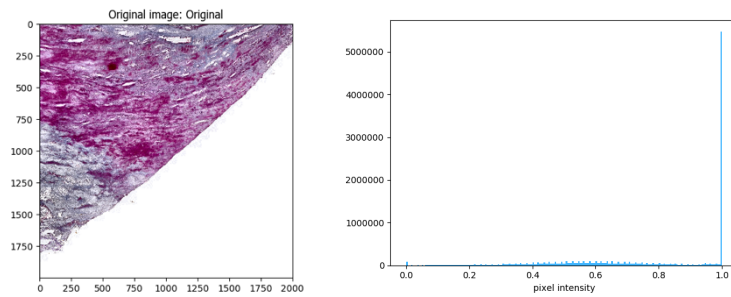
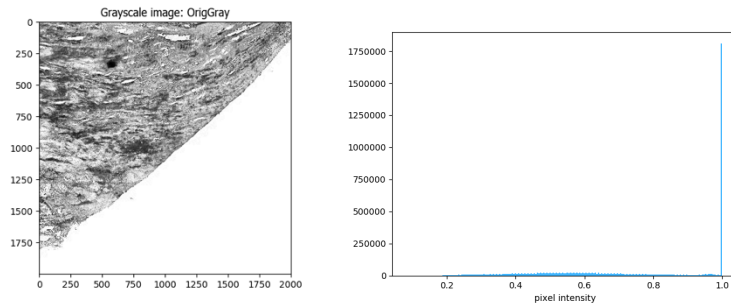


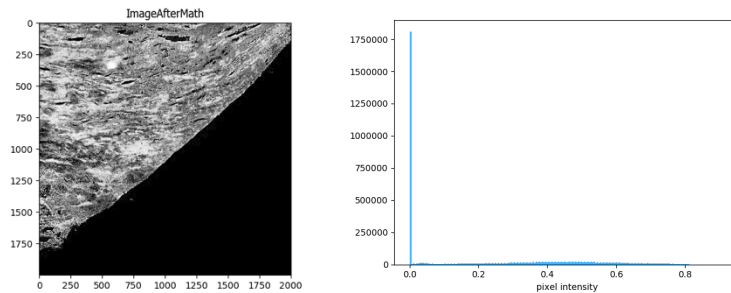
A.



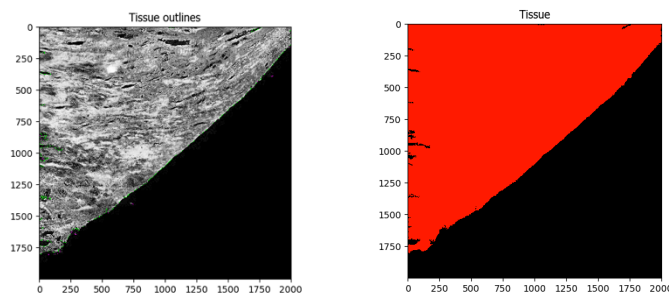
B.



C.

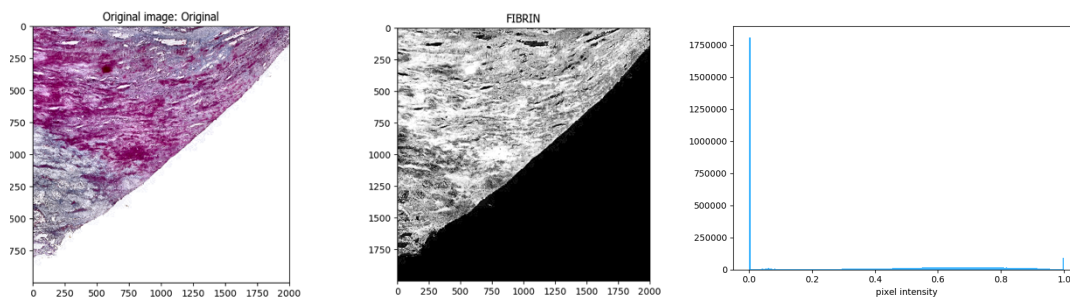


D.

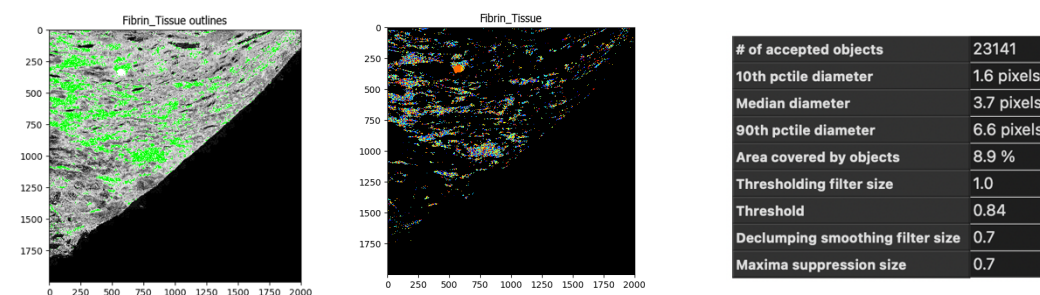


# of accepted objects	1
10th ptile diameter	1642.0 pixels
Median diameter	1642.0 pixels
90th ptile diameter	1642.0 pixels
Area covered by objects	52.9 %
Thresholding filter size	1.0
Threshold	0.165
Declumping smoothing filter size	26.9
Maxima suppression size	7.0

E.



