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### **OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB**



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### **Experiment - 1**

### <u>Aim :-</u>

Write a program to implement CPU scheduling for first come first serve.

### PROGRAM:-

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <iomanip>
using namespace std;
struct process {
  int pid;
  int arrival_time;
  int burst_time;
  int start_time;
  int completion_time;
  int turnaround_time;
  int waiting_time;
  int response_time;
};
bool compareArrival(process p1, process p2)
  return p1.arrival_time < p2.arrival_time;
}
bool compareID(process p1, process p2)
  return p1.pid < p2.pid;
}
int main() {
  int n;
  struct process p[100];
  float avg_turnaround_time;
  float avg_waiting_time;
  float avg_response_time;
  float cpu_utilisation;
  int total_turnaround_time = 0;
  int total_waiting_time = 0;
  int total_response_time = 0;
```



```
int total_idle_time = 0;
  float throughput;
  cout << setprecision(2) << fixed;
  cout<<"Enter the number of processes: ";
  cin>>n;
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     cout<<"Enter arrival time of process "<<i+1<<": ";
     cin>>p[i].arrival_time;
     cout<<"Enter burst time of process "<<i+1<<": ";
     cin>>p[i].burst_time;
    p[i].pid = i+1;
     cout<<endl;
  }
  sort(p,p+n,compareArrival);
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    p[i].start_time = (i == 0)?p[i].arrival_time:max(p[i-1].completion_time,p[i].arrival_time);
    p[i].completion_time = p[i].start_time + p[i].burst_time;
    p[i].turnaround_time = p[i].completion_time - p[i].arrival_time;
    p[i].waiting_time = p[i].turnaround_time - p[i].burst_time;
    p[i].response_time = p[i].start_time - p[i].arrival_time;
     total_turnaround_time += p[i].turnaround_time;
     total_waiting_time += p[i].waiting_time;
     total_response_time += p[i].response_time;
     total_idle_time += (i == 0)?(p[i].arrival_time):(p[i].start_time - p[i-1].completion_time);
  }
  avg_turnaround_time = (float) total_turnaround_time / n;
  avg_waiting_time = (float) total_waiting_time / n;
  avg_response_time = (float) total_response_time / n;
                         ((p[n-1].completion_time
  cpu_utilisation
                                                          total_idle_time)
                                                                                  (float)
                                                                                            p[n-
1].completion_time)*100;
  throughput = float(n) / (p[n-1].completion_time - p[0].arrival_time);
  sort(p,p+n,compareID);
  cout<<endl:
  cout<<"#P\t"<<"AT\t"<<"BT\t"<<"CT\t"<<"TAT\t"<<"WT\t"<<"RT\t"<<"\n"<<endl:
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```



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```
cout<<p[i].pid<<"\t"<<p[i].arrival_time<<"\t"<<p[i].burst_time<<"\t"<<p[i].start_time<<"\t"<<p[i].completion_time<<"\t"<<p[i].turnaround_time<<"\t"<<p[i].waiting_time<<"\t"<<p[i].response_t ime<<"\t"<<"\n"<<endl;
} cout<<"Average Turnaround Time = "<<avg_turnaround_time<<endl;
cout<<"Average Waiting Time = "<<avg_waiting_time<<endl;
cout<<"Average Response Time = "<<avg_response_time<<endl;
cout<<"CPU Utilization = "<<cpu_utilisation<<"%"<<endl;
cout<<"Throughput = "<<th>process/unit time"<<endl;</th>
}
```

### **OUTPUT:-**

```
Enter the number of processes: 4
Enter arrival time of process 1: 0
Enter burst time of process 1: 2
Enter arrival time of process 2: 1
Enter burst time of process 2: 2
Enter arrival time of process 3: 5
Enter burst time of process 3: 3
Enter arrival time of process 4: 6
Enter burst time of process 4: 4
#P
        AΤ
                BT
                         ST
                                 CT
                                         TAT
                                                          RT
                                                  ŴΤ
        0
                                                  0
                                                          0
                2
                         0
                                 2
                                          2
                                          3
                         2
                                 4
                                                  1
        5
                3
                                          3
                         8
                                 12
```

```
Average Turnaround Time = 3.50

Average Waiting Time = 0.75

Average Response Time = 0.75

CPU Utilization = 91.67%

Throughput = 0.33 process/unit time

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```



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### **Experiment - 2**

### Aim:-

Write a program to implement CPU scheduling for shortest job first.

