

135 句话搞定 TOEFL-iBT 写作语言表达

1. 根据最近一项调查，每年有 4000000 人死于与吸烟相关的疾病
According to a recent survey, 4000000 people die each year from diseases **linked to** smoking.
2. 最近调查显示相当多的孩子对家庭作业没有好感。
The latest survey shows that considerable in number of children **have unpleasant associated with** homework.
3. 没有一项发明能像互联网一样受到如此多的赞扬和批评
No invention has received more praise and abuse **than** Internet.
4. 人们似乎忽视了教育不应该随着毕业而结束的这个事实。
People **seem to fail to take into account** the fact that education **does not** end with graduation.
5. 许多专家指出体育锻炼与身体健康直接息息相关、
Many experts point out that physical exercise **contributes directly to a person's physical fitness.**
6. 当前，一提到即将开始的学校生活，许多学生都会兴高采烈。然而，对于多数人来说，校园刚开始的日子并不是愉快的经历。
Nowadays, many students always **go into rapture at the mere mention of the coming life** of high school or college they will begin. Unfortunately, for most young people, it is not pleasant experience on their first day on campus.
7. 考虑到了问题的严重性，在事态进一步恶化前，必须采取有效措施。
In view of the seriousness of this problem, effective measures should **be taken** before things **get worse.**
8. 应该采取适当的措施限制外国游客的数量，努力保护当地环境和历史不受国际旅游业的不利影响。
Proper measures must be taken to limit the number of foreign tourists and the **great efforts should be made to protect** local environment and history **from** the harmful effects of international tourism.
9. 越来越多的专家相信移民对于城市建设的起到了积极作用。然而，越来越多的城市居民却质疑这种说法，他们抱怨民工给城市带来了许多严重问题，比如说犯罪和卖淫。
An increasing number of experts believe that migrants **will exert positive effects** on construction of city. However, this opinion **is now being** questioned by more and more residents, who complain that the migrants have brought many serious problems like crime and prostitution.
10. 许多市民抱怨城市公交车太少，以至于要花很长时间等一辆公交车，而车上可能已经满载乘客。
Many city residents complain that it is **so** few buses in their city **that** they have to **spend much more time** waiting for a bus, which is usually **crowded with a large number of**

passengers.

11. 无可否认，空气污染是一个极其严重的问题：城市当局应该采取有力措施解决污染问题。

There is no denying the fact that air pollution is **an extremely serious problem**: the city authorities should **take strong measures** to deal with it.

12. 一项调查显示女性工作者对退休持支持态度。

An investigation shows that female workers **tend to have a favorable attitude toward** retirement.

13. 一份适当的兼职工作并不会占用学生太多的时间。事实上，把全部时间都用在在学习上并不健康，正如那句老话：....

A proper part-time job does not **occupy** students' **too much time**. In fact, **it is unhealthy for** them to spend all of time on their study. **As an old saying goes (and I paraphrase)...**

14. 任何忽视这一点的政府都得付出沉重的代价

Any government which **is blind to** this point may **pay heavy price**.

15. 越来越多的人开始意识到教育不能随毕业而结束。

An increasing number of people **are beginning to realize** that education **is not complete with** graduation.

16. 说道教育，大部分人认为教育是一个终生学习的过程。

When it comes to education, **the majority of** people believe that education is a **lifetime** study.

17. 大部分学生相信业余工作会使他们有更多的机会发展人际交往能力，而这对他们未来找工作是非常有好处的。

The majority of students believe that part-time job will provide them with more opportunities to develop their **interpersonal skills**, which may **put them in a favorable position in future job markets**.

18. 无可争辩，现在有成千上万的人仍过着挨饿受冻的痛苦生活。

It is indisputable that there are millions of people who still **have a miserable life** and **have to face the dangers of starvation and exposure**.

19. 尽管这一观点被广泛接受，很少有证据表明教育能够在任何地点任何年龄进行。

Although this view is **widely held**, this is little evidence that education can **be obtained** at any age and at any place.

20. 没有人能否认这一事实：教育是人生最重要的一个方面。

No one can deny the fact that a person's education is one of the most important aspects of his life.

