Write the answers to these problems on paper. Scan the paper and upload to the submissions folder. We will grade a random subset of these for credit.

1. The Playground class (algs13) represents a linked-list of doubles, illustrated below.



An instance could be created as: Playground hw4 = new Playground(); Assume that the instance is somehow populated with data (as in the above figure).

Write an instance method of the Playground class that would compute the difference between the maximum and minimum values of a Playground instance. (the answer for the above figure would be 18-5 = 13)

a) Show how to call your function; use hw4 as the invoking instance.

b) Write the function here.

Reference Example &

The pseudocode below would reverse the contents of the stack s1. (assume the stack & queue store ints).

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Assume stack s1 and queue q1 have been populated with data. Write <u>client</u> pseudocode (using any combination of extra stacks & queues) to solve the following:

1. Reverse the queue q1 Stark SZ = new Stark (): white (! gol. is Empty ()) } "move queue contents to 52; int item = 9,1. dequeue (); Sz. push (item); while (! \$2. is Empty ()) {
 int item = \$2. pop (); Il move stack contents to gol; gol. enque (item); 2. Remove all even numbers from the stack s1 Stark 53 = new Stark (); white (! SI. is Empty ()) } int item = SI. pop (); if (item & 2 !=0) { sz. push (item); } while (! S3. 75 Empty) }
s1. push (S3. pop()); 3. Nondestructively make a copy of q1. Name the copy q2. (Nondestructively means that q1 is the same before and after the copy is made). Quene 922 = men Quene (); Quene 9,3 = new Quene (); while (! gol. is Empty ()) } Int item = gol. dequeue (); goz. enqueue (item); 903. enqueue (item); while (! 903. is Empty ()) } int item 2 = 93. dequeue (); gol. enqueue (tem item 2);