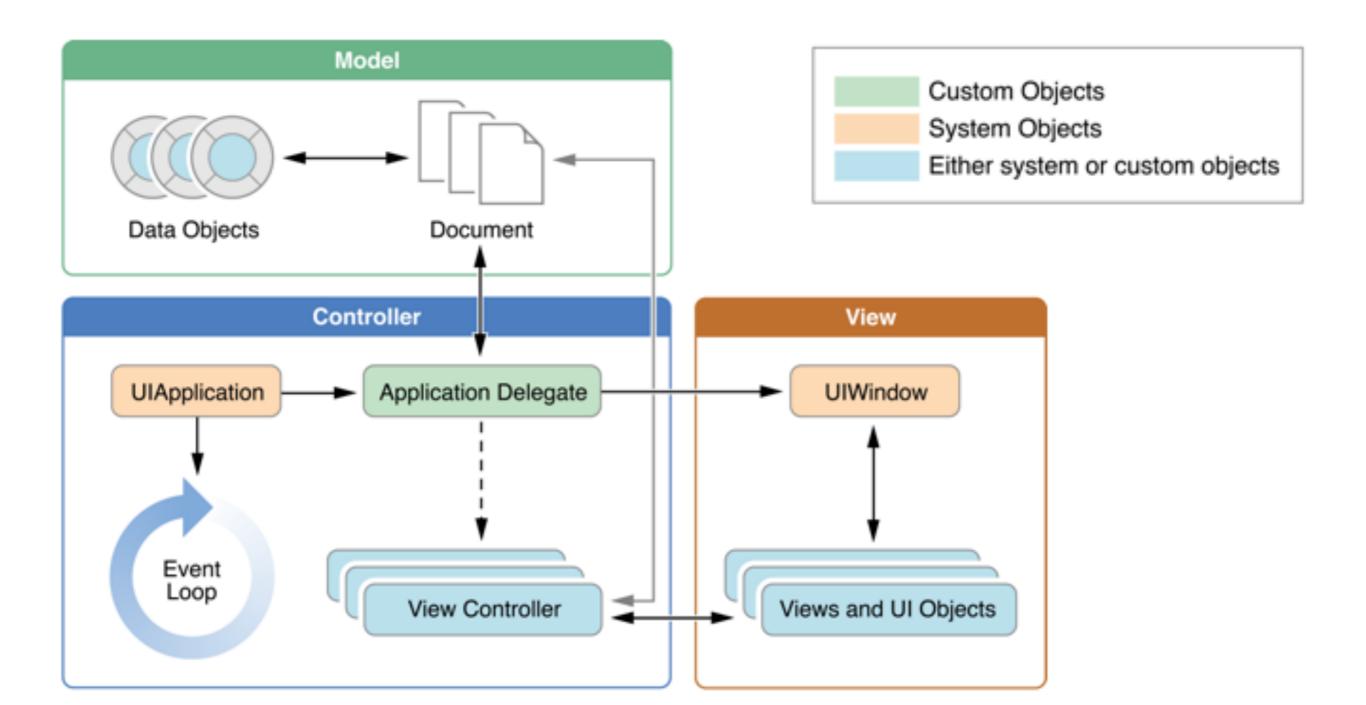


The App Life Cycle

The Structure of an App

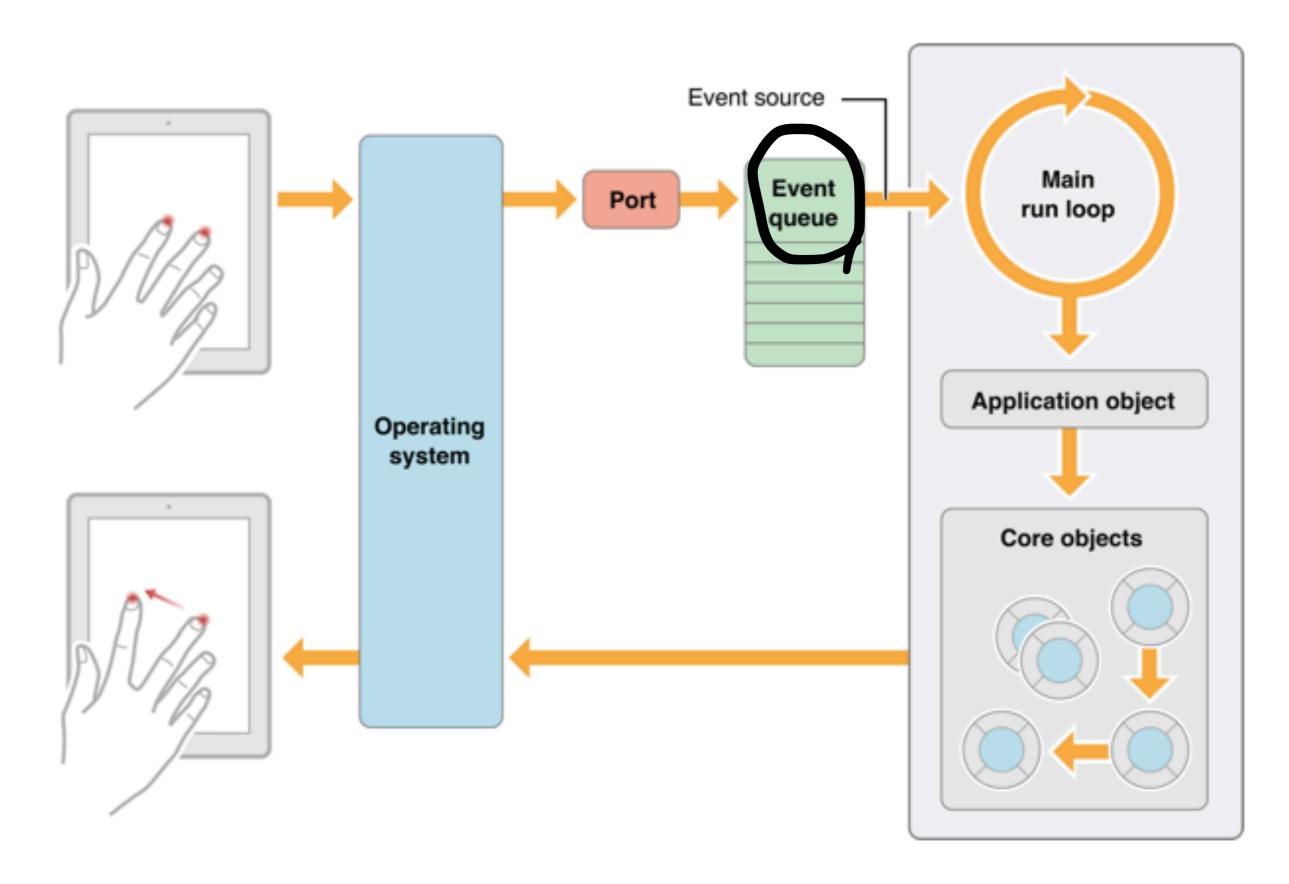


During startup, the UIApplicationMain function sets up several key objects and starts the app running. At the heart of every iOS app is the UIApplication object



The Main Run Loop





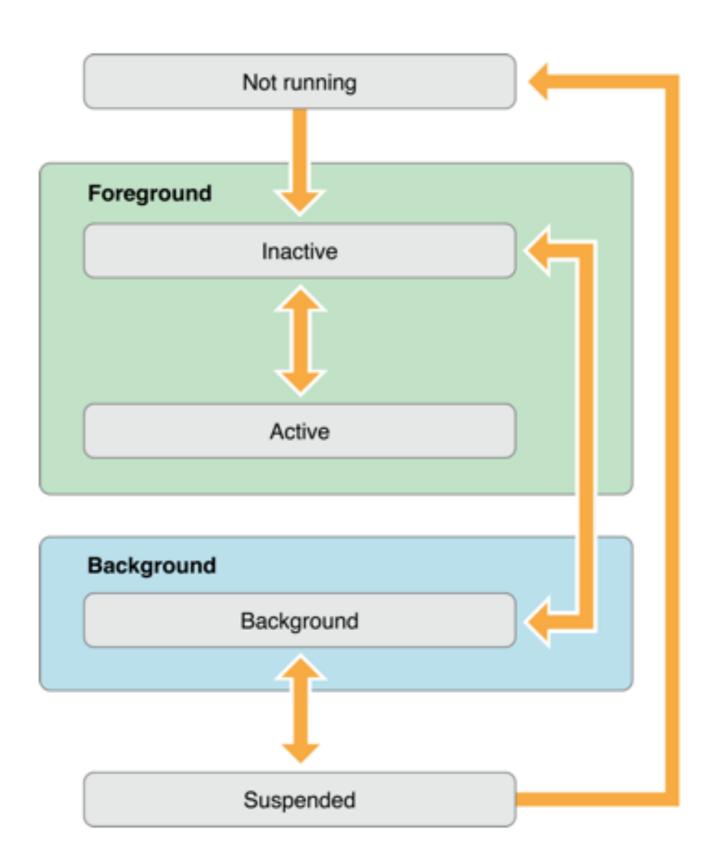
Common types of events



Event type	Delivered to	Notes
Touch	The view object in which the event occurred	Views are responder objects. Any touch events not handled by the view are forwarded down the responder chain for processing.
Remote control Shake motion events	First responder object	Remote control events are for controlling media playback and are generated by headphones and other accessories.
Accelerometer Magnetometer Gyroscope	The object you designate	Events related to the accelerometer, magnetometer, and gyroscope hardware are delivered to the object you designate.
Location	The object you designate	You register to receive location events using the Core Location framework. For more information about using Core Location, see Location and Maps Programming Guide.
Redraw	The view that needs the update	Redraw events do not involve an event object but are simply calls to the view to draw itself. The drawing architecture for iOS is described in <i>Drawing and Printing Guide for iOS</i> .

