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## Code Style Documentation

#### Class Comments

```
class SampleClass:
   """Summary of class here.
   Longer class information....
   Longer class information....
   Attributes:
        likes_spam: A boolean indicating if we like SPAM or not.
       eggs: An integer count of the eggs we have laid.
   def init (self, likes spam=False):
        """Inits SampleClass with blah."""
        self.likes_spam = likes_spam
        self.eggs = 0
   def public method(self):
        """Performs operation blah."""
```

## **Function/Method Comments**

```
def fetch_smalltable_rows(table_handle: smalltable.Table,
                          keys: Sequence[Union[bytes, str]],
                          require_all_keys: bool = False,
) -> Mapping[bytes, Tuple[str]]:
   """Fetches rows from a Smalltable.
   Retrieves rows pertaining to the given keys from the Table instance
    represented by table_handle. String keys will be UTF-8 encoded.
   Args:
        table_handle: An open smalltable.Table instance.
        keys: A sequence of strings representing the key of each table
          row to fetch. String keys will be UTF-8 encoded.
        require_all_keys: Optional; If require_all_keys is True only
          rows with values set for all keys will be returned.
   Returns:
       A dict mapping keys to the corresponding table row data
        fetched. Each row is represented as a tuple of strings. For
       example:
        {b'Serak': ('Rigel VII', 'Preparer'),
         b'Zim': ('Irk', 'Invader'),
```

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```
b'Lrrr': ('Omicron Persei 8', 'Emperor')}

Returned keys are always bytes. If a key from the keys argument is missing from the dictionary, then that row was not found in the table (and require_all_keys must have been False).

Raises:

IOError: An error occurred accessing the smalltable.
```

# Use False evaluation in the place of 0, None, [], {}, ''

```
users = []
if not users:
   // do something when there are users
```

### Use @property decorator when possible

#### • Example

```
import math
    class Square:
        """A square with two properties: a writable area and a read-only
perimeter.
        To use:
        >>> sq = Square(3)
        >>> sq.area
        9
        >>> sq.perimeter
        >>> sq.area = 16
        >>> sq.side
        >>> sq.perimeter
        16
        0.000
        def __init__(self, side):
            self.side = side
        @property
        def area(self):
            """Area of the square."""
            return self._get_area()
        @area.setter
```

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```
def area(self, area):
    return self._set_area(area)

def _get_area(self):
    """Indirect accessor to calculate the 'area' property."""
    return self.side ** 2

def _set_area(self, area):
    """Indirect setter to set the 'area' property."""
    self.side = math.sqrt(area)

@property
def perimeter(self):
    return self.side * 4
```

## References

• Google Python Style Guide