# **Project Report: Car Depreciation Prediction Application**

#### 1. Overview

This project focuses on developing a machine learning-based web application that predicts the **current market value** of a used car and forecasts its **depreciation over the next three years**. The objective is to help users—such as individual buyers, sellers, or dealerships—make informed decisions about car purchases or sales.

## 2. Application Features

#### **Current Price Prediction**

The user provides the following inputs:

- Manufacturer
- Model
- Title Status
- Car Age
- Odometer Reading

Based on these inputs, the application estimates the **current market price** of the car using a trained regression model.

#### **Future Price Forecasting**

The app also predicts how the car's value will change over time:

- Price is forecasted for Year +1, Year +2, and Year +3
- The logic adjusts the car's age and odometer reading each year and applies the same trained model for each future prediction

This feature gives users a **3-year depreciation projection**, which is helpful for financial planning or resale timing.

# **Prediction Logic for Depreciation**

Model Used:

Random Forest Regressor (baseline model chosen for its performance and

interpretability)

# • Pipeline Flow:

- 1. Input data is collected via a web form
- 2. Categorical features (like model, manufacturer, title status) are encoded
- 3. The processed data is passed into the trained model
- 4. The model outputs the predicted price

#### Future Forecasting Logic:

Car age is incremented by 1 year at a time; odometer reading is also increased based on average mileage assumptions, and the model is re-applied for each year.

# 5. Deployment

- Backend: Flask web application with a RESTful API that accepts user inputs and returns predictions
- Hosting Platform: AWS Elastic Beanstalk
- **User Access:** Simple web interface (HTML form) that allows real-time interaction and result display

The application is currently deployed and accessible on both laptop and mobile (HTTP only). HTTPS/SSL integration and improved UI/UX are planned for future releases.

## 4. Planned Improvements

Due to **local system limitations**, the current model was trained on a **subset of only 50,000 rows** (10% of the full dataset) to avoid memory issues. To enhance model performance and generalizability, the following improvements are planned:

#### **Feature Expansion**

Include additional features that influence car price and depreciation:

- condition
- cylinders
- drive

- paint color
- size
- transmission

### **Model Experimentation**

Experiment with advanced regression models:

- XGBoost
- LightGBM
- Gradient Boosting Regressor
- Support Vector Regression (SVR)

These models may outperform Random Forest in terms of predictive accuracy.

#### **Hyperparameter Tuning**

Use tools like:

• GridSearchCV and RandomizedSearchCV for exhaustive tuning

#### **Cross-Validation**

Implement **k-fold cross-validation** (e.g., k=5 or 10) to ensure the model performs consistently across different data splits.

### **Cloud-Based Training**

To overcome hardware limitations, future versions will:

- Train the model on full dataset (500k rows)
- Use **cloud resources** (e.g., AWS EC2, Google Colab Pro, or Databricks) to handle large-scale training and tuning efficiently