21. 人们把使用计算机的能力和人生成功相提并论。

People **equate** success in life **with** the ability of operating computer.

22. 在过去的几十年，先进的医疗技术已经使得人们比过去寿命更长成为可能。

In the last decades, **advances in** medical technology **have made it possible for** people to live longer than in the past.

23. 事实上，我们必须承认生命的质量和生命本身一样重要。

In fact, we have to **admit** the fact that the quality of life is **as important as** life itself.

24. 我们应该不遗余力的美化我们的环境。

We should **spare no efforts** to beautify our environment.

25. 人们相信拥有计算机技术可以获得更多的工作或提升的机会。

People believe that mastering computer skill will **enhance their job opportunities and promotion opportunities**.

26. 从这几年我搜集的信息来看，这些知识并没有人们想象的那么有用。
The information I have collected over last few years **leads me to believe** that this knowledge is **less useful than people think**.
27. 现在，人们普遍认为没有一所大学能够再毕业时候交给学生所有的知识。
Now, **it is generally accepted** that **no** college or university can educate its students **by the time they graduation**.
28. 这是一个生死攸关的问题，任何国家都不能忽视。
This is **a matter of life and death-a matter** no country can **afford to ignore**.
29. 我同意后者，理由如下。
For my part, I agree with later opinion for the following reasons:
30. 在提出我的观点之前，我认为看着双方的观点是重要的。
Before **giving my opinion**, I think it is important to look at the arguments **on both sides**.
31. 这一个观点受到了越来越多人的质疑。
This view **is now being questioned** by more and more people.
32. 尽管许多人认为随着经济的高速发展，骑自行车的人数会减少，自行车可能会消亡，然而，这些年我收到的一些信息让我相信自行车仍然会继续再现代社会中发挥重要作用。
Although many people claim that **along with the rapidly economic development**, the numbers of people who use bicycle **are decreasing** and bicycle **is bound to die out**. The **information I have collected** over the recent years **leads me to hold** that bicycle will continue to **play extremely important role** in modern society.
33. 环境专家指出：持续增加的污染不仅会导致例如全球变暖这样严重的问题，而且还将威胁到人类在星球上的生存。
Environmental experts point out that **increasing pollution not only would cause** serious problems such as global warming **but also** could **threaten to end human life** on our planet.
34. 考虑到这些严重的状况，我们比以往任何时候更需要像自行车这样的环保型交通工具。
In view of such serious situation, **environmental tools of transportation** like bicycle are more important than **any time before**.
35. 使用自行车有助于人们的身体健康，并可以极大的缓解交通阻塞。
Using bicycle **contributes greatly to people's physical fitness as well as** **easing traffic jams**.
36. 尽管自行车有很多明显的优点，但是也存在它的问题。
Despite many obvious advantages of bicycle, **it is not without its problems**.
37. 在速度和舒适度方面，自行车是无法和汽车或者这样的交通工具相比的。
Bicycle cannot **be compared with** other **means of transportation** like car and train **for speed and comfort**.
38. 通过以上的讨论，我们的确可以得出结论：自行车的优点远大于缺点，并且再现代社会它仍将发挥重要作用。
From what have been discussed above, we may **safely draw the conclusion** that advantages of bicycle **far outweigh** its disadvantages and it will still **play essential roles** in modern society.
39. 当前在高校和研究机构关于教育存在着争议，其中一个问题就是教育能否是个终身学习过程。
There is general discussion these days **over** education in many colleges and institutes. **One of the questions under debate** is whether education is a lifetime study.
40. 这个问题已经引起了广泛的关注。
This issue **has caused wide public concern**.

41. 必须指出学习只能靠自己。

It must be noted that learning **must be done by** a person himself.

42. 许多人存在这样的误解：离开学校就意味着结束了教育。显然，他们忽视了教育是人生最重要部分这一基本事实。

A large number of people tend to live under the illusion that they had completed their education when they finished their **schooling**. Obviously, they **seem to fail to take into account** the **basic fact** that a person's education is a most important aspect of his life.

