

by Jacek Gebal (jgebal) via cheatography.com/22528/cs/11565/

Unit Test Package definition		
Name	Level	Info
%suite	Package	The package is a unit test suite
%suite(description)	Package	Gives description for suite
%suitepath(path.with.dots)	Package	Similar to Java package. Allows grouping of suites in namespaces
%test	Procedure	Defines procedure as a test
%test(description)	Procedure	Gives description for test
%beforetest(procedure_name)	Procedure	Name of procedure to execute before annotated test
%aftertest(procedure_name)	Procedure	Name of procedure to execute after annotated test
%beforeall	Procedure	Setup to be run before suite
%afterall	Procedure	Cleanup to be run after suite
%beforeeach	Procedure	Setup to be run for each test
%aftereach	Procedure	Cleanup to be run aftrer each test
%disabled	both	Identifes suite or test as disabled
%rollback(auto)	both	Defines automatic rollback to savepoint for suite or test. Default



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Unit Test Package definition (cont)

--%rollback(manual)

both

Defines manual transaction control. No rollback is performed

Annotations are comments starting with a % sign. They need to be defined in package specification only. Annotations in package body are ignored. utPLSQL uses annotations to identify database package as a unit test suite.

Check documentation for details

Matchers

be between

Validates that actual is betwen lower and upper bound

```
ut.expect(3).to_(be_between(1,3));
```

be_empty

Validates that the provided data-set is empty

```
declare
```

```
l_cursor sys_refcursor;
begin
open l_cursor for select * from dual where 1 = 0;
```

```
ut.expect( 1_cursor ).to_( be_empty() );
end;
```

be false

Validates that the provided value is false

```
ut.expect( ( 1 = 0 ) ).to_( be_false() );
```

be_greater_or_equal

Validates that actual value is greater or equal expected

```
ut.expect( sysdate ).to_( be_greater_or_equal( sysdate - 1 ) );
```

be_greater_than

Validates that actual value is greater than expected

```
ut.expect( 2 ).to_( be_greater_than( 1 ) );
```

be_less_or_equal

Validates that actual value is less or equal expected

```
ut.expect(3).to_(be_less_or_equal(3));
```

be_less_than

Validates that actual value is less than expected

```
exec ut.expect( 3 ).to_( be_less_than( 2 ) );
```

be_like

Validates that actual value is like the expected expression

```
ut.expect( 'Lorem_impsum' ).to_( be_like( a_mask => '%rem\_%', a_escape_char => '\' ) );
ut.expect( 'Lorem_impsum' ).to_( be_like( '%rem%sum' ) );
```

Parameters a_mask and a_escape_char represent a valid parameters of theOracle like operator

be_not_null

Validates that actual value is not null

```
ut.expect( to_clob('ABC') ).to_( be_not_null() );
```

be_null

Validates that actual value is null

```
ut.expect( cast(null as varchar2(100)) ).to_( be_null() );
```



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Matchers (cont)

be true

Validates that the provided value is false ut.expect((1 = 1)).to_(be_true());

equal

Validates that actual is equal expected

The a_nulls_are_equal parameter is true by default

equal on cursor data

```
declare
1_expected sys_refcursor;
1_actual sys_refcursor;
begin
open 1_expected for select from dual;
open 1_actual for select from dual where 1 = 0;
ut.expect( l_cursor ).to_( equal(l_actual) );
end;
```

equal on objects

```
declare
```

```
1_expected department := department('HR');
1_actual department := department('IT');
ut.expect( anydata.convertObject(l_expected) ).to_( equal( anydata.convertObject(l_actual) ) );
end:
```

equal on collections

```
declare
1_expected departments := departments(department('HR'));
1_expected departments := departments(department('IT'));
begin
ut.expect( anydata.convertCollection(l_expected) ).to_( equal( anydata.convertCollection(l_actual) ) );
end;
```

match

Validates that actual value is matching the expected regular expression

```
ut.expect( a_actual => '123-456-ABcd' ).to_( match( a_pattern => '\d{3}-\d{3}-[a-z]', a_modifiers => 'i' ) );
ut.expect( 'some value' ).to_( match( '^some.*' ) );
```

Parameters a_pattern and a_modifiers represent a valid regexp pattern accepted by Oracle regexp_like function

negating matcher

```
Every matcher can be negated by simple replacement of .to_() with .not_to()
```

```
ut.expect( ( 1 = 0 ) ).to_( be_false() );
```

negating matcher

```
Every matcher can be negated by simple replacement of .to_() with .not_to()
```

```
ut.expect( ( 1 = 0 ) ).to_( be_false() );
ut.expect( ( 1 = 1 ) ).not_to( be_false() );
```



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Executing tests

Run all unit tests in my current schema

exec ut.run();

Run all unit tests in current schema after it was changed to HR

alter session set current_schema='HR';

Run all unit tests in specific schema

exec ut.run('HR');

Run all unit tests in specific package of current schema

exec ut.run('test_betwnstr');

Run all unit tests in specific schema.package

exec ut.run('hr.test_betwnstr');

Run one specific test only

exec ut.run('hr.test_betwnstr.big_end_position');

Combining the above

Run all tests from test_award_bonus package and one test procedure from test_betwnstr

exec ut.run(ut_varchar2_list('hr.test_award_bonus','hr.test_betwnstr.big_end_position'));

Run test using suitepath in current schema

exec ut.run(':com.my_org.my_project');

Runs all test packages that are on the suitepathcom.my_org.my_project...

Run the tests as a select statement

select * from table(ut.run());

All the above syntaxes are still applicable

Reporting

Use color output for default reporter

Works using sqlPlus on Unix, Windows (with ANSICON)

Works on any platrowm when using Oracle sqlcl (new Oracle SQL console)

exec ut.run(a_color_console=>true);

exec ut.run(ut_documentation_reporter(), a_color_console=>true);

Run with XUnit reporter

exec ut.run(ut_xunit_reporter());

Produces XML output compatible with JUnit for use with CI servers like Jenkins

Run with TeamCity reporter

exec ut.run(ut_teamcity_reporter());

Produces TeamCity-specific output

Run with Sonar Test reporter

exec ut.run(ut_sonar_test_reporter());

Produces XML output to be consumed by Sonar server



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Reporting (cont)

Run with coverage html reporter

exec ut.run(ut_coverage_html_reporter());

Produces HTML coverage report output.

See documentation for details



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