

Estimation of Interference Temperature

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$$T_I(f_c, B) = \frac{P_I(f_c, B)}{kB}$$

$$\{w_t^{(k)}\}_{t=1}^N$$

$$Y_k(f) = \sum_{t=1}^N w_t^{(k)} x(t) e^{-j2\pi ft}, \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, K-1 \quad (1)$$

$$p = 2NW \quad (2)$$

$$\hat{S}(f) = \frac{\sum_{k=0}^{K-1} \lambda_k(f) |Y_k(f)|^2}{\sum_{k=0}^{K-1} \lambda_k(f)} \quad (3)$$

$$\mathbf{A}(f) = \begin{bmatrix} w_1 Y_1^{(1)}(f) & w_1 Y_2^{(1)}(f) & \dots & w_1 Y_K^{(1)}(f) \\ w_2 Y_1^{(2)}(f) & w_2 Y_2^{(2)}(f) & \dots & w_2 Y_K^{(2)}(f) \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ w_M Y_1^{(M)}(f) & w_M Y_2^{(M)}(f) & \dots & w_M Y_K^{(M)}(f) \end{bmatrix} \quad (4)$$

reference to haykin [1]

$$\mathbf{A}(f) = \sum_{k=0}^{K-1} \sigma_k(f) \mathbf{u}_k(f) \mathbf{v}_k^\dagger(f) \quad (5)$$

References

- [1] Simon Haykin. Cognitive radio: Brain-empowered wireless communications. *IEEE Journal on selected areas in communications*, 23(2), 2005.