# Case Study of Reader/Writer System

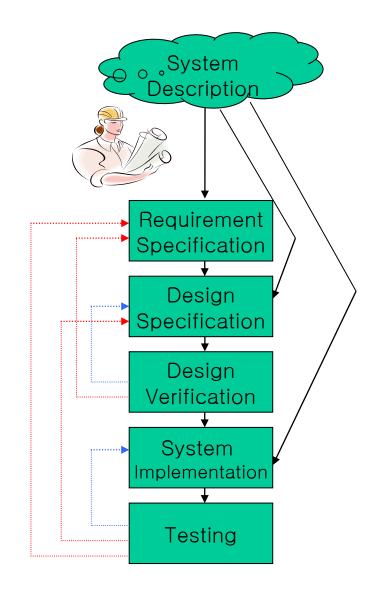
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# **Outlines**

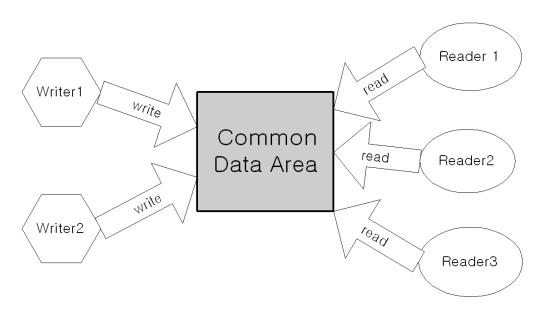
- System Description
- Formal Requirement Specification
- Formal Design Specification
- Formal Verification
- Testing





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# Multiple Reader/Writer System



- System requirement
  - **♣** Concurrency (CON)
  - **★**Exclusive writing (EW)
  - High priority of writer (HPW)



# Multiple Reader/Writer System

### 2 versions of HPW

#### **4** HPW#1

 While no reader is reading the common data area (CDA), if a writer has tried to write to CDA at the time instance T, no reader should read CDA after T until the writer completes writing.

#### **♣** HPW#2

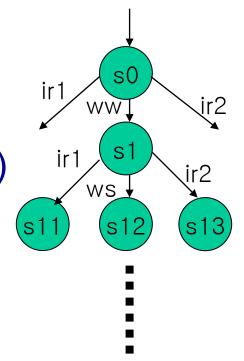
While no reader is reading CDA,
 if a writer has tried to write to CDA at the time instance T
 and no reader is waiting to read CDA before T,
 no reader should read CDA after T
 until the writer completes writing.
 (i.e., respecting first-come-first-serve)





## Formal Requirement Specification

- 1 writer and 2 readers system
  - **Execution tree**
  - **RW** system has 9 events
    - {ir1,rs1,re1,ir2,rs2,re2,ww,ws,we}
  - $\bot$  A state s =  $(n_{ir1}, n_{rs1}, n_{ir2}, n_{rs2}, n_{ww}, n_{ws})$ 
    - s0 = (0,0,0,0,0,0)
    - s1 = (0,0,0,0,1,0)
    - s11=(1,0,0,0,1,0)
    - s12=(0,0,0,0,0,1)







## Valid execution paths

**Defn 1 (An execution path)** An execution tree is a labeled transition system  $(S, T_{\Sigma})$  where S is a set of states and  $T_{\Sigma}: S \times \Sigma \times S$  is a set of transition over S with a set of label  $\Sigma$ . A state s consists of the following g integer variables

$$s \stackrel{def}{=} (n_{ir1}, n_{rs1}, n_{ir2}, n_{rs2}, n_{ww}, n_{ws})$$

An execution path  $\sigma = s_0 s_1 .... s_n$  is a sequence of states in an execution tree.  $\sigma_{s_i}$  denotes the i th state of  $\sigma$ .

**Defn 2 (Definition of a state)**  $\#ir1(\sigma_{s_0}) \stackrel{def}{=} 0.$   $\#ir1(\sigma_{s_i}) \stackrel{def}{=} a$  number of event ir1 in an event trace  $\rho = l_0...l_{i-1}$  such that  $\sigma_{s_i} \stackrel{l_i}{\to} \sigma_{s_{i+1}}$  where i > 0. Similarly defined are #rs1, #re1, #ir2, #rs2, #re2, #ww, #ws, and #we.

**Defn 2 (Definition of a state)**  $\#ir1(\sigma_{s_0}) \stackrel{def}{=} 0.$   $\#ir1(\sigma_{s_i}) \stackrel{def}{=} a$  number of event ir1 in an event trace  $\rho = l_0...l_{i-1}$  such that  $\sigma_{s_i} \stackrel{l_i}{\to} \sigma_{s_{i+1}}$  where i > 0. Similarly defined are #rs1, #re1, #ir2, #rs2, #re2, #ww, #ws, and #we.

