Flexbox Properties

Parent (Flex Container)

display: flex | inline-flex; **flex-direction**: row | row-reverse | column | column-reverse; **flex-wrap**: wrap | nowrap | wrap-reverse; **flex-flow** (shorthand for flex-direction and flex-wrap)

justify-content (main axis): flex-start | flex-end | center | space-between | space-around | space-evenly;

align-items (cross axis - adjust to individual sizes): flex-start | flex-end | center | baseline | stretch;

align-content (cross axis - adjust to largest item): flex-start | flex-end | center | stretch | space-between | space-around;

Children (Flex Items)

order: <integer>; **flex-grow**: <number>; **flex-shrink**: <number>; **flex-basis**: <length> | auto;

flex: shorthand for grow, shrink, and basis (default: 0 1 auto)

align-self: overrides alignment set on parent

Grid Properties

Parent (Grid Container)

display: grid | inline-grid;

grid-template-columns
grid-template-rows: [optional: line name, in square brackets] <track-size> | <repeat>;
track-size: length, %, fr, auto line name: an arbitrary name for this item. If no name assigned, a number is used

EXAMPLES:

```
.myClass {
        grid-template-columns: [col1] 40px [col2] 3fr;
```

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```
  grid-template-rows: 50% 25vh auto;
}

.anotherClass {
  grid-template-rows: repeat(2, 350px [name]) 10%;
}
```
translates to
```
.anotherClass {
  grid-template-rows: 350px [name] 350px [name] 10%;
}
```

grid-template-areas:
List of names of areas. First, name areas via selector. Then specify layout via this property. Area name must be specified for each column/row. A . indicates no content in this row/column.

Note: in this example, the lines are named automatically: header-start, header-end, article-start, article-end, etc.

EXAMPLES:
```
.class1 {
  grid-area: header;
} .class2
{
  grid-area: article;
} .class3
{
  grid-area: aside;
}
.wrapper {
  grid-template-columns: 1fr 3fr;
grid-template-rows: auto;   grid-
template-areas:
    "header header header header"
    "aside . article article";
}
```

grid-template:
Shorthand for grid-template-rows, grid-template-columns, and grid-template-areas in 1 declaration. Not covered in class.

grid-column-gap: <number>;
grid-row-gap: <number>;
Distance between rows and/or columns.

grid-gap:
Shorthand for grid-column-gap and grid-row-gap.
1 number = same in all directions
2 numbers = row column

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justify-items: start | end | center | stretch; align grid items on row axis
stretch is default

align-items: start | end | center | stretch;
align grid items on column axis
stretch is default

justify-content: start | end | center | stretch | space-around | space-between | spaceevenly;
If size of grid container is bigger than total of grid items, you can align grid items within the container (like flexbox). This works on row axis.

align-content: start | end | center | stretch | space-around | space-between | spaceevenly;
If size of grid container is bigger than total of grid items, you can align grid items within the container (like flexbox). This works on column axis.

grid-auto-columns
grid-auto-rows: <track-size>;
If you create grid cells beyond those specified in grid-template-columns and gridtemplate-rows, this specifies how big these extra rows/columns should be.

grid: shorthand for all of the above properties. Not covered in class.

Children (Grid Items)

grid-column-start **grid-column-end**
grid-row-start
grid-row-end: <number> | <name> | span <number> | span <name> | auto;
This is the longhand for declaring individual values for start and end points for rows and columns.

EXAMPLES:

```
.class1 {
            grid-column-start: 1; grid-
            column-end: span 4; grid-row-
            start: 3;
            grid-row-end: span footer-end;
      }
```

grid-column
grid-row: <start-line> / <end-line> | <start-line> / span <value>;
Combines start and end values, as used extensively in class.

EXAMPLES:

```
.class1 {
            grid-column: 1 / span 4;
```

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```
            grid-row: 3 / span footer-end;
      }
```

grid-area: <name> | <row-start> / <column-start> / <row-end> / <column-end>;
OR
<name>;

If you're confused, no wonder. grid-area can be used in 2 different ways:

a. Assign a name for the grid-template-areas property (see above example under grid container/grid-template-areas)

b. Assign a name AND the dimensions for a grid-template-areas property. If you use this methodology, you would not necessarily need a grid-template-rows and grid-templatecolumns declaration, depending on other factors.

EXAMPLES:

```
.class1 {
        grid-area: 1 / name3 / namedline / 4;
      }
```

justify-self: start | end | center | stretch;
Aligns content in a grid item on the row axis. Overrides justify-items.

align-self: start | end | center | stretch;
Aligns content in a grid item on the column axis. Overrides align-items.

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