State changes in an iOS app





State changes in an iOS app



- · Not Running : 실행되지 않았거나, 시스템에 의해 종료된 상태
- · Inactive : 실행 중이지만 이벤트를 받고있지 않은 상태. 예를들어, 앱 실행 중 미리알림 또는 일정 얼럿이 화면에 덮여서 앱이 실질적으로 이벤트를 받 지 못하는 상태 등을 뜻합니다. 역의 작가 화면에서 내려가 있거나 덮여있는 상태

-컨트롤 센터 내렸을때: 잠시 덮여있음 -다른 앱에 의해서 앱이 잠시 멈춰질때

· Active : 어플리케이션이 실질적으로 활동하고 있는 상태.

Active

- Background : 백그라운드 상태에서 실질적인 동작을 하고 있는 상태. 예를 들어 백그라운드에서 음악을 실행 하거나, 걸어온 길을 트래킹 하는 등의 동 작을 뜻합니다.

 작을 뜻합니다.
- · Suspended : 백그라운드 상태에서 활동을 멈춘 상태. 빠른 재실행을 위하 여 메모리에 적재된 상태이지만 실질적으로 동작하고 있지는 않습니다. 메모 리가 부족할 때 비로소 시스템이 강제종료하게 됩니다.

백그라운드여도 활동을 하는 경우가 있음(음악재생 등, 위치정보 수신 등)그러나 서스펜드는 완전히 멈춘 것

Execution States for Apps



앱델리게이트에서 제공하는 기능

- application:willFinishLaunchingWithOptions:
 - 어플리케이션이 최초 실행될 때 호출되는 메소드
- application:didFinishLaunchingWithOptions:
 - 어플리케이션이 실행된 직후 사용자의 화면에 보여지기 직전에 호출.
- applicationDidBecomeActive:
 - 어플리케이션이 Active 상태로 전환된 직후 호출.
- applicationWillResignActive:
 - 어플리케이션이 Inactive 상태로 전환되기 직전 호출
- applicationDidEnterBackground:
 - 어플리케이션이 백그라운드 상태로 전환된 직후 호출.
- applicationWillEnterForeground:
 - 어플리케이션이 Active 상태가 되기 직전에, 화면에 보여지기 직전의 시점에 호출.
- applicationWillTerminate:
 - 어플리케이션이 종료되기 직전에 호출.