State  $\sigma_s$  of an execution path  $\sigma$  consists of the following 6 variables

$$n_{ir1}(\sigma_s) \stackrel{def}{=} \#ir1(\sigma_s) - \#rs1(\sigma_s)$$

$$n_{rs1}(\sigma_s) \stackrel{def}{=} \#rs1(\sigma_s) - \#re1(\sigma_s)$$

$$n_{ir2}(\sigma_s) \stackrel{def}{=} \#ir2(\sigma_s) - \#rs2(\sigma_s)$$

$$n_{rs2}(\sigma_s) \stackrel{def}{=} \#rs2(\sigma_s) - \#re2(\sigma_s)$$

$$n_{ww}(\sigma_s) \stackrel{def}{=} \#ww(\sigma_s) - \#ws(\sigma_s)$$

$$n_{ws}(\sigma_s) \stackrel{def}{=} \#ws(\sigma_s) - \#we(\sigma_s)$$

$$Initial state \sigma_{s_0} \stackrel{def}{=} (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)$$

 $n_{ir1}(\sigma_s)$  indicates whether there is "active" ir1 in an execution path  $s_0...s$ . We can think that ith occurence of rs1 "cancels" the ith occurence of ir1.  $n_{ir1}(\sigma_s) = 1$  means that ir1 occurs i times and rs1 occurs (i-1) times upto state  $\sigma_s$ , which means that ir1 is "active".





## Valid execution path σ

- $\blacksquare$  An execution path  $\sigma = s_0, s_1, \ldots, s_n$ 
  - $\sigma_{si}$  denotes the i th state of  $\sigma$
- ♣ Definition of a state s<sub>i</sub>.
  - #ir1( $\sigma_{s0}$ ) =0
  - $\#ir1(\sigma_{si}) = \# of ir1 in a trace I_0...I_{i-1} s.t. \sigma_{si} I_i -> \sigma_{si+1}$
  - $n_{ir1}(\sigma_s) = \#ir1(\sigma_s) \#rs1(\sigma_s)$
  - $n_{rs1}(\sigma_s) = \#rs1(\sigma_s) \#re1(\sigma_s)$
  - $n_{ir2}(\sigma_s)$ ,  $n_{rs2}(\sigma_s)$ ,  $n_{ww}(\sigma_s)$ ,  $n_{ws}(\sigma_s)$  are defined similarly

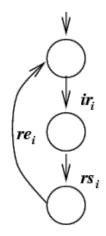


#### Formal Requirement Specification (cont.)

## Valid execution path σ

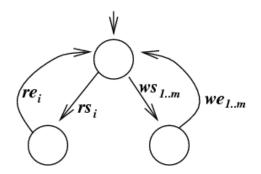
#### Correct Event Ordering

- For all state s<sub>i</sub> in σ
  - $n_{ir1}(s_i) \ge 0 \land n_{rs1}(s_i) \ge 0 \land n_{ir1}(s_i) + n_{rs1}(s_i) \le 1$
  - $n_{ir2}(s_i) \ge 0 \land n_{rs2}(s_i) \ge 0 \land n_{ir2}(s_i) + n_{rs2}(s_i) \le 1$
  - $n_{ww}(s_i) \ge 0 \land n_{ws}(s_i) \ge 0 \land n_{ww}(s_i) + n_{ws}(s_i) \le 1$



#### **Lesson** Exclusive Writing

- For all state s<sub>i</sub> in σ
  - $n_{ws}(s_i)=1 \rightarrow (n_{rs1}(s_i)=0 \land n_{rs2}(s_i)=0)$