43. 就我而言，我同意教育不应该随着毕业而结束的观点，理由如下：

As for me, I **am in favor of** the opinion that education is not complete with graduation, for the following reasons:

44. 人们普遍认为高校是不可能在毕业的时候教会学生所有知识。

It is commonly accepted that no college or university can educate its students **by the time** they graduate.

45. 即使最优秀的毕业生，要想成为一个博学的人也要不断的学习。

Even the best possible graduate needs to **continue learning before** she or he become an **educated person**.

46. 人们普遍认为现代科技使社会发生了巨大的变化，近几十年来人类在知识和技术方面取得了惊人的进步。

It is commonly thought that our society **had dramatically changed** by modern science and technology, and human had **made extraordinary progress** in knowledge and technology **over the recent decades**.

47. 现在越来越多的人开始相信学习新的技术只是能直接帮助他们获得就业或提升的机会。

Now, **people in growing numbers are beginning to** believe that learning new skills and knowledge **contributes directly to** enhancing their **job opportunities and promotion opportunities**

48. 一项调查显示许多老人都有到大学学习的强烈愿望。

An investigation shows that many older people **express a strong desire** to continue studying in university or college.

49. 对大多数人来说，退休以后，阅读或学习一项新技术已成为他们生活中心和快乐满足的来源。

For majority of people, reading and learning a new skill has **become the focus of** their lives and the **source of their happiness and contentment** after their retirement.

50. 对于那些想过上健康有意义的生活的人们来说，找时间学习一些新知识是很重要的，正如那句老话...

For people who want to **adopt a healthy and meaningful life style**, it is important to find time to learn **certain** new knowledge. **Just as an old saying goes:** "..."

51. 对于大学或高中生打工这一现象，校园里进行着广泛的争论。

There is general debate on the campus today **over** the phenomenon of college or high school students' **doing** a part-time job.

52. 通过从事一切和专业相关的工作，学生不仅能够提高他们的专业能力，而且能获得从课本上得不到的经验。

By taking a major-related part-job, students can **not only** improve their academic studies, **but gain** much experience, the experience they will never **be able to get from** the textbook.

53. 近几十年，虽然人们的生活有了惊人的改变，但必须承认，由于学费和书费的日益飞涨，

资金的短缺仍然是学生们面临的最大问题之一。

Although people's lives **have been dramatically changed over** the last decades, **it must be admitted that, shortage of funds** is still the one of the biggest questions that students nowadays have to face because that tuition fees and prices of books **are soaring by the day.**

54. 因此，兼职工作挣来的钱将强有力的支持学生们继续他们的求学生活。

Consequently, the extra money obtained from doing part-time job will **strongly support** students to continue to their study life.

55. 通过上面的讨论，我们不难得出结论：兼职工作对于学生们会产生深远的影响，应鼓励学生们从事兼职工作，这将有利于学生和他们的家庭，甚至社会。

From what have been discussed above, we **may safely draw the conclusion** that part-time job can **produce a far-reaching impact on** students and they should be encouraged to take part-time job, which will benefit students and their family, even **the society as a whole.**

56. 现在，越来越多的人开始抱怨工作比以前压力大，休闲时间越来越少。许多专家指出这是现代社会发展的必然结果，无法避免。

These days, people in growing number are beginning to complain that work is **more stressful and less leisurely** than in past. Many experts point out that, **along with** the development of modern society, **it is an indisputable (inevitable) result** and **there is no way to avoid it.**

57. 人们普遍认为计算机和其他机器已经成为了我们社会必不可少的一个部分，它们是我们生活更舒适，减少了大量的劳动力。

It is widely acknowledge that computer and other machines **have become an indispensable part of our society,** which make our life and **work more comfortable and less laborious.**

58. 同时，随着这些机器带给我们的好处，员工们也必须学习与之相关的知识以便只使用他们。

At the same time, **along with the benefits of such machines,** employees must study **knowledge involved in such machines** so that they **are able to control** them.

