

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 5_COD_Question 1

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

John is learning about Binary Search Trees (BST) in his computer science class. He wants to create a program that allows users to delete a node with a given value from a BST and print the remaining nodes using an in-order traversal.

Implement a function to help him delete a node with a given value from a BST.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of nodes in the BST.

The second line consists of N space-separated integers, representing the values of the BST nodes.

The third line consists of an integer V, which is the value to delete from the BST.

Output Format

The output prints the space-separated values in the BST in an in-order traversal, after the deletion of the specified value.

If the specified value is not available in the tree, print the given input values in-order traversal.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5
10 5 15 2 7
15

Output: 2 5 7 10

Answer

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
struct TreeNode {
    int data;
    struct TreeNode* left;
    struct TreeNode* right;
};
```

```
struct TreeNode* createNode(int key) {
    struct TreeNode* newNode = (struct TreeNode*)malloc(sizeof(struct
TreeNode));
    newNode->data = key;
    newNode->left = newNode->right = NULL;
    return newNode;
}
```

```
struct TreeNode* insert(struct TreeNode* root, int key) {
    if (root == NULL) {
```

```

        return createNode(key);
    }
    if (key < root->data) {
        root->left = insert(root->left, key);
    } else if (key > root->data) {
        root->right = insert(root->right, key);
    }
    return root;
}

```

```

void inorderTraversal(struct TreeNode* root) {
    if (root == NULL) return;
    inorderTraversal(root->left);
    printf("%d ", root->data);
    inorderTraversal(root->right);
}

```

```

struct TreeNode* findMin(struct TreeNode* root) {
    while (root->left != NULL) {
        root = root->left;
    }
    return root;
}

```

```

struct TreeNode* deleteNode(struct TreeNode* root, int key) {
    if (root == NULL) return root;
    if (key < root->data) {
        root->left = deleteNode(root->left, key);
    } else if (key > root->data) {
        root->right = deleteNode(root->right, key);
    } else {
        if (root->left == NULL && root->right == NULL) {
            free(root);
            return NULL;
        }
        else if (root->left == NULL) {
            struct TreeNode* temp = root->right;
            free(root);
            return temp;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    } else if (root->right == NULL) {
        struct TreeNode* temp = root->left;
        free(root);
        return temp;
    }

    struct TreeNode* temp = findMin(root->right);
    root->data = temp->data;
    root->right = deleteNode(root->right, temp->data);
}
return root;
}

```

```

int main()
{
    int N, rootValue, V;
    scanf("%d", &N);
    struct TreeNode* root = NULL;
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
        int key;
        scanf("%d", &key);
        if (i == 0) rootValue = key;
        root = insert(root, key);
    }
    scanf("%d", &V);
    root = deleteNode(root, V);
    inorderTraversal(root);
    return 0;
}

```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10