FANUC Robot series SYSTEM R-J Controller Data Transfer Function Operator's Manual

MAROJDTFO06801E B-80434E/01

This publication contains proprietary information of FANUC Robotics North America, Inc. furnished for customer use only. No other uses are authorized without the express written permission of FANUC Robotics North America, Inc.

FANUC Robotics North America, Inc. 3900 W. Hamlin Road Rochester Hills, Michigan 48309-3253 The descriptions and specifications contained in this manual were in effect at the time this manual was approved for printing. FANUC Robotics North America, Inc, hereinafter referred to as FANUC Robotics, reserves the right to discontinue models at any time or to change specifications or design without notice and without incurring obligations.

FANUC Robotics manuals present descriptions, specifications, drawings, schematics, bills of material, parts, connections and/or procedures for installing, disassembling, connecting, operating and programming FANUC Robotics' products and/or systems. Such systems consist of robots, extended axes, robot controllers, application software, the KAREL® programming language, INSIGHT® vision equipment, and special tools.

FANUC Robotics recommends that only persons who have been trained in one or more approved FANUC Robotics Training Course(s) be permitted to install, operate, use, perform procedures on, repair, and/or maintain FANUC Robotics' products and/or systems and their respective components. Approved training necessitates that the courses selected be relevant to the type of system installed and application performed at the customer site.



WARNING.

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause interference to radio communications. As temporarily permitted by regulation, it has not been tested for compliance with the limits for Class A computing devices pursuant to subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference. Operation of the equipment in a residential area is likely to cause interference, in which case the user, at his own expense, will be required to take whatever measure may be required to correct the interference.

FANUC Robotics conducts courses on its systems and products on a regularly scheduled basis at its headquarters in Rochester Hills, Michigan. For additional information contact

FANUC Robotics North America, Inc. Training Department 3900 W. Hamlin Road Rochester Hills, Michigan 48309-3253

Tel: (248)377-7234

FAX: (248)377-7367 or (248)377-7362

Copyright ©1998 by FANUC Robotics North America, Inc. All Rights Reserved

The information illustrated or contained herein is not to be reproduced, copied, translated into another language, or transmitted in whole or in part in any way without the prior written consent of FANUC Robotics North America, Inc.

AccuStat®, ArcTool®, DispenseTool®, FANUC LASER DRILL®, KAREL®, INSIGHT®, INSIGHT II®, PaintTool®, PaintWorks®, PalletTool®, SOCKETS®, SOFT PARTS® SpotTool®, TorchMate®, and YagTool® are Registered Trademarks of FANUC Robotics.

FANUC Robotics reserves all proprietary rights, including but not limited to trademark and trade name rights, in the following names:

AccuFlow®
ARC Mate®
ARC Mate Sr.®
IntelliTrak®
LaserTool®
MotionParts®
PaintWorks II®
PalletMate®
SureWeld®
TurboMove®

FANUC Robotics – Technical Support Hotline

1-800-47-ROBOT

(1-800-477-6268)

Local/Internal 248-377-7159

Customer Service Center (Press 1)

Marketing and Sales Department (Press 2)

Technical Service (Press 1)

Tel (248) 377-7159 Fax: (248) 377-7463 24 Hour Hotline

- Technical Service Hotline support
- Service personnel dispatch
- After-hours parts support (8:00 pm to 8:00 am)

- Warranty part replacement

Parts (Press 2)

Tel (248) 377-7278

Fax: (248) 377-7832

8:00 am to 8:00 pm Monday to Friday

Robot Software

Customer Number (if known)

Information to have available

- Company name
- Your name
- Your phone and fax numbers
- Robot and controller type
- "F#" or serial number of robot
- "Hour Meter" reading
- Software type and edition
- Any error messages and LED displays (if applicable)
- Your P.O. number for warranty, down robots, or preventive maintenance service orders

Parts for down robots

Replenishment part order

Information to have available

- Customer Number (if known)
- Company name
- Your name
- Your phone and fax numbers
- Part name and number (if known)
- "F#" or serial number of robot
- "Hour Meter" reading
- Your P.O. number for warranty. down robots, and software orders
- Any error messages and LED displays (if applicable)

Training (Press 3)

Tel (248) 377-7234 Fax: (248) 377-7367 8:00 am to 5:00 pm Monday to Friday

- Training class registration
- Consultation for special training or on-site requests
- Repair of electronic components
- Repair of mechanical components (wrists etc.)

Part Repair (Press 4)

Tel (248) 377-7944

Fax: (248) 377-7367 8:00 am to 5:00 pm Monday to Friday

Warranty part repair

Information to have available

- Customer Number (if known)
- Company name
- Your name
- Your phone and fax numbers
- Your shipping or billing address
- Types of courses needed
- Robot and controller type
- Number of people attending
- Method of payment

Information to have available

- Customer Number (if known)
- Company name
- Your name
- Your phone and fax numbers
- "F#" or serial number of robot
- "Hour Meter" reading
- Project number or P.O. number
- Shipping & billing addresses
- Reason for repair (any symptoms, error codes, or diagnostic LEDs that were identified

***NOTE: PLEASE OBTAIN A RETURN GOODS NUMBER (RGN) AUTHORIZATION FROM "PARTS" BEFORE SHIPPING ANY PARTS BACK TO OUR FACILITY. THE RGN IS NECESSARY FOR PROPER RECEIVING AND TRACKING.

Revised 5/4/98

Table of contents

1 GENERAL	3
1.1 Overview of the data transfer	3
1.2 Function to connect R-J and host	3
2 TRANSFER DATA	4
2.1 Table of the transfer data	4
2.2 Transfer data	6
2.2.1 Alarm information (ALM)	6
2.2.2 Robot status (INF)	6
2.2.3 Current position data (AXD)	8
2.2.4 Data formation (TYPE)	8
2.2.5 Start/end data number (SNO/ENO)	12
2.2.6 Integer data (DTI)	12
2.2.7 Real data (DTR)	12
2.2.8 Control command (CCM)	13
2.2.9 Program/system variable file name (PNAM)	14
2.2.10 Program/system variable byte number (PNT),	
Residual byte number (RPNT)	14
2.2.11 Program start right (RMT)	15
3 TRANSMISSION SYSTEM	16
3.1 Transfer data format	
3.2 Transfer data format list	17
3.3 Response time check, Character interval check	18
3.4 Report when an error occurs	18
3.5 Data transfer retries	19

4 COMMUNICATION SEQUENCE	20
4.1 Alarm occurrence report	20
4.2 Robot status inquiry	
4.3 Current position inqury	21
4.4 Data inquiry	22
4.5 Data setting	23
4.6 Control command setting	24
4.7 Program start	25
4.8 Program deletion	
4.9 Program transfer(write) request	27
4.10 Program inquiry (read)	28
4.11 Program directory inquiry	29
4.12 System variable inquiry	30
4.13 System variable setting	31
4.14 Program start right setting	32
5 CONNECTION	34
5.1 RS-232-C ports on the operator panel	36
5.2 RS-232-C ports on main cpu PCB	38
5.3 Recommended cable	39
5.4 Signals	
5.5 Transmission System	40
6 ERROR CODES AND SYSTEM VARIABLE	42
COMP ALARM (I D = 59)	42
7 DIEEEDECE EDOM D.G2	11

1 GENERAL

1.1 Overview of the data transfer

This manual describes the data transfer function that the host inquires , sets and controls the data of R-J through RS-232-C interface used to connect between the host device and FANUC SYSTEM R-MODEL J (hereinafter R-J or Robot).

1.2 Function to connect R-J and host

R-J has the following function that host controls the robot.

No.	Function	Discription	
1	Data inquiry	Inquires the contents of the data requested from the host device. The following data can be inquired: System variable(Note1), register, position register, robot status, current position and program directory.	
2	Data setting	Sets the contents of the data requested to be set from the host device to R-J memory. The following data can be set: System variable(Note1), register, position register and control commands.	
3	Program inquiry (Read)	Transfers the program file requested to be set by the host device from R-J to the host device one by one. Note2)	
4	Program setting (Write)	Transfers the program file requested to be set by the host device from the host device to R-J memory. Note2)	
5	Program call and start	After calling the program requested to start by the host device from the R-J memory, starts it.	
6	Program deletion	Deletes the program file requested to be deleted by the host device from the R-J memory.	
7	Alarm occurrence report	When the alarm occurs on the R-J side, reports this to the host device.	

Note1) When a system file is inquired or set, all data of the specified file is treated at the same time. Besides, the system variable can be set only at control start mode.

Note2) The type of the internal data, which is inquired or tansferred as program data, is binary.

2 TRANSFER DATA

2.1 Table of the transfer data

The following transfer data is provided. For the detailed explanation for each transfer data, refer to "2.2 Transfer data".

Abbr.	Name	Bytes	Explanation
TCC	Transfer control character	1	Character to report the details of transfer.
ALM	Alarm information	8	Indicates the occured alarm.
INF	Robot status	3	Indicates the robot status.
AXD	Current position data	?	Current position (metric value for each axis or cartesian coordinate value)
TYPE	Transfer data type	1	Indicates the type of the data to be transferred.
-			Register
			Inquiry/set request:B0H
			Integer type:21H
			Real type:22H
			Position register
-			Inquiry/set request:B3H
			Conversion expression:24H
			XYZWPR expression:27H
			XYZAES expression:2BH
			XYZ+wrist joint angle expresstion:2DH
			Conversion with the extended axes
			expression:2EH
			XYZWPR with the extended axes
			expression30H
			XYZAES with the extended axes
			expression33H
			XYZ + wrist joint angle expresstion
			with the extended axes35H
			Each axis expresstion:36H
			Comment
			Register:3AH
	e de la companya de l		Position register:3CH
,			Current position
			Metric value for each axis:A1H
i			Cartesian coordinate value:A2H

Abbr.	Name	Bytes	Explanation	
SNO	Start data number	-3	Indicates the data number to be transferred	
ENO	End data number	3	Register: 1 - The maximum element number of the	
			register	
			Position register:	
			1 - The maximum element number of the position register	
DTI	Integer data	11	Indicates the contents of the register data to be inquired or set	
DTR	Real data	13	Indicates the contents of the register or position regis-	
			ter data to be inquired or set.	
CCM	Control command	2	Command to control R-J from the host device.	
PNAM	Program name	11	Indicates the program or system variable file name	
			be inquired or set.	
PNT	Program byte number	10	Indicates the byte number of the program or system	
			variable to be inquired or set.	
PGNO	Number of programs	10	Number of programs registered in the directory to be	
	registered		inquired.	
RPNT	Residual byte number	10	Residual byte number in the program field.	
DT	Data	?	The contents of the data to be inquired or set.	
RMT	Program start right	3	Indicates the value of the system variable	
			\$RMT_MASTER that indicates what has the control	
			to start the program.	

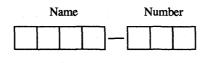
Note) **H incicates hexadecimal.

By default, the range of register number is 1 to 32 and the position register is 1 to 10. The maximum number can be changed by setting. For the setting, refer to FANUC Robot series reference manual.

2.2 Transfer data

2.2.1 Alarm information (ALM) The detailed explanation for each transfer data is the following.

Alarm information of R-J consists of 4-character(or 5-character) for subsystem name, 1-character for the hyphen and 3-digit for subsystem number, total 8(or 9)-character(or byte).

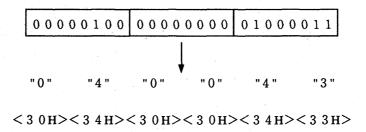


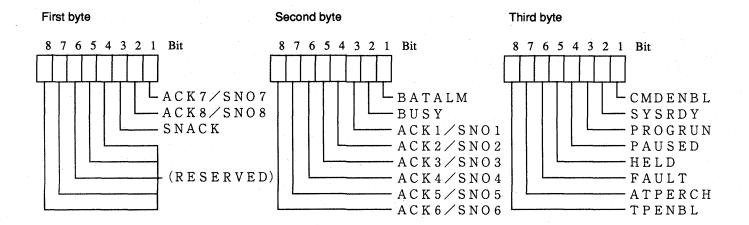
Example: TPIF-002 PROG-003

2.2.2 Robot status (INF) Robot status consists of 6-character(byte) that 3-byte bit image in hexadecimal is converted to in ASCII.

First byte	Second byte	Third byte
	T .	
The second secon		i
	<u> </u>	

Example: SNACK+CMDENBL+SYSRDY+ATPERCH





Signal	Description
CMDENBL	Command acceptance enabled signal
SYSRDY	System ready signal
PROGRUN	Program run signal
PAUSED	Program paused signal
HELD	Held signal
FAULT	Alarm signal
ATPERCH	Reference point signal
TPENBL	Teach pendant enabled signal
BATALM	Battery alarm signal
BUSY	Operating signal
ACK1/SNO1	RSR acknowledge/Selected porogram number signal
ACK2/SNO2	,
ACK3/SNO3	"
ACK4/SNO4	"
ACK5/SNO5	"
ACK6/SNO6	"
ACK7/SNO7	"
ACK8/SNO8	"
SNACK	PNS acknowledge signal

For the specifications of each signal, refer to FANUC Robot series R-J

CONTROLLER MAINTENANCE MANUAL.

If the robot status is inquired when the process I/O PCB is not connected to R-J for example, the robot status(INF) is set "00 00 00".

2.2.3 Current position data (AXD)

Current position data is divided into two types. One is the metric value for each axis, the other is the cartesian coordinate value.

Metric value for each axis

The data for each axis is expressed in 13-character(or byte) of real data(DTR). Therefore, current position data is transferred in the formation that real data \times axis number. The transfer order of the current postion data transferred in this case is the first axis, the second axis, ... and the nth axis.

Cartesian coordinate value

Transferred coordinate value consists of the value of X, Y, Z, W, P, R and extented axis (m). Each axis data is expressed in 13-character(byte) of real data(DTR), so that current position data is transferred in the formation that real data \times (6+m). The transfer order of the current position data transferred in this case is X, Y, Z, W, P, R, the first extended axis, ... and the mth extended axis.

2.2.4 Data formation (TYPE)

The data that R-J can inquire or set is the following.

- System variable
- Register
- Position register
- Comment

[System variable]

System variable of R-J (coresponding to the parameter of R-G2) is hierarchy structure. And, the size and contents of system variable are different according to each robot and apprication. The contents of system variable is specified by variable name instead of the number and that is displayed in alphabetical order. As a result, all the data of the specified system variable is inquired or set at the same time. System variable can be set only at the control start mode.

[Register]

For the register of R-J, integer type data or real type data can be set to the same register. To specify whether integer type or real type, add the value indicating the type to the data when inquiring or setting the register.

	Form	Type	Data	
1	Integer	21H	Integer type data (DTI)	
2	Real	22H	Real type data (DTR)	

[Position register]

For the position register of R-J, 9 types data can be set to the same position register. To specify the type of the set data, add the value indicating the type to the data.

	Expression	TYPE	DATA
1	Conversion	24H	Real type data(DTR) × 12
2	XYZWPR	27H	Real type data(DTR) \times 6
3	XYZAES	2BH	Real type data(DTR) × 6
4	XYZ+Wrist joint angle	2DH	Real type data(DTR) \times 6
5	Conversion with extended axis	2EH	Real type data(DTR) × 15
6	XYZWPR with extended axis	30H	Real type data(DTR) × 9
7	XYZAES with extended axis	33H	Real type data(DTR) × 9
8	XYZ+Wrist joint angle with extended axis	35H	Real type data(DTR) × 9
9	Each axis	36H	Real type data(DTR) × 9

When inquiring the data of the position register that is not set value,

<2 A H><7 5 H><6 EH><6 9 H><6 EH><6 9 H><7 4 H><2 A H><2 O H><2 O H><2 O H><2 O H><2 O H><6 O

is transferred.