F.



# of accepted objects	23141
10th ptile diameter	1.6 pixels
Median diameter	3.7 pixels
90th ptile diameter	6.6 pixels
Area covered by objects	8.9 %
Thresholding filter size	1.0
Threshold	0.84
Declumping smoothing filter size	0.7
Maxima suppression size	0.7

### The FIBRIN CellProfiler pipeline workflow.

**[A].** The original image (left) is masked using PathProfiler Tissue Segmentation Unet and used as input by CellProfiler 4.2.6; the graph (right) shows the tonal distribution in the digital whole-slide image on a RGB scale.

**[B].** The input image is converted to a gray scaled image (left); the graph (right) shows the tonal distribution in the gray scaled image.

**[C].** The gray scaled image is inverted, *i.e.* non-tissue will become black (left); the graph (right) shows the tonal distribution after inverting.

**[D].** The tissue area is identified, as demarcated by the green line in the left image; the total tissue area size is calculated in pixels (right image) and tabulated (table).

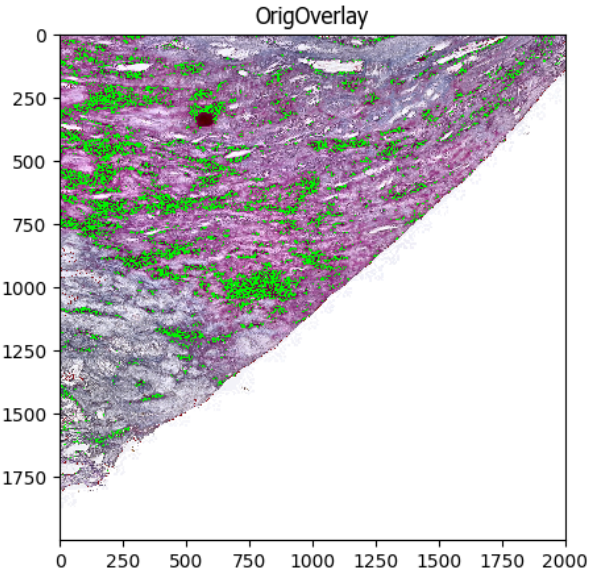
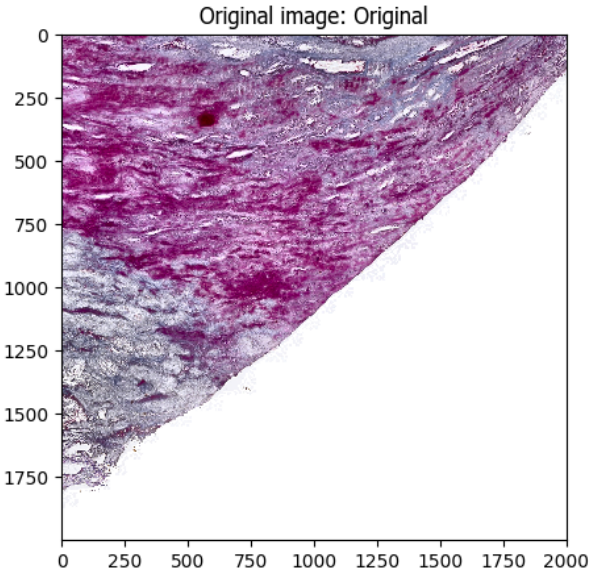
**[E].** The colors, *i.e.* stains, are unmixed using the original image (left) and FIBRIN (right). The graph (right) shows the tonal distribution of the FIBRIN image.

**[F].** The FIBRIN-positive objects are demarcated by a green line in the left image, areas that are excluded due to size (minimal size 1 pixels) are demarcated in magenta; the right image shows all the identified FIBRIN-positive objects in random colors; the total number of identified objects is calculated and tabulated (table).

**[G].** Finally, the data for each tile are saved in a comma-separated table, including meta-data such as tile positions, image location, object counts (there could be multiple patches of stained areas or tissue). The original image (top-left) is used to outline the FIBRIN-positive objects (top-right). The tissue area (red), and FIBRIN-positive objects (green) are all demarcated. The table (bottom-right) shows the areas occupied by each object class.

Sample used: AE11.T02-7271.FIBRIN.TIF [Tile= X6000, Y40000]

G.



Objects or Image	Area Occupied	Perimeter	Total Area
Tissue	2117444	10908.0	4000000
Fibrin_Tissue	356536	248941.0	4000000