Supplementary Material for:

Social-ecological models with social hierarchy and space applied to small scale fisheries

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¹Department of Biological Sciences, University of New Hampshire, 03824, NH, USA * Corresponding authors: Sophie Wulfing (SophieWulfing@gmail.com) and Dr. Easton White (Easton.White@unh.edu) Equations 2), 4), and 5) are as follows:

$$\frac{dX_i}{dt} = k_i X_i (1 - X_i) [U_{A,i} - U_{B,i}]$$
(2)

$$U_{A,i} = \frac{1}{(F_i + c_i)} + d_i X_i + \rho_i X_j \tag{4}$$

$$U_{B,i} = \omega_i + d_i(1 - X_i) + \rho_i(1 - X_j)$$
(5)

² Substituting equations 4) and 5) into equation 2 Gives:

$$3 \quad \frac{dX_i}{dt} = k_i X_i (1-X_i) [\frac{1}{(F_i+c_i)} + d_i X_i + \rho_i X_j - \omega_i - d_i (1-X_i) - \rho_i (1-X_j)]$$

$$\frac{dX_i}{dt} = k_i X_i (1 - X_i) \left[\frac{1}{(F_i + c_i)} - \omega_i + d_i (X_i - 1 + X_i) + \rho_i (X_j - 1 + X_j) \right]$$

₆ 1 Inside vs. Outside social influence with symmetry

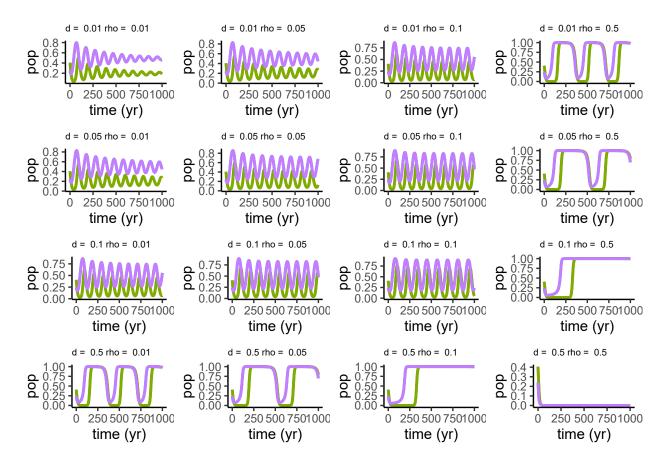


Figure 1: This is just demonstrating that with symmetry in conditions, d and rho actually have the same affect. APPENDIX MATERIAL