



Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER				CANDIDATE NUMBER	
MATHEMATICS					9709/52
Paper 5 Mechar	nics 2 (I	M2)			May/June 2019
					1 hour 15 minutes
Candidates answ	wer on th	ne Questic	on Paper.		
Additional Mater	ials:	List of F	ormulae (MF9)		

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** the questions in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

Where a numerical value for the acceleration due to gravity is needed, use 10 m s⁻².

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

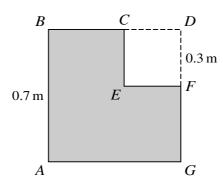
The total number of marks for this paper is 50.



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A small ball is projected from a point O on horizontal ground at an angle of 30° above the horizontal.

/ ·		
(1)	State the value of k .	[]
(ii)	Show that the initial speed of the ball is $28 \mathrm{m s^{-1}}$.	[2
••••	Find the harizontal displacement of the hall from O when 4 2	r
(111)	Find the horizontal displacement of the ball from O when $t = 3$.	[2



A uniform lamina $ABCEFG$ is formed from a square $ABDG$ by removing a smaller square $CDFE$ from one corner. $AB = 0.7$ m and $DF = 0.3$ m (see diagram). Find the distance of the centre of mass of the lamina from A .

(i)	Calculate the tension in the string.	[3
ii)	Find the magnitude of the force exerted by the surface on P .	[2
ii)	Find the magnitude of the force exerted by the surface on P .	[2
ii)	Find the magnitude of the force exerted by the surface on P .	[2
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ii)	Find the magnitude of the force exerted by the surface on <i>P</i> .	[2

A particle P of mass 0.5 kg is attached to one end of a light elastic string of natural length 0.8 m and

(1)	Show that, when P is moving downwards, $v \frac{dv}{dx} = 10 - 40x - 50x^2$.	[2
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)	For the instant when P has its greatest downwards speed, find the kinetic energy of P and elastic potential energy stored in the string.	d the
		[6]
)	elastic potential energy stored in the string.	[6
•	elastic potential energy stored in the string.	[6
)	elastic potential energy stored in the string.	[6
•	elastic potential energy stored in the string.	[6

A light elastic string has natural length a m and modulus of elasticity λ N. When the length of the

Find t	the values of	of a and λ										
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One end of the string is attached to a fixed point O on a smooth horizontal surface. The other end of the string is attached to a particle P of mass $0.2 \, \mathrm{kg}$. The particle P moves with constant speed on the surface in a circle with centre O and radius $1.9 \, \mathrm{m}$.

Find the speed of <i>P</i> .	[3]

Find θ .	
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projection and find the direction of motion at this instant.	[4
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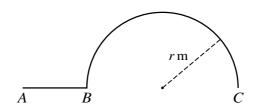


Fig. 1

Fig. 1 shows an object made from a uniform wire of length $0.8 \,\mathrm{m}$. The object consists of a straight part AB, and a semicircular part BC such that A, B and C lie in the same straight line. The radius of the semicircle is r m and the centre of mass of the object is $0.1 \,\mathrm{m}$ from line ABC.

(i)	Show that $r = 0.2$.	[3]

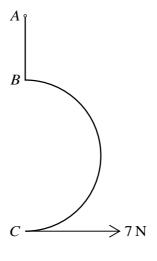


Fig. 2

The object is freely suspended at A and a horizontal force of magnitude 7 N is applied to the object at C so that the object is in equilibrium with ABC vertical (see Fig. 2).

(ii)	Calculate the weight of the object.	[3]

[Question 7(iii) is printed on the next page.]

The 7 N force is removed and the object hangs in equilibrium with ABC at an angle of θ° with the vertical.

(iii)	Find θ .	[6]

Additional Page

If you use the following lined page to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), the question number(s) must be clearly shown.		

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