59. 没有人能够否认这一个基本事实：对于一般工人来说，轻松掌握这些技术含量很高的技能是不可能的。

No one can deny this basic fact that it is impossible for **average workers** to master those **high-technology** skills **easily.**

60. 第二方面，失业的人似乎太多而又没有足够的工作岗位。

In the second place, there seem to be too many people without job and not enough **job position.**

61. 成千上万的人们不得不花费更多的精力和时间学习新的技术和知识，从而是他们再就业时常能保持优势。

Millions of people have to **spend more time and energy on** studying new skills and technology **so that** they can **keep a favorable position in** job market.

62. 根据最近一项调查，越来越多的人表达了想从事另外工作或加班以赚取更多的钱来补贴家用的强烈愿望。

According to a recent survey, a growing number of people **express a strong desire** to take another job or spend more time on their job in order to get more money to support their family.

63. 通过以上讨论，我完全相信，随着现代社会的进步，幽闲的方式正在小时并不是一件坏事。

From what have been discussed, I am fully convinced that the **leisure life-style is undergoing**

a decline with the progress of modern society, it is not necessary a bad thing.

64. 近些年，国际旅游的问题引起了广泛的关注。

The problem of international tourism **has caused wide public concern** over the recent years.

65. 许多人认为国际旅游对经济发展有积极作用，应鼓励地方政府发展国际旅游业。

Many people believe that international tourism **produce positive effects on economic growth** and local government should **be encouraged** to **promote** international tourism.

66. 但是这些人忽视了国际旅游可能会给当地环境和历史造成灾难性的影响。

But **what these people fail to see** is that international tourism may **bring about a disastrous impact on** our environment and local history.

67. 就我而言，我坚定认为国外旅游者的数量应该得到限制，理由如下：

As for me, I am firmly convinced that number of foreign tourists should be limited, for the following reasons:

68. 另外，为了吸引旅游者，修建了大量人工设施，这对环境是不利的。

In addition, **in order to** attract tourists, a lot of **artificial facilities** have been built, which **have certain unfavorable effects** on the environment.

69. 由于缺乏独特的文化，一些地方不再吸引旅游者。因此，国外旅游者数量的快速增加可能最终会导致当地旅游业的衰败。

For lack of distinct culture, some places will not attract tourists **any more**. **Consequently, the fast rise in number of** foreign tourists **may eventually lead to** the **decline of local tourism**.

70. 这些年，父母要求孩子接受额外的教育呈增长的趋势。

There is a growing tendency for parents to ask their children to accept extra educational programs over the recent years.

71. 这一现象已经引起了全世界许多地方的广泛关注。

This phenomenon **has caused wide public concern** in many places of world.

72. 许多家长相信额外的教育有许多优点，通过学习，孩子可以获得很多实践性技能和有用的知识，当他们长大后，这些对他们就业是大有好处的。

Many parents believe that additional educational activities **enjoy obvious advantage**. By extra studies, **they maintain**, their children **are able to** obtain many kinds of **practical skills** and useful knowledge, which will **put them in a beneficial position** in the future job markets when they grow up.

73. 首先，额外的学习对孩子们的身体发育是不利的。教育学专家指出，孩子们再枯燥的教室里呆了一整天后，从事一些体育活动，而不是额外的学习是非常重要的。

In the first place, extra studies **bring about unhealthy impacts on physical growth of children**. Education experts point out that, **it is equally important to take some sport activities instead of extra studies** when children have spent **the whole day in a boring** classroom.

74. 孩子们正处于身体快速发育时期，缺乏体育锻炼可能会对他们未来的生活造成严重影响。

Children are **undergoing fast physical development**; **lack of** physical exercise may **produce disastrous influence on their later life**.

75. 第二，从心理上说，大部分孩子似乎对额外的学习也没什么好感。

In the second place, **from psychological aspect**, the majority of students **seem to tend to have an unfavorable attitude toward** additional education activities.

76. 当别的孩子在玩耍的时候，很难想象一个学生能集中精力在课本上。

It is hard to imagine a student focusing their energy on textbook while other children are playing.