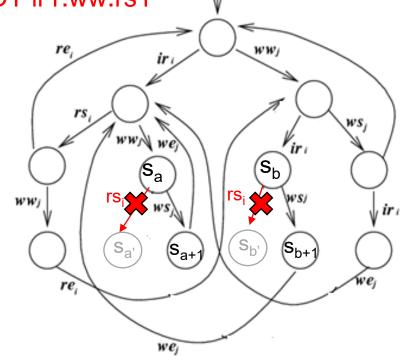






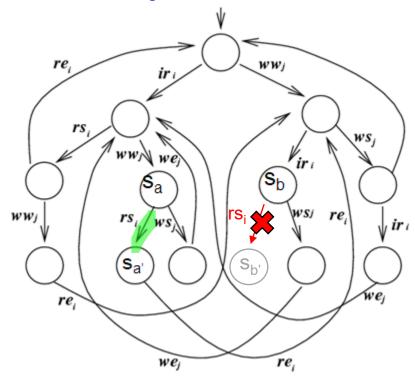
## Valid execution paths

- High Priority of Writer #1 (HPW#1)
  - $(n_{ww}(s_i)=1 \land n_{rs1}(s_i)=0 \land n_{rs2}(s_i)=0)$ ->  $(n_{rs1}(s_{i+1})=0 \land n_{rs2}(s_{i+1})=0)$
  - Ex. HPW#1 allow ir1.ww.ws, but NOT ir1.ww.rs1
  - Ex1. For a state s<sub>a</sub> in the right LTS,
    - $s_a$ -w $s_j$ ->  $s_{a+1}$  is valid, since  $n_{ww}(s_a)$ =1,  $n_{rs1}(s_a)$ =0,  $n_{rs2}(s_i)$ =0,  $n_{rs1}(s_{a+1})$ =0,  $n_{rs2}(s_{a+1})$ =0
  - Ex2. For a state s<sub>a</sub> in the right LTS,
    - $-s_a$ -rs<sub>i</sub>->  $s_{a'}$  is **NOT** valid, since  $n_{ww}(s_a)=1$ ,  $n_{rs1}(s_a)=0$ ,  $n_{rs2}(s_i)=0$ ,  $n_{rs1}(s_{a'})=1$ ,  $n_{rs2}(s_{a'})=0$





- Valid execution paths
  - High Priority of Writer #2 (HPW#2)
    - Difficult to formally specify HPW#2 in the given formal framework since we need to specify an order of events in a trace
      - Ex. we need to distinguish ir1.ww.rs1 and ww.ir1.rs1

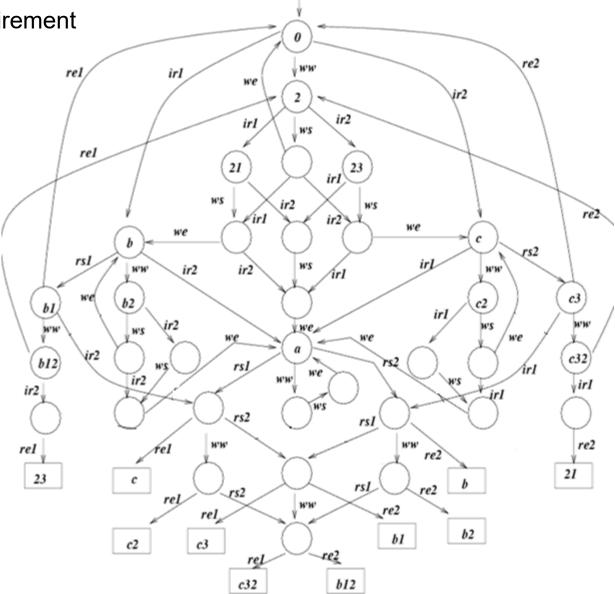




#### **Formal Requirement Specification (cont.)**

LTS for the Requirement

w/ **HPW#1** 





#### Formal Requirement Specification (cont.)

```
**************
* Requirement Specification w/ HPW#1 *
**********
proc ReaRW HPW1 = ir1.B + ww.S2 + ir2.C proc B = rs1.B1 + ww.B2 + ir2.A
                                       proc B1 = re1.RegRW HPW1 + ww.B12 +
proc S2 = ir1.S21 + ws.S22 + ir2.S23
proc S21 = ws.S212 + ir2.S213
                                       ir2 A1
proc S22 = ir1.S212 + we.RegRW HPW1+
                                       proc B2 = ws.B22 + ir2.B23
                                       proc B12 = re1.S2 + ir2.B123
ir2.S232
proc S23 = ir1.S213 + ws.S232
                                       proc B22 = we.B + ir2.B223
proc S212 = we.B + ir2.S2123
                                       proc B23 = ws.B223
                                       proc B123 = re1.S23
proc S213 = ws.S2123
                                       proc B223 = we.A
proc S232 = ir1.S2123 + we.C
proc S2123 = we.A
                                       proc C = ir1.A + ww.C2 + rs2.C3
proc A = rs1.A1 + ww.A2 + rs2.A3
                                       proc C2 = ir1.C21 + ws.C22
                                       proc C3 = ir1.A3 + ww.C32 +
proc A1 = re1.C + ww.A12 + rs2.A13
proc A2 = ws.we.A
                                       re2.ReaRW HPW1
proc A3 = rs1.A13 + ww.A32 + re2.B
                                       proc C21 = ws.C221
proc A12 = re1.C2 + rs2.A123
                                       proc C22 = ir1.C221 + we.C
                                       proc C32 = ir1.C321 + re2.S2
proc A13 = re1.C3 + ww.A123 + re2.B1
proc A32 = rs1.A123 + re2.B2
                                       proc C221 = we.A
proc A123 = re1.C32 + re2.B12
                                       proc C321 = re2.S21
```



