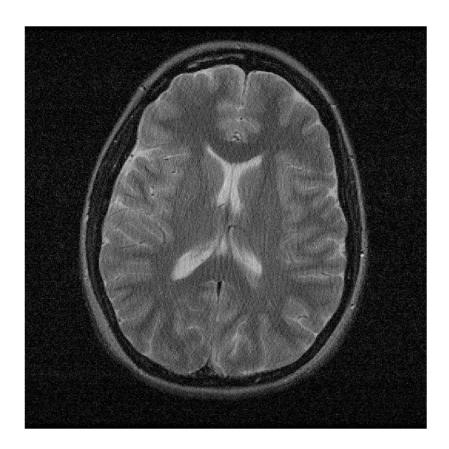
EE 610 Image Processing

Project 1: Restoring the brain image

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The original image that is to be filtered is:



The fnlCg code:

```
function x = fnlCg(x0,sampler,data, param)
%------
%------
x = x0;
% line search parameters - Dont touch..leave alone
```

```
maxlsiter = 150;
gradToll = 1.0000e-030;
alpha = 0.0100;
beta = 0.6000;
t0 = 1;
Itnlim = 16;
k = 0;
% copmute q0 = qrad(Phi(x))
g0 = wGradient(x,sampler,data, param);
dx = -q0;
% iterations
while(1)
% backtracking line-search
    % pre-calculate values, such that it would be cheap to
compute the objective
    % many times for efficient line-search
    f0 = objective(x,dx, 0, sampler,data, param);
    t = t0;
        [f1] = objective(x,dx, t,sampler,data, param);
    lsiter = 0;
    while (f1 > f0 - alpha*t*abs(g0(:)'*dx(:)))^2 &
(lsiter<maxlsiter)</pre>
        lsiter = lsiter + 1;
        t = t * beta;
        [f1] = objective(x,dx, t,sampler,data, param);
    end
    if lsiter == maxlsiter
        disp('Reached max line search,.... not so good... might
have a bug in operators. exiting... ');
        return;
    end
    % control the number of line searches by adapting the
initial step search
    if lsiter > 2
        t0 = t0 * beta;
```

```
end
    if lsiter<1</pre>
        t0 = t0 / beta;
    end
    x = (x + t*dx);
    %----- uncomment for debug purposes
    disp(sprintf('%d , obj: %f ', k,f1));
    %conjugate gradient calculation- Dont touch
    g1 = wGradient(x,sampler,data, param);
   bk = g1(:)'*g1(:)/(g0(:)'*g0(:)+eps);
    g0 = g1;
    dx = -g1 + bk* dx;
    k = k + 1;
    %TODO: need to "think" of a "better" stopping criteria ;-)
    if (k > Itnlim) | (norm(dx(:)) < gradToll)</pre>
        break;
    end
end
return;
function [res] = objective(x,dx,t,sampler,data, param)
%DEFINE obj
x = x + (t * dx);
b = data;
Ax = sampler .* fftshift(fft2(fftshift(x)));
obj = (Ax - b);
res=(obj(:)'*obj(:)) + (param.TVWeight * TV(x));
function grad = wGradient(x,sampler,data, param)
%Define this function
gradObj=gOBJ(x,sampler,data);
grad = (gradObj) + (param.TVWeight * gTV(x));
```

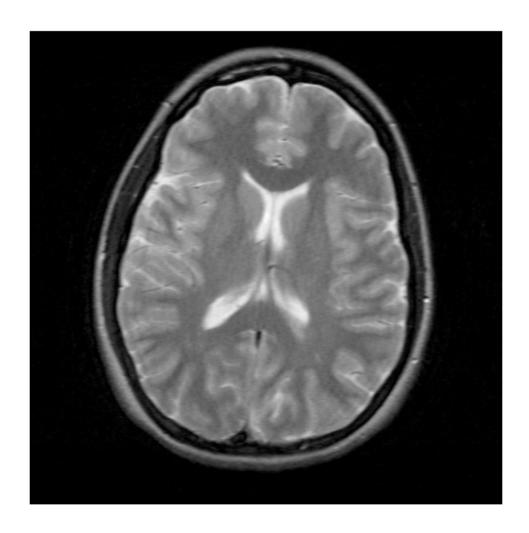
```
function gradObj = gOBJ(x,sampler,data)
% computes the gradient of the data consistency
%DEFINE gradObj
b = data;
Ax = sampler .* fftshift(fft2(fftshift(x)));
AhAx = ifftshift(ifft2(ifftshift(Ax)));
Ahb = ifftshift(ifft2(ifftshift(b)));
gradObj = 2 * (AhAx - Ahb);
function gradTV = gTV(x)
% compute gradient of TV operator
gradTV=filter2([0 -1 1],filter2([1 -1 0], x))
+filter2([0;-1;1],filter2([1;
-1; 0], x);
%YOU MAY WANT TO ADD MORE FUNCTIONS AND GRADIENTS
function total variation = TV(x)
ux = filter2([1 -1 0], x);
uy = filter2([1; -1; 0], x);
ux2 = ux \cdot * (conj(ux));
uy2 = uy .* (conj(uy));
mag = sqrt(ux2 + uy2);
totalvariation = sum(mag(:));
The brain demo code:
close all; clear all;
load brain512
sampler=mask./pdf;
% Reconstruction Parameters
N = size(data); % image Size
DN = size(data); % Fourier data Size
param.TVWeight = .77; % Weight for TV penalty
```

```
% scale data
im_dc = ifftshift(ifft2(ifftshift(data.*sampler))); % matrix E
has been defined here
data = data/max(abs(im_dc(:)));

im_dc = im_dc/max(abs(im_dc(:)));

res = im_dc; %Initial degraded image supplied to fnlcg function
% do iterations
tic
for n=1:5
    res = fnlCg(res,sampler,data, param); %initialize fnlcg
    im_res = res;
    figure(100), imshow(abs(im_res),[]), drawnow
end
toc
```

The output image is:



The Phantom image part

The phantom demo code:

```
N = size(data); % image Size
DN = size(data); % Fourier data Size
param.TVWeight = .77; % Weight for TV penalty
% scale data
im_dc = ifftshift(ifft2(ifftshift(data.*sampler))); % matrix E
has been defined here
data = data/max(abs(im_dc(:)));
im_dc = im_dc/max(abs(im_dc(:)));
res = im dc; %Initial degraded image supplied to fnlcg function
% do iterations
tic
for n=1:5
   res = fnlCg(res,sampler,data, param); %initialize fnlcg
    im res = res;
    figure(100), imshow(abs(im res),[]), drawnow
end
toc
```

The output of sampled phantom image is:

