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## lab\_11.cpp

```
1 // <----Lab 11 - Heap---->
 3
   #include <iostream>
    #include <vector>
    using namespace std;
 6
 7
    void swap(int *a, int *b)
 8
 9
        int temp = *b;
        *b = *a;
10
        *a = temp;
11
12
13
14
    void heapifyMax(vector<int> &hT, int i, int size)
15
    {
16
        int largest = i;
        int 1 = 2 * i + 1;
17
        int r = 2 * i + 2;
18
19
20
        if (1 < size && hT[1] > hT[largest])
21
            largest = 1;
22
        if (r < size && hT[r] > hT[largest])
23
            largest = r;
24
25
        if (largest != i)
26
27
            swap(&hT[i], &hT[largest]);
28
            heapifyMax(hT, largest, size);
29
        }
30
31
    void insertMax(vector<int> &hT, int newNum)
32
33
        int size = hT.size();
34
35
        if (size == 0)
36
            hT.push_back(newNum);
37
        else
38
        {
39
            hT.push_back(newNum);
            for (int i = size / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--)
40
41
                heapifyMax(hT, i, size);
42
        }
43
44
45
    void deleteNodeMax(vector<int> &hT, int num)
46
47
        int size = hT.size();
48
        int i;
        for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
49
50
            if (num == hT[i])
51
52
                break;
        }
53
```

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```
54
         swap(&hT[i], &hT[size - 1]);
 55
         hT.pop_back();
 56
         for (int i = size / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--)
             heapifyMax(hT, i, size - 1);
 57
 58
     }
 59
     // Q1. The above code is for Max Heap. Implement a Min Heap and then insert and delete
 60
     elements.
 61
 62
     void heapifyMin(vector<int> &hT, int i, int size)
 63
 64
         int smallest = i;
 65
         int 1 = 2 * i + 1;
         int r = 2 * i + 2;
 66
 67
         if (1 < size && hT[1] < hT[smallest])</pre>
 68
 69
             smallest = 1;
 70
         if (r < size && hT[r] < hT[smallest])</pre>
 71
             smallest = r;
 72
 73
         if (smallest != i)
 74
         {
 75
             swap(&hT[i], &hT[smallest]);
 76
             heapifyMin(hT, smallest, size);
 77
 78
 79
 80
    void insertMin(vector<int> &hT, int newNum)
 81
 82
         int size = hT.size();
 83
         if (size == 0)
 84
             hT.push_back(newNum);
 85
         else
 86
         {
 87
             hT.push_back(newNum);
             int i = size;
 88
             while (i > 0 \&\& hT[(i - 1) / 2] > hT[i])
 89
 90
 91
                  swap(\&hT[i], \&hT[(i-1)/2]);
 92
                  i = (i - 1) / 2;
 93
             }
 94
         }
 95
     }
 96
 97
     void deleteNodeMin(vector<int> &hT, int num)
 98
 99
         int size = hT.size();
100
         int i;
101
         for (i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
102
             if (num == hT[i])
103
104
                  break;
105
106
         swap(&hT[i], &hT[size - 1]);
107
         hT.pop back();
108
         for (int i = size / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--)
```

```
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 109
               heapifyMin(hT, i, size - 1);
 110
      }
 111
      // Q2. Implement peek and extract operations for both max and min values.
 112
 113
       int extractMin(vector<int> &hT)
 114
           if (hT.size() == 0)
 115
 116
           {
                cout << "Heap is empty\n";</pre>
 117
 118
                return -1;
 119
 120
 121
           int minVal = hT[0];
 122
           deleteNodeMin(hT, hT[0]);
 123
           return minVal;
 124
 125
 126
      int peekMin(const vector<int> &hT)
 127
 128
           if (hT.size() == 0)
 129
 130
                cout << "Heap is empty\n";</pre>
 131
               return -1;
 132
 133
           return hT[0];
 134
      }
 135
 136
       int peekMax(const vector<int> &hT)
 137
 138
           if (hT.size() == 0)
 139
                cout << "Heap is empty\n";</pre>
 140
 141
               return -1;
 142
           }
 143
           return hT[0];
 144
 145
       int extractMax(vector<int> &hT)
 146
      {
           if (hT.size() == 0)
 147
 148
 149
                cout << "Heap is empty\n";</pre>
 150
                return -1;
 151
           }
 152
 153
           int maxVal = hT[0];
 154
           deleteNodeMax(hT, hT[0]);
 155
           return maxVal;
 156
 157
 158
       void printArray(const vector<int> &hT)
 159
 160
           for (int i = 0; i < hT.size(); ++i)</pre>
                cout << hT[i] << " ";
 161
           cout << "\n";
 162
 163
       }
 164
```

```
165 int main()
166
     {
167
         vector<int> maxHeap;
168
         insertMax(maxHeap, 3);
169
         insertMax(maxHeap, 4);
170
         insertMax(maxHeap, 9);
171
         insertMax(maxHeap, 5);
172
         insertMax(maxHeap, 2);
173
174
         cout << "Max-Heap array: ";</pre>
175
         printArray(maxHeap);
176
177
         deleteNodeMax(maxHeap, 4);
178
         cout << "After deleting an element in Max-Heap: ";</pre>
179
         printArray(maxHeap);
180
181
         cout << "Max-Heap peek: " << peekMax(maxHeap) << endl;</pre>
182
         cout << "Extract Max value: " << extractMax(maxHeap) << endl;</pre>
183
         cout << "Max-Heap array after extraction: ";</pre>
184
         printArray(maxHeap);
185
186
         vector<int> minHeap;
187
         insertMin(minHeap, 3);
188
         insertMin(minHeap, 4);
189
         insertMin(minHeap, 9);
190
         insertMin(minHeap, 5);
191
         insertMin(minHeap, 2);
192
193
         cout << "\nMin-Heap array: ";</pre>
194
         printArray(minHeap);
195
         deleteNodeMin(minHeap, 4);
196
197
         cout << "After deleting an element in Min-Heap: ";</pre>
198
         printArray(minHeap);
199
200
         cout << "Min-Heap peek: " << peekMin(minHeap) << endl;</pre>
201
         cout << "Extract Min value: " << extractMin(minHeap) << endl;</pre>
202
         cout << "Min-Heap array after extraction: ";</pre>
203
         printArray(minHeap);
204
205
         return 0;
206
    }
207
```