The formation of each type data in position register is the following.

1:Conversion expression

1	NX	Normal vector X	
2	NY	Y	
3	NZ	Z	
4	OX	Orientation vector X	
5	OY .	Y	
6	OZ	Z	
7	AX	Approach vector X	
8	AY	Y	
9	AZ	Z	
10	LX	Location vector X	[mm]
11	LY	Y	[mm]
12	LZ	Z	[mm]

2:XYZWPR expression

1	X	Position X	[mm]
2	Y	Y	[mm]
3	Z	Z	[mm]
4	W	Rotation around X axis	[deg]
5	P	Rotation around Y axis	[deg]
6	R	Rotation around Z axis	[deg]

3:XYZAES expression

1	X	Position X	[mm]
2	Y	Y	[mm]
3	Y	Z	[mm]
4	Α	Azimuth angle	[deg]
5	Е	Elevation angle	[deg]
6	S	Spin angle	[deg]

5:Conversion with extended axis expression

	0.0		SIOTI WILL CALCITOCO UAL	
	1	NX	Normal vector X	
	2	NY	Y	
	3	NZ	Z	
	4	OX	Orientation vector X	
	5	OY	Y	
	6	OZ	Z	
	7	AX	Approach vector X	
	8	AY	Y	
	9	AZ	Z	
	10	LX	Location vector X	[mm]
	11	LY	Y	[mm]
İ	12	LZ	Z	[mm]
	13	E1	No.1 extended axis	[rad] or [mm]
	14	E2	No.2 extended axis	[rad] or [mm]
	15	E3	No.3 extended axis	[rad] or [mm]

6:XYZWPR with extended axis expression

1	X	Position X	[mm]
2	Y	Y	[mm]
3	Z	Z	[mm]
4	W	Rotation around X axis	[deg]
5	P	Rotation around Y axis	[deg]
6	R	Rotation around Z axis	[deg]
7	E1	No.1 extended axis	[rad] or [mm]
8	E2	No.2 extended axis	[rad] or [mm]
9	E3	No.3 extended axis	[rad] or [mm]

7:XYZAES with extended axis expression

1	X	Position X	[mm]					
2	Y	Y	[mm]					
3	Y	Z	[mm]					
4	A	Azimuth angle	[deg]					
5	Е	Elevation angle	[deg]					
6	S	Spin angle	[deg]					
7	E1	No.1 extended axis	[rad] or [mm]					
8	E2	No.2 extended axis	[rad] or [mm]					
9	E3	No.3 extended axis	[rad] or [mm]					

4:XYZ+Wrist joint angle expression

1	X	Position X	[mm]
2	Y	Y	[mm]
3	Z	Z	[mm]
4	J4	No.1 wrist joint angle	[deg]or[mm]
5	J5	No.2 wrist joint angle	[deg]or[mm]
6	J6	No.3 wrist joint angle	[deg]or[mm]

8:XYZ+Wrist joint angle with extended axis expression

1	X	Position X	[mm]
2	Y	Y	[mm]
3	Z	Z	[mm]
4	J4	No.1 wrist joint angle	[deg]or[mm]
5	J5	No.2 wrist joint angle	[deg]or[mm]
6	J6	No.3 wrist joint angle	[deg]or[mm]
7	E1	No.1 extended axis	[rad]or[mm]
8	E2	No.2 extended axis	[rad]or[mm]
9	E3	No.3 extended axis	[rad]or[mm]

9:Each axis expression

1	J1	No.1 axis	[rad]or[mm]
2	J2	No.2 axis	[rad]or[mm]
3	J3	No.3 axis	[rad]or[mm]
4	J4	No.4 axis	[rad]or[mm]
5	J5	No.5 axis	[rad]or[mm]
6	J6	No.6 axis	[rad]or[mm]
7	J7	No.7 axis	[rad]or[mm]
8	J8	No.8 axis	[rad]or[mm]
9	J 9	No.9 axis	[rad]or[mm]

[Comment]

The maximum 18-character comment is added to the register or position register of R-J. You can inquire or set the comment of the register or position register.

	Form	Type	Data
1	Register	Register 3AH 17 characters	
2	Position register	3СН	18 characters

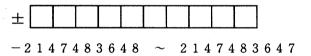
2.2.5 Start/End data number (SNO/ENO)

Start data number or end data number consists of 3-digit(byte) data. When the digit of start/end data number is below 3, the data number is made to be left-justified and the residual field is filled with the blunk(" "/20H).



Example: In the case that the start data number is 12.

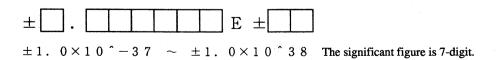
2.2.6 Integer data (DTI) Integer type data consists of a sign and 10-digit data, total 11 characters(bytes). When the digit of the integer type data is below 10, it is made to be left-justified and the residual field is filled with the blunk(" "/ 20H).



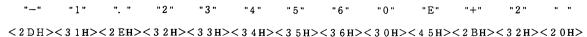
Example: In the case that the integer type data is -123456

"-" "1" "2" "3" "4" "5" "6" " " " " " " " " " " " "
$$< 2 \, \mathrm{DH} > < 3 \, 2 \, \mathrm{H} > < 3 \, 3 \, \mathrm{H} > < 3 \, 4 \, \mathrm{H} > < 3 \, 5 \, \mathrm{H} > < 2 \, 0 \, \mathrm{H} > < 2 \,$$

2.2.7 Real data (DTR) Real type data is 13-character(byte) data expressed in the exponentiation, it's significant figure is 7-digit, the digit below the decimal point is 6 and the exponential field is 2-digit. When the digit below the decimal point is below 6, the residual field is filled with "0"(30H). When the digit of the exponential field is below 2, it is made to be left-justified and the residual field is filled with the blunk(" "/20H). The location of " \pm ", "." and "E" is fixed.



Example: In the case that the interger type data is -1.234560E+2

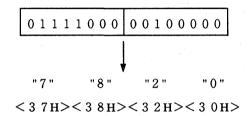


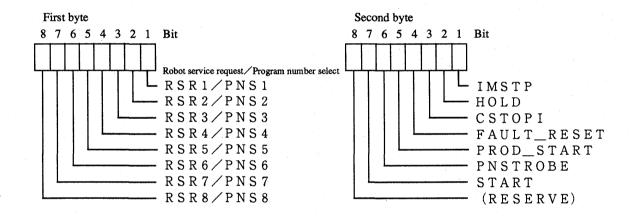
2.2.8 Control command (CCM)

Control command is the 4-character(byte) data that 2-byte bit image expressed in hexadecimal is converted to in the ASCII.

First byte	Second byte
·	

Example: In the case that PNS is set 120 and PNSTROBE signal is set on.





The control command of the highest priority in the set command is only executed.

Priority	Signal	Description		
High	IMSTP	Imidiate stop		
A	HOLD	Hold signal		
	CSTOPI	Cycle stop signal		
	FAULT_RESET	Alarm release signal		
	PROD_START	Automatic operation start signal		
	Execution RSR	Execution RSR		
•	PNSTROBE	PNS strobe signal		
Low	START	Cycle start signal		

Notice) IMSTP and HOLD in the control command is not the reverse signal. When RSR(robot service request)1-8 is set, PNSTROBE signal needs to be set at the same time,too. For the specification of each signal, refer to FANUC Robot series R-J CONTROLLER MAINTENANCE MANUAL.

2.2.9

Program/System Variable file name (PNAM)

Progam or system variable file name consists of the file name(maximum 8-character) and file type(3-character), total 11 characters(bytes). When the number of characters in this file name is below 11, this file name is made to be left-justified and the residual field is filled with the blunk(" "/20H). The system variable file name to be set in PNAM is the following.

- SYSVARS.SV
- SYSSERVO.SV
- SYSMAST.SV
- SYSMACRO.SV

Example: In the case that the program name is "ABCDE.MN"											
"	А"	"B"	"C"	"D"	"E"	". "	"M"	"N"	" "	" "	
< 4	1 H><	4 2 H><	(43H>	< 4 4 H>	< 4 5 H>	< 2 EH><	< 4 DH>	< 4 EH>	< 2 0 H>	< 2 0 H>	<20H>

2.2.10

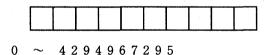
Program/System Variable byte number

(PNT),

Residual byte number

(RPNT)

PNT or RPNT consists of 10-digit(byte) data. When the digit of the byte number or residual byte number is below 10, those byte number is made to be left-justified and the residual field is filled with the blunk(" "/20H).



Example: In the case that the program byte number is 123456

2.2.11 Program start control (RMT)

RMT is the value which is set to the system variable \$RMT_MASTER, which specifies what has the control to start program. The data of the program start control consists of 3-digit(byte) data. When the digit of the program start control data is below 3, it is made to be left-justified and the residual field is filled with the blunk(" "/20H).



Example: In the case that the program start control data is $\boldsymbol{2}$

\$RMT_MASTER= 0 : Peripheral I/O device has the control to start.

(= 1: KCL)

= 2: Data transfer function has the control to start.

3 TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

In this system, either R-J or the host device generating the send data issues the call request to the other party, and when the other party makes the affirmative response indicating the receive request, data starts being sent to the other party. This transmission system is called the call response system.

Example

R-J	ENQ		Send data		EOT	
Host device		ACK		ACK		

This system does not distinguish data from the transmission control characters. Therefore, take a great care for the sequence and the number of characters to be transferred not to disturb transmission.

3.1 Transfer data format

The data transferred between R-J and the host device is a string of binary characters consisting of two or more bytes. This character string is given a meaning according to the protocol determined between the two parties and functions. The data to be transferred between the two parties has the following format.

TCC	LNG	Data field	BCC
		2 4.44 - 1.414	

1) TCC (Transmission Control Character)

1-byte data. This is used to control data transfer between R-J and the host device.

2) LNG

1-byte data. This indicates the number of characters in the data field. However, it does not include "00" to be inserted after three consecutive "FF"'s.

3) Data field (Maximum 128 bytes)

Numerical data of one or more bytes. This is the actual data field to be transferred.

4) BCC(Block Check Character)

This is the 1-byte parity check character assigned to each transfer unit and used to set the exclusive OR of the values from TCC to the data field end.

If the transfer data (from TCC to BCC) contains three consecutive "FF"'s, it is transferred by suffixing "00" to the third "FF". The receiver ignores this "00". This process is performed to distinguish transfer data caused an error from the data to be sent again. Refer to 3.5 Data transfer retries."

" F F" × 3

"00" is inserted as a dummy.

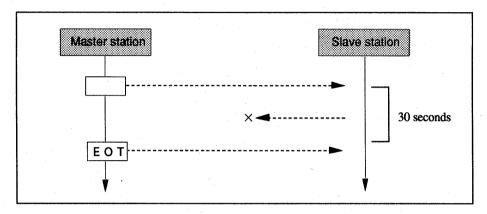
3.2 Transfer data format list The contents of transfer data is prescribed by TCC as shown below:

Transfer data format list

TCC	Explanation	Transfer Format
05H	Enquiry (ENQ)	<enq></enq>
84H	End of transmission(EOT)	<eot></eot>
06H	Acknowledge (ACK)	<ack></ack>
95H	Negative acknowledge (NAK)	<nak></nak>
81H	Alarm occurrence report	<81> <lng><alm><bcc></bcc></alm></lng>
87H	Robot status inquiry request	<87> <lng><bcc></bcc></lng>
88H	Robot status report	<88> <lng><inf><bcc></bcc></inf></lng>
8BH	Current position inquiry request	<8B> <lng><type><bcc></bcc></type></lng>
8DH	Current position report	<8D> <lng><axd><bcc></bcc></axd></lng>
93H	Data inquiry request	<93> <lng><type><sno><eno><bcc></bcc></eno></sno></type></lng>
96H	Data setting request	<96> <lng><type><sno><eno><bcc></bcc></eno></sno></type></lng>
99H	Data transfer	<99> <lng><dt><bcc></bcc></dt></lng>
9AH	Control command setting request	<9A> <lng><ccm><bcc></bcc></ccm></lng>
9CH	Program start request	<9C> <lng><pnam><bcc></bcc></pnam></lng>
9FH	Program deletion request	<9F> <lng><pnam><bcc></bcc></pnam></lng>
E1H	Program transfer(write) request	<e1><lng><pnam><pnt><bcc></bcc></pnt></pnam></lng></e1>
E2H	Program inquiry(read) request	<e2><lng><pnam><bcc></bcc></pnam></lng></e2>
E4H	Program inquiry	<e4><lng><pnt><bcc></bcc></pnt></lng></e4>
	acknowlege report	
Е7Н	Program data transfer	<e7><lng><dt><bcc></bcc></dt></lng></e7>
E8H	Program directory	<e8><lng><bcc></bcc></lng></e8>
	inquiry request	
ЕВН	Reporting the number	<eb><lng><pgno><rpnt><bcc></bcc></rpnt></pgno></lng></eb>
	of registered programs	
	and residual byte number	
EDH	Program directory inquiry	<ed><lng><pnam><pnt><bcc></bcc></pnt></pnam></lng></ed>
82H	Program start control setting	<82> <lng><rmt><bcc></bcc></rmt></lng>
8EH	System variable inquiry request	<8E> <lng><pnam><bcc></bcc></pnam></lng>
90H	System variable setting request	<90> <lng><pnam><pnt><bcc></bcc></pnt></pnam></lng>

3.3 Response time check, Character interval check

This function checks if a response is made to the data transferred from one party within a specific time (approx. 30 seconds). If not, "EOT" is output to terminate data transmission.



It also checks for the time interval between characters in a transfer character string. If the time interval from reception of one character to that of the next character exceeds a specific time (approx. 3 seconds), "NAK" is output to request sending of the character data again.

In the above figure, master station can be R-J or host device, and the point of view decides the master station. From the point of view of host device, the master station is host device and the slave station is R-J. In this case, if a response is not made to the data transferred from the host device within 30 seconds, output "EOT" to R-J. In the reverse case, if a response is not made to the data transferred from R-J within 30 seconds, R-J outputs "EOT".

3.4 Report when an error occurs

The following errors may occur during data transfer between the host device and R-J:

1) Transfer data process errors

For example, an error detected if R-J has already had the same program when the host device sends this program to R-J, and an error detected when R-J is executing program.

2) Hardware errors

Errors detected on the line during data transfer.

- Parity error
- Overrun error
- Framing error, etc

3) System program errors

These are the errors such as transfer of an undefined TCC.

At detection of an error 1), the error occurrence report sequence is executed to terminate communication and a measure is taken against the reported error.

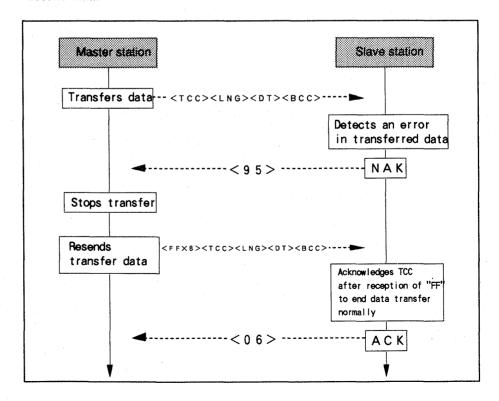
At detection of an error 2) or 3), "NAK" is output to request sending of the data again. When the response output is "NAK" to the data trunsferred from one party, this party send the same data again as a retry. If, however, the number of retries exceeded the specified number(3 times for R-J), the alarm number corresponding to the error detected during reception of the last transfer data is reported.

