

API INTEGRATION AND DATA MIGRATION

Introduction

This report outlines the steps taken to integrate APIs into the Furniture Marketplace using Next.js and migrate data into Sanity CMS as part of **Day 3** of the hackathon. The main objectives were to:

- Integrate external data using APIs.
 - Adjust the existing schema to align with the incoming data.
 - Migrate data into Sanity CMS.
 - Implement error handling and ensure seamless data flow.
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Step 1: Understand the Provided API

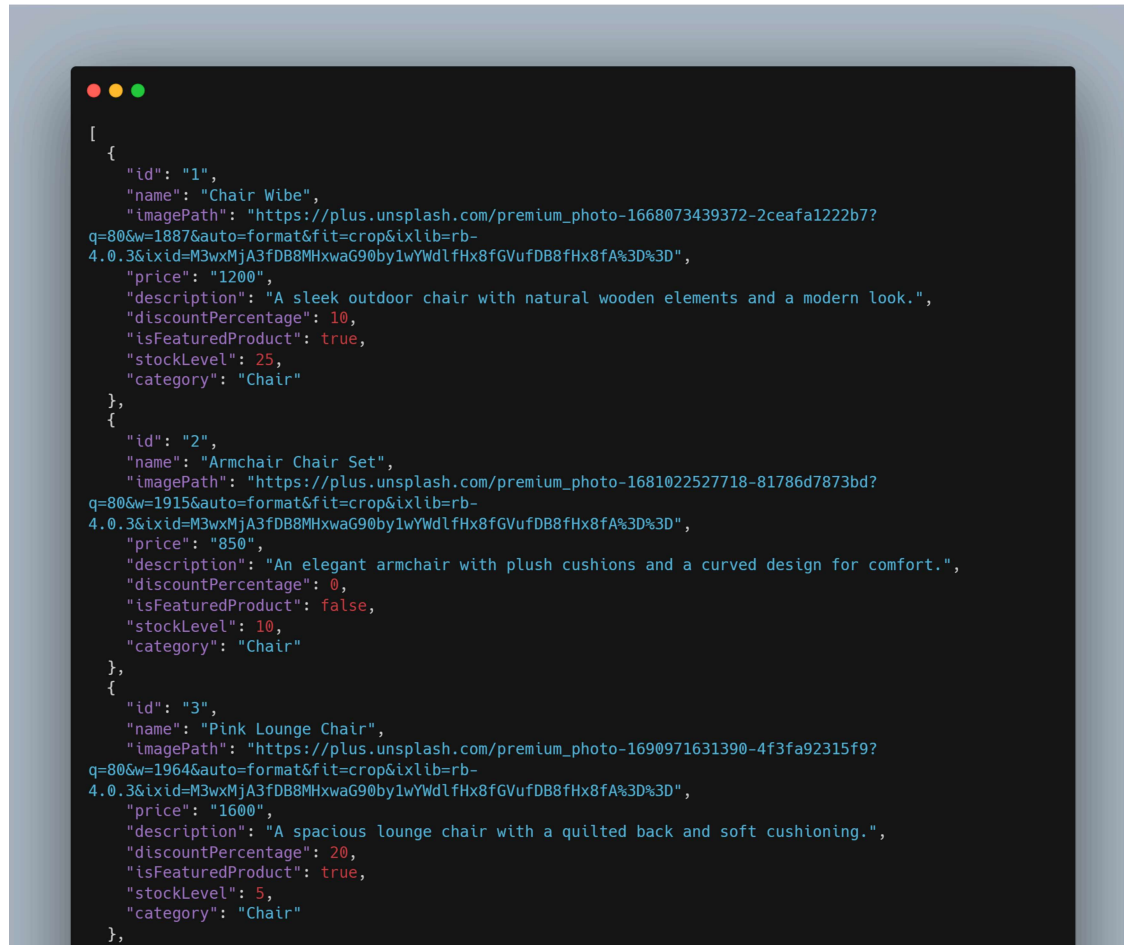
- **Objective:** The provided API, available at <https://template-0-beta.vercel.app/api/product>, returns a collection of products in JSON format. This includes details like product `id`, `name`, `description`, `price`, `stockLevel`, `category`, and `imagePath`. It is crucial to understand the structure of the data being returned, as we need to map it into a new schema for migration into Sanity CMS.
- **Process:** To begin, we reviewed the API documentation to familiarize ourselves with the available endpoints. The key endpoint identified for this project is:

Product Listings: `/products`

This endpoint provides essential product data, including:

- Names(Titles)
- Descriptions
- Prices
- Images
- Is Featured Product
- Category
- Stock Level
- Discount percentage

The JSON Format of API



Step 2: Make Changes to the Sanity Schema

- **Objective:** The provided schema needed to be modified to store the incoming product data into Sanity CMS. The Sanity schema defines how your data should be structured inside Sanity.
- **Process:**
 - A schema called `product`, focusing on the validations was created in Sanity with the following fields:
 - `id`: String (required, with length constraints).
 - `name`: String (required, with length constraints).
 - `image`: Image (required).
 - `imagePath`: URL (required, for the image URL).
 - `price`: Number (required, must be a non-negative value).
 - `description`: Text (up to 1000 characters).
 - `discountPercentage`: Number (range from 0 to 100).
 - `isFeaturedProduct`: Boolean (to mark featured products).
 - `stockLevel`: Number (required, must be a non-negative value).
 - `category`: String (required, with length constraints).
- **Outcome:** The Sanity schema was tailored to store product information efficiently and in a structured manner.

```

import { defineType } from 'sanity';

export default defineType({
  name: 'product',
  title: 'Product',
  type: 'document',
  fields: [
    {
      name: 'id',
      title: 'ID',
      type: 'string',
      validation: (Rule) =>
        Rule.required()
          .min(1)
          .max(50)
          .error('ID is required and must be between 1 and 50 characters.'),
    },
    {
      name: 'name',
      title: 'Name',
      type: 'string',
      validation: (Rule) =>
        Rule.required()
          .min(1)
          .max(100)
          .error('Name is required and must be between 1 and 100 characters.'),
    },
    {
      name: 'image',
      title: 'Image',
      type: 'image',
      validation: (Rule) =>
        Rule.required().error('An image is required.'),
    },
    {
      name: 'imagePath',
      title: 'Image Path',
      type: 'url',
      validation: (Rule) =>
        Rule.uri({ allowRelative: false }).error('Image Path must be a valid URL.'),
    },
    {
      name: 'price',
      title: 'Price',
      type: 'number',
      validation: (Rule) =>
        Rule.required().min(0).error('Price is required and must be a non-negative number.'),
    },
    {
      name: 'description',
      title: 'Description',
      type: 'text',
      validation: (Rule) =>
        Rule.max(1000).error('Description cannot exceed 1000 characters.'),
    },
    {
      name: 'discountPercentage',
      title: 'Discount Percentage',
      type: 'number',
      validation: (Rule) =>
        Rule.min(0).max(100).error('Discount Percentage must be between 0 and 100.'),
    },
    {
      name: 'isFeaturedProduct',
      title: 'Is Featured Product',
      type: 'boolean',
    },
    {
      name: 'stockLevel',
      title: 'Stock Level',
      type: 'number',
      validation: (Rule) =>
        Rule.required().min(0).error('Stock Level is required and must be a non-negative number.'),
    },
  ],
});

```

Step 3: Handle Data Migration

- **Objective:** To move the product data from the provided API into the Sanity CMS, a data migration strategy was needed. This was handled using a custom script (`data-migration.mjs`).
- **Process:**
 - The migration script performed the following tasks:
 1. **Fetching Product Data:** Using `axios`, the script fetched the product data from the API.
 2. **Uploading Images:** For each product, it checked if an image was provided (via the `imagePath` field) and uploaded it to Sanity using the `client.assets.upload` method. This created a reference to the image asset.
 3. **Creating Sanity Products:** After obtaining all necessary product details, the script used the Sanity client to create new documents in the Sanity database with the fetched data.
- **Outcome:** The data migration was successfully completed, and all the products were migrated into the Sanity CMS.

```

import { createClient } from '@sanity/client';
import axios from 'axios';
import dotenv from 'dotenv';
import { fileURLToPath } from 'url';
import path from 'path';

// Load environment variables from .env.local
const __filename = fileURLToPath(import.meta.url);
const __dirname = path.dirname(__filename);
dotenv.config({ path: path.resolve(__dirname, '../.env.local') });

// Create Sanity client
const client = createClient({
  projectId: process.env.NEXT_PUBLIC_SANITY_PROJECT_ID,
  dataset: process.env.NEXT_PUBLIC_SANITY_DATASET,
  useCdn: false,
  token: process.env.SANITY_API_TOKEN,
  apiVersion: '2021-08-31',
});

async function uploadImageToSanity(imageUrl) {
  try {
    console.log(`Uploading image: ${imageUrl}`);
    const response = await axios.get(imageUrl, { responseType: 'arraybuffer' });
    const buffer = Buffer.from(response.data);
    const asset = await client.assets.upload('image', buffer, {
      filename: imageUrl.split('/').pop(),
    });
    console.log(`Image uploaded successfully: ${asset._id}`);
    return asset._id;
  } catch (error) {
    console.error('Failed to upload image:', imageUrl, error.message);
    return null;
  }
}

async function importData() {
  try {
    console.log('Migrating data, please wait...');

    // Fetch products from the API
    const response = await axios.get('https://template-0-beta01.herokuapp.com/api/products');
    const products = response.data;

    console.log('Products fetched:', products);

    for (const product of products) {
      let imageRef = null;

      if (product.imagePath) {
        imageRef = await uploadImageToSanity(product.imagePath);
      }

      const sanityProduct = {
        _type: 'product',
        id: product.id,
        name: product.name,

```

Step 4:

Objective: To set up a seamless integration between the backend API and the frontend Next.js application, ensuring accurate data migration to Sanity CMS and successful display of product data on a responsive UI.

Backend Setup:

1. API Integration:

- I integrated a product data API available at:
<https://template-0-beta.vercel.app/api/product>.
- A **product** document schema was created in **Sanity CMS** with the following fields:
 - **ID:** Unique identifier for the product.
 - **Name:** Product name.
 - **Image:** Product image URL.
 - **Price:** Price of the product.
 - **Description:** Description of the product.
 - **Discount Percentage:** Any discount applied to the product.
 - **Stock Level:** Indicates product availability.
 - **Category:** Specifies the product type or category.

2. Data Migration:

- A migration script ([data-migration.mjs](#)) was developed to:
 - Fetch product data from the API.
 - Upload product images to **Sanity CMS**.
 - Save the fetched product data into the Sanity dataset using the [create](#) method.

3. Outcome:

- The backend was set up successfully, and all product data was migrated to **Sanity CMS** as intended.

Frontend Setup:

1. Framework:

I used **Next.js**, a React-based framework, for the frontend development.

2. API Data Fetching:

The `axios` library was used to make an HTTP GET request to fetch product data from the API.

