1823

B

KUB23CSE1A3 KUB23C



STUDENT REPORT

DETAILS

Name

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Roll Number

KUB23CSE143

PEAK ELEMENT FINDER

Description: You are given an N- dimensional array arr[]. A peak element in the array is defined as an element whose value is greater than or equal to its neighboring elements (if they exist). Your task is to find the index of any peak element in the given array

Note: use 0-based indexing

Input:

An integer representing the number of elements in the array. N space-separated integers, denoting the elements of the array.

N space-separated integers ,denoting the elements of the array arr[]

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12

Sample Input:

5

1 3 20 4 1

Sample Output:

2

LUB23C5E1A3

KNB23CSE1A3 KNB23C Source Code:

3.CSE1, A3, KUB23, CSE1, A3, KUB23, CSE1 WB23C5E1A3 KUB23C5E1A3 KUB23C5 https://practice.reinprep.com/student/get-report/6d2612d5-8ee6-11ef-9278-987270dbf84d

FIBL

```
def find_peak_element(arr):
 n = len(arr)
 if n == 1:
    return 0
 if arr[0] > arr[1]:
    return 0
 if arr[n - 1] > arr[n - 2]:
    return n - 1
 for i in range(1, n - 1):
    if arr[i] > arr[i - 1] and arr[i] > arr[i + 1]:
      return i
 return -1
n = int(input())
arr = list(map(int, input().split()))
index = find_peak_element(arr)
if index != -1:
 print(index)
else:
 print("No peak element found.")
```

5 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 100 %