### PROGRAM:-

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
   int arrival_time[10], burst_time[10], temp[10];
   int i, smallest, count = 0, time, limit;
   double wait_time = 0, turnaround_time = 0, end;
   float average_waiting_time, average_turnaround_time;
   cout<<endl<<"Enter the Total Number of Processes: ";
   cin>>limit;
   cout<<endl<<"Enter Details of "<<li>limit<<" Processes : ";
   for(i=0;i<limit;i++)
       cout<<endl<<"Enter Arrival Time: ";
       cin>>arrival time[i];
       cout<<"Enter Burst Time: ";
       cin>>burst_time[i];
       temp[i]=burst_time[i];
   }
   burst_time[9]=9999;
   for(time=0;count!=limit;time++)
   {
       smallest=9;
       for(i=0;i<limit;i++)
           if(arrival_time[i]<=time&&burst_time[i]<burst_time[smallest]&&burst_time[i]>0)
               smallest=i;
           }
       burst_time[smallest]--;
       if(burst_time[smallest]==0)
           count++;
           end=time+1;
           wait_time=wait_time+end-arrival_time[smallest]-temp[smallest];
           turnaround_time=turnaround_time+end-arrival_time[smallest];
```



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```
}
}
average_waiting_time=wait_time/limit;
average_turnaround_time=turnaround_time/limit;
cout<<"\nAverage Waiting Time : "<<average_waiting_time;
cout<<"\nAverage Turnaround Time : "<<average_turnaround_time;
return 0;
}</pre>
```

### **OUTPUT:-**

```
Enter the Total Number of Processes: 4

Enter Details of 4 Processes:
Enter Arrival Time: 1
Enter Burst Time: 3

Enter Arrival Time: 2
Enter Burst Time: 4

Enter Arrival Time: 1
Enter Burst Time: 2

Enter Burst Time: 4

Enter Burst Time: 4

Enter Burst Time: 4

Average Waiting Time: 3

Average Turnaround Time: 6.25

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```



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### **Experiment - 3**

### <u>Aim :-</u>

Write a program to perform priority scheduling.

### PROGRAM:-

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <iomanip>
#include <string.h>
using namespace std;
struct process {
  int pid;
  int arrival_time;
  int burst_time;
  int priority;
  int start_time;
  int completion_time;
  int turnaround_time;
  int waiting_time;
};
int main() {
  int n;
  struct process p[100];
  float avg_turnaround_time;
  float avg_waiting_time;
  float cpu_utilisation;
  int total_turnaround_time = 0;
  int total_waiting_time = 0;
  int total_idle_time = 0;
  float throughput;
  int burst_remaining[100];
  int is_completed[100];
  memset(is_completed,0,sizeof(is_completed));
  cout << setprecision(2) << fixed;</pre>
  cout<<"Enter the number of processes: ";
  cin>>n;
```



```
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   cout<<"Enter arrival time of process "<<i+1<<": ";
   cin>>p[i].arrival_time;
   cout<<"Enter burst time of process "<<i+1<<": ";
   cin>>p[i].burst_time;
   cout<<"Enter priority of the process "<<i+1<<": ";
   cin>>p[i].priority;
  p[i].pid = i+1;
  burst_remaining[i] = p[i].burst_time;
   cout<<endl;
}
int current_time = 0;
int completed = 0;
int prev = 0;
while(completed != n) {
   int idx = -1;
   int mx = -1;
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     if(p[i].arrival_time <= current_time && is_completed[i] == 0) {</pre>
        if(p[i].priority > mx) {
           mx = p[i].priority;
           idx = i;
        if(p[i].priority == mx) {
           if(p[i].arrival_time < p[idx].arrival_time) {</pre>
              mx = p[i].priority;
              idx = i;
        }
     }
  }
   if(idx != -1) {
     if(burst_remaining[idx] == p[idx].burst_time) {
        p[idx].start_time = current_time;
        total_idle_time += p[idx].start_time - prev;
     burst_remaining[idx] -= 1;
     current_time++;
     prev = current_time;
     if(burst_remaining[idx] == 0) {
        p[idx].completion_time = current_time;
```