77. 而且, 由于要额外的学习, 孩子们没有多少时间和同龄人玩耍交流, 这样很难培养他们的个性和交际能力, 他们因此可能变得孤僻甚至产生某些心理疾病。
Moreover, children will have less time to play and communicate with their **peers due to** extra studies, consequently, it is difficult to develop and **cultivate** their **character and interpersonal skills**. They may become more **solitary** and even **suffer from certain mental illness**.
78. 通过以上讨论, 我们可以得出结论: 尽管额外学习的确有很多优点, 但是缺点不容忽视, 且远大于他的优点。因此放学后强迫孩子额外学习是不明智的。
From what have been discussed above, we may safely draw the conclusion that, although extra studies **indeed enjoy many obvious advantages**, its disadvantages should not be ignored and **far outweigh its advantages**. **It is absurd to force** children to take extra studies **after** school.
79. 任何家长都应该非常重视保持孩子在学习与玩耍的平衡, 正如那句老话:
Any parents should **place considerable emphasis on** their children to **keep the balance between** play and study. As an old saying goes: "..."
80. 现在, 父亲或者母亲都留在家照顾孩子而不愿意早返工作岗位成为增加的趋势。
There is growing tendency for parent **these days** to stay at home to look after their children **instead of** returning to work **earlier**.
81. 父母们坚定的相信把孩子送到幼儿园对孩子成长不利。
Parents are **firmly convinced** that, to send their child to kindergartens or nursery schools will have an unfavorable influence on the growth of children.
82. 然而, 这一想法正遭受越来越多的专家质疑, 他们指出, 孩子总是待在家里, 和父母一起, 是不健康的。
However, this idea **is now being questioned** by more and more experts, who point out that it is unhealthy for children who always **stay with** their parents at home.
83. 尽管父母能在还在身上投入更多的时间和精力, 但是必须承认, 与工作在幼儿园的专职教师相比, 父母在如何管理教育孩子方面缺乏知识和经验。
Although parent would be able to **devote much more time and energy** to their children, **it must be admitted that**, parent **has less** experience and knowledge about how to educate and **supervise** their children, **when compared with** professional teachers working in kindergartens or nursery schools.
84. 通过以上的讨论, 我们可以得出如下的结论: 尽管家长想亲自照顾孩子的愿望是可以理解的, 但是这样做的缺点越大于优点。
From what has been discussed above, we may confidently draw the conclusion that, although the **parents' desire to look after** children **by themselves** is **understandable**, its disadvantages **far outweigh** its advantages.
85. 应该鼓励父母把孩子送到幼儿园, 这将对孩子, 家庭, 甚至整个社会产生深远的影响。
Parents **should be encouraged** to send their children to nursery school, which will **bring about profound impacts on** children and families, even the society **as a whole**.
86. 只要一提到艺术和文化项目, 一些政府领导就会兴奋不已, 他们滔滔不绝的说着美丽的公园, 城市中心漂亮的雕塑, 还有满足稀世珍宝的艺术展览馆。他们认为在经济发展过程中, 没有什么比这些艺术项目更重要的了。
Many **leaders of government** always **go into rapture at the mere mention of** artistic and **culture projects**. They are **forever talking** about the nice parks, the smart sculptures in central city and the **art galleries with various valuable rarities**. **Nothing, they maintains, is more**

essential than such projects in the **economic growth**.

87. 但这是真的吗？这些年来我收集的信息让我相信这些艺术，文化项目并没有许多征服想象的那么重要。事实上，基础设施建设非常重要，应该放在首位。

But **it is really the case**? The information I have collected over last few years **leads me to believe** that artistic and cultural projects **may be less useful than** many government think. In fact, **basic infrastructure projects** are **playing extremely important role** and **should be given priority**.

88. 那些赞成建设艺术，文化项目的人认为文化环境会吸引更多的游客，这将给当地居民带来巨大的利益。一些人甚至把建设艺术，文化项目与发展经济建设连接起来。

Those who are **in favor of** artistic and cultural projects **advocate** that cultural environment will attract more tourists, which will **bring huge profits** to local residents. Some people even **equal** the build of such projects **with** the improving of economic construction.