3.5 Data transfer retries

If a communication error occurs, the retry is done until the retry times amount to the specified times (3 times for R-J) as described below.

- 1) The receiver sends "NAK" to the sender.
- 2) The sender stops sending the data, prefixes 8 or more "FF"s to the data to be sent again, and sends it.
- 3) The receiver acknowledges the data other than "FF" preceded by 4 or more consecutive "FF"s as TCC and returns to the nomal process.

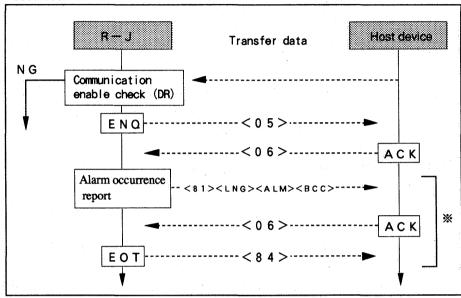
To perform this process, if send data contains 3 consecutive "FF"s, "00" needs to be suffixed the third "FF" for sending this data. This enables the data sent after occurrence of an error to be distinguished from TCC of the resend data.



4 COMMUNICATION SEQUENCE

4.1 Alarm occurrence report

This function reports the alarm occurred in R-J to the host device when it occurres.



If an alarm occurs during the transfer of the data other than the alarm occurrence report, control is transferred to the process in section * to terminate this data transfer. If, however, a communication error occurs, "NAK" is sent to request sending of data again. But, if the number of retries for sending this data exceeds the specified value(3 times for R-J), control is transferred to the process in section * to end the communication.

For the alarm occurrence report of the data transfer, the reported alarm contains the alarm related to the communication and the alarm except it. (For the alarm related to the communication, refer to "6 ALARM CODE AND SYSTEM VARIABLE".)

System variable \$COMP_IF[1] decides whether the report to the host device is done or not when the alarm other than it related to the communication is occurred.

 $COMP_IF[1] = ENABLE$: The report is done.

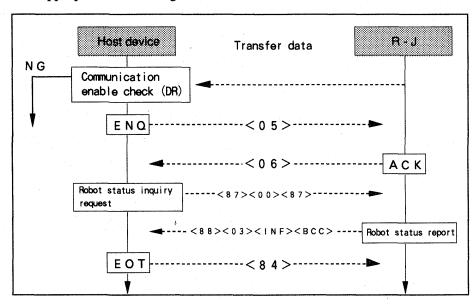
DISENABLE: The report is not done.

(Default: ENABLE)

For the reported alarm information(ALM), refer to "2.2.1 Alarm information(ALM).

4.2 Robot status inquiry

This function is used by the host device to grasp the robot status and take the appropriate measure against it.

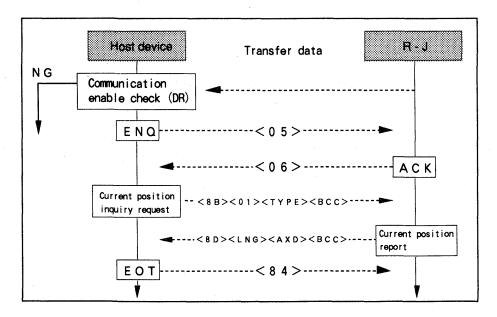


For the reported robot status(INF), refer to "2.2.2 Robot status(INF)". If the robot status inquiry is done when the process I/O PCB is not con-

nected to R-J, the robot status(INF) is set "00 00 00".

4.3 Current position inqury

The current position inquiry reports the host device the current position of the robot at reception of the request from the host device.

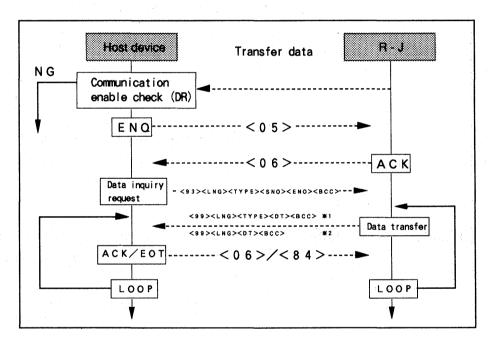


For the reported current position(AXD), refer to "2.2.3 Current position data".

4.4 Data inquiry

This function is used by the host device to know the contents within the specified range of the various data(specified by TYPE) stored in the memory of R-J. At this time, take care for the following points when specifying the start number SNO and end number ENO for the range:

- 1) SNO \leq ENO When SNO equals to ENO, only one data item is set.
- 2) ENO can be omitted. If it is omitted, the data specified by SNO is set.
- 3) Both SNO and ENO can be omitted. If they are omitted, all the data items stored in the memory are transferred.



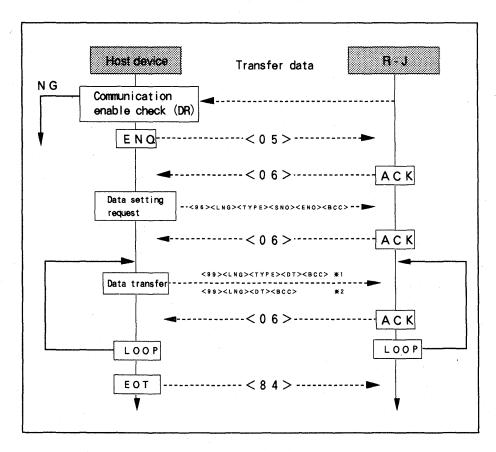
"EOT" is substituted for the acknowlegment for the transfer of the last data item.

- *1 ... Register/Position register
- *2 ... Comment

4.5 Data setting

This function is used by the host device to set the various data(specified by TYPE) to the memory within the specified range of R-J.At this time, take care for the following points when specifying the start number SNO and end number ENO for the range:

- SNO ≤ ENO
 When SNO equals to ENO, only one data item is set.
- 2) ENO can be omitted. If it is omitted, the data specified by SNO is set.
- 3) Both SNO and ENO can be omitted. If they are omitted, all the data items stored in the memory are transferred.

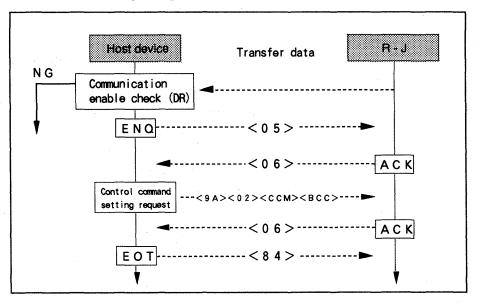


Note) When the data set of position register has been done, the configuration in the position register is not set.

- *1 ... Register/Position register
- *2 ... Comment

4.6 Control command setting

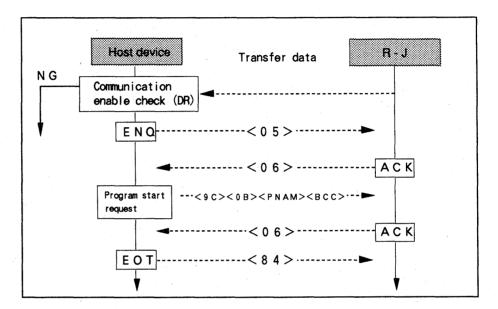
This function is used by the host device to issue the command such as start and stop program commands. This function is similar to the way that issues the command through the periheral I/O device.



For the control command, refer to "2.2.8 Control command(CCM)".

4.7 Program start

This function is used to start program after the program requested to be started is called from the host device. However, the robot actually starts the program after R-J receives "EOT".



