

ASSIGNMENT-2

Q1 Explain difference models of security in Java?

Ans → The different models of security in Java are:-

Java SE

This model is called code-centric because it allows the specification of code security in a predefined policy file. When a class is loaded in the Java run time environment, the class loader following associates the following info with the class.

JAAAS

The model extends the Java SE code-centric model by introducing a user-centric model where both the nature of the code & the executor are taken into account in security decisions.

JAVA EE

In this model secured resources are ~~into~~ identified by URL pattern or method names, the containers where the applications run enforce authentication & authorization according to specifications in the application deployment descriptor or annotation in the application code.

JACC - Permission on JEE resources like URL etc.

OPSS - protects all.

Q2 → what is similarities or differences in abstract class & interface?

Similarities

- Interface can not be instantiated, same way you can not instantiate abstract class.
- That means you can not create obj of interperceded or abstract class.

Differences

<u>Interfaces</u>	<u>Abstract</u>
→ we can use interface keyword to declare interface	we can use abstract keyword to declared abs. class
→ Interface can hold only abstract methods	Abstract class can hold abstract as well as non abstract methods.
→ Implemented using implements keywords	Extend using extend keyword.

Q3 Explain different usage of keyword 'final'?

Uses of final keyword are to define constant

- Used to prevent inheritance.
- Prevent overriding
- Method arguments.

Q4 Write down the usefulness of keyword 'Super'?

- Import java.io.*;
- Import java.lang.*;
- Import java.util.*;
- class shape

{

class 2D

{

public void printLn (2D)

interface rectangle {

public void print();

}

interface square {

public void print-fact();

}

interface circle extends rectangle, square {

public void print;

}

class child implements circle {

Queside public void printRectangle()

§

System.out.println("rectangle");

3

public void printFor()

§

System.out.println("circle");

2

2

class 3d

§

public void printIn("3D")

Interface sphere §

public void printSphere();

2

interface cube §

public void printCube();

2

interface cube extends sphere §

@ override public void printSphere()

§

System.out.println("sphere")

2

public void printFor()

§

System.out.println("cube");

2

2

2

2

2

```

public class Main {
    public static void main (String [], shape)
    {
        child c = new child ();
        c.print - rectangle ();
        c.print - square ();
        c.print - sphere ();
    }
}

```

Q6 Find the output
(1)

```

In Derived !! foo()
In Derived !! Bar()
In Base !! foo()
In Base !! Bar()

```

(ii)

name + nno. members