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```
p[idx].turnaround_time = p[idx].completion_time - p[idx].arrival_time;
          p[idx].waiting_time = p[idx].turnaround_time - p[idx].burst_time;
          total_turnaround_time += p[idx].turnaround_time;
          total_waiting_time += p[idx].waiting_time;
          is_completed[idx] = 1;
          completed++;
       }
    }
    else {
        current_time++;
  }
  int min_arrival_time = 10000000;
  int max_completion_time = -1;
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     min_arrival_time = min(min_arrival_time,p[i].arrival_time);
     max_completion_time = max(max_completion_time,p[i].completion_time);
  }
  avg_turnaround_time = (float) total_turnaround_time / n;
  avg_waiting_time = (float) total_waiting_time / n;
  cout<<endl<<endl;
  cout<<"PID\t"<<"AT\t"<<"BT\t"<<"PRI\t"<<"CT\t"<<"TAT\t"<<"WT\t"<<"\n"<<endl;
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
cout<<p[i].pid<<"\t"<<p[i].arrival_time<<"\t"<<p[i].burst_time<<"\t"<<p[i].priority<<"\t"<<p[i].st
art_time<<"\t"<<p[i].completion_time<<"\t"<<p[i].turnaround_time<<"\t"<<p[i].waiting_time<<"
t"<<"\n"<<endl;
  }
  cout<<"Average Turnaround Time = "<<avg_turnaround_time<<endl;</pre>
  cout<<"Average Waiting Time = "<<avg_waiting_time<<endl;</pre>
```

#### **OUTPUT:-**

}



```
Enter priority of the process 2: 20
Enter arrival time of process 3: 2
Enter burst time of process 3: 2
Enter priority of the process 3: 30
Enter arrival time of process 4: 4
Enter burst time of process 4: 1
Enter priority of the process 4: 40
_{
m PID}
       AΤ
                BT
                        PRI
                                ST
                                         CT
                                                 TAT
                                                         ŴТ
        0
                                                 12
                                                         7
                5
                        10
                                0
                                         12
        1
                4
                        20
                                1
                                         8
                                                 7
                                                         3
        2
                2
                        30
                                2
                                         4
                                                 2
                                                         0
                                                 1
                                                         0
                1
                        40
                                         5
Average Turnaround Time = 5.50
Average Waiting Time = 2.50
...Program finished with exit code 0
```



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### **Experiment - 4**

### <u>Aim :-</u>

Write a program to implement CPU scheduling for Round Robin.

### PROGRAM:-

```
#include<iostream>
#include<cstdlib>
#include<queue>
#include<cstdio>
using namespace std;
/* C++ Program to Round Robin*/
typedef struct process
 int id,at,bt,st,ft,pr;
 float wt,tat;
}process;
process p[10],p1[10],temp;
queue<int> q1;
int accept(int ch);
void turnwait(int n);
void display(int n);
void ganttrr(int n);
int main()
 int i,n,ts,ch,j,x;
 p[0].tat=0;
 p[0].wt=0;
 n=accept(ch);
 ganttrr(n);
 turnwait(n);
display(n);
return 0;
}
```



```
int accept(int ch)
 int i,n;
 printf("Enter the Total Number of Process: ");
 scanf("%d",&n);
 if(n==0)
  printf("Invalid");
  exit(1);
 cout<<endl;
 for(i=1;i \le n;i++)
  printf("Enter an Arrival Time of the Process P%d: ",i);
  scanf("%d",&p[i].at);
  p[i].id=i;
cout<<endl;
 for(i=1;i \le n;i++)
  printf("Enter a Burst Time of the Process P%d: ",i);
  scanf("%d",&p[i].bt);
 for(i=1;i \le n;i++)
  p1[i]=p[i];
 return n;
void ganttrr(int n)
 int i,ts,m,nextval,nextarr;
 nextval=p1[1].at;
 i=1;
```



```
cout<<"\nEnter the Time Slice or Quantum: ";
cin>>ts;
for(i=1;i \le n \&\& p1[i].at \le nextval;i++)
 q1.push(p1[i].id);
}
while(!q1.empty())
  m=q1.front();
  q1.pop();
  if(p1[m].bt>=ts)
   nextval=nextval+ts;
}
  else
   nextval=nextval+p1[m].bt;
  if(p1[m].bt>=ts)
   p1[m].bt=p1[m].bt-ts;
  else
  {
   p1[m].bt=0;
  while(i<=n&&p1[i].at<=nextval)
   q1.push(p1[i].id);
   i++;
  if(p1[m].bt>0)
   q1.push(m);
  if(p1[m].bt <= 0)
   p[m].ft=nextval;
  }
}
```



