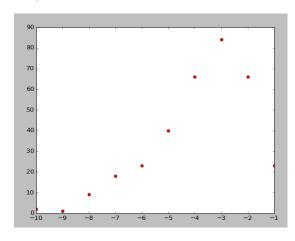
## CISC889HW1: Shiyi Chen

Part B:

Temperature = 1 (only a few configuration are accepted)

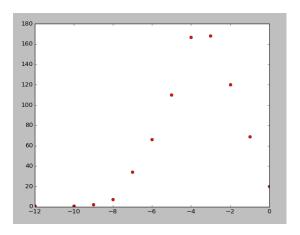
Energy	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9	-10
Configuration	23	66	84	55	40	23	18	18	9	2
Count										

## Graph:



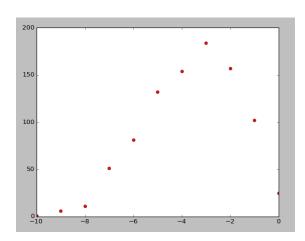
## Temperature = 2 (more configurations are accepted)

Energy	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9	-10	-12
Configuration	20	69	120	168	167	110	66	3	7	2	1	1
Count												



Temperature = 4 (even more configurations are accepted)

Energy	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9	-10
Configuration	25	102	157	184	154	132	81	51	11	6	1
Count											



I have a possible explanation for this kind of distribution. When trying to make random change to a configuration, I only flip three digits (there are 170 digits in total). This means that the baby step is really really small, hence we end up with distribution like this.

## Part C:

Population size = 500

Iteration = 100

Initial population lowest energy: -16

Final lowest energy = -29

Optimal configuration:

AND

AND

AND ...

Execution time: 32 seconds