

Display styled math puts math on display which is always centered.  
While, inline or text styled math stays in line.

$$f(x) = (x + 2)^2 - 9$$

Aligning multiple equations using align\*

$$\begin{array}{lll} 2x + 1 = 9 & 3y - 2 = -5 & -5z + 8 = 3 \\ 2x = 8 & 3y = -3 & -5z = -5 \\ x = 4 & y = -1 & z = -1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= a_2x^2 + a_1x + a_0 \\ &= x^2 + 4x - 5 \end{aligned}$$

For inline, notice that by substitution we get the equation  $f(x) = x^2 + 4x - 5$ .  
Also, notice that by substitution we get the equation  $f(x) = x^2 + 4x - 5$ .  
The variable  $x$ . The letter x.

More differences in the math modes,

Display styled math,

$$\textit{displaystyle} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

For inline,

$$\textit{textstyle} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$