



WIX1002 : FUNDAMENTALS OF PROGRAMMING

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Question 1

No	Section	Description
1	Problem	Write a program to print out a pattern of an increasing triangle with decreasing column numbers that starts from 0 to 10, with a condition that the outer and inner loop must not be of the same type.
2	Solution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Initialize variable n as zero. - Use a while loop as an outer loop with a condition of n is equal or greater than 10 because the number pattern starts with zero and ends with 10. - Use for loop with initialization i equals to n or the number of rows, condition with i is greater and equals with zero, with i incremented - Print i with a space - add n++ to stop the loop
3	Sample Input & Output	<pre> - Viva1 (run) run: 0 1 0 2 1 0 3 2 1 0 4 3 2 1 0 5 4 3 2 1 0 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds) </pre>
4	Source Code	<pre> int n=0; while(n<=10){ for(int i=n; i>=0; i--){ System.out.print(i+" "); } System.out.println(); n++; } </pre>

Question 2

No	Section	Description
1	Problem	Write a program that accepts a sentence as an input, counts the number of words in that particular sentence and individually check each word to detect if it is a palindrome and return to final count. With conditions that single words can be counted as palindromes, no leading or trailing spaces exist in the sentence and no punctuation is present.
2	Solution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Add a java scanner util.package - Print command for user to enter a sentence - Initialize total words, palindrome, sentence ln, i as zero and check - Enter a while loop - initialize charcheck to check every character in words, and check.length to calculate the length of a string - use a for loop to not count spaces as character - to check if palindrome words, use boolean - enter another while loop to ignore lower or upper case character in words counted as palindrome - Print the total words and palindrome
3	Sample Input & Output	<pre>run: Enter a Sentence: Elle and I like to ride a kayak This Sentence contains 8 words This Sentence contains 4 palindromes BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 8 seconds)</pre> <hr/> <pre>run: Enter a Sentence: Hannah likes pop music This Sentence contains 4 words This Sentence contains 2 palindromes BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 34 seconds) </pre>
4	Source Code	<pre>import java.util.Scanner; public class RandomNumberGenerator { public static void main(String[] args) {</pre>

		<pre> Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in); System.out.print("Enter a Sentence: "); String sentence = scanner.nextLine(); String[] words = sentence.split("\\s+"); // Split the sentence into words int totalWords = words.length; int palindromeCount = 0; for (String word : words) { // Remove any non-alphabet characters and convert to lowercase for comparison String cleanWord = word.replaceAll("[^a-zA-Z]", "").toLowerCase(); if (isPalindrome(cleanWord)) { palindromeCount++; } } System.out.println("This Sentence contains " + totalWords + " words"); System.out.println("This Sentence contains " + palindromeCount + " palindromes"); scanner.close(); } // Function to check if a word is a palindrome public static boolean isPalindrome(String word) { int left = 0; int right = word.length() - 1; while (left < right) { if (word.charAt(left) != word.charAt(right)) { return false; } } </pre>
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		<pre> left++; right--; } return true; </pre>
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Question 3

No	Section	Description
1	Problem	Write a program that generate number 0 to 100 and continue the program with code that runs an infinite loop with a new random number between 0 to 100 is generated in each iteration. The infinite loop should be stopped when the sum total of the random number of 5 times is generated. Printed out the original number and the number of iterations.
2	Solution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Generate a random number between 0 and 100 as the original number. - Initialize a counter for the number of iterations. - Enter an infinite loop. - In each iteration, generate a new random number between 0 and 100. - Check if the new number is equal to the original number. - If they are the same, increment a counter for the number of consecutive occurrences.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - If the consecutive occurrence count reaches 5, print the original number and the total number of iterations, then break out of the loop. - Otherwise, continue to the next iteration. - Finally, display the original number and the total number of iterations it took to generate the same number 5 times.
3	Sample Input & Output	<pre>run: The number generated is 16 It took 611 iterations to generate the number 16 5 times BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)</pre> <hr/> <pre>run: The number generated is 57 It took 367 iterations to generate the number 57 5 times BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)</pre>
4	Source Code	<pre>import java.util.Random; public class RandomNumberGenerator { public static void main(String[] args) { Random random = new Random(); int originalNumber = random.nextInt(101); System.out.println("The number generated is " + originalNumber); int count = 0; int iterations = 0; while (count < 5) { int randomNumber = random.nextInt(101); iterations++; if (randomNumber == originalNumber) { count++; } } } }</pre>

		<pre> System.out.println("It took " + iterations + " iterations to generate the number " + originalNumber + " 5 times"); } }</pre>
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Question 4

No	Section	Description
1	Problem	Write a program which prints a table from 1 to N that contains the number and a column next to it, indicating whether the number is a prime number or not
2	Solution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Prompt the user to enter a number N. - Read the input N from the user. - Print a header for the table: "---Table of numbers up to N with their Prime Number status---". - Print the column headers: "Number" and "Prime Number Status". - Use a loop to iterate from 1 to N. - For each iteration, call the checkPrime() method to determine if the current number is prime or not. - Print the current number and its prime number status using printf() or println() with appropriate formatting. - Implement the checkPrime() method to check if a number is prime or not: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. If the number is less than or equal to 1, return false (not prime). b. Iterate from 2 to the square root of the number. c. Check if the number is divisible by any value in this range. If yes, return false (not prime).

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - d. If the loop completes without finding a divisor, return true (prime). - Repeat steps 6-8 for each number in the loop. - End the program.
3	Sample Input & Output	<pre> run: Enter a Number: 4 ---Table of numbers up to 4 with their Prime Number status--- Number Prime Number Status 1 1 is a Composite Number 2 2 is a Prime Number 3 3 is a Prime Number 4 4 is a Composite Number BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 3 seconds) run: Enter a Number: 9 ---Table of numbers up to 9 with their Prime Number status--- Number Prime Number Status 1 1 is a Composite Number 2 2 is a Prime Number 3 3 is a Prime Number 4 4 is a Composite Number 5 5 is a Prime Number 6 6 is a Composite Number 7 7 is a Prime Number 8 8 is a Composite Number 9 9 is a Composite Number BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds) </pre>
4	Source Code	<pre> import java.util.Scanner; public class Main{ public static void main(String[] args) { Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in); System.out.print("Enter a Number: "); int N = scanner.nextInt(); System.out.println("---Table of numbers up to " + N + " with their Prime Number status---"); System.out.println("Number\t\tPrime Number Status"); for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++) { System.out.print(i + "\t\t"); if (isPrime(i)) { </pre>

		<pre> System.out.println(i + " is a Prime Number"); } else { System.out.println(i + " is a Composite Number"); } } // Helper method to check if a number is prime public static boolean isPrime(int number) { if (number < 2) { return false; } for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(number); i++) { if (number % i == 0) { return false; } } return true; }</pre>
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