

MATH 119: Quiz 6

Name: _____

Directions:

- * Show your thought process (commonly said as "show your work") when solving each problem for full credit. **Remember to fully simplify.**
- * If you do not know how to solve a problem, try your best and/or explain in English what you would do.
- * Good luck!

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1. Convert the rectangular coordinate $(-2, 1)$ into polar coordinates.

Skip

2. Convert the polar equation

$$r = 6 \csc \theta$$

into a rectangular equation.

need $\sin \theta$
for $r \sin \theta$

$$\longrightarrow r = 6 \cdot \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$$

need r for $y = r \sin \theta$

$$\sin(\theta) \cdot r = 6 \cdot \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \cdot \cancel{\sin \theta}$$

$$r \sin \theta = 6$$

$$\boxed{y = 6}$$

3. Solve the equation

$$2 \cos^2 \theta - 1 = 0$$

goal: need " $\cos \theta = \pm$ "

$$2 \cos^2 \theta - 1 = 0$$

$$2 \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

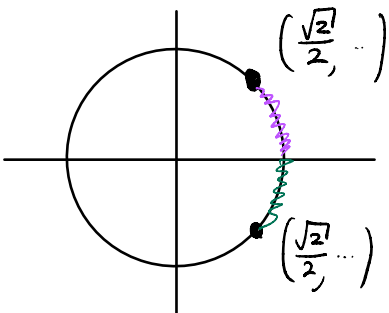
$$\cos^2 \theta = \frac{1}{2}$$

root splits into num/denom
by Law of Exp
#5.

$$\sqrt{\cos^2 \theta} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = \pm \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \pm \frac{1^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

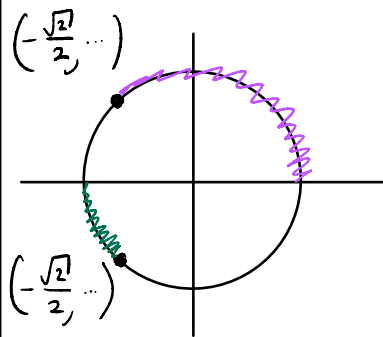


① one period

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\theta = \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

$$\cos \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$



$$\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$\theta = \frac{5\pi}{4}$$

② periodicity

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{4} + 2k\pi$$

$$\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4} + 2k\pi$$

$$\theta = \frac{5\pi}{4} + 2k\pi$$

$$\theta = \frac{7\pi}{4} + 2k\pi$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

or

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi$$

$$\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4} + k\pi$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z}$$