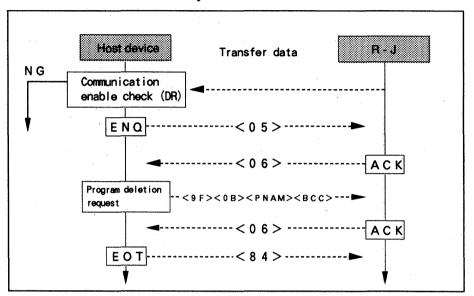
The conditions to start the program by the data transfer function are the following.

- The teachpendant ON/OFF switch is turned OFF.
- The REMOTE/LOCAL switch on the operator panel is turned to RE-MOTE.
- \$RMT_MASTER = 2 (Data transfer function has the control to start)

Note) When the program requested to be started by the host device is being edited, the program editting is forced to be completed and this program is executed from the head line.

4.8 Program deletion

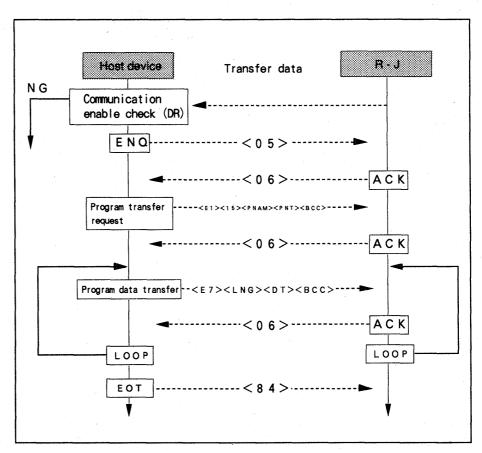
This function is used by the host device to delete the program requested to be deleted from the R-J memory.



Note) The program being selected can not be deleted.

4.9 Program transfer(write) request

This function is used by the host device to set the program in the memory of R-J in specified program name and specified byte number.

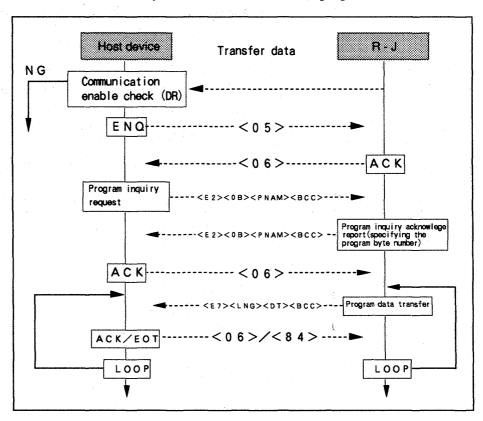


When the host device transfers the program to R-J, it adds the information for controlling program to the program. Therefore, the size of program displayed in the list of existing programs becomes larger than the size of the transferred program.

The type of internal data, which is the transferred program data, is binary.

4.10 Program inquiry (read)

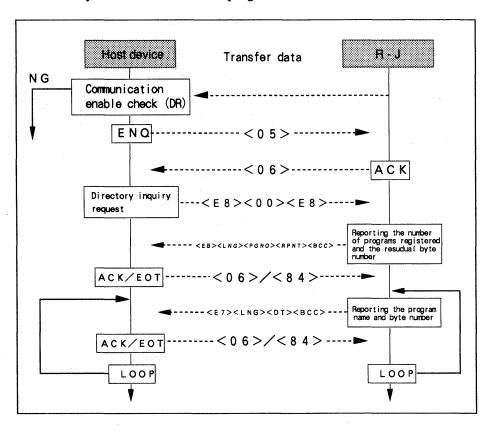
This function is used by the host device to read the program in R-J.



"EOT" is substituted for the acknowledgment for the transfer of the last data item. The program in R-J consists of the program itself and the information for controlling the program. When R-J request the host device to inquire the program, the data of program itself, which does not include the information for controlling the program, is transferred. Therefore, the program byte number transferred by the program inquiry acknowlege report is smaller than the size of program displayed in the list of existing programs in R-J. The type of internal data, which is the transferred program data, is binary.

4.11 Program directory inquiry

This function is used by the host device to know the use status of R-J program memory. This function enables the host device to know the number of program registered, the residual program memory, the program name and the memory used for each of these programs.



"EOT" is substituted for the acknowledge to the transfer of the last data item. If the number of programs registered is 0, output "EOT" to terminate the communication.

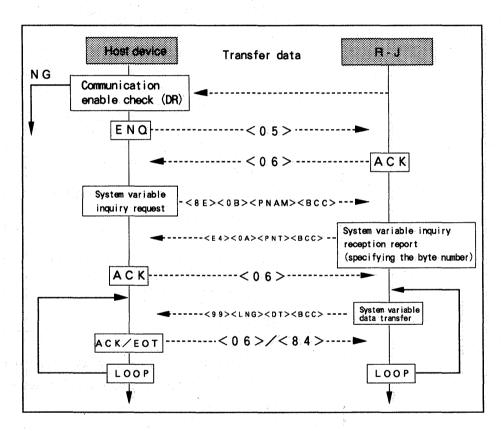
The program in R-J consists of the program itself and the information for controlling the program. When the program transfer(write) or the program inquiry(read) is executed between the host device and R-J, the data of program itself, which does not include the information for controlling the program, is transferred. Therefore, the program byte number transferred by the program directory inquiry is the size of the program itself, which is realy transferred at the program transfer/inquiry. Therefore, the program byte number transferred by program directory inquiry is smaller than the size of program displayed in the list of existing programs in R-J.

The type of internal data, which is the transferred program data, is binary.

4.12 System variable inquiry

This function is used by the host device to read the system variable in the memory of R-J. The system variable file name to be set as PNAM is the following.

- SYSVARS.SV
- SYSSERVO.SV
- SYSMAST.SV
- SYSMACRO.SV

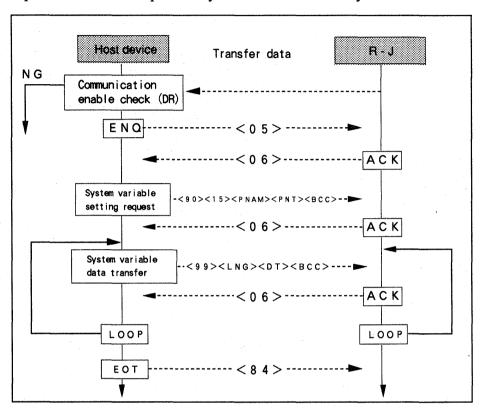


"EOT" is substituted for the acknowledge for the transfer of the last data item.

When the system variable request is executed, all the data of the specified system variable file is transferred at the same time.

4.13 System variable setting

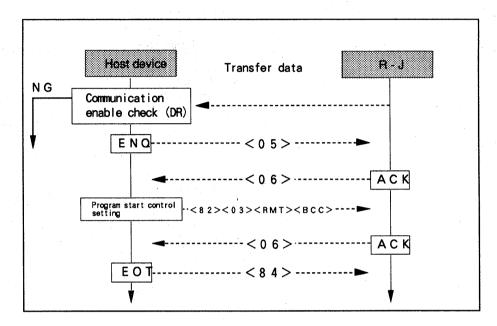
This function is used by the host device to write the system variable of the specified file and the specified byte number in the memory of R-J.



Besides, system variable can be set only at the controlled start mode. When the system variable setting is executed, all data of the specified system variable file is transferred at the same time.

4.14 Program start control setting

This function is used to set the system variable \$RMT_MASTER which indicates what has the control to start program.



 $RMT_MASTER = 0$: Peripheral I/O device has the control to start.

(=1:KCL)

= 2: Data transfer function has the control to start.

5 CONNECTION

The interface between the host device and R-J controller is RS-232-C / RS-422. This chapter describes the connector specifications and signals of RS-232-C ports on the operator panel and main cpu PCB.