```
}
void turnwait(int n)
{
 int i;
 for(i=1;i \le n;i++)
  p[i].tat=p[i].ft-p[i].at;
  p[i].wt=p[i].tat-p[i].bt;
  p[0].tat=p[0].tat+p[i].tat;
  p[0].wt=p[0].wt+p[i].wt;
 p[0].tat=p[0].tat/n;
 p[0].wt=p[0].wt/n;
void display(int n)
 int i;
Here
at = Arrival time,
bt = Burst time,
time_quantum= Quantum time
tat = Turn around time,
wt = Waiting time
*/
 cout<<"\n\nHere AT = Arrival Time\nBT = Burst Time\nTAT = Turn Around Time\nWT =
Waiting Time\n";
 cout<<"\n========TABLE======
 printf("\nProcess\tAT\tBT\tFT\tTAT\t\tWT");
 for(i=1;i \le n;i++)
 printf("\nP\%d\t\%d\t\%d\t\%f\t\%f",p[i].id,p[i].at,p[i].bt,p[i].ft,p[i].tat,p[i].wt);
}
 printf("\nAverage Turn Around Time: %f",p[0].tat);
 printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %f\n",p[0].wt);
```



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}

#### **OUTPUT:-**

```
Enter the Total Number of Process: 4

Enter an Arrival Time of the Process P1: 0
Enter an Arrival Time of the Process P2: 1
Enter an Arrival Time of the Process P3: 2
Enter an Arrival Time of the Process P4: 4

Enter a Burst Time of the Process P1: 5
Enter a Burst Time of the Process P2: 4
Enter a Burst Time of the Process P3: 2
Enter a Burst Time of the Process P4: 1

Enter the Time Slice or Quantum: 2

Here AT = Arrival Time
BT = Burst Time
TAT = Turn Around Time
WT = Waiting Time
```

======================================						
Process	AT	вт	FT	TAT	WT	
P1	0	5	12	12.000000	7.000000	
P2	1	4	11	10.000000	6.000000	
Р3	2	2	6	4.000000	2.000000	
P4	4	1	9	5.000000	4.000000	

Average Turn Around Time: 7.750000 Average Waiting Time: 4.750000

...Program finished with exit code 0 Press ENTER to exit console.



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### **Experiment - 5**

### <u>Aim :-</u>

Write a program for page replacement policy using a) LRU b) FIFO c) Optimal.

### PROGRAM:-

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int n,nf;
int in[100];
int p[50];
int hit=0;
int i,j,k;
int pgfaultcnt=0;
void getData()
  printf("\nEnter length of page reference sequence:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("\nEnter the page reference sequence:");
  for(i=0; i<n; i++)
     scanf("%d",&in[i]);
  printf("\nEnter no of frames:");
  scanf("%d",&nf);
}
void initialize()
  pgfaultcnt=0;
  for(i=0; i<nf; i++)
     p[i]=9999;
}
int isHit(int data)
  hit=0;
  for(j=0; j<nf; j++)
     if(p[j] == data)
```



```
hit=1;
       break;
  }
  return hit;
int getHitIndex(int data)
  int hitind;
  for(k=0; k< nf; k++)
     if(p[k]==data)
       hitind=k;
       break;
  return hitind;
}
void dispPages()
  for (k=0; k<nf; k++)
     if(p[k]!=9999)
       printf(" %d",p[k]);
  }
}
void dispPgFaultCnt()
  printf("\nTotal no of page faults:%d",pgfaultcnt);
void fifo()
```



```
initialize();
  for(i=0; i<n; i++)
     printf("\nFor %d :",in[i]);
     if(isHit(in[i])==0)
       for(k=0; k<nf-1; k++)
          p[k]=p[k+1];
       p[k]=in[i];
       pgfaultcnt++;
       dispPages();
     }
     else
       printf("No page fault");
  dispPgFaultCnt();
}
void optimal()
  initialize();
  int near[50];
  for(i=0; i<n; i++)
     printf("\nFor %d :",in[i]);
     if(isHit(in[i])==0)
     {
       for(j=0; j< nf; j++)
          int pg=p[j];
          int found=0;
          for(k=i; k<n; k++)
            if(pg==in[k])
```



```
near[j]=k;
               found=1;
               break;
             else
               found=0;
          }
          if(!found)
             near[j]=9999;
       int max=-9999;
       int repindex;
       for(j=0; j< nf; j++)
          if(near[j]>max)
             max=near[j];
             repindex=j;
          }
       p[repindex]=in[i];
       pgfaultcnt++;
       dispPages();
     }
     else
       printf("No page fault");
  dispPgFaultCnt();
}
void lru()
  initialize();
  int least[50];
  for(i=0; i<n; i++)
     printf("\nFor %d :",in[i]);
```



```
if(isHit(in[i])==0)
     for(j=0; j< nf; j++)
       int pg=p[j];
        int found=0;
        for(k=i-1; k>=0; k--)
          if(pg==in[k])
             least[j]=k;
             found=1;
             break;
          }
          else
             found=0;
        }
        if(!found)
          least[j]=-9999;
     int min=9999;
     int repindex;
     for(j=0; j< nf; j++)
       if(least[j]<min)</pre>
          min=least[j];
          repindex=j;
     p[repindex]=in[i];
     pgfaultcnt++;
     dispPages();
   }
  else
     printf("No page fault!");
dispPgFaultCnt();
```