# Formal Design Specification

- RW system designed in "Concurrent Programming in Java[Lea99]"
  - proc S =
     (R1|R2|W|AR0|WW0|AW0|
     LOCK|SLEEP0)\
     { dec\_WW, inc\_WW, dec\_AW,inc\_AW,...}
     proc R1 = ...
    - Processes (R1, R2, W, Lock, etc) communicate each other through signals (dec\_WW, inc\_WW, etc)
    - variables in RW code are represented as processes (AR0, AW0, etc)

```
class RW {
  int activeReaders = 0;
  int activeWriters_= 0;
  int waitingReaders_= 0;
  int waitingWriters = 0;
  void read()
         beforeRead();
         read ();
         afterRead();
  void beforeRead()
                           {...}
                           {...}
  void read_()
  void afterRead()
```





## **Testing using Formal Specification**

- Insert probe into the RW source code
  - Probe generates event signal
- Testing RW code utilizing formal requirement spec as a test oracle
  - Use CWB-NC based simulation feature
  - Inappropriate event signal means violation

```
public abstract class RW{
  protected int activeReaders_ = 0;
  protected int activeWriters_= 0;
  protected int waitingReaders_= 0;
  protected int waitingWriters_ = 0;
  public void read(String id) {
     beforeRead();
     read_(id);
     afterRead();
  protected synchronized void beforeRead(){
      Event("ir" + pid);
  public void read_() {
      Event("rs" + pid);
  protected synchronized void afterRead(){
      Event("re" + pid);
```





## **RW Java Code**

```
public abstract class RW2 {
  protected int activeReaders = 0; //threads executing read
  protected int activeWriters = 0;
                                   //always 0 or 1
  protected int waitingReaders = 0; //threads not yet in read
  protected int waitingWriters = 0; //same for write
  protected abstract void read (String id);
  protected abstract void write (String id);
  void Event(String s){ }//System.out.println(s);}
  public void read(String id) {
     beforeRead();
     read (id); // Event("rs" + pid);
     afterRead();
  public void write(String id) {
     beforeWrite();
     write (id); // Event("ws"+ pid);
     afterWrite();
  protected boolean allowReader() {
     if (waitingWriters == 0 && activeWriters == 0)
       return true;
     else
       return false:
```

```
protected boolean allowWriter()
  if(activeReaders == 0 && activeWriters == 0) {
    return true:
  } else return false; }
protected synchronized void beforeRead()
  Event("ir" + pid);
 ++waitingReaders;
  while(!allowReader())
     try{ wait();}
     catch(InterruptedException ex){}
  --waitingReaders;
  ++activeReaders ;}
protected synchronized void afterRead() {
  Event("re" + pid);
  --activeReaders;
  notifyAll();}
protected synchronized void beforeWrite() {
  Event("ww" + pid);
  ++waitingWriters;
  while(!allowWriter())
    try{wait();}
    catch(InterruptedException ex){}
  --waitingWriters;
  ++activeWriters ;}
protected synchronized void afterWrite() {
  Event("we" + pid);
  --activeWriters ;
  notifyAll(); }
```



