# correctness

- •At the core of correctness is proper grammar, punctuation, and spelling.
- •The term correctness, as applied to business messages, also means the following three characteristics.

## Use the Right Level of Language:

- There are three levels of language: formal, informal, and substandard.
- •Formal writing is often associated with scholarly writing: legal documents, and other materials, where formality in style is demanded.
- •Informal writing is more characteristic of business writing.

•Here you use words that short, well-known, and conversational , as in this comparison list:

Formal: participate Informal: join

Formal: utilize Informal: use

•Avoid substandard language.

•Using incorrect words, incorrect grammar, faulty pronunciation all suggest an inability to use good English.

Substandard: ain't More Acceptable: isn't, aren't

### Check Accuracy of Figures, Facts and Words:

• Our goal is to be as precise as possible, which means checking and double-checking to ensure the figures, facts ands words you use are correct.

#### Facts and Figures

- Verify your statistical data.
- Double check your total.
- •Determine whether a "fact" has changed over time.

## **Words That Confuse:**

- English language is constantly changing.
- •The following list includes only a sample of the many words often confused in usage:

Accept, except: Accept is a verb and means to receive. Except is a verb or a preposition and relates to omitting, or leaving out.

**Between, among:** Between involves two people or two groups; among, three or more.

Which, that, who: That refers to persons or things; who, to people; which, only to things.

## Maintain Acceptable Writing Mechanics:

• Careful attention to the mechanical part of every well-written document is recommended.