ICP 4 REPORT

```
import metaplotlib.pyplot as plt
import globan

a Download the data from Google Drive

url = 'https://drive.google.com/ur?id={}'.format('i10;85z_fi#olicbitW/lierczget_golk2')

df = pd.read_csv(url)

a Step 3: Check for Wull Values and replace with mean

df.fillna(df.mean(), implace=True)

a Step 3: Aggregate Data for "Duration" and "Calories"

agg_data = df[['Duration', 'Calories']].agg(['min', 'max', 'count', 'mean'])

print(agg_data)

a Step 5: Filter Data for calories between 500 and 1000

filtered_data_500_1000 = df[(df'(calories') > 500) & (df'('calories') < 1000)]

print(filtered_data_500_1000 = df((df'(calories') > 500) & (df' Pulse') < 100)]

print(filtered_data_500_1000 = df((df'(calories') > 500) & (df' Pulse') < 100)]

print(filtered_data_60_1000 = df((df'(calories') > 500) & (df' Pulse') < 100)]

print(filtered_data_60_1000 = df'(calories') > 500) & (df' Pulse') < 100)]

s Step 5: Silter Data for calories > 500 and pulse < 100

filtered_data_cal_pulse = df'(df'(calories') > 500) & (df' Pulse') < 100)]

print(filtered_data_cal_pulse)

s Step 7 & 8: Modify Dataframe

df_modified = df.argo(calomas=['Moxpulse'])

df.drop(colomas=['Moxpulse'])

s Step 3: Convert Datatype of Calories to int

df'(calories') = df'(Calories').astype(int)

s Step 3: Scatter Pole for Duration and calories

plt.scatter(df'(Daration'), df'('calories'))

plt.slabe('calories')

plt.slabe('calories')

plt.slabe('calories')

plt.slabe('calories')

plt.slabe('calories')

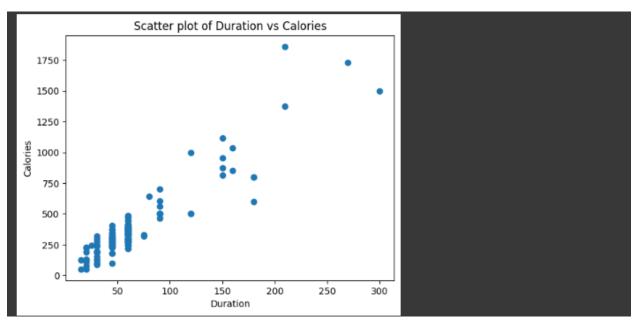
plt.slabe('calories')

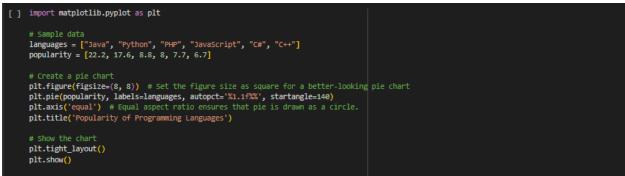
plt.slabe('calories')

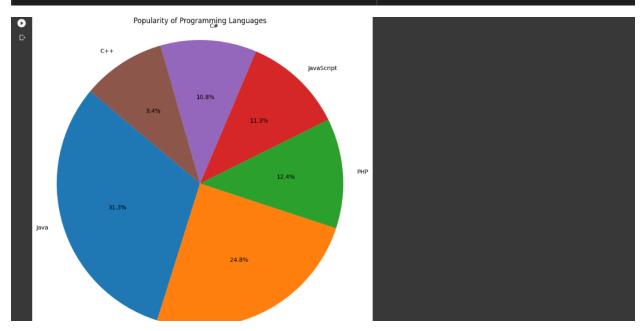
plt.slabe('calories')
```

```
Duration Pulse Republic Calories

| Count 160 Recent 16
```







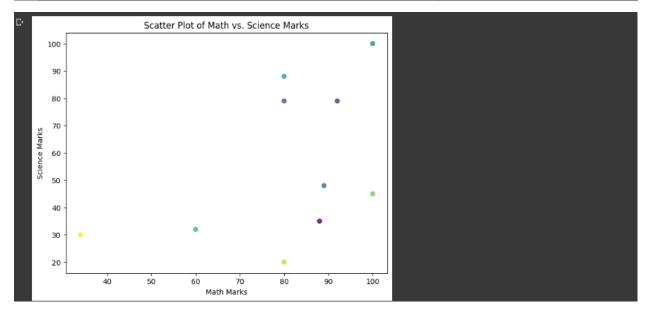
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Sample data
math_marks = [88, 92, 80, 89, 100, 80, 60, 100, 80, 34]
science_marks = [35, 79, 79, 48, 100, 88, 32, 45, 20, 30]
marks_range = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100]

# Create a scatter plot
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(math_marks, science_marks, c=marks_range, cmap='viridis', marker='o', alpha=0.75)

plt.xlabel('Math Marks')
plt.ylabel('Science Marks')
plt.ylabel('Scatter Plot of Math vs. Science Marks')

# Show the plot
plt.show()
```



Repository link: https://github.com/sxk7912/Bigdata

Youtube link: https://youtu.be/xW30SkCSoeY