IMDB Sentiment Analysis Project Report

1. Final Model Accuracy & Evaluation Metrics

Model: Multinomial Naive Bayes

Accuracy: 0.8571
Precision: 0.8533
Recall: 0.8638

• **F1-Score**: 0.8585

Confusion Matrix (summary)

- True Positives (Correct Positive Reviews): High
- True Negatives (Correct Negative Reviews): High
- False Positives & False Negatives: Moderate, but balanced

The model demonstrates reliable performance with a good balance between **precision and recall**.

2. Short Write-Up (Approach + Results)

Approach

This project focused on **binary classification** of IMDB movie reviews into **positive** or **negative** sentiment using **Natural Language Processing (NLP)**.

Steps followed:

1. Data Preprocessing

- Converted text to lowercase
- o Removed punctuation & stopwords
- o Applied stemming/lemmatization to normalize words

2. Feature Extraction

- Used TF-IDF Vectorizer (max 5000 features) to transform text into numerical format
- 3. Model Training

o Trained a Multinomial Naive Bayes classifier on the processed data

4. Evaluation

- o Measured accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score
- o Analyzed confusion matrix and feature importance

Results

- The model achieved ~85.7% accuracy on the test dataset.
- Precision (85.3%) and Recall (86.3%) show the model is good at both **catching positive** reviews and avoiding false positives.
- Top words influencing classification included:
 - o **Positive reviews** \rightarrow *excellent, amazing, fantastic, great*
 - \circ **Negative reviews** \rightarrow *boring, waste, bad, terrible*

Conclusion

The Naive Bayes sentiment classifier performed **reliably** with strong balance across all evaluation metrics. It can be used to automatically analyze and classify customer reviews effectively.

Future Work:

- Explore Logistic Regression, SVM, or Deep Learning models (LSTMs/Transformers) to improve accuracy further.
- Perform **hyperparameter tuning** and expand preprocessing with advanced text cleaning.