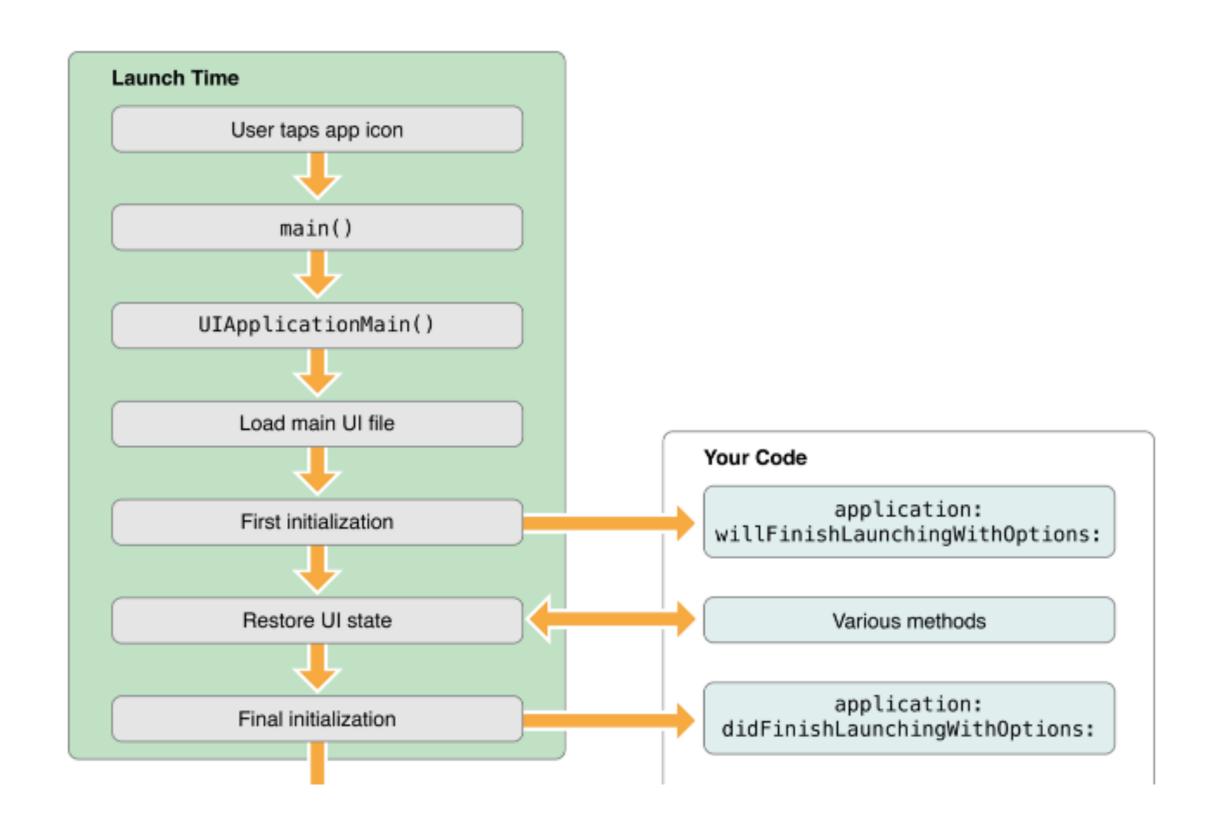
Execution States for Apps



상태가 변경될 때마다 호출되는 메서드 직접 확인해보기

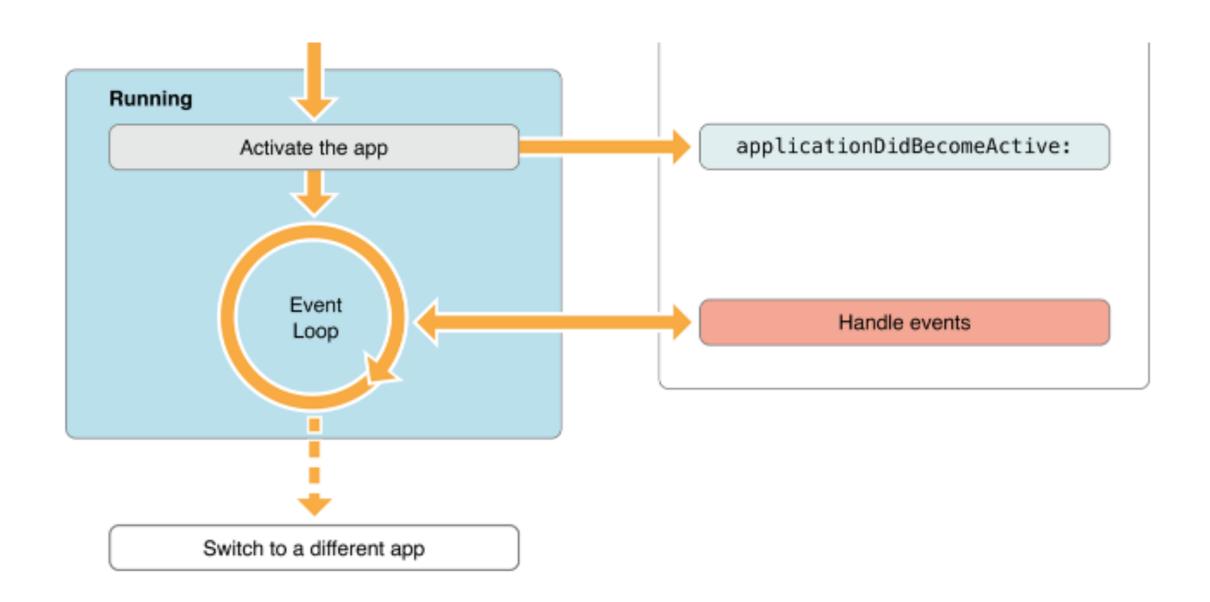
Launch Time





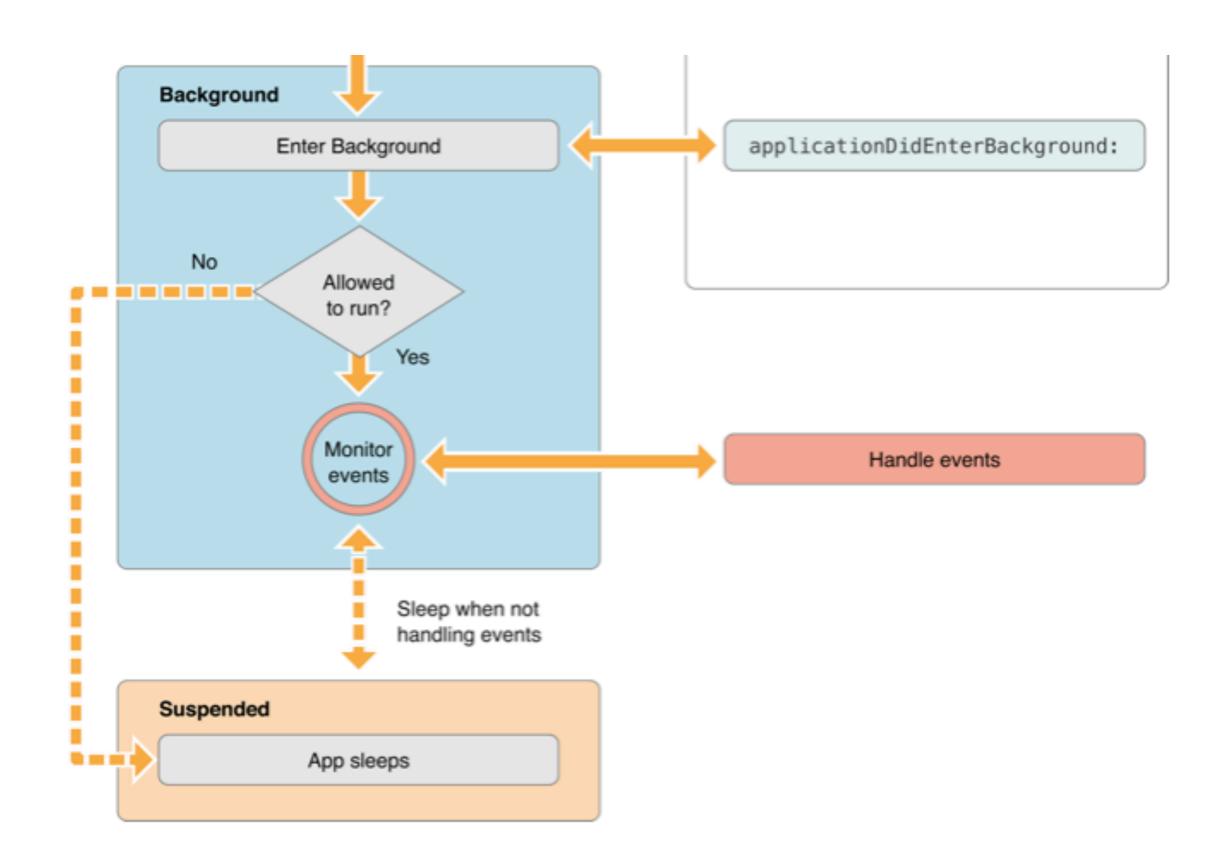
Into the foreground





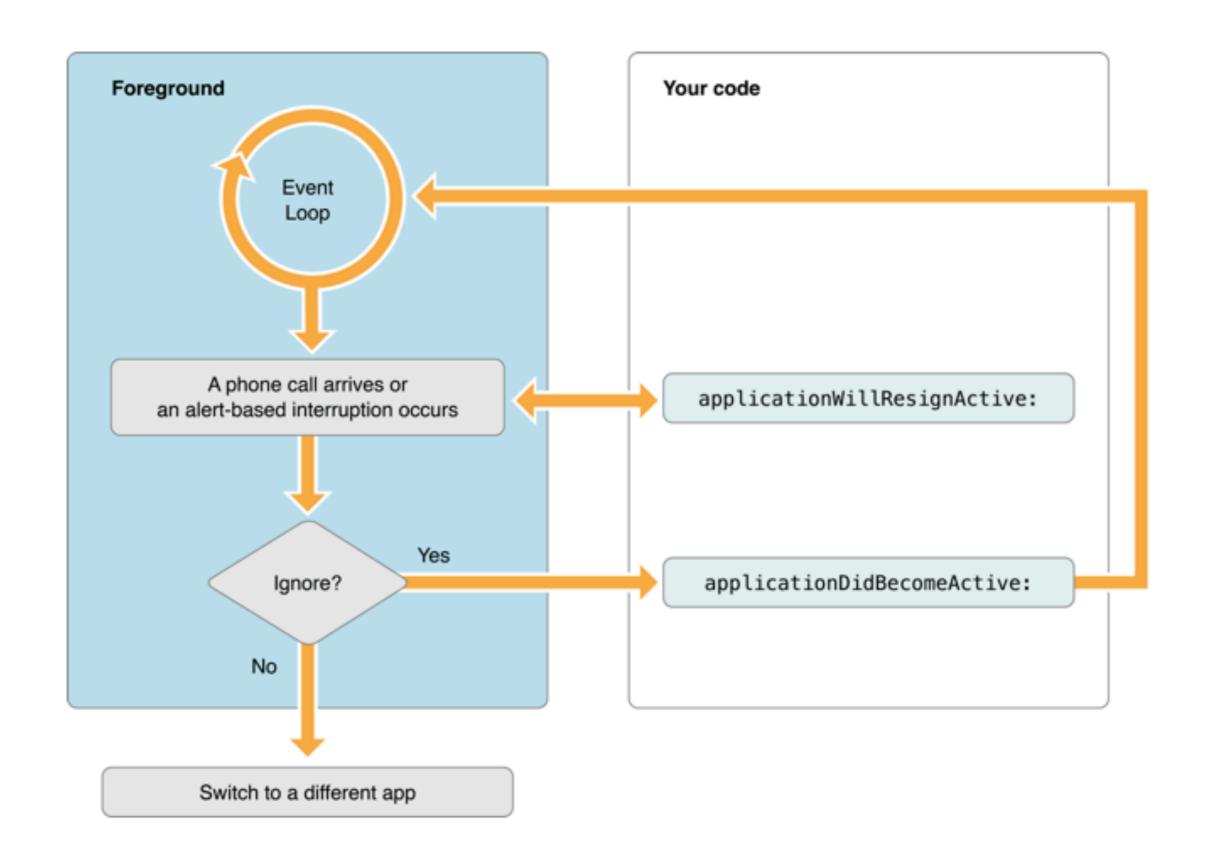
Into the background





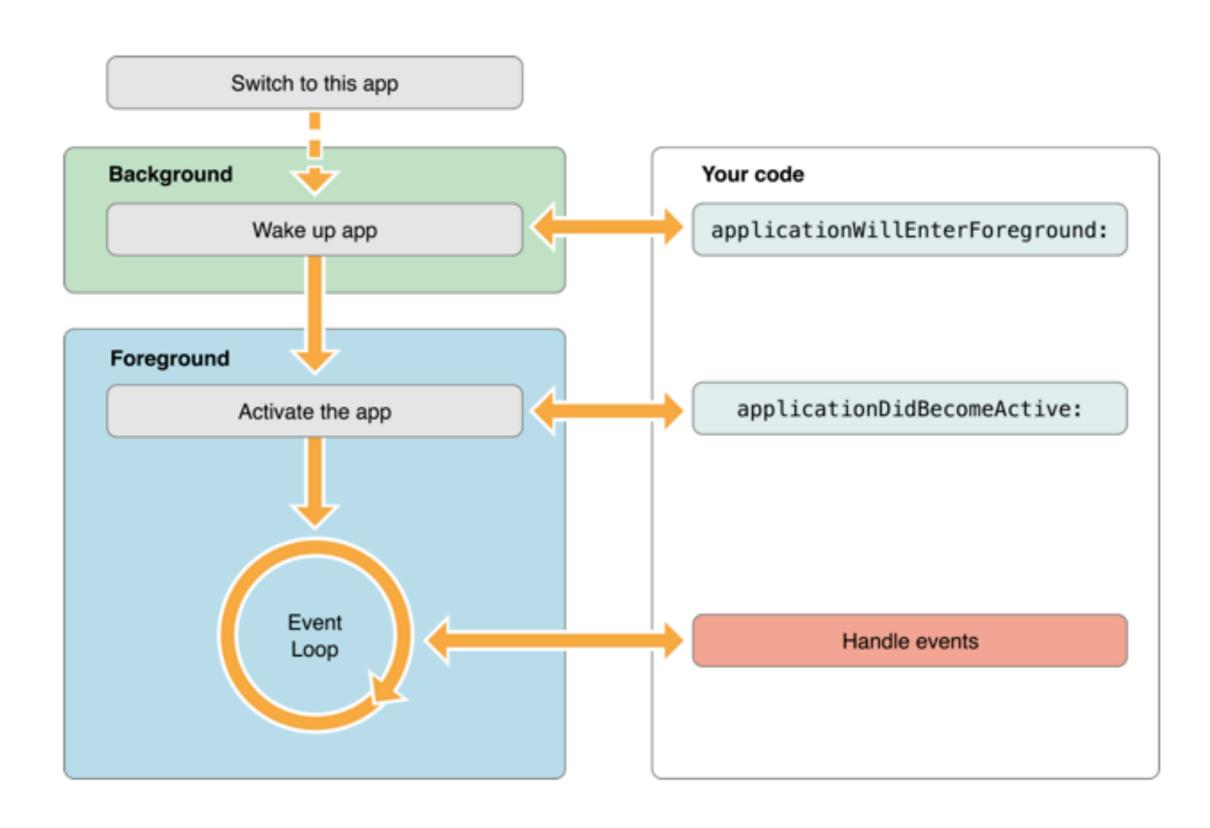
Handling alert-based interruptions





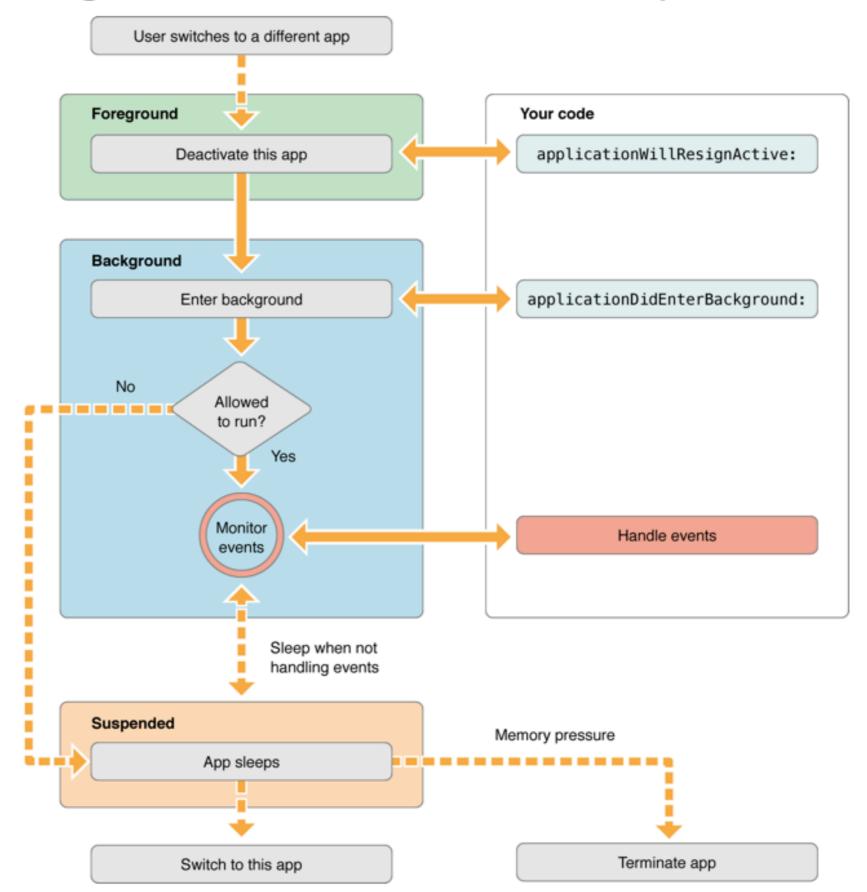
background to the foreground





The Background Transition Cycle





Background Modes for apps



Xcode background mode	UIBackgroundModes value	Description