# RW System Design

```
proc R2 = 'lock.ir2.
* RW system design of 2 Readers and 1 Writer *
                                                                               ( 'zero WW.
* matching to the Java Implementation *
                                                                                   ('zero_AW.'inc_AR.'unlock.READ2
                                                                                     + 'non zero AW.'inc sleep.'unlock.R2')
proc DesignRW = (R1|R2|W|AR0|WW0|AW0|LOCK|SLEEP0)\
                                                                                   + 'non zero WW.'inc sleep.'unlock.R2')
              {dec_WW, inc_WW, dec_AW, inc_AW, dec_AR, inc_AR,
                                                                             proc R2' = wake_up.'lock.
               zero_WW, zero_AW, zero_AR, non_zero_WW,non_zero_AW,
                                                                                ( 'zero WW.
               non zero AR, lock, unlock,
                                                                                   ('zero AW.'inc AR.'unlock.READ2
               zero_sleep, one_sleep, two_sleep, dec_sleep, inc_sleep,
                                                                                      + 'non zero AW.'inc sleep.'unlock.R2')
               wake_up}
                                                                                   + 'non zero_WW.'inc_sleep.'unlock.R2')
proc WW0 = zero_WW.WW0 + inc_WW.WW1
                                                                             proc W = 'lock.ww.'inc_WW.
proc WW1 = dec WW.WW0 + non zero WW.WW1
                                                                               ('zero AR.
                                                                                  ('zero_AW.'dec_WW.'inc_AW.'unlock.WRITE
proc AW0 = zero AW.AW0 + inc AW.AW1
                                                                                     +'non zero AW.'inc sleep.'unlock.W')
proc AW1 = dec AW.AW0 + non zero AW.AW1
                                                                                  + 'non_zero_AR.'inc_sleep.'unlock.W')
                                                                             proc W' = wake up.'lock.
proc AR0 = zero AR.AR0 + inc AR.AR1
                                                                                ('zero_AR.
proc AR1 = dec AR.AR0 + inc AR.AR2
                                                                                   ('zero_AW.'dec_WW.'inc_AW.'unlock.WRITE
     + non zero AR.AR1
                                                                                      +'non zero AW.'inc sleep.'unlock.W')
proc AR2 = dec_AR.AR1 + non_zero_AR.AR2
                                                                                   + 'non zero_AR.'inc_sleep.'unlock.W')
proc SLEEP0 = zero sleep.SLEEP0 + inc sleep.SLEEP1
                                                                             proc READ1 = rs1.re1.'lock.'dec AR.
proc SLEEP1 = one_sleep.SLEEP1 + inc_sleep.SLEEP2 + dec_sleep.SLEEP0
                                                                                   ('zero sleep.'unlock.R1 +
proc SLEEP2 = two sleep.SLEEP2 + dec sleep.SLEEP1
                                                                                   'one sleep.'wake up.'dec sleep.'unlock.R1 +
                                                                                   'two sleep.'wake up.'dec sleep.'wake up.'dec sleep.'unlock.R1)
proc R1 = 'lock.ir1.
                                                                             proc READ2 = rs2.re2.'lock.'dec_AR.
   ( 'zero_WW.
                                                                                   ('zero sleep.'unlock.R2+
               ('zero AW.'inc AR.'unlock.READ1
                                                                                   'one sleep.'wake up.'dec sleep.'unlock.R2+
                  + 'non zero AW.'inc sleep.'unlock.R1')
                                                                                   'two_sleep.'wake_up.'dec_sleep.'wake_up.'dec_sleep.'unlock.R2)
               + 'non zero WW.'inc sleep.'unlock.R1')
                                                                             proc WRITE = ws.we.'lock.'dec AW.
           wake_up.'lock.
proc R1' =
                                                                                  ('zero sleep.'unlock.W +
   ( 'zero WW.
                                                                                   'one_sleep.'wake_up.'dec_sleep.'unlock.W +
               ('zero AW.'inc AR.'unlock.READ1
                                                                                   'two_sleep.'wake_up.'dec_sleep.'wake_up.'dec_sleep.'unlock.W)
                  + 'non zero AW.'inc sleep.'unlock.R1')
               + 'non_zero_WW.'inc_sleep.'unlock.R1')
                                                                             proc LOCK = lock.unlock.LOCK
    KAIST
```

# **May Preorder**

- May preorder (classical trace inclusion)
  - $+P \cdot_{may} Q \text{ iff on } T'(P)\mu T'(Q)$ 
    - Ex. le –S may "a.nil" "a.b.nil"
      - Since  $T'(a.nil) = \{a\}, T'(a.b.nil) = \{a,a.b\}$
      - But not le –S may "a.b.nil" "a.nil"





## **Formal Verification Result**

```
cwb-nc>
le -S may DesignRW ReqRW HPW1
Building automaton...
States: 620
Transitions: 1016
Done building automaton.
Building automaton...
States: 34
Transitions: 69
Done building automaton.
Transforming automaton...
Done transforming automaton.
FALSE...
DesignRW has trace:
        ir1 ww rs1
RegRW HPW1 does not.
 Does RegRW HPW2 allow ir1.ww.rs1?
```

```
Can DesignRW perform ww.ir1.rs1?
Does ReqRW_HPW1 allow it?
Does ReqRW HPW2 allow it?
```



```
DesignRW violates RegRW HPW1, because,
(as a counter example ir1.ww.rs1 indicates)
R1 can read before W writes
if R1 performs ir1 before W performs ww.
See the following Java code for which
DesignRW was specified:
protected synchronized void beforeRead()
  Event("ir" + pid);
  ++waitingReaders;
  while(!allowReader())
     try{ wait();}
     catch(InterruptedException ex){}
  --waitingReaders;
  ++activeReaders;
protected boolean allowWriter() {
  if(activeReaders == 0 && activeWriters == 0) {
    return true;
  } else return false;
```