

Directions:

- * Show your thought process (commonly said as "show your work") when solving each problem for full credit.
- * If you do not know how to solve a problem, try your best and/or explain in English what you would do.
- * Good luck!
- 1. Differentiate the following. You are allowed to use shortcuts.

(a)
$$f(x) = -2(x^2 - 1)\sin(x)$$
 Left risk product
$$f'(x) = -2 \frac{d}{dx} \left[(x^2 - 1) \cdot s \cos(x) \right]$$

$$= -2 \left((x^2 - 1) \cdot \cos(x) + s \sin(x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x^2 - 1) \right)$$

$$= -2 \left((x^2 - 1) \cdot \cos(x) + s \sin(x) \cdot 2x \right)$$

$$= \left[-2 \times \cos(x) + 2 \cos(x) - 4 \times \sin(x) \right]$$
(b) $g(x) = \frac{1}{x} = x^{-1}$

$$f'(x) = \left(-1 \right) x$$

$$= \left[-1 \right]$$

(c)
$$f(x) = (x^2 - 1)(x^2 + 1)$$

$$= x^4 - ($$

$$f'(x) = \frac{J}{J_x} \left[x^4 \right] - \frac{J}{J_x} \left[1 \right]$$

$$= \frac{J}{J_x} \left[x^4 \right]$$

(d)
$$g(x) = \frac{e^{2x}}{x^2}$$
 quotient chain.

$$g'(x) = \frac{x^2 \frac{d}{dx} \left[e^{2x}\right] - e^{2x} \frac{d}{dx} \left[x^2\right]}{\left(x^2\right)^2}$$

$$= \frac{x^2 \cdot e^{2x} \frac{d}{dx} \left[2x\right] - e^{2x} \cdot 2x}{x^4}$$

$$= \frac{2x^2 e^{2x} - 2x e^{2x}}{x^4}$$

$$= \frac{2x e^{2x} \left(x - 1\right)}{x^4}$$

$$= \frac{2e^{2x} \left(x - 1\right)}{x^3}$$

had grade 1s $\frac{d}{dx} \left[e^{e^{x}} \right] = e^{e^{x}} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \left[e^{x} \right]$ $= \left[e^{e^{x}} \cdot e^{x} \right] + \left[e^{x} \cdot e^{x} \right]$