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```
}
int main()
  int choice;
  while(1)
    printf("\n\nPage
                                        Replacement
                                                                         Algorithms\n1.Enter
data\n2.FIFO\n3.Optimal\n4.LRU\n5.Exit\nEnter your choice:");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
    switch(choice)
     {
    case 1:
       getData();
       break;
    case 2:
       fifo();
       break;
     case 3:
       optimal();
       break;
     case 4:
       lru();
       break;
     default:
       return 0;
       break;
     }
```

### **OUTPUT:-**



```
Page Replacement Algorithms
1.Enter data
2.FIFO
3.Optimal
4.LRU
5.Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter length of page reference sequence: 20
Enter the page reference sequence: 1 2 3 4 2 1 5 6 2 1 2 3 7 6 3 2 1 2 3 6
Enter no of frames: 3
Page Replacement Algorithms
1.Enter data
2.FIFO
3.Optimal
4.LRU
5.Exit
Enter your choice: 2
For 1 : 1
For 2 : 1 2
For 3:123
For 4: 234
For 2 :No page fault
For 1:341
For 5 : 4 1 5
For 6:156
For 2:562
For 1:621
For 2 :No page fault
For 3:213
For 7:137
For 6: 376
For 3 :No page fault
For 2:762
For 1:621
For 2 :No page fault
For 3 : 2 1 3
For 6:136
Total no of page faults:16
```



```
Page Replacement Algorithms
1.Enter data
2.FIFO
3.Optimal
4.LRU
5.Exit
Enter your choice: 3
For 1:1
For 2:12
For 3:123
For 4:124
For 2 :No page fault
For 1 :No page fault
For 5 : 1 2 5
For 6:126
For 2 :No page fault
For 1 :No page fault
For 2 :No page fault
For 3 : 3 2 6
For 7: 376
For 6 :No page fault
For 3 :No page fault
For 2:326
For 1: 321
For 2 :No page fault
For 3 :No page fault
For 6: 621
Total no of page faults:11
```



```
Page Replacement Algorithms
1.Enter data
2.FIFO
3.Optimal
4.LRU
5.Exit
Enter your choice: 4
For 1:1
For 2:12
For 3:123
For 4: 423
For 2 :No page fault!
For 1: 421
For 5 : 5 2 1
For 6:561
For 2:562
For 1:162
For 2 :No page fault!
For 3:132
For 7:732
For 6:736
For 3 :No page fault!
For 2 : 2 3 6
For 1:231
For 2 :No page fault!
For 3 :No page fault!
For 6:236
Total no of page faults:15
Page Replacement Algorithms
1.Enter data
2.FIFO
3.Optimal
4.LRU
5.Exit
Enter your choice: 5
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```



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### **Experiment - 6**

### <u>Aim :-</u>

Write a program to implement first fit, best fit and worst fit algorithm for memory management.

