

Data preparation

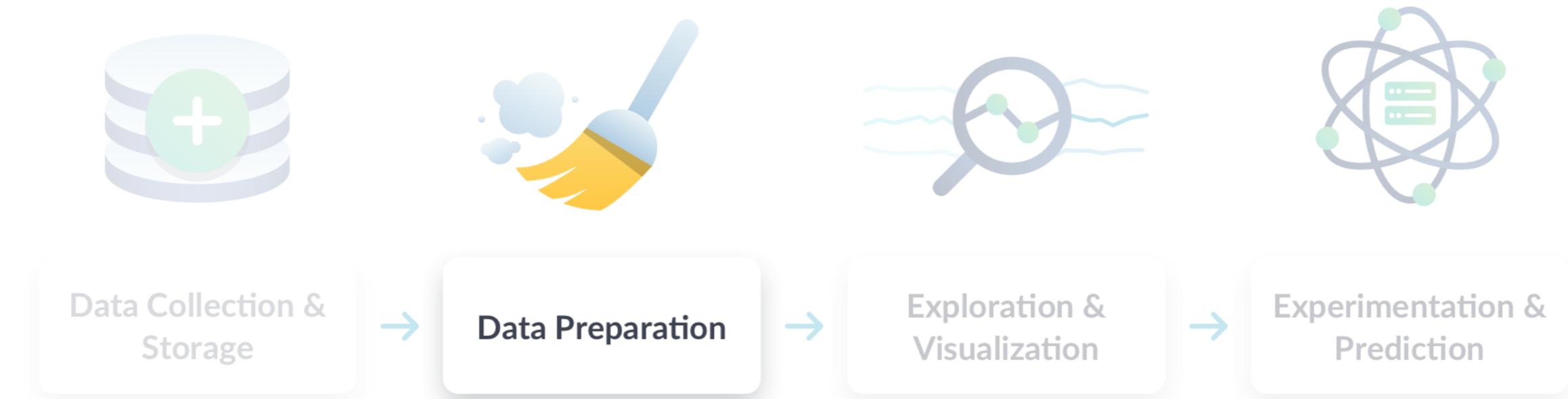
UNDERSTANDING DATA SCIENCE



Hadrien Lacroix

Content Developer, DataCamp

Data workflow



Why prepare data?

- Real-life data is messy
- Preparation is done to prevent:
 - errors
 - incorrect results
 - biasing algorithms



Let's start cleaning

	Sara	Lis	Hadrien	Lis
Age	"27"	"30"		"30"
Size	1.77	5.58	1.80	5.58
Country	"Belgium"	"USA"	"FR"	"USA"



Tidy data

Before

	Sara	Lis	Hadrien	Lis
Age	"27"	"30"		"30"
Size	1.77	5.58	1.80	5.58
Country	"Belgium"	"USA"	"FR"	"USA"



Tidy data output

Before

	Sara	Lis	Hadrien	Lis
Age	"27"	"30"		"30"
Size	1.77	5.58	1.80	5.58
Country	"Belgium"	"USA"	"FR"	"USA"

After

Name	Age	Size	Country
Sara	"26"	1.78	"Belgium"
Lis	"30"	5.58	"USA"
Hadrien		1.80	"FR"
Lis	"30"	5.58	"USA"

Remove duplicates

Before

Name	Age	Size	Country
Sara	"27"	1.77	"Belgium"
Lis	"30"	5.58	"USA"
Hadrien		1.80	"FR"
Lis	"30"	5.58	"USA"



Remove duplicates | output

Before

Name	Age	Size	Country
Sara	"27"	1.77	"Belgium"
Lis	"30"	5.58	"USA"
Hadrien		1.80	"FR"
Lis	"30"	5.58	"USA"