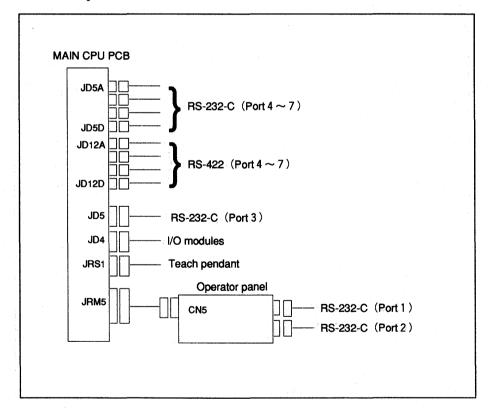
In the R-J controller side, communication ports of RS-232-C / RS-422 interface on the main cpu PCB are used to connect with host.

The communication ports include the following ports.

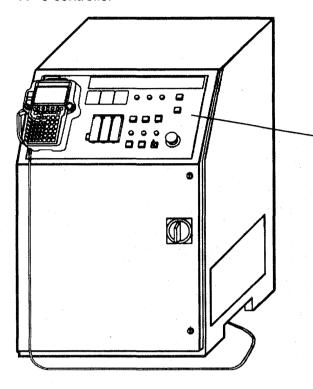
- Standard RS-232-C 3 ports (outside 2 ports, inside 1 port)
- Optional RS-232-C 4 ports or Opitional RS-422 4 ports

NOTE) For the optional ports, select the available ports from RS-232-C ports or RS-422 ports and use it. Both of them can not be used at the same time.

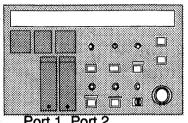
MAIN CPU PCB



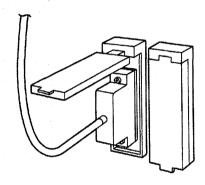
R - J controller



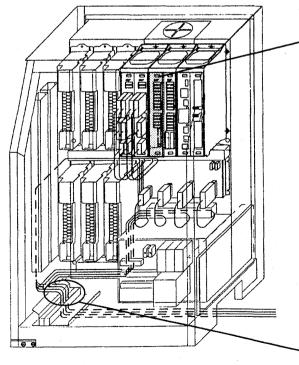
R - J Controller Operator Panel



Port 1 Port 2



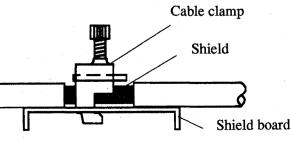
R - J controller



MAIN CPU PCB

- JD5 PORT 3
- (Standard)
- JD5 A D PORT 4 - 7 (Optional)

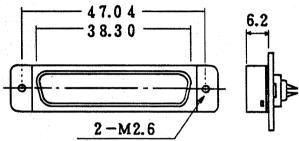
In detail, refer to FANUC Robot series CONTROLLER MAINTENANCE MANUAL



5.1 RS-232-C ports on the operator panel

Robot connector

Connector (Nippon Kokudenshi)	DBM-25S (female)
Lock (Nippon Kokudenshi)	D20418-J2



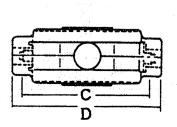
Pin definition

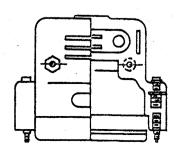
	<u> </u>		
1	FG		
2	TXDC	1 4	·
3	RXDC	1 5	
-		16	
4	RTSC	1 7	-
5	CTSC	1 8	
6	DSRC		
7	0 V	1 9	
8		2 0	DTRC
-		2 1	
9		2 2	
10		2 3	
1 1			
1 2		2 4	
1 3		2 5	+24E

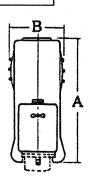
NOTE) Don't use the pin No. 25 (+24E)

Specifications of recommended calbe connector

Connector (Nippon Kokudenshi)	DBM-25P (male)
Shell (Nippon Kokudenshi)	DB-C2-J9







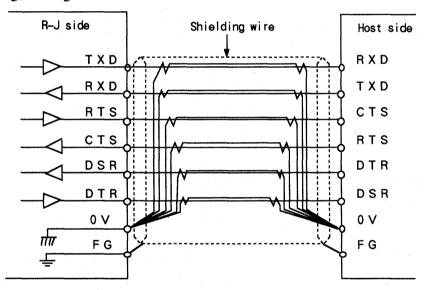
B = 22 C = 47 D = 55

A = 47

R-J controller side Port on the operator panel D20418-J2 M2.6 DBM-25S DBM-25P DB-C2-J9

Cable connection

Pay attention to the paired wire connection terminal and the shielding wire grounding.



Prepare the connection cable in the host device. For the connection in the host device, refer to the manual for the host device.

5.2

RS-232-C ports on main cpu PCB

Specifications of robot connector

RS-232-C connecting ports on main cpu PCB

- JD5
- Port 3
- (Standard)
- JD5 A D Port 4 7 (Optional)

				1	
Connector (Honda	Tenchin	Kongvon)	PCR.	- EV20MDT
Connector	LIOILGA	Loudinii	recupyou,	1010	11 1 2011111 1

Pin definition

1	RXDD	1 1	TXDD
2	0 V	1 2	0 V
3	DSRD	1 3	DTRD
4	0 V	1 4	0 V
5	CTSD	1 5	RTSD
6	0 V	1 6	0 V
7		1 7	
8		1 8	
9		1 9	+24E
1.0	+24E	2 0	

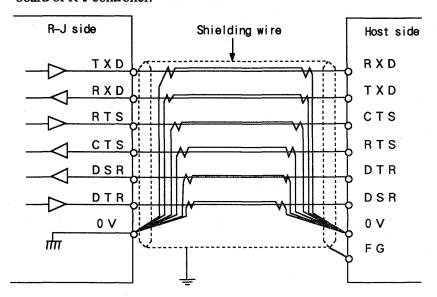
NOTE) Don't use pin No.10 and 19 (+24 E).

Specifications of recommended cable connector

Connector (Honda Tsushin Kougyou)	PCR - E20FS
Shell (Honda Tsushin Kougyou)	PCR - V20LA

Cable connection

Pay attention to the pair wire connection terminal and the shielding wire grounding. Peel the cable sheath and connect the shield directly to the shield board of R-J controller.



5.3 Recommended cable

Connect a peripheral device using a completely shielded, heavily protected cable conforming to the specifications in the following table. Alow an extra 1.5 m for routing the cable in the control unit. The maximum cable length is 15m for 20 core cable.

Specification of cable

Number	Wire specifications	Conductor		Sheath	Effective	Electrical characteristics	
of wires	(FANUC specifications)	Diameter Composition	thickness	outside diameter	Conductor resistance	Allowable current	
20	A66L-0001-0041	φ 1.05mm	7/0.18 AWG24	1.5mm	φ 10.5mm	106Ω/km	1.6A

5.4 Signals

Name	Input/	Description
	Output	
TXD	Output	Transmitted Data
(SD)		Data line from R-J to host device
RXD	Input	Received Data
(RD)		Data line from sensor to R-J
RTS	Output	Request to Send
(RS)		RTS is the control line that R - J indicates there is the data to send to host device.
		While RTS is on, host device keeps receiving the data and translating it to the
		communication line. When once RTS is turned off, it can not be turned on again until
		CTS is turned off.
CTS	Input	Clear to Send
(CS)		CTS is the control line that host device indicates it can send the data to the commu-
		nication line. When CTS is on, host device can receive the data from R -J.
DSR	Input	Data Set Ready
(DR)		DSR is the control line expressing that host device is set ready for operation. To put
		it concretely, it indicates that host device is connected to the communication line and
		it can communicate with R-J using the control line.
DTR	Output	Data Terminal Ready
(ER)		DTR is the control line that R-J indicates to send or receive the data to the host
		device. When DTR is on, sensor is connected to the communication line. When
		DTR is off, sensor is disconnected from the communication line.

The word in the parenthesis is the abbreviated word based on JIS C-6361.

Since DCD (CD) is processed in R-J, it need not be processed wiring the cable.

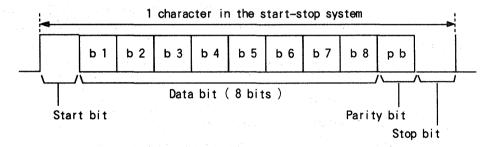
	Under -3V	Over +3V
Function	OFF	ON
Signal Condition	Marking	Spacing

5.5 Transmission System

Start-stop system

The transmission method in the RS-232-C interface has generally the synchronous system and the start-stop system. The start-stop system is adopted in the robot system.

Start-stop system ... Start and stop signals are put before and after a data bit.



Setting communication parameters Default setting of communication parameters is shown in the following table. For the procedure to set, refer to "setting communication port" in FANUC Robot series Setup and Operations Manual.

Communication device	Baud rate	Parity	Stop bit	Ristricted time
sensor	4800	Odd numbers	1 bit	noting

6 ERROR CODES AND SYSTEM VARIABLE

This chapter describes the alarm codes related to the data transfer. For the display of alarm detail information, etc, refer to FANUC Robot series Setup and Operations Manual.

Error Message

COMP ALARM (ID=59)

COMP-000 SYSTEM Unknown error

[Cause] System internal error

[Remedy] Notify FANUC

COMP- 001 STOP Retry count over

[Cause] The number of times that R-J send the data again for the request from the host was over the specified value (3 times).

[Remedy]

COMP- 002 STOP Retry count over

(Hardware)

[Cause] In the series of data received from host, hardware error (parity / overrun / framing error) occured.

[Remedy] Check that the communication setting between R-J and host device is not wrong.

COMP- 003 STOP Retry count over

(Undefind TCC)

[Cause] TCC in data series received from the host was undefined.

[Remedy] Check the data sent from the host.

COMP- 004 STOP Retry count over

(Parity)

[Cause] The software parity (BCC) in data series received from the host was wrong.

[Remedy] Check the data sent from the host.

COMP- 005 STOP Retry count over

(Interval)

[Cause] In the series of data received from the host, the interval of characters sent from the host exceeded the allowable time (3 seconds).

[Remedy] Check that the host side does not stop due to an error, for example.

COMP- 006 STOP DSR off when transmission

[Cause] An attempt was made for data transmission, but DSR signal at the host side is in OFF-state.

[Remedy] Check that the specification and disconnection of cable connection R-J and host.

COMP-007 STOP Invarid data format

[Cause] The format of the received data is wrong.

[Remedy] Check the data sent from the host.

COMP-008 STOP Response time over

[Cause] The answer from R-J is no received within the allowable time.

[Remedy] Check that the host side does not stop due to an error, for example.

System variable

\$COMP_IF[1]

[Changeable/Unchangeable] Changeable

[Default] ENABLE

[Valid range and unit] ENABLE/DISENABLE

[Function] Specifies whether the report to the host device is done or not when the error except that related to the communication occures.

\$COMP_IF[1] = ENABLE : The report is done.

DISENABLE: The report is not done.

[Setting] To this system variable.

7 DIFFERECE FROM R-G2

Taking acount of the compatibility to the system with R-G2, R-J has the specifications of the data transfer function of R-G2 basically.

R-J is the same as R-G2 basically in the transmission system such as the transfer data format, the response time check, the character interval check, error occurrence report and data transfer retries.

However, there are a lot of differences between R-G2 and R-J in the data format treated as system. For example, there is difference in the format and contents of the data following TCC even if the same TCC is used in the transfer data transfered by the data transfer function of R-G2 and R-J.

For the details about the data transfer function of R-G2, refer to FANUC ROBOT series (R-G2 CONTROLLER) OPERATOR'S MANUAL (Supplement for data transfer function).

The data transfer function of R-G2 includes the following functions:

- Error occurrence report
- Warning occurrence report
- Robot status inquiry
- Current position inquiry
- S code register output (S29)
- Data inquiry
- Data setting
- Control command input
- Program number specification start
- Program deletion
- Program transfer(write)
- Program inquiry(Read)
- Program directory inquiry

The data which can be inquired or set in R-G2 and R-J is the following:

R-G2	R-J
Parameter (System)	System variable
" (Welding)	Register
" (Servo)	Position register
Setting (System)	Comment
Offset	
Register	
Self-diagnosis data	
Macro S code	
Welding data (Arc)	

INDEX

SYMBOL	current position data4, 8, 21
	current position inquiry21
\$COMP_IF[1]	current position inquiry request17, 21
\$RMT_MASTER5, 15, 32	current position report17, 21
A	D
ACK17	
ACK/SNO7	data5
ACK1/SNO1	data field16
acknowledge	data formation8
alarm information	data inquiry22
	data inquiry request17, 22
alarm occurrence report	data setting23
ALM4, 6, 20	data setting request17, 23
ATPERCH7	data transfer
AXD4, 8, 21	data transfer function of R-G244
	data transfer retries
В	DCD39
	DSR
BATALM7	DT5
BCC16	DTI5, 12
block check character16	DTR
BUSY7	
	n <u>, </u>
C	E
cable	end data number5
	end of transmission17
cable clamp	ENO5, 22, 23
cable connection	ENQ
cartesian coordinate value	enquiry17
CCM5, 13, 24	EOT17
character interval check18	error message42
CMDENBL7	errors
comment	-data process
communication parameters40	-hardware18
connection34	
connector36, 38	-system program
control command	execution RSR
control command setting24	
control command setting request17, 24	F
conversion expression10	FAULT7
conversion with extended axis expression10	FAULT_RESET13
CSTOPI13	PAULI_RESEI13
CTS39	

	program inquiry acknowledgereport	.17, 20, 30
HELD7	program inquiry(read) request	17, 28
HOLD13	program name	5
	program start	25
	program start conditions	25
	program start control	15
MSTP13	program start control setting	17, 32
NF4, 6, 21	program start request	17, 25
nteger data	program start right	5
	program transfer	27
	program transfer(write) request	17, 27
	program/system variable byte	14
LNG16	program/system variable byte number	14
	program/system variable file name	
M Committee of the comm	PROGRUN	
main cpu pcb34		
metric value for each axis8	R	
	real data	5, 12
N	register	8
	report when an error occurs	
NAK17	reporting the number of registered programs	
negative acknowledge17	residual byte number	
number of programs registered5	response time check	
	RMT	
p	robot status	•
	robot status inquiry	
PAUSED7	robot status inquiry request	
PGNO5	robot status inquity request	
PNAM5, 14	RPNT	
PNSTROBE13	RS-232-C / RS-422	•
PNT		
port34	RTS	
position register9	RXD	39
priority13		
PROD_START13	S	
program byte number5		40
program data transfer	setting communication parameters	
program deletion	shield	
program deletion request17, 26	shield board	
program directory	signals	
program directory inquiry	SNACK	
program directory inquiry request	SNO	
program inquiry	SNO/ENO	12

START	13
start data number	
start/end data number	12
start-stop system	40
SYSMACRO.SV	14, 30
SYSMAST.SV	14, 30
SYSRDY	7
SYSSERVO.SV	14, 30
system variable	8, 43
system variable inquiry	30
system variable inquiry request	17, 30
system variable setting	31
system variable setting request	17, 31
SYSVARS.SV	14, 30
т	
TCC	• •
TPENBL	
transfer control character	
transfer data format	
transfer data format list	
transfer data type	
TXD	39
TYPE	4, 8
X	
XYZAES expression	10
XYZAES with extended axis expression	
XYZWPR expression	10
XYZWPR with extended axis expression	10

Revision Record FANUC Robot series (R-J CONTROLLER) Data Transfer Function OPERATOR'S MANUAL (B-80434E)

		ı			
01	Sep., '93				
Revision	Date	Contents	Revision	Date	Contents