

7) From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices using Dijkstra's algorithm.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define INFINITY 999

void dijkstra(int n, int v, int cost[10][10], int dist[100]) {
    int i, u, count, w, flag[10], min;

    for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
        flag[i] = 0, dist[i] = cost[v][i];

    count = 2;
    while (count <= n) {
        min = INFINITY;
        for (w = 1; w <= n; w++)
            if (dist[w] < min && !flag[w])
                min = dist[w], u = w;

        flag[u] = 1;
        count++;

        for (w = 1; w <= n; w++)
            if ((dist[u] + cost[u][w] < dist[w]) && !flag[w])
                dist[w] = dist[u] + cost[u][w];
    }
}

int main() {
    int n, v, i, j, cost[10][10], dist[10];

    printf("\n Enter the number of nodes:");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("\n Enter the cost matrix:\n");
    for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
        for (j = 1; j <= n; j++) {
            scanf("%d", &cost[i][j]);
            if (cost[i][j] == 0)
                cost[i][j] = INFINITY;
        }
}
```

```
printf("\n Enter the source Vertex:");
scanf("%d", &v);

dijkstra(n, v, cost, dist);

printf("\n Shortest path:\n");
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
if (i != v)
printf("%d->%d, cost=%d\n", v, i, dist[i]);

return 0;
}
```

```
Enter the number of nodes:4

Enter the cost matrix:
0 4 8 7
1 0 2 3
2 4 0 1
1 2 3 0

Enter the source Vertex:1

Shortest path:
1->2, cost=4
1->3, cost=6
1->4, cost=7
```