89. 然而，很少有证据表明大公司愿意把巨额的自己投到一个连水电这些基础设施都不完善的地方去。

Unfortunately, there is very few evidence that big companies **are willing to invest huge sums of money** in a place **without sufficient basic projects**, such as supplies of electricity and water.

90. 通过以上讨论，我们有理由相信在人们的生活和经济发展方面，基础建设比艺术文化项目发挥更大的作用。

From what has been discussed above, **it would be reasonable to believe** that basic projects **play far more important role** than artistic and cultural projects in people's life and economic growth.

91. 那些城市规划者们如果看不到这一点，将会付出他们无法承受的代价。

Those urban planners who **are blind to** this point will pay a heavy price, which they cannot afford.

92. 农民进城打工正成为增长的趋势，这一问题在世界上大部分城市已经引起普遍关注。

There is **growing tendency** these days for many people **who live in rural areas to come into and work in cities**. This problem has **caused wide public concern** in most cities **all over the world**.

93. 一项调查显示，许多民工认为在城市打工不仅有较高的收入，而且能学到一些新技术。

An investigation shows that many emigrants think that **working at city provide them not only a higher salary but also the opportunity of learning new skills**.

94. 必须指出，农业的发展似乎赶不上农村人口的增加，并且仍有成千上万的农民过着缺衣挨饿的贫寒生活。

It must be **noted** that improvement in agriculture **seems not to be able to catch up with** the increase in population of rural areas and there are millions of peasants who still **live a miserable life** and **have to face the dangers of starvation and exposure**.

95. 尽管民工对城市的经济发展做出了巨大贡献，他们也不可避免的带来一些负面影响。

Although **rural emigrants contribute greatly to** economic growth of the cities, **they may inevitably bring about** many negative impacts.

96. 许多社会学家指出民工给人口控制和社会治安带来了压力，威胁着本已萧条的工作时常，恶化了交通和公共卫生情况。

Many sociologists point out that rural **emigrants are putting pressure on** population control and social order; that they are threatening to **take already scarce city job**; and that they have **worsened** traffic and public health problems.

97. 建议政府应该努力减少正在拉大的城市差距。应该提拔适当的资金提高农民的生活水平；应该邀请农业专家向农民介绍经验，信息和只是，这些将直接有助于发展农村经济。
- It is suggested** that government **ought to make efforts** to reduce the **increasing gap** between cities and countryside. They ought to **set aside an appropriate fund for** improvement of the standard of peasant's live. They ought to invite some experts in agriculture to **share** their experience, information and knowledge with peasants, which will **contribute directly to** the economic growth of rural areas.
98. 总之，我们应理性考虑这一问题，重视农民生活。任何忽视这一点的政府都将为此付出沉重代价。
- In conclusion, we must take into account this problem **rationally** and **place more emphasis on** peasants' lives. Any government that **is blind to** this point **will pay a heavy price**.
99. 尽管来自高校和研究院的许多专家坚持认为这是独立生活不可避免的一部分，越来越多的家长开始一是到包括老师和教育专家在内的人们应该认真对待这一问题。
- Although many experts from universities and institutes **consistently maintain** that it is inevitable **part of** an independent life, parent **in growing number** are starting to realize that people, including teachers and experts in education, should **pay considerable attention** to this problems.
100. 我认为，首先应看看学生再校园内可能遇到的哪些问题。
- As for me, it **is essential to know**, at first, what kind of **problems young students would possibly encounter** on campus.
101. 除了孤独这一明显的问题之外，我认为另一个困难是对校园环境的不熟悉。
- In addition to the obvious problem-loneliness, another **major obstacle, in my opinion**, is the **alien environments** of campus.
102. 新生常常再校园迷路，不知道去宿舍或图书馆怎么走。
- Freshmen often **get lose** on campus; **fail to find the way to** dormitory or library.
103. 更重要的是，学生离开了家乡和父母，看不到任何熟悉的面孔，不得补忍受思家之苦，这可能会导致严重的精神疾病。
- Most important of all, apart from** their hometown and parents, students could not **catch sight of** any familiar face and have to suffer from homelessness, which would cause certain serious mental disease.
104. 首先，学校应该提供更多的服务，帮助新生尽快适应新的生活。
- In the first place**, school authorities should provide **far more** services to help freshmen to **get used to** the new life **as soon as possible**.
105. 高年级学生可以和新生一起分享他们的经历；如何克服遇到的困难，如何适应新环境。
- The senior and junior students could share their own experience about how to overcome the difficulties they have ever met, how to **adjust to the new environment** with new students.
106. 同时，应该鼓励年轻人和他们的同龄人交往，发展他们的交际能力，这将极大的帮助他们减少对父母的依赖，并且保持健康的精神状态。
- At the same time, young people should be encouraged to communicate with their peers and develop their interpersonal skills, which may help them **greatly** to reduce **dependence on their parents** and **are essential in the maintenance of healthy mental condition**.
107. 总之，我们应重视这个问题，尽最大努力帮助他们平稳度过最初的校园生活。
- In conclusion, we must **lay emphasis on** this problem and **make our maximum contribution** to help them **spend their first day on campus smoothly**.

108. 这些年，关于时尚存在着广泛的争论。其中一个问题就是一个人是否应该选择他喜欢的舒适的衣服，而不是管是否时尚？

There is general discussion over fashion in recent years. One of the questions under debate is whether a person should choose comfortable clothes, which he or she likes, regardless of fashion.

109. 这一问题已被越来越多的人所关注，尤其是父母和教育专家。

This issue is becoming a matter of concern for more and more people, especially for parents and experts in education.

110. 许多年轻人一提到时尚服装就会兴高采烈。他们似乎被时尚服装那多彩的面料，各种不同的款式所吸引。他们认为没有什么东西可以和时尚服装相提并论。实际上，时尚的服装已经成为年轻人生活中必不可少的部分。

Many young people always go into rapture at the merely mention of buying fashion clothes. And they seem to be attracted by colorful material, various styles of fashion clothes. There is nothing, they maintain, that can be compared with fashion clothes. In fact, fashion clothes had become indispensable part of youngster's life.

111. 许多人似乎忽视了这个基本事实：衣服的基本功能是保持我们舒适和温暖。

Many people seem to overlook the basic fact that major function of clothing is to keep us warm and comfortable.

112. 而且，沉浸于时尚服装的人们不得不花费更多的时间逛商店，更加注意自己给别人的印象。因此，他们不可能有足够的时间学习和工作。

Moreover, people who addict to (indulge in) fashion clothes have to spend more time going shopping and pay more attention to the impression they make on others. As a result, it is impossible to devote enough time and energy in their job and study.

113. 没有人能否认这一重要事实：最近几年交通问题在全世界受到了普遍的关注。越来越多的专家开始相信这种状况对当地的经济产生不利影响。

No one can doubt the essential fact that the traffic problem over the last years has caused wide public concern all over the world. Experts in increasing numbers are beginning to believe that such situation would produce unfavorable effects on economic growth of local areas.

114. 关于这个问题，有很多原因。一个主要原因是车辆增加的数量远远快于道路的建设。另一个主要原因是私家车过多而公车不够。

There are several reasons for this problem. One of the main reasons is that the number of vehicles is increasing much more rapidly than building of roads. Another primary reason is that there seem to be too many private cars and not enough public buses.

115. 同时，这几年拥有私人轿车的人数却在快速增加。

Meanwhile, the numbers of people, who possess their own cars, have risen sharply in the recent years.

116. 而且，许多人，包括司机和骑自行车的人，不能很好的遵守交通规则，特别是再繁忙的十字路口，这无疑使本已严重的状况雪上加霜。

Moreover, many people, including drivers and cyclists, do not obey the traffic rules properly, especially at busy intersections. And this undoubtedly worsens the already grave situation.

117. 在城市，私人轿车的数量应得到控制而公交车的数量应该增加。

The number of private cars in urban areas should be limited while the number of public buses should be increased.

118. 当问到愿意将孩子送到哪种学校的时候, 许多父母认为他们会选择寄宿学校而不是日制学校。

When asked what kind of school they **are willing to** send their children **to attend**, many parents say they would choose a **boarding school** rather than **day schools** for their children.

119. 许多调查显示越来越多的人开始意识到寄宿学校能给孩子提供很好的学习环境和设施。

Many surveys show that people **in increasing numbers** are beginning to **recognize** that boarding school provides better environment and facilities than day schools for their children.

120. 同时, 仍有很多人持着传统观点, 认为日制学校对孩子学习发挥及其重要的作用。

At the same time, there are still many people who **live under the illusion** ideas that day school **plays an extremely important role** in children's study.

121. 一方面, 寄宿学校正在发挥着越来越重要的作用, 尤其是最近几年来, 这是无可争辩的。

On the other hand, **it is indisputable** that boarding schools are **exerting a growing important effect**, especially in last few years.

122. 离开了父母上寄宿学校的学生将会培养他们的独立性。

Students **attending** a boarding school **would cultivate** their independence **as apart from their parents**.

123. 而且, 生活在学校里能节省大量的往返于学校 and 家路上的时间, 这会使他们有更多的时间和精力学习。

What is more, living in school can save them **a great deal of time** on the way between home and school every day, so they would be able to **concentrate more time and energy on their academic study**.

124. 另一方面, 日制学校的贡献是不能忽视的。

On the other hand, the contribution of day schools cannot be ignored.

125. 因为较高的学费, 大部分普通的家庭支付不起孩子上寄宿学校的费用。

Due to high tuition fee, **most of ordinary families** cannot afford to send their children to boarding school.

126. 由于无需考虑学生的日常生活, 日制学校可以将重点放在教学上而不是放在像宿舍和食堂的管理这些方面。

Since it is unnecessary to consider **students' routine life**, day school can **lay emphasis on** teaching instead of other aspects, such as management of dormitory and cafeteria.

127. 而且, 学生生活在自己家中, 又舒服的生活, 并有很多机会和父母交流, 这对他们的个性培养是很有利的。

Furthermore, students living in their own home **would have access to** a comfortable life and have more opportunities to communicate with their parents, which **have beneficial impact on** development of their **personal character**.

128. 通过以上讨论, 我们可以得出结论, 寄宿学校和日制学校对我们社会培养年轻学生都是很重要的。

From what has been discussed above, we may safely draw the conclusion that **both of** day schools and boarding schools are important to **train** young students for our society.

129. 关于科学技术存在许多争论, 其中一个问题是: 当国家发展现代科学技术是, 传统的技术方法是否可能会消亡?

There is much discussion over science and technology. One of the questions **under debate** is whether traditional technology and methods **are bound to die out** when a country begins to

develop modern science and technology.

130. 我认为，传统技术方法消亡不一定是坏事，这是社会进步的必然结果。

As for me, the declining of traditional technology and method is not a bad thing; **it is the natural result** of progress of society.

131. 首先，传统技术方法有些部分是有害的，并且会阻碍现代社会科技的发展。

In the first place, some aspects of the traditional technology and methods are **harmful and hampering** the development of modern society.

132. 尽管现代科学技术已经证明了这些方法都是愚昧的，然而在血多偏僻的地方，仍有成千上万的人们再使用这些方法。

Although modern science and technology have proved that such methods are **absurd**, there are still million of people use such methods **in many remote places** nowadays.

133. 第二点，许多传统技术方法已经过时，应被现代科技取代。

In the second place, many values of traditional technology are **out of date** and should be replaced by modern science.

134. 尽管许多人保持着传统观念，认为传统技术方法在人们生活中仍发挥着重要作用，但是越来越多的证据限时它并没有人们想象的那么有用。

Although many people **tend to live under the illusion** that traditional technology and methods are still **playing extremely important role** in people's lives, increasing evidences show that **it is less useful than** many people think.

135. 通过以上讨论，我坚定的相信时间会证明传统方法将会随着现代技术发展而消亡，坚持传统技术的方法是徒劳的。

From what has been discussed above, I **firmly convince** that time will prove that traditional technology and methods **would be bound to die out** with development of modern science and technology. **The maintenance of** traditional technology and methods is **futile**.