### PROGRAM:-

### • First fit

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
void First_Fit(int block_size[], int total_blocks, int process_size[], int total_process) {
  int allocation[total_process];
 memset(allocation, -1, sizeof(allocation));
 for (int i = 0; i < total\_process; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < total\_blocks; j++) {
     if (block_size[i] >= process_size[i]) {
        allocation[i] = j;
        block_size[j] -= process_size[i];
        break;
      }
    }
  }
  cout << "\nProcess No.\tProcess Size\tBlock no.\n";</pre>
 for (int i = 0; i < total\_process; i++) {
    cout << " " << i+1 << "\t\t" << process_size[i] << "\t\t";
   if (allocation[i] != -1)
      cout << allocation[i] + 1;</pre>
    else
     cout << "Not Allocated";</pre>
     cout << endl;
  }
}
int main() {
 int no_of_process=0;
 cout<<"Enter Number Of Process : ";</pre>
  cin>>no_of_process;
 cout<<endl;
 int process_size[no_of_process];
 for(int i=0;i<no_of_process;i++)
  {
```



}

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```
cout << "Enter Process Size of process "<< i+1 << ": ";
    cin>>process_size[i];
  }
 cout<<endl;
 int no_of_blocks;
 cout << endl << "Enter No. Of Blocks:";
 cin>>no_of_blocks;
 int block_size[no_of_blocks];
 for(int i=0;i<no_of_blocks;i++)</pre>
    cout<<"Enter Block Size of block "<<i+1<<" : ";</pre>
    cin>>block_size[i];
 int total_blocks = sizeof(block_size) / sizeof(block_size[0]);
 int total_process = sizeof(process_size) / sizeof(process_size[0]);
 First_Fit(block_size, total_blocks, process_size, total_process);
 return 0;
       Best fit
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#include <memory>
using namespace std;
void bestfit(int bsize[], int m, int psize[], int n) {
 int alloc[n];
  memset(alloc, -1, sizeof(alloc));
 for (int i=0; i< n; i++) {
   int bestIdx = -1;
   for (int j=0; j< m; j++) {
     if (bsize[j] >= psize[i]) {
       if (bestIdx == -1)
         bestIdx = j;
       else if (bsize[bestIdx] > bsize[j])
         bestIdx = j;
      }
    }
   if (bestIdx != -1) {
     alloc[i] = bestIdx;
     bsize[bestIdx] -= psize[i];
    }
  }
```



```
cout << "\nProcess No.\tProcess Size\tBlock no.\n";</pre>
 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   cout << "\ " << i+1 << "\t\t" << psize[i] << "\t\t";
   if (alloc[i] != -1)
     cout \ll alloc[i] + 1;
   else
     cout << "Not Allocated";</pre>
     cout << endl;
  }
int main() {
 int no_of_process=0;
 cout<<"Enter Number Of Process : ";</pre>
 cin>>no_of_process;
 cout<<endl;
 int psize[no_of_process];
 for(int i=0;i<no_of_process;i++)</pre>
    cout<<"Enter Process Size of process "<<i+1<<" : ";</pre>
    cin>>psize[i];
 cout << endl;
 int no_of_blocks;
 cout << endl << "Enter No. Of Blocks:";
 cin>>no_of_blocks;
 int bsize[no_of_blocks];
 for(int i=0;i<no_of_blocks;i++)</pre>
    cout<<"Enter Block Size of block "<<i+1<<" : ";</pre>
    cin>>bsize[i];
 int m = sizeof(bsize)/sizeof(bsize[0]);
 int n = sizeof(psize)/sizeof(psize[0]);
 bestfit(bsize, m, psize, n);
 return 0;
}
       Worst fit
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
void worstFit(int blockSize[], int m, int processSize[],int n)
```



```
int allocation[n];
  memset(allocation, -1, sizeof(allocation));
  for (int i=0; i< n; i++)
     int wstIdx = -1;
     for (int j=0; j< m; j++)
        if (blockSize[i] >= processSize[i])
          if (wstIdx == -1)
             wstIdx = j;
          else if (blockSize[wstIdx] < blockSize[j])
             wstIdx = j;
        }
     }
     if (wstIdx != -1)
        allocation[i] = wstIdx;
        blockSize[wstIdx] -= processSize[i];
     }
  }
  cout << "Process No.\tProcess Size.\tBlock no.\n";</pre>
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
     cout << " " << i+1 << "\t\t" << processSize[i] << "\t\t";
     if (allocation[i] != -1)
        cout << allocation[i] + 1;</pre>
     else
        cout << "Not Allocated";</pre>
     cout << endl;
   }
}
int main()
 int no_of_process=0;
 cout<<"Enter Number Of Process : ";</pre>
 cin>>no_of_process;
 cout<<endl;
```