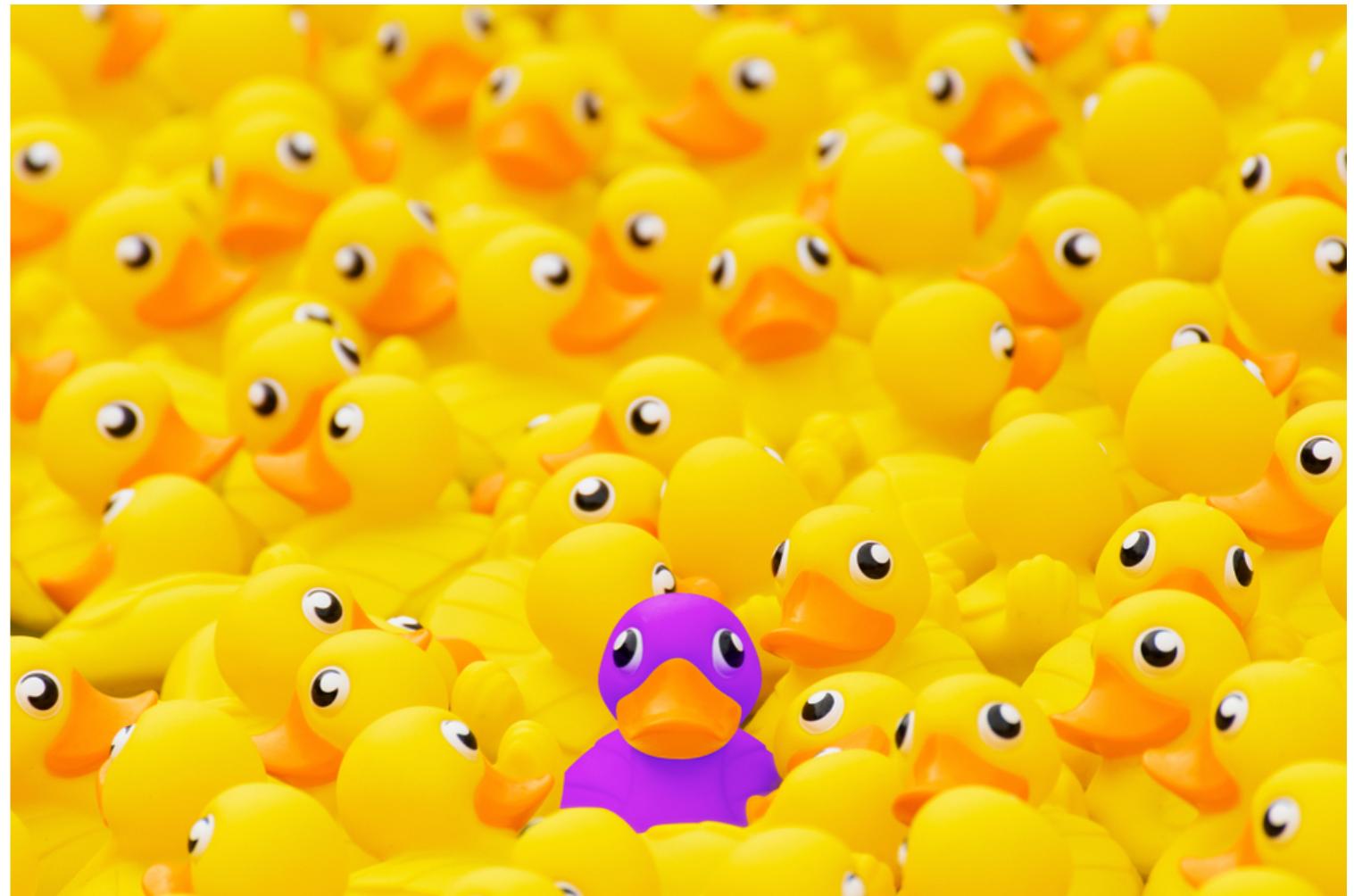
After

Name	Age	Size	Country
Sara	"27"	1.77	"Belgium"
Lis	"30"	5.58	"USA"
Hadrien		1.80	"FR"

Unique ID

Before

Name	Age	Size	Country
Sara	"27"	1.77	"Belgium"
Lis	"30"	5.58	"USA"
Hadrien		1.80	"FR"



Unique ID | output

Before

Name	Age	Size	Country
Sara	"27"	1.77	"Belgium"
Lis	"30"	5.58	"USA"
Hadrien		1.80	"FR"

After

ID	Name	Age	Size	Country
0	Sara	"27"	1.77	"Belgium"
1	Lis	"30"	5.58	"USA"
2	Hadrien		1.80	"FR"

Homogeneity

Before

ID	Name	Age	Size	Country
0	Sara	"27"	1.77	"Belgium"
1	Lis	"30"	5.58	"USA"
2	Hadrien		1.80	"FR"



Homogeneity | output

Before

ID	Name	Age	Size	Country
0	Sara	"27"	1.77	"Belgium"
1	Lis	"30"	5.58	"USA"
2	Hadrien		1.80	"FR"

After

ID	Name	Age	Size	Country
0	Sara	"27"	1.77	"Belgium"
1	Lis	"30"	1.70	"USA"
2	Hadrien		1.80	"FR"

Homogeneity, again

Before

ID	Name	Age	Size	Country
0	Sara	"27"	1.77	"Belgium"
1	Lis	"30"	1.70	"USA"
2	Hadrien		1.80	"FR"



Homogeneity, again | output

Before

ID	Name	Age	Size	Country
0	Sara	"27"	1.77	"Belgium"
1	Lis	"30"	1.70	"US"
2	Hadrien		1.80	"FR"

After

ID	Name	Age	Size	Country
0	Sara	"27"	1.77	"BE"
1	Lis	"30"	1.70	"US"
2	Hadrien		1.80	"FR"

Data types

Before

ID	Name	Age	Size	Country
0	Sara	"27"	1.77	"BE"
1	Lis	"30"	1.70	"US"
2	Hadrien		1.80	"FR"



Data types | output

Before

ID	Name	Age	Size	Country
0	Sara	"27"	1.77	"BE"
1	Lis	"30"	1.70	"US"
2	Hadrien		1.80	"FR"

After

ID	Name	Age	Size	Country
0	Sara	27	1.77	"BE"
1	Lis	30	1.70	"US"
2	Hadrien		1.80	"FR"

Missing values

Before

ID	Name	Age	Size	Country
0	Sara	27	1.77	"BE"
1	Lis	30	1.70	"US"
2	Hadrien		1.80	"FR"

Reasons:

- data entry
- error
- valid missing value

Solutions:

- impute
- drop
- keep

Missing values | output

Before

ID	Name	Age	Size	Country
0	Sara	27	1.77	"BE"
1	Lis	30	1.70	"USA"
2	Hadrien		1.80	"FR"

After

ID	Name	Age	Size	Country
0	Sara	27	1.77	"BE"
1	Lis	30	1.70	"US"
2	Hadrien	28	1.80	"FR"

Let's practice!

UNDERSTANDING DATA SCIENCE

Exploratory Data Analysis

UNDERSTANDING DATA SCIENCE



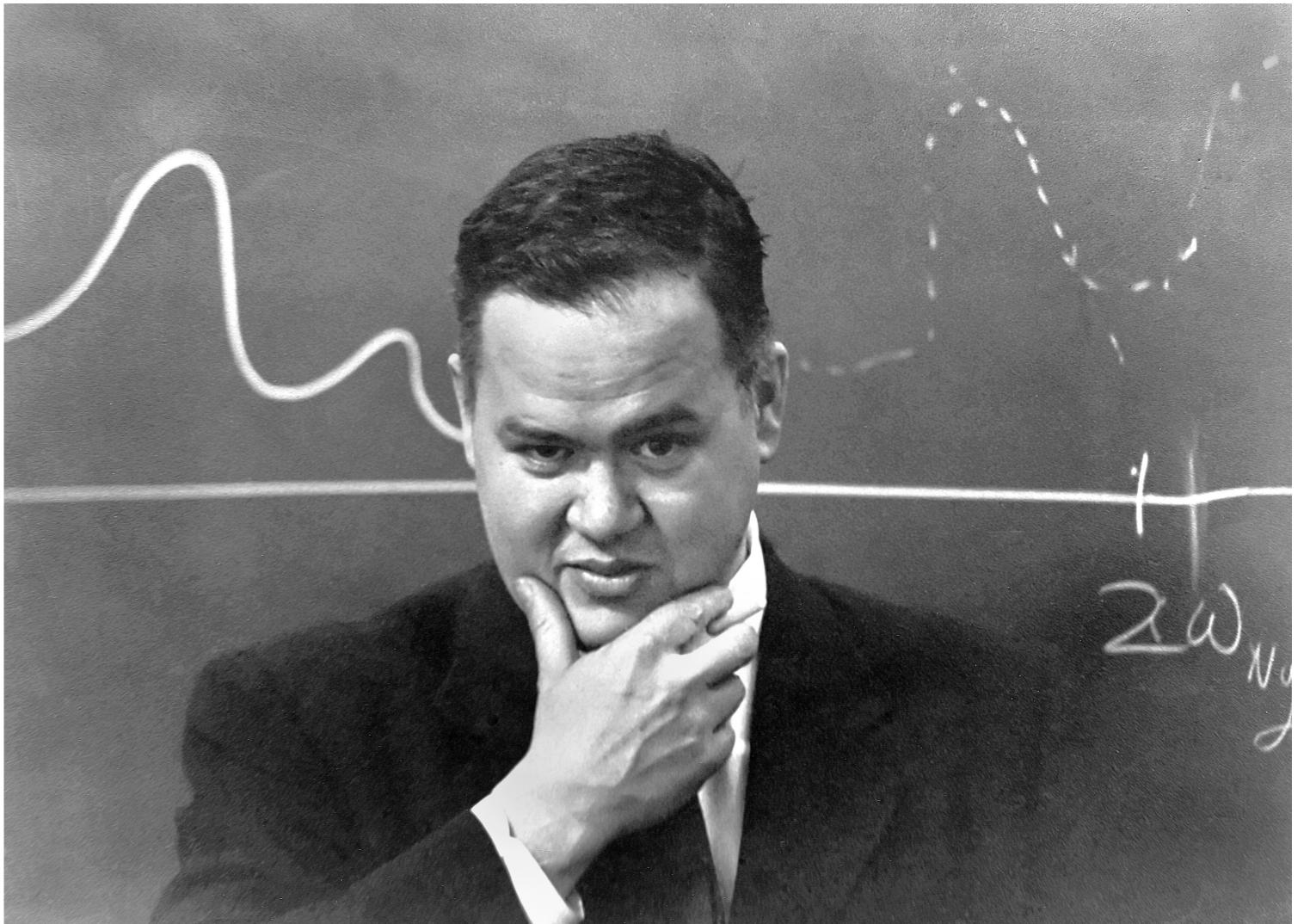
Hadrien Lacroix

Content Developer at DataCamp

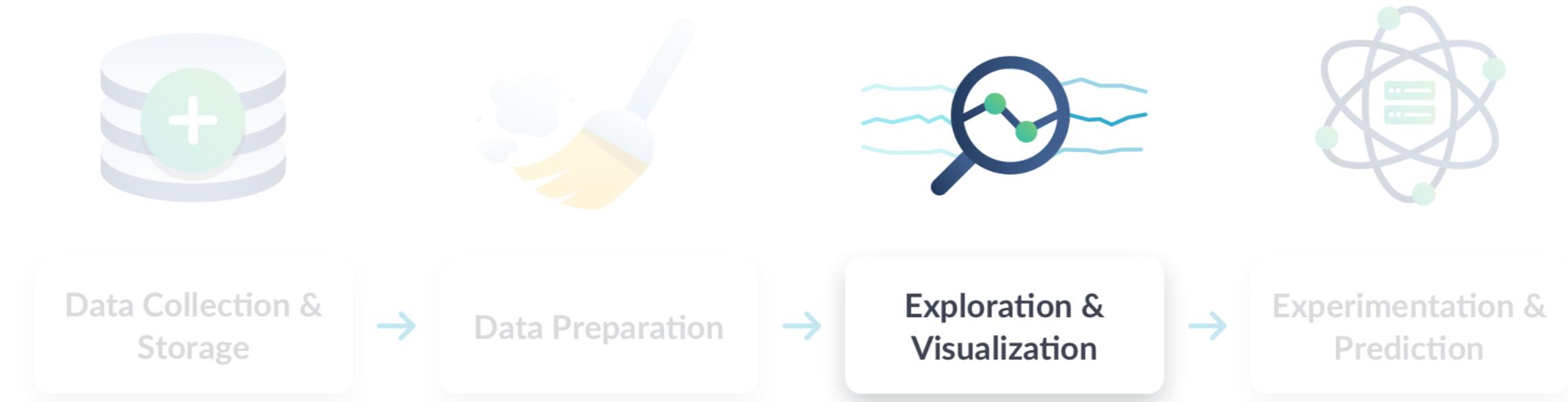
What is EDA?

Exploratory Data Analysis:

- Exploring the data
- Formulating hypotheses
- Assessing characteristics
- Visualizing



Data workflow



Let's dive right in

Dataset 1		Dataset 2		Dataset 3		Dataset 4	
x	y	x	y	x	y	x	y
10.0	8.04	10.0	9.14	10.0	7.46	8.0	6.58
8.0	6.95	8.0	8.14	8.0	6.77	8.0	5.76
13.0	7.58	13.0	8.74	13.0	12.74	8.0	7.71
9.0	8.81	9.0	8.77	9.0	7.11	8.0	8.84
11.0	8.33	11.0	9.26	11.0	7.81	8.0	8.47
14.0	9.96	14.0	8.10	14.0	8.84	8.0	7.04
6.0	7.24	6.0	6.13	6.0	6.08	8.0	5.25
4.0	4.26	4.0	3.10	4.0	5.39	19.0	12.50
12.0	10.84	12.0	9.13	12.0	8.15	8.0	5.56
7.0	4.82	7.0	7.26	7.0	6.42	8.0	7.91
5.0	5.68	5.0	4.74	5.0	5.73	8.0	6.89

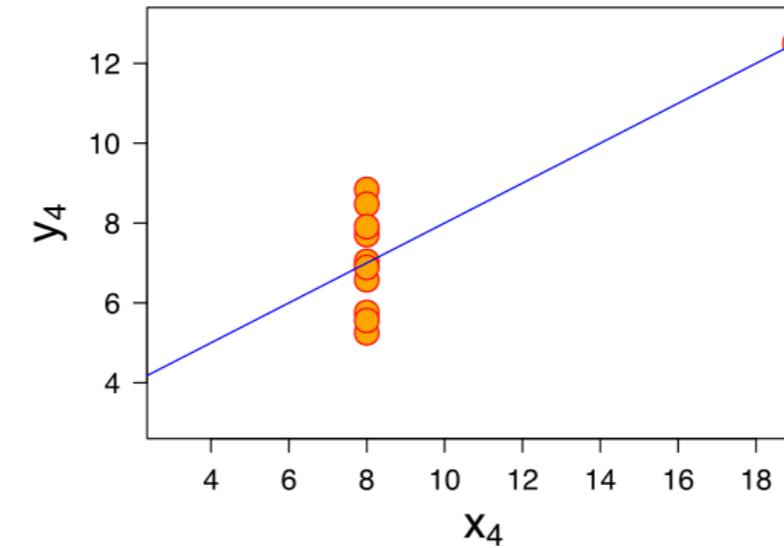
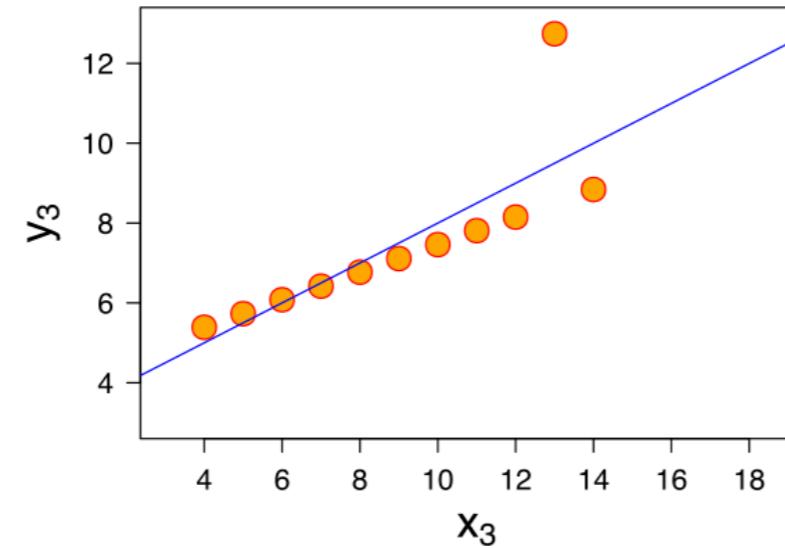
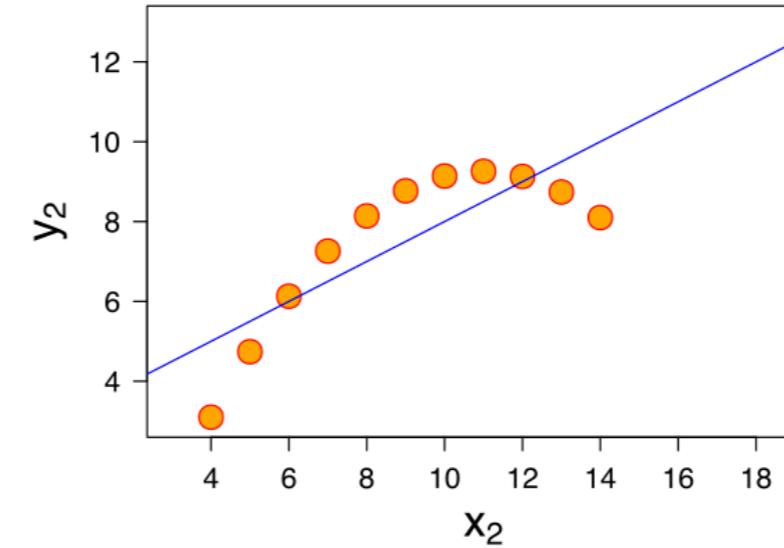
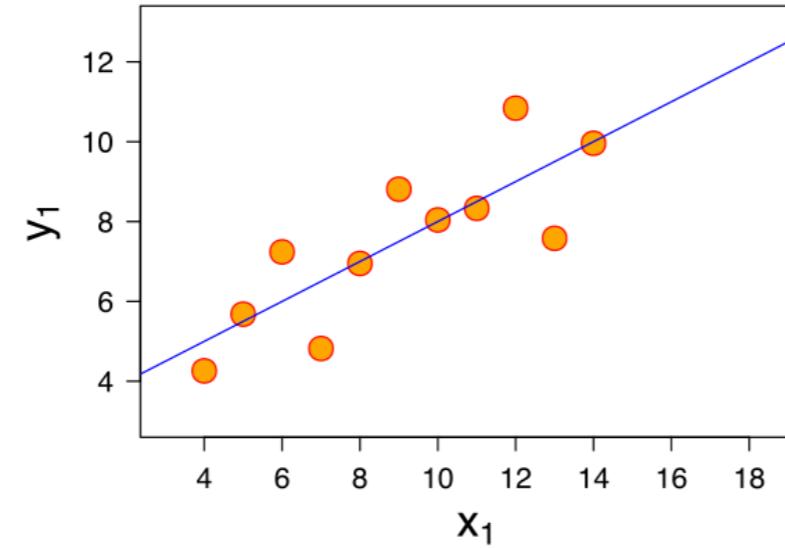
Surprise!

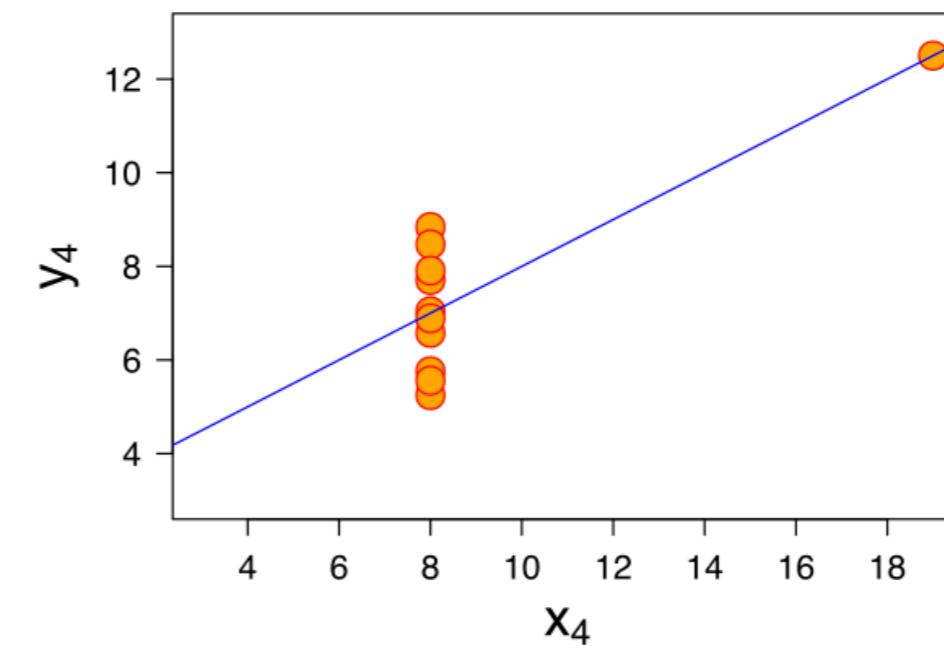
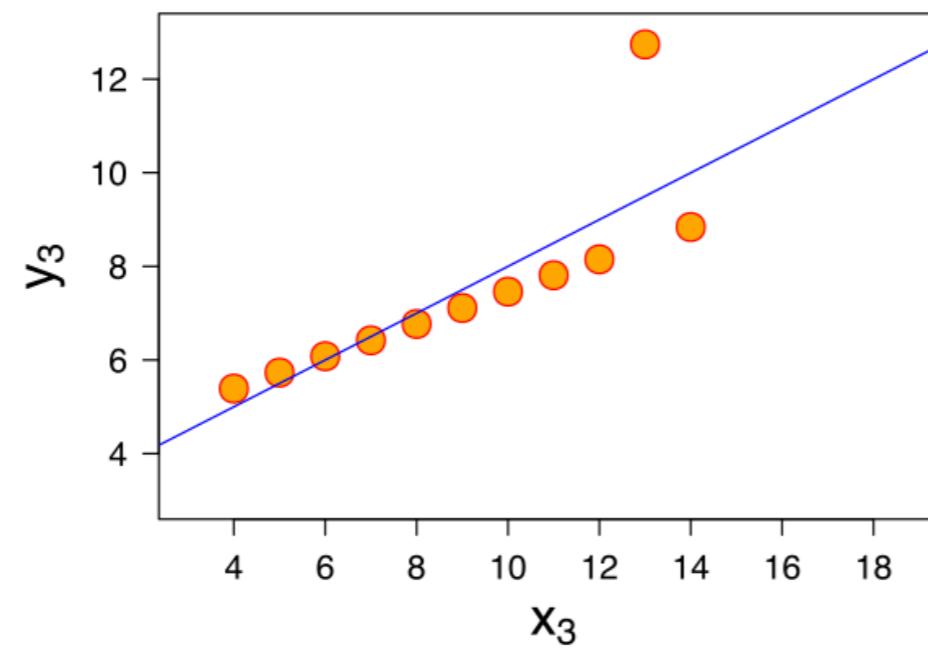
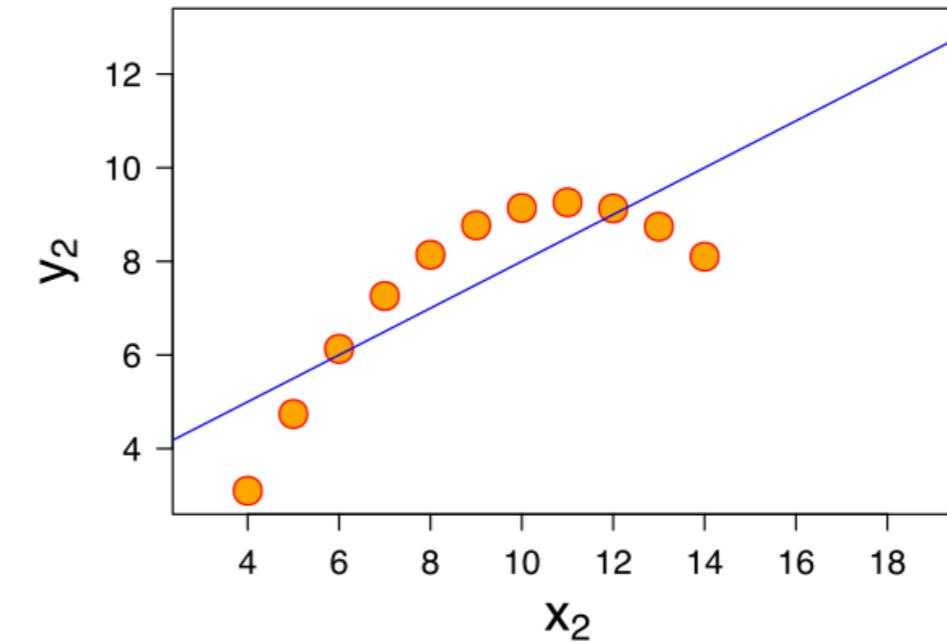
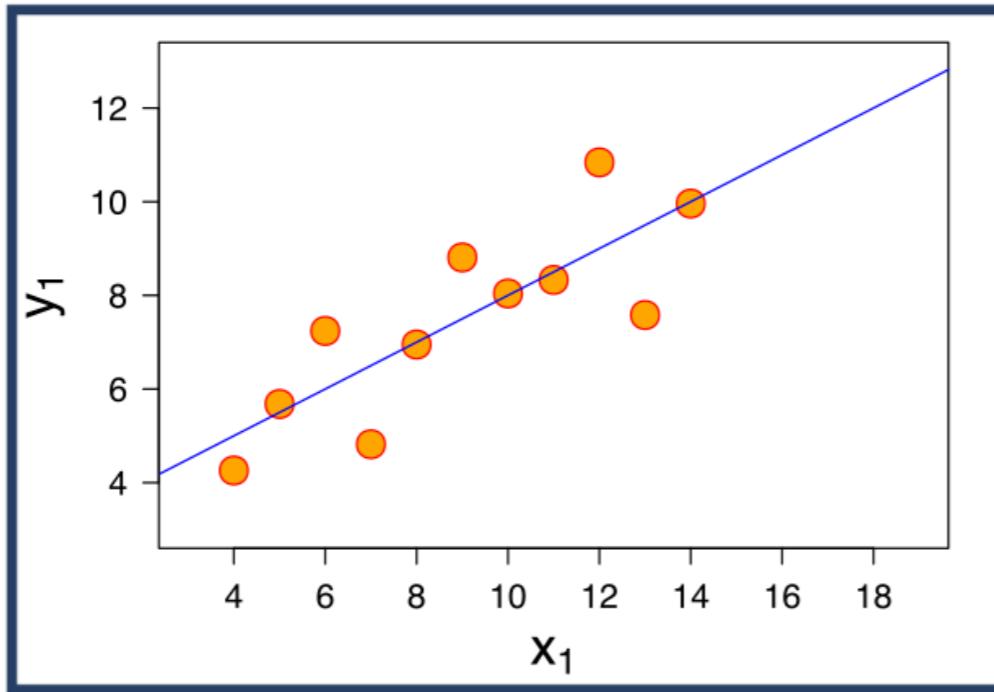
All four datasets display:

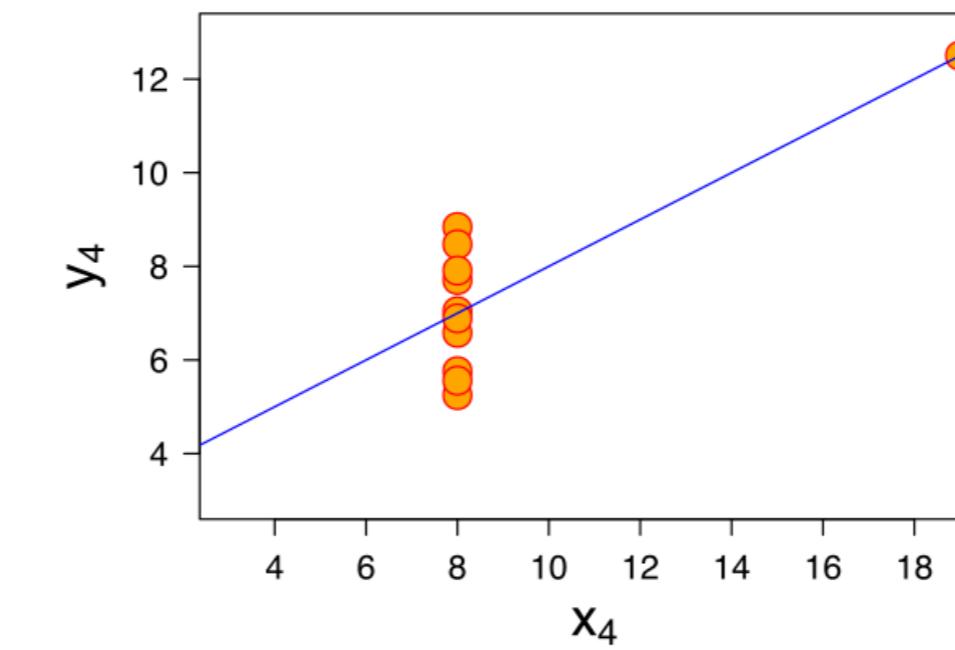
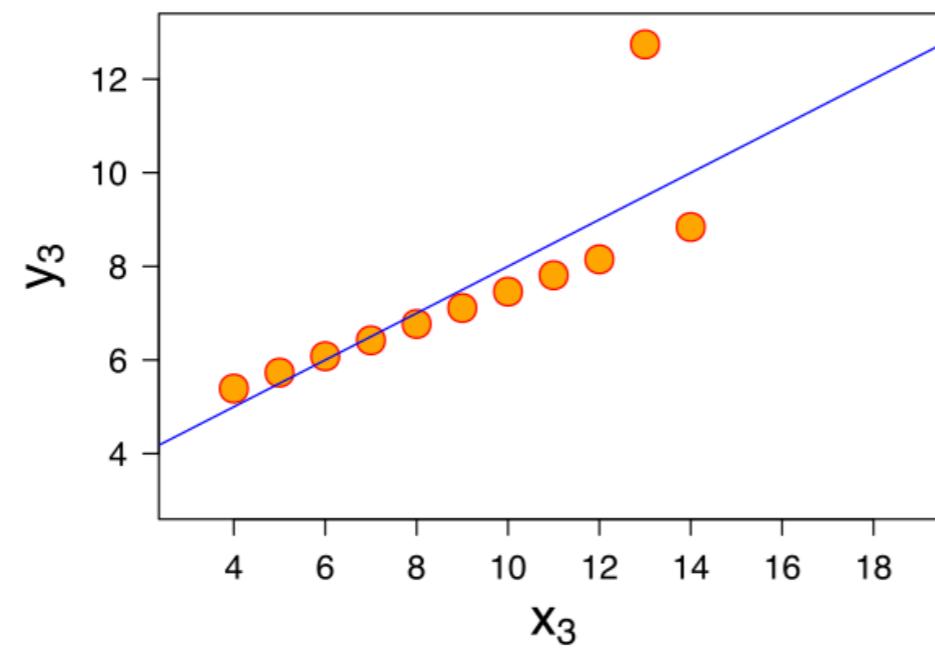
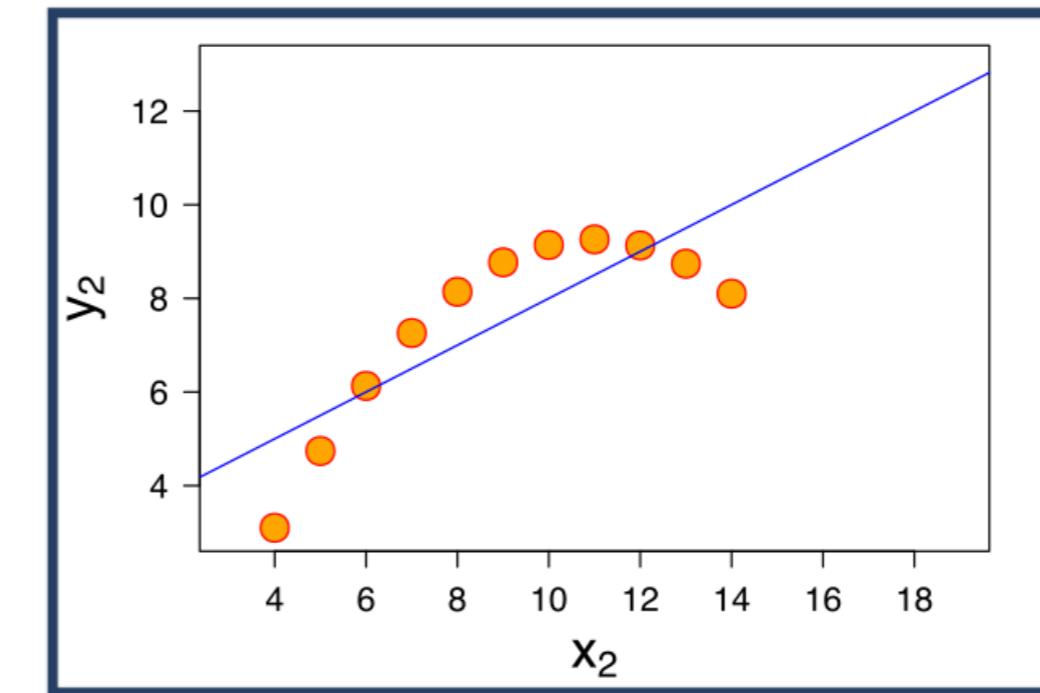
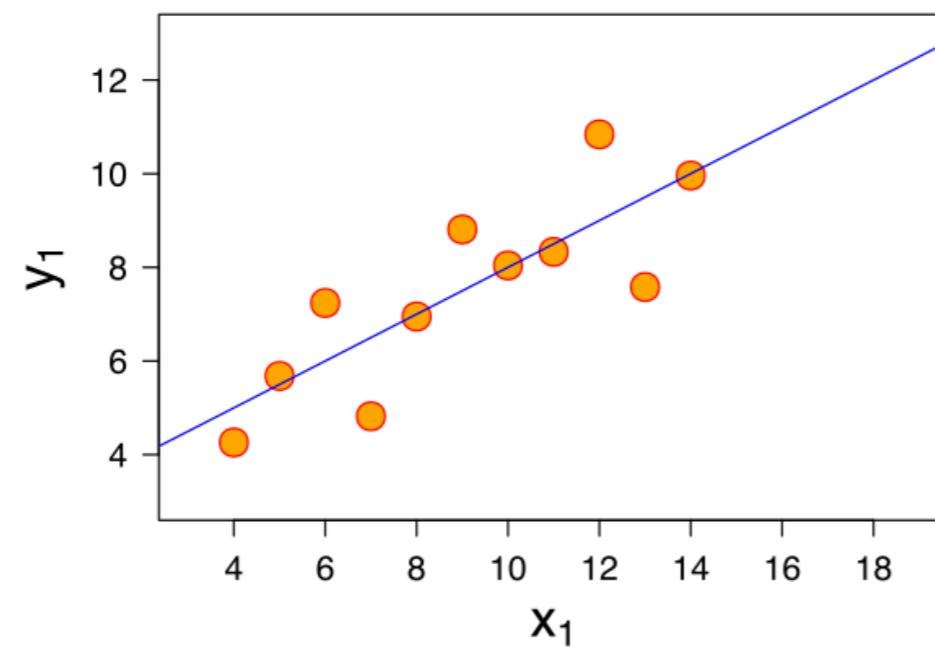
- identical mean and variance for x
- identical mean and variance for y
- identical correlation coefficient
- identical linear regression equation

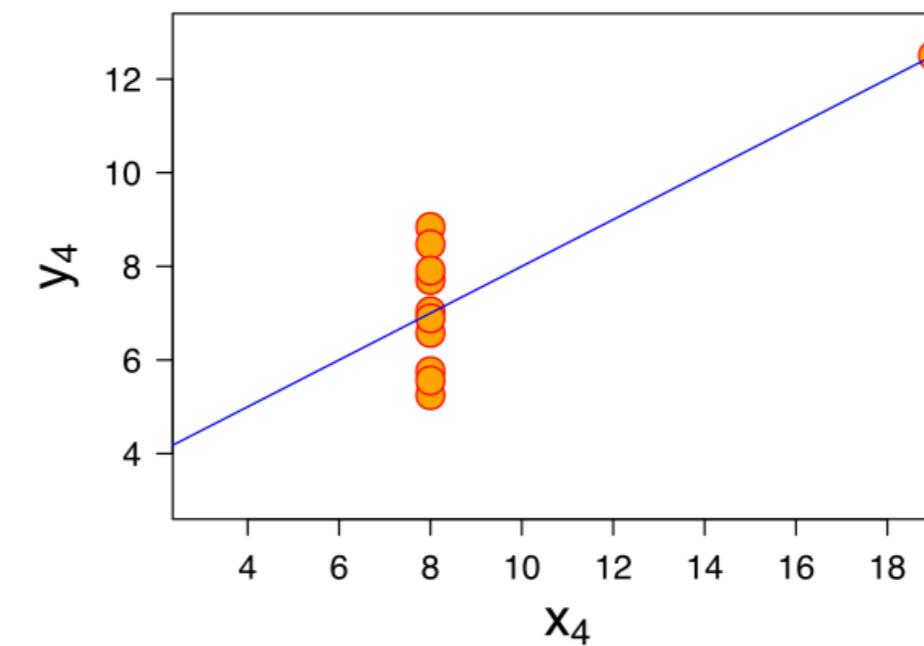
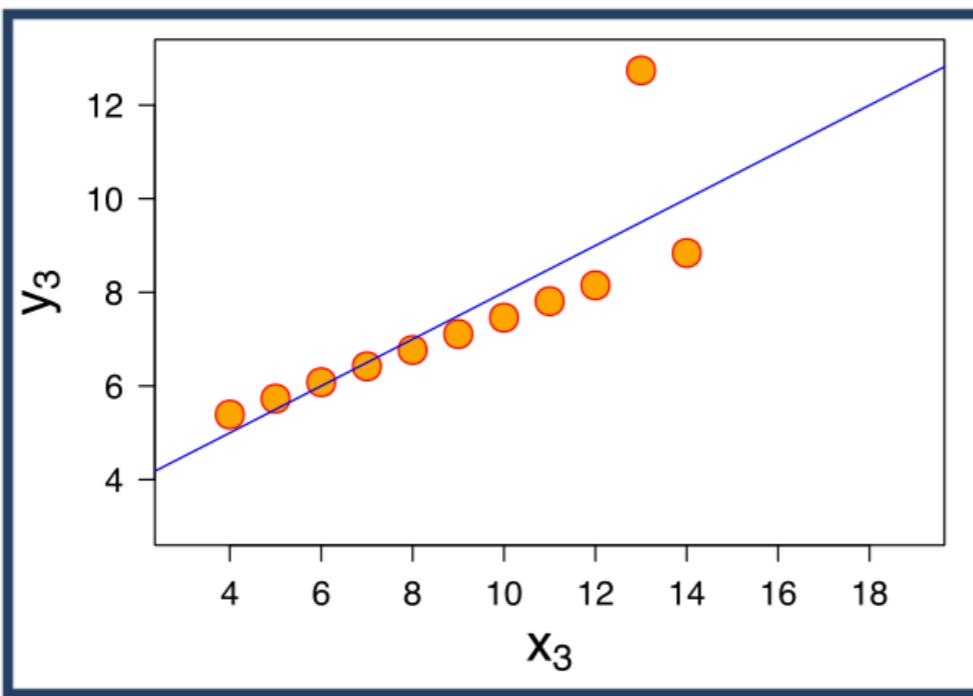
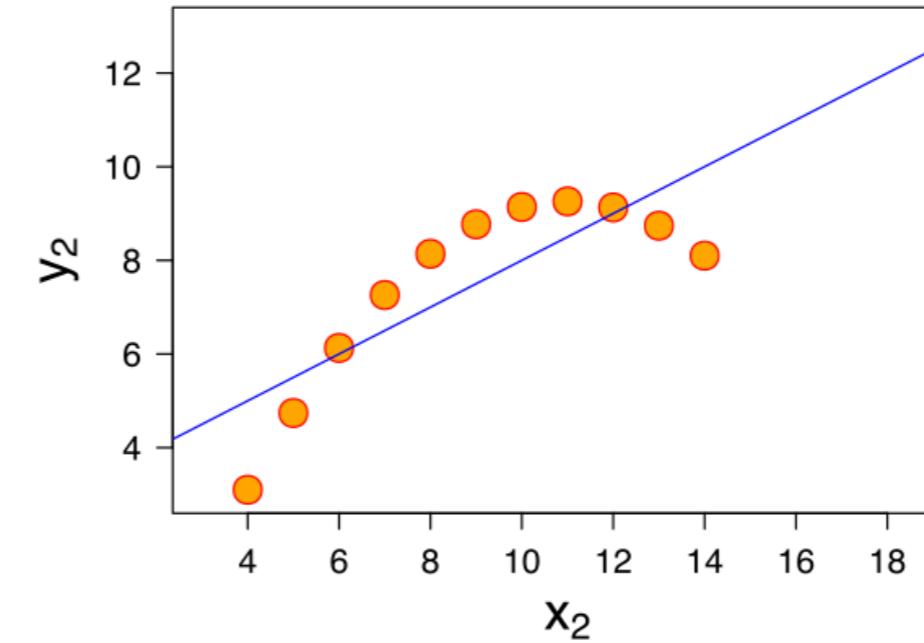
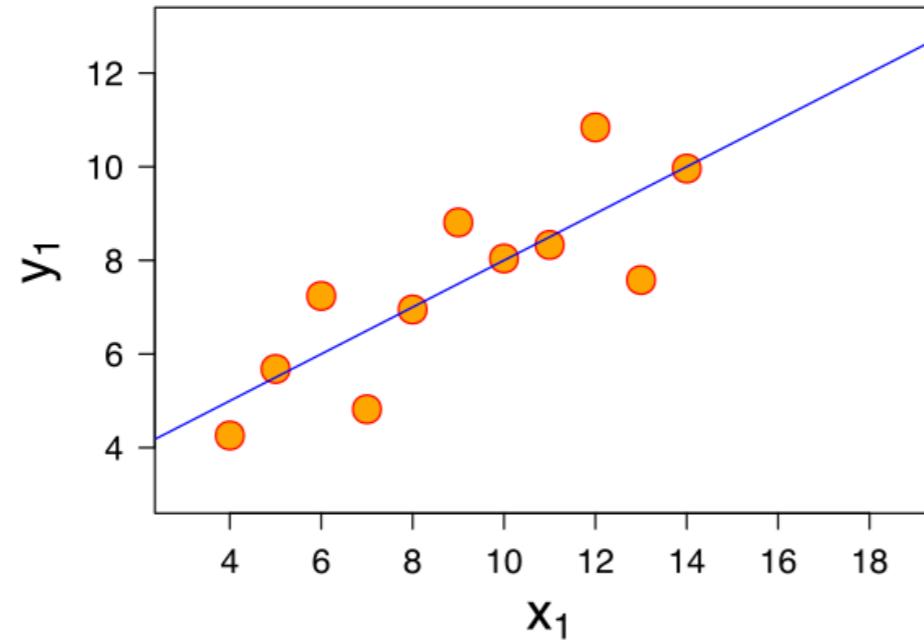
In short: **they look quite similar**

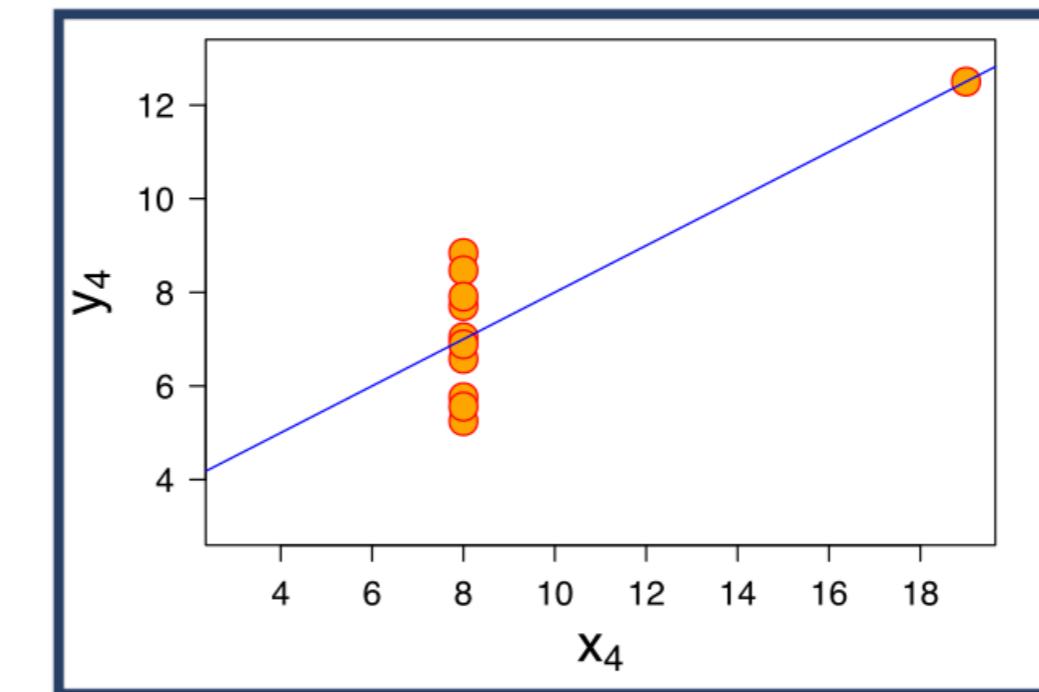
