DATABASE SYSTEMS

PROJECT REPORT

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PINK EYE FLU DATABASE

PROJECT SCOPE

The Pink Eye Infection Database aims to provide a comprehensive system to record and manage data related to pink eye (conjunctivitis) cases. This system will cater to medical researchers, healthcare professionals, public health authorities, and patients by offering detailed information about patient demographics, clinical characteristics, etiology, diagnosis, treatment, and epidemiology of pink eye infections.

GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

- Comprehensive Data Collection: Gather detailed and accurate data on pink eye infections to support research, clinical practice, and public health initiatives.
- Enhanced Clinical Decision-Making: Provide healthcare professionals with standardized guidelines and evidence-based practices to diagnose and treat pink eye infections effectively.
- **Public Health Monitoring:** Enable health authorities to monitor outbreaks, implement preventive measures, and educate the public about pink eye prevention and treatment.
- Patient Empowerment: Offer reliable information to patients, allowing them to understand their condition better and make informed decisions about their eye health.

BASIC FEATURES

1. Patient Information Management:

- Store patient demographics including age, gender, and geographic location.
- Record clinical characteristics such as symptoms, duration, and severity of pink eye infections.

2. Etiology Tracking:

• Identify and record the causative agents (bacteria, viruses, allergens, irritants) of pink eye infections.

3. Diagnosis Management:

- Track diagnostic tests performed and their results.
- Store information related to different diagnostic procedures.

4. Treatment Information:

• Document treatment modalities used, including medication and treatment outcomes.

Track the duration and effectiveness of treatments.

5. Epidemiological Data:

- Monitor incidence, prevalence, and seasonal patterns of pink eye infections.
- Identify and record risk factors associated with the infection.

GUI FEATURES

User Authentication:

• Secure login for different user roles (researchers, healthcare professionals, public health authorities, patients).

Data Entry Forms:

- Intuitive forms for entering patient details, infection characteristics, diagnostic information, and treatment details.
- Forms for recording and updating etiology and epidemiological data.

Search and Filter Options:

 Ability to search and filter records based on various criteria such as patient demographics, symptoms, etiology, diagnosis, and treatment outcomes.

Reporting and Analytics:

- Generate reports on patient statistics, treatment efficacy, and epidemiological trends.
- Visual analytics tools for data visualization (graphs, charts, etc.).

Data Security and Privacy:

- Ensure data privacy and security by implementing access controls and encryption.
- Compliance with healthcare regulations regarding patient data confidentiality.

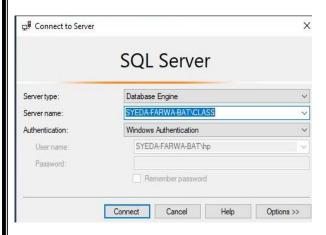
Relationship Management:

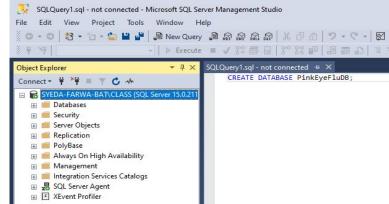
- Interface to manage relationships between patients, infections, diagnoses, treatments, and physicians.
- Visual representation of relationships (ER diagrams) within the GUI for better understanding.

Integration with External Systems:

• Interfaces to interact with other systems such as the course catalog, financial aid, and billing systems.

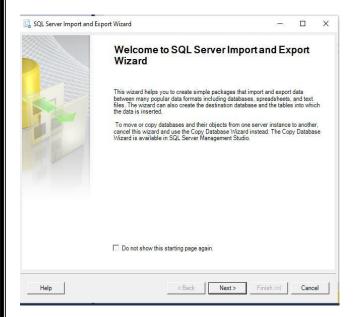
CREATING DATABASE

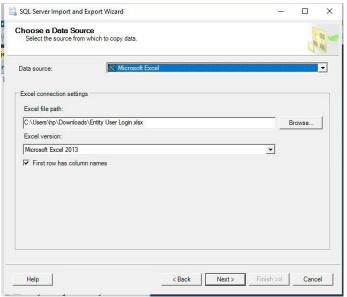


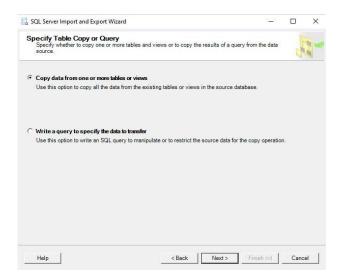


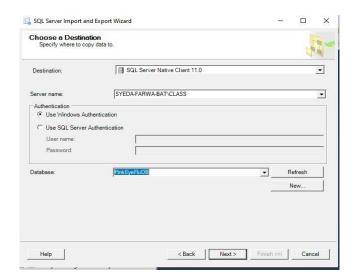
CREATING TABLES AND IMPORTING DATA INTO TABLES THROUGH EXCEL

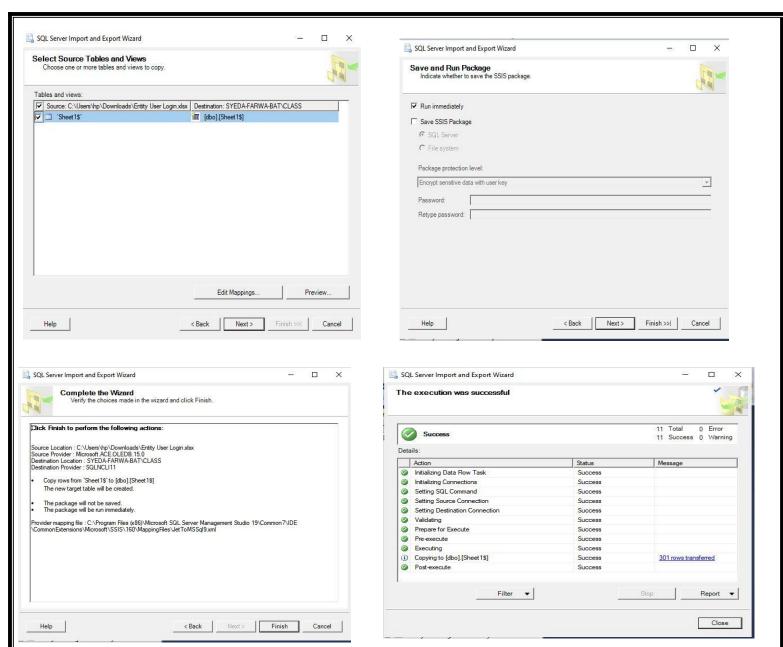
1. USER LOGIN TABLE:



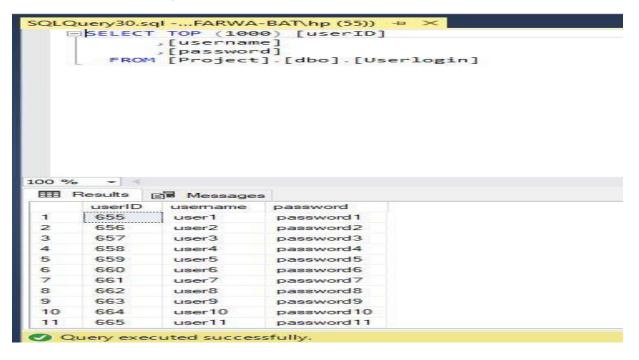




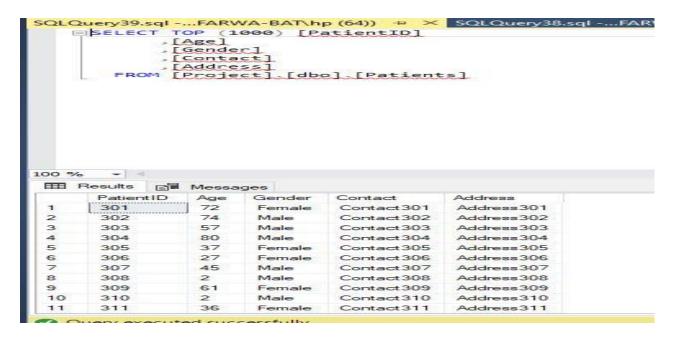




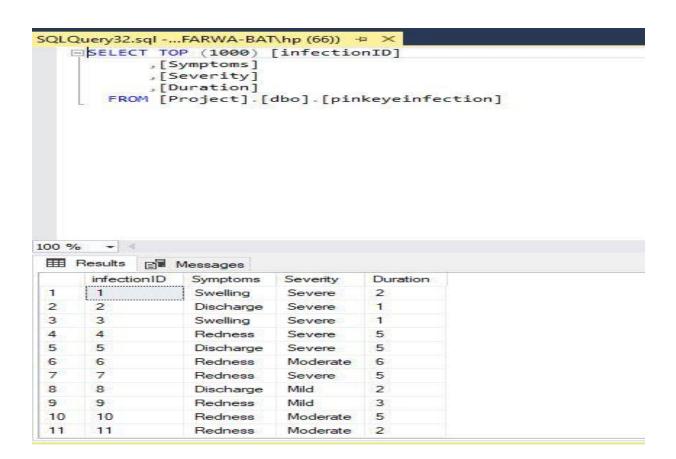
And the table "User login" is created:



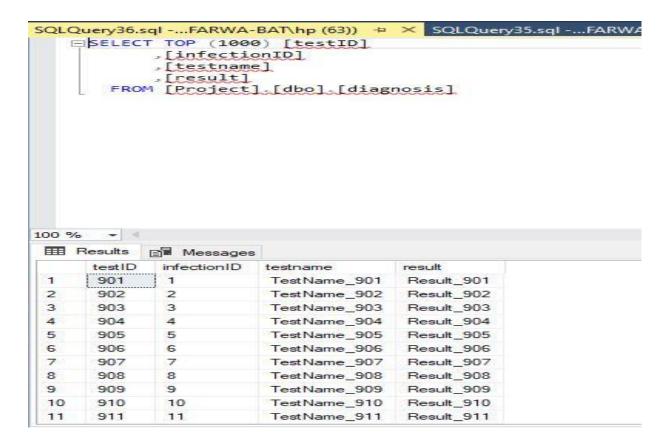
2. PATIENT TABLE: Starting steps are same as above. By doing above steps, table is created:



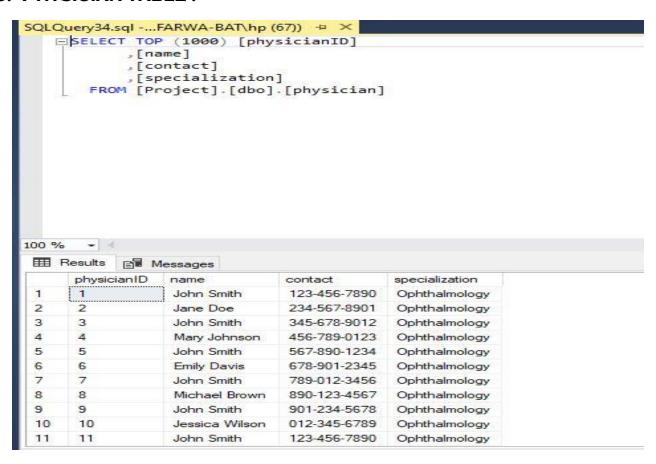
3. PINKEYEINFECTION TABLE:



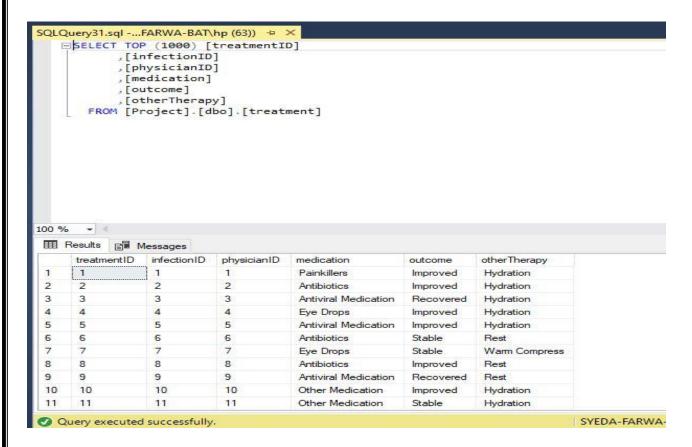
4. DIAGNOSIS TABLE:



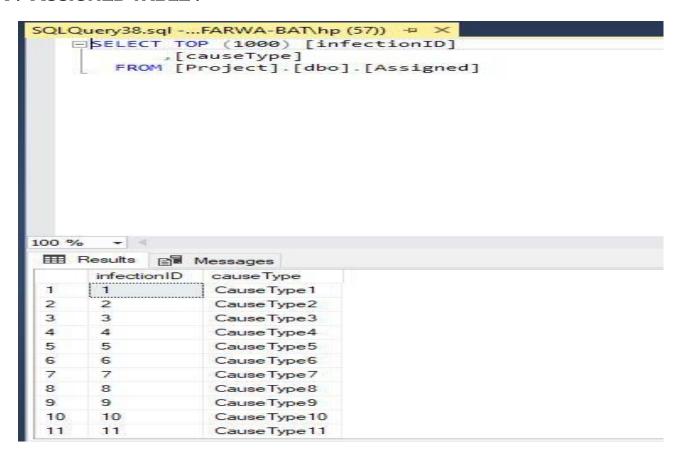
5. PHYSICIAN TABLE:



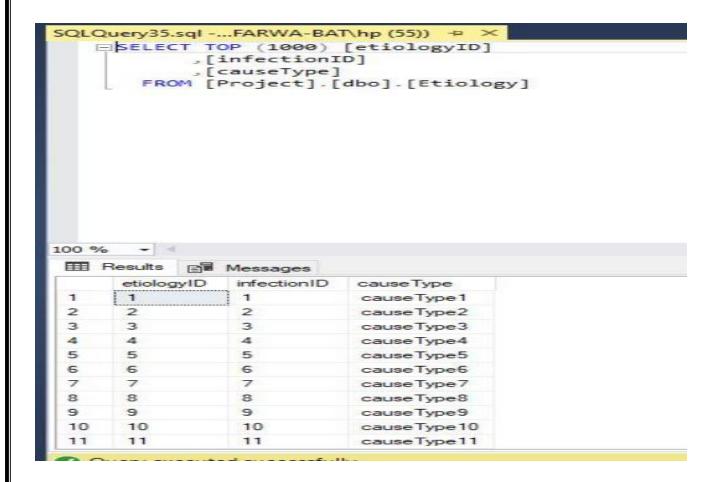
6. TREATMENT TABLE:



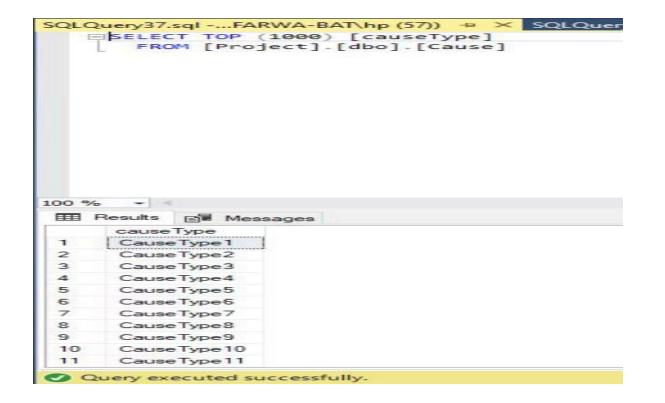
7. Assigned table:



8. ETHIOLOGY TABLE:



9. Cause table:



NORMALIZATION AND FUNCTIONAL DEPENDENCY

We have normalized our tables and also found the functional dependencies of these tables, we have uploaded that assignment on Google Classroom.

PRIMARY AND FOREIGN KEY THROUGH QUERIES

1- Pinkeyeinfection:

```
SQLQuery1.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (57))* 

ALTER TABLE pinkeyeinfection

ADD CONSTRAINT PK_pinkeyeinfection PRIMARY KEY (infectionID);
```

2- Patient:

```
QLQuery3.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (58))

SQLQuery1.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (57))*

ALTER TABLE Patients

ADD CONSTRAINT PK_Patients PRIMARY KEY (PatientID);
```

3- Treatment:

```
SQLQuery3.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (58))

SQLQuery1.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (57))* 
ADD CONSTRAINT PK_treatment PRIMARY KEY (treatmentID);

SQLQuery3.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (58))

SQLQuery1.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (57))*

ADD CONSTRAINT FK_treatment
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_treatment_pinkeyeinfection
FOREIGN KEY (infectionID) REFERENCES Pinkeyeinfection(infectionI

100 %

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Commands completed successfully.
Completion time: 2024-06-15T14:38:40.1275495+05:00
```

```
SQLQuery3.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (58)) ** SQLQuery1.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (57))* ** X

BALTER TABLE treatment
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_treatment_physician
FOREIGN KEY (physicianID) REFERENCES physician(physicianID);

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```

4- Physician:

```
SQLQuery3.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (58))

SQLQuery1.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (57))* +

ADD CONSTRAINT PK_physician PRIMARY KEY (physicianID);
```

5- User login:

```
SQLQuery3.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (58))

SQLQuery1.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (57))* 

ALTER TABLE Userlogin

ADD CONSTRAINT PK_Userlogin PRIMARY KEY (userID);
```

6- Diagnosis:

```
SQLQuery3.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (58)) + SQLQuery1.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (57))* + SQLQuery1.sql - S
```

```
SQLQuery3.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (58)) +> X SQLQuery1.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (57))* +> X

EALTER TABLE diagnosis
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_diagnosis_pinkeyeinfection
FOREIGN KEY (infectionID) REFERENCES Pinkeyeinfection(infectionID);

Messages
Commands completed successfully.

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```

7- Etiology:

```
SQLQuery3.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (58)) → × SQLQuery1.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (57))* → ×

    □ ALTER TABLE Etiology

      ADD CONSTRAINT PK Etiology PRIMARY KEY (etiologyID);
                                       SQLQuery1.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (57))* 🗘 🗶
 SQLQuery3.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (58))

□ ALTER TABLE Etiology

      ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Etiology_pinkeyeinfection
      FOREIGN KEY (infectionID) REFERENCES Pinkeyeinfection(infectionID);
 100 % - 4
  Messages
     Commands completed successfully.
     Completion time: 2024-06-15T14:41:18.1510056+05:00
SQLQuery3.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (58)) → × SQLQuery1.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (57))* → ×

    □ ALTER TABLE Etiology

     ADD CONSTRAINT FK Etiology Cause
   FOREIGN KEY (causeType) REFERENCES Cause(causeType);
100 % - 4
Messages
   Commands completed successfully.
   Completion time: 2024-06-15T14:44:42.7090282+05:00
```

8- Cause:

```
QLQuery4.sql - S...FARWA-BAT\hp (57))* +> X

□ ALTER TABLE Cause

ADD CONSTRAINT PK_Cause PRIMARY KEY (causeType);
```

9- Assigned:

