## 4) Check whether a given graph is connected or not using DFS method.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int a[20][20], reach[20], n;
void dfs(int v) {
  int i;
  reach[v] = 1;
  for (i = 1; i \le n; i++) {
    if (a[v][i] && !reach[i]) {
      printf("\n %d -> %d", v, i);
      dfs(i);
    }
  }
}
int main() {
  int i, j, count = 0;
  printf("\n Enter number of vertices:");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  for (i = 1; i \le n; i++) {
    reach[i] = 0;
    for (j = 1; j \le n; j++) {
       a[i][j] = 0;
    }
  }
  printf("\n Enter the adjacency matrix:\n");
  for (i = 1; i \le n; i++)
    for (j = 1; j <= n; j++)
      scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
  dfs(1);
  printf("\n");
```

```
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
    if (reach[i]) {
        count++;
    }
}

if (count == n)
    printf("\n Graph is connected");
else
    printf("\n Graph is NOT connected");

return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Enter number of vertices:4

Enter the adjacency matrix:
0 1 0 0
1 0 1 1
0 1 1 0
1 1 0
1 1 1 0

1->2
2->3
2->4

Graph is connected
```