TASK - 1 | Solve 8- Puzzle problem:

- Consist of 3×3 board with eight numbered tiles and a blank space.
- A tile adjacent to the blank space can slide into the space.
- The objective is to reach a specified goal state, such as the one shown in the discussion above.

```
In [ ]: from collections import deque
        goal_state = [[1, 2, 3],
                       [4, 5, 6],
                       [7, 8, None]]
        moves = [(0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0)]
        def get_blank_pos(state):
            """Function to find the position of the blank space in the puzzle."""
            for i in range(3):
                for j in range(3):
                    if state[i][j] is None:
                         return i, j
        def valid move(x, y):
            return 0 <= x < 3 and 0 <= y < 3
        def bfs(initial state):
            queue = deque([(initial_state, [])]) # (state, path)
            visited = set()
            print(queue)
            while queue:
                 state, path = queue.popleft()
                if state == goal_state:
                    return path
                visited.add(tuple(map(tuple, state)))
                 # Find the position of the blank space
                 blank_x, blank_y = get_blank_pos(state)
                # Generate possible moves
                for dx, dy in moves:
                    new_x, new_y = blank_x + dx, blank_y + dy
                    if valid_move(new_x, new_y):
                         new_state = [row[:] for row in state] # Deep copy
                         # Swap the blank space with the adjacent tile
                         new_state[blank_x][blank_y], new_state[new_x][new_y] = new_state[new_x]
                         if tuple(map(tuple, new_state)) not in visited:
```

```
deque([([[2, 3, 6], [1, 5, None], [4, 7, 8]], [])])
Steps to reach the goal state:
Step 1: Move blank space to position (0, 2)
Step 2: Move blank space to position (0, 1)
Step 3: Move blank space to position (0, 0)
Step 4: Move blank space to position (1, 0)
Step 5: Move blank space to position (2, 0)
Step 6: Move blank space to position (2, 1)
Step 7: Move blank space to position (2, 2)
```

TASK - 2 | Solve depth first search and breadth first search of given graph starting from node A and reaching goal node G:

```
In [ ]: | graph = {
             'A': ['B', 'D'],
            'B': ['C', 'E'],
            'D': ['E', 'G', 'H'],
             'E': ['C', 'F'],
             'G': ['H']
        def dfs(graph, start, goal, visited=None):
            if visited is None:
                visited = set()
            visited.add(start)
            if start == goal:
                 return [start]
            for neighbor in graph.get(start, []):
                 if neighbor not in visited:
                     path = dfs(graph, neighbor, goal, visited)
                     if path:
                         return [start] + path
            return []
```

```
def bfs(graph, start, goal):
    queue = [[start]]
    visited = set()
    while queue:
        path = queue.pop(0)
        node = path[-1]
        if node == goal:
            return path
        if node not in visited:
            visited.add(node)
            for neighbor in graph.get(node, []):
                new_path = list(path)
                new_path.append(neighbor)
                queue.append(new_path)
start_node = 'A'
goal_node = 'G'
dfs_path = dfs(graph, start_node, goal_node)
print("Depth-first search path:", dfs_path)
bfs_path = bfs(graph, start_node, goal_node)
print("Breadth-first search path:", bfs_path)
```

Depth-first search path: ['A', 'D', 'G']
Breadth-first search path: ['A', 'D', 'G']