Example code:

```
import axios from 'axios';

const fetchProducts = async () => {
  try {
    const response = await
axios.get('https://template-0-beta.vercel.app/api/product');
    console.log(response.data);
    return response.data;
  } catch (error) {
    console.error('Error fetching product data:', error);
  }
};
```

3. Display Data on UI:

Fetches data was displayed on the frontend using a React component. Example:

```
import { useEffect, useState } from 'react';
import axios from 'axios';

const ProductList = () => {
  const [products, setProducts] = useState([]);

  useEffect(() => {
    const fetchProducts = async () => {
      try {
        const response = await
axios.get('https://template-0-beta.vercel.app/api/product');
        setProducts(response.data);
      } catch (error) {
        console.error('Error fetching products:', error);
      }
    };

    fetchProducts();
  }, []);
```



```

    return (
      <div className="grid grid-cols-1 sm:grid-cols-2 lg:grid-cols-3
gap-4">
        {products.map((product) => (
          <div key={product.id} className="border p-4 rounded-lg
shadow-md">
            <img src={product.image} alt={product.name}
className="w-full h-48 object-cover" />
            <h3 className="text-lg
font-semibold">{product.name}</h3>
            <p>{product.description}</p>
            <p className="text-green-500
font-bold">${product.price}</p>
          </div>
        ))}
      </div>
    );
  };
};

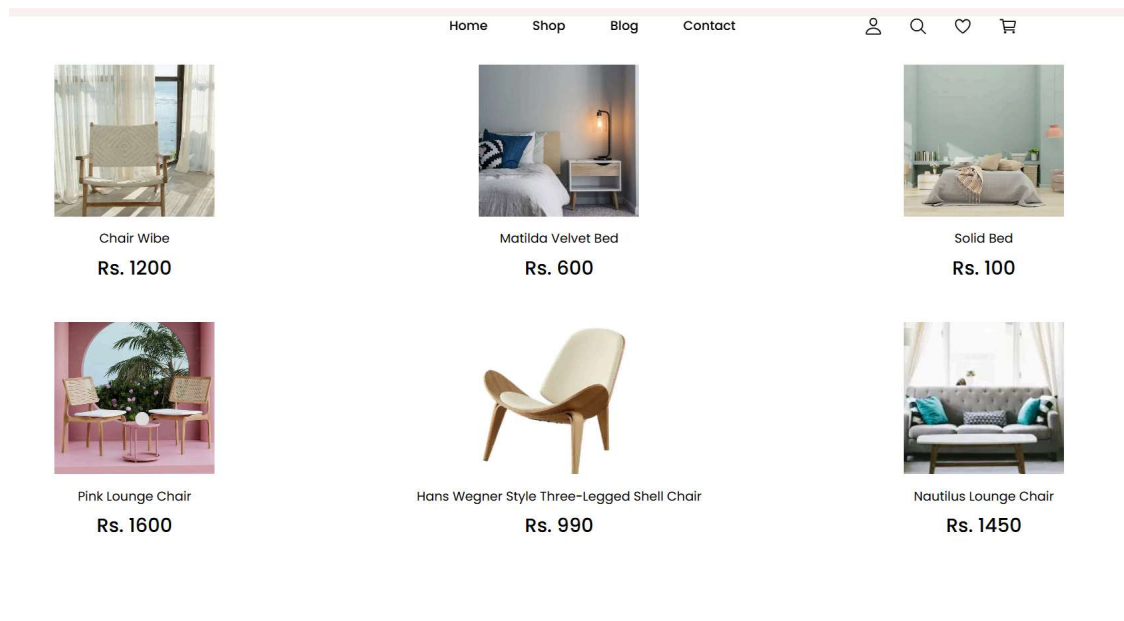
export default ProductList;

```

4. Outcome:

- The product data fetched from the API was successfully displayed in a **responsive grid layout**. The layout ensured a 3-column display on large screens and adjusted for small/medium screens.









Data Successfully Displayed on the UI:



Key Observations:

- Backend and frontend setups were both robust and well-coordinated.
- The use of **Sanity CMS** for backend data storage and **Next.js** for frontend ensured a smooth integration.
- Responsive UI with proper grid layout improved the overall presentation.

Self Validation Checklist:

Checklist	Status
API Understanding	 
Schema Validation	 
Data Migration	 
API Integration in Next J.S	 
Submission Preparation	