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```
int processSize[no_of_process];
 for(int i=0;i<no_of_process;i++)</pre>
    cout << "Enter Process Size of process "<< i+1 << ": ";
    cin>>processSize[i];
 }
 cout << endl;
 int no_of_blocks;
 cout << endl << "Enter No. Of Blocks:";
 cin>>no_of_blocks;
 int blockSize[no_of_blocks];
 for(int i=0;i<no_of_blocks;i++)</pre>
    cout<<"Enter Block Size of block "<<i+1<<" : ";</pre>
    cin>>blockSize[i];
 }
  cout<<endl;
  int m = sizeof(blockSize)/sizeof(blockSize[0]);
  int n = sizeof(processSize)/sizeof(processSize[0]);
  worstFit(blockSize, m, processSize, n);
  return 0;
}
```

#### **OUTPUT:-**

• First fit



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```
Enter Number Of Process : 5
Enter Process Size of process 1 : 200
Enter Process Size of process 2: 47
Enter Process Size of process 3 : 212
Enter Process Size of process 4 : 426
Enter Process Size of process 5: 10
Enter No. Of Blocks:5
Enter Block Size of block 1: 300
Enter Block Size of block 2: 50
Enter Block Size of block 3: 200
Enter Block Size of block 4: 350
Enter Block Size of block 5: 70
Process No.
                 Process Size
                                  Block no.
                 200
                                  1
                 47
                                  4
                 212
 4
                 426
                                  Not Allocated
5
                 10
..Program finished with exit code 0
ress ENTER to exit console.
```

### • Best fit

```
Enter Number Of Process: 4
Enter Process Size of process 1: 112
Enter Process Size of process 2: 518
Enter Process Size of process 3: 110
Enter Process Size of process 4: 526
Enter No. Of Blocks:5
Enter Block Size of block 1: 100
Enter Block Size of block 2:
                              500
Enter Block Size of block 3: 200
Enter Block Size of block 4: 300
Enter Block Size of block 5: 400
Process No.
               Process Size
                               Block no.
1
                112
                                 3
2
               518
                                 Not Allocated
                110
4
                526
                                 Not Allocated
 ..Program finished with exit code 0
ress ENTER to exit console.
```

### • Worst fit



```
Enter Number Of Process: 4
Enter Process Size of process 1: 212
Enter Process Size of process 2: 417
Enter Process Size of process 3: 112
Enter Process Size of process 4: 426
Enter No. Of Blocks:5
Enter Block Size of block 1: 100
Enter Block Size of block 2: 500
Enter Block Size of block 3: 200
Enter Block Size of block 4: 300
Enter Block Size of block 5: 600
Process No.
               Process Size.
                               Block no.
               212
               417
                               5
               112
  4
               426
                               Not Allocated
 ..Program finished with exit code 0
ress ENTER to exit console.
```



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### **Experiment - 7**

### <u>Aim :-</u>

Write a program to implement reader/writer problem using semaphore.

### PROGRAM:-

```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <stdio.h>
sem_t wrt;
pthread_mutex_t mutex;
int cnt = 1;
int numreader = 0;
void *writer(void *wno)
  sem_wait(&wrt);
  cnt = cnt*2;
  printf("Writer %d modified cnt to %d\n",(*((int *)wno)),cnt);
  sem_post(&wrt);
}
void *reader(void *rno)
  pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
  numreader++;
  if(numreader == 1) {
    sem_wait(&wrt); }
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
  printf("Reader %d: read cnt as %d\n",*((int *)rno),cnt);
  pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
  numreader--;
  if(numreader == 0) {
    sem_post(&wrt);
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
```



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```
int main()
  pthread_t read[10],write[5];
  pthread_mutex_init(&mutex, NULL);
  sem_init(&wrt,0,1);
  int a[10] = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10\};
  for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
     pthread_create(&read[i], NULL, (void *)reader, (void *)&a[i]);
  for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
     pthread_create(&write[i], NULL, (void *)writer, (void *)&a[i]);
   }
  for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
     pthread_join(read[i], NULL);
  for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
     pthread_join(write[i], NULL);
  }
  pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);
  sem_destroy(&wrt);
  return 0;
}
```

#### **OUTPUT:-**



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"C:\Users\DELL\Desktop\os programs\7.exe"

```
Reader 1: read cnt as 1
Reader 3: read cnt as 1
Reader 4: read cnt as 1
Reader 2: read cnt as 1
Reader 5: read cnt as 1
Reader 6: read cnt as 1
Reader 8: read cnt as 1
Reader 9: read cnt as 1
Reader 9: read cnt as 1
Reader 7: read cnt as 1
Writer 1 modified cnt to 2
Writer 2 modified cnt to 4
Writer 3 modified cnt to 8
Writer 4 modified cnt to 16
Writer 5 modified cnt to 32
```



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### **Experiment - 8**

### <u>Aim :-</u>

Write a program to implement Banker's algorithm for deadlock avoidance.

### PROGRAM:-

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int current[5][5], maximum_claim[5][5], available[5];
int allocation[5] = \{0, 0, 0, 0, 0\};
int maxres[5], running[5], safe = 0;
int counter = 0, i, j, exec, resources, processes, k = 1;
int main()
{
       cout<<"\nEnter number of processes: ";</pre>
  cin>>processes;
  for(i=0;iprocesses;i++)
     running[i] = 1;
     counter++;
  cout<<"\nEnter number of resources: ";</pre>
  cin>>resources;
  cout<<"\nEnter Claim Vector:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<resources;i++)</pre>
         cin>>maxres[i];
  cout<<"\nEnter Allocated Resource Table:\n";</pre>
  for(i=0;iprocesses;i++)
     for(j=0;j<resources;j++)
                        cin>>current[i][j];
   cout<<"\nEnter Maximum Claim Table:\n";</pre>
   for(i=0;iprocesses;i++)
     for(j = 0; j < resources; j++)
                 cin>>maximum_claim[i][j];
        cout<<"\nThe Claim Vector is: ";</pre>
   for(i=0;i<resources;i++)
         cout << "\t" << maxres[i];
        cout<<"\nThe Allocated Resource Table:\n";</pre>
   for(i=0;iprocesses;i++)
```



```
for(j=0;j<resources;j++)</pre>
              cout<<"\t"<<current[i][j];</pre>
  cout<<endl;
}
cout<<"\nThe Maximum Claim Table:\n";</pre>
for(i=0;iprocesses;i++)
{
  for (j = 0; j < resources; j++)
    cout<<"\t"<<maximum_claim[i][j];
  cout<<endl;
     for(i=0;iprocesses;i++)
  for(j=0;j<resources;j++)
     allocation[j]+=current[i][j];
cout<<"\nAllocated resources:";</pre>
for(i=0;i<resources;i++)
  cout<<"\t"<<allocation[i];</pre>
for(i=0;i<resources;i++)</pre>
  available[i] = maxres[i] - allocation[i];
cout<<"\nAvailable resources:";</pre>
for(i=0;i<resources;i++)</pre>
      cout<<"\t"<<available[i];
cout<<endl;
while(counter!=0)
     {
  safe=0;
  for(i=0;iprocesses;i++)
    if(running[i])
      exec=1;
      for(j=0;j<resources;j++)
        if(maximum_claim[i][j]-current[i][j]>available[j])
            exec = 0;
            break;
```



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```
if (exec)
       cout << "\nProcess\%d is executing \n" << i+1;
       running[i] = 0;
       counter--;
       safe = 1;
       for(j=0;j<resources;j++)</pre>
          available[j] += current[i][j];
                        break;
 }
if(!safe)
   cout<<"\nThe processes are in unsafe state.\n";</pre>
   break;
 }
else
 cout<<"\nThe process is in safe state";</pre>
 cout<<"\nAvailable vector:";
 for (i = 0; i < resources; i++)
    cout<<"\t"<<available[i];</pre>
            cout<<endl;
  return 0;
```

#### **OUTPUT:-**



```
Enter number of processes: 5
Enter number of resources: 3
Enter Claim Vector: 10 5 7
Enter Allocated Resource Table:
0 1 0
2 0 0
3 0 2
2 1 1
0 0 2
Enter Maximum Claim Table:
7 5 3
3 2 2
9 0 2
4 2 2
5 3 3
The Claim Vector is:
                             10
The Allocated Resource Table:
         2
                   0
                             0
                   0
                             2
         0
                   0
                             2
```

The Maximum Claim Tab			
7 5	3		
3 2	2		
9 0	2		
4 2	2		
5 3	3		
Allogated magazings.	7	2	_
Allocated resources:		2	5
Available resources:	3	3	2
Process2 is executing			
The process is in saf	e state		
Available vector:	5	3	2
Process4 is executing			
The process is in saf	e state		
_	7	4	3
invariable vector.	,	-	3
Process1 is executing			
The process is in saf	e state		
Available vector:	7	5	3
Transita Veeteli	,	3	
Process3 is executing			



The process is in safe Available vector:	state 10	5	5		
Process5 is executing					
The process is in safe Available vector:	state 10	5	7		
Program finished with exit code 0 Press ENTER to exit console.					