Audio and AirPlay	audio	The app plays audible content to the user or records audio while in the background. (This content includes streaming audio or video content using AirPlay.) The user must grant permission for apps to use the microphone prior to the first use; for more information, see Supporting User Privacy.
Location updates	location	The app keeps users informed of their location, even while it is running in the background.
Voice over IP	voip	The app provides the ability for the user to make phone calls using an Internet connection.
Newsstand downloads	newsstand-content	The app is a Newsstand app that downloads and processes magazine or newspaper content in the background.
External accessory communication	external- accessory	The app works with a hardware accessory that needs to deliver updates on a regular schedule through the External Accessory framework.
Uses Bluetooth LE accessories	bluetooth-central	The app works with a Bluetooth accessory that needs to deliver updates on a regular schedule through the Core Bluetooth framework.
Acts as a Bluetooth LE accessory	bluetooth- peripheral	The app supports Bluetooth communication in peripheral mode through the Core Bluetooth framework. Using this mode requires user authorization; for more information, see Supporting User Privacy.
Background fetch	fetch	The app regularly downloads and processes small amounts of content from the network.
Remote notifications	remote- notification	The app wants to start downloading content when a push notification arrives. Use this notification to minimize the delay in showing content related to the push notification.

Question



- 생성한 프로젝트의 AppDelegate 파일에서 코드를 작성해보세요.
- 코드는 어떤 순서로 호출되어 동작하고 있을까요?
- 실행되지 않는 코드가 있다면 왜 그럴까요?

Not allowed at the top level



```
print("Hello, Swift!")

@UIApplicationMain —메인 함수를 대체함
class AppDelegate: UIResponder, UIApplicationDelegate {
  var window: UIWindow?
}

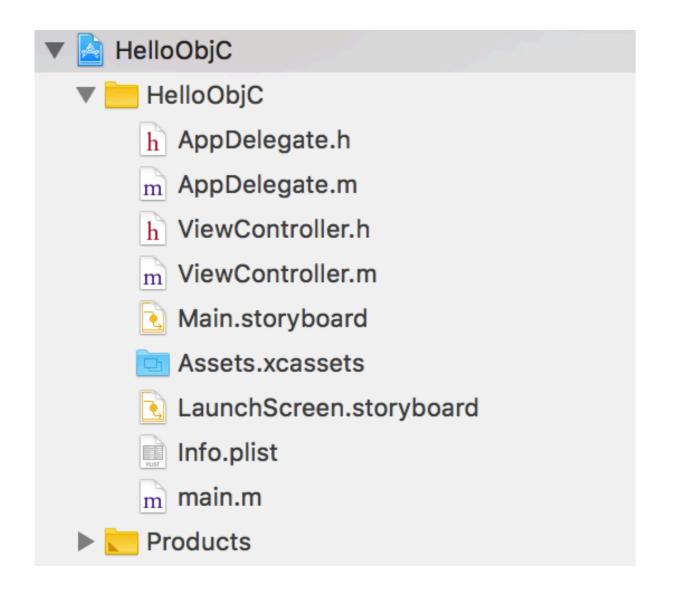
print("Hello, Swift!")

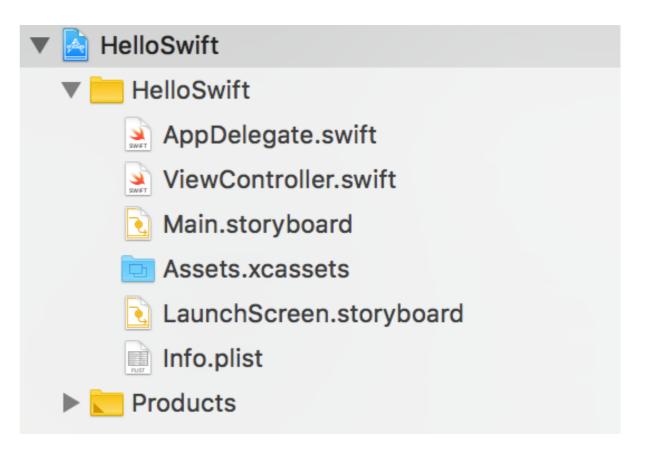
print("Hello, Swift!")
```

앱 실행시 main()이 실행되고 다음 단계로 넘어가는데 이는 앱델리게이트 맨 위에 있음. 여기서 main함수는 기본적으로 생략되어 있지만 별도로 swift파일을 만들어서 사용할 수도 있음. 아무튼 메인 함수가 실행 될 때 어떤 코드들을 불러올지 결정을 하는 단계가 오는데 호출을 결정하는 과정에서 엉뚱한 코딩은 오류를 발생 시킴. 매인 함수 안에다 구현하면 어떤 코딩일해도 오류를 발생시키지 않음.

Project files







The Main Function (Obj-C)

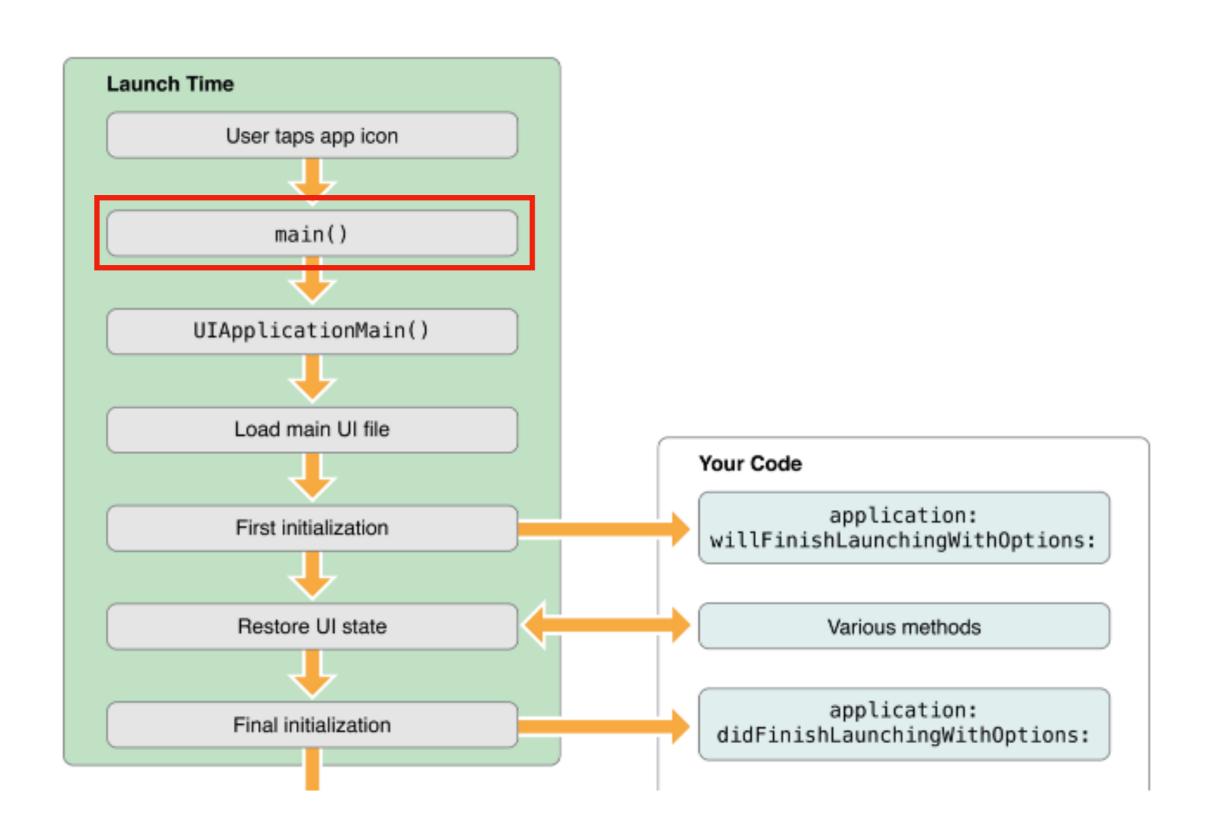


```
#import <UIKit/UIKit.h>
#import "AppDelegate.h"

int main(int argc, char * argv[])
{
    @autoreleasepool {
       return UIApplicationMain(argc, argv, nil, NSStringFromClass([AppDelegate class]));
    }
}
```

Launch Time





The Main Function (Swift)



```
import UIKit
@UIApplicationMain
class AppDelegate: UIResponder, UIApplicationDelegate {
  var window: UIWindow?

  // Code...
}
```

main.swift



모든 코딩의 시작점이 메인 함수. 앱 실행 조건 설정.

The "main.swift" file can contain top-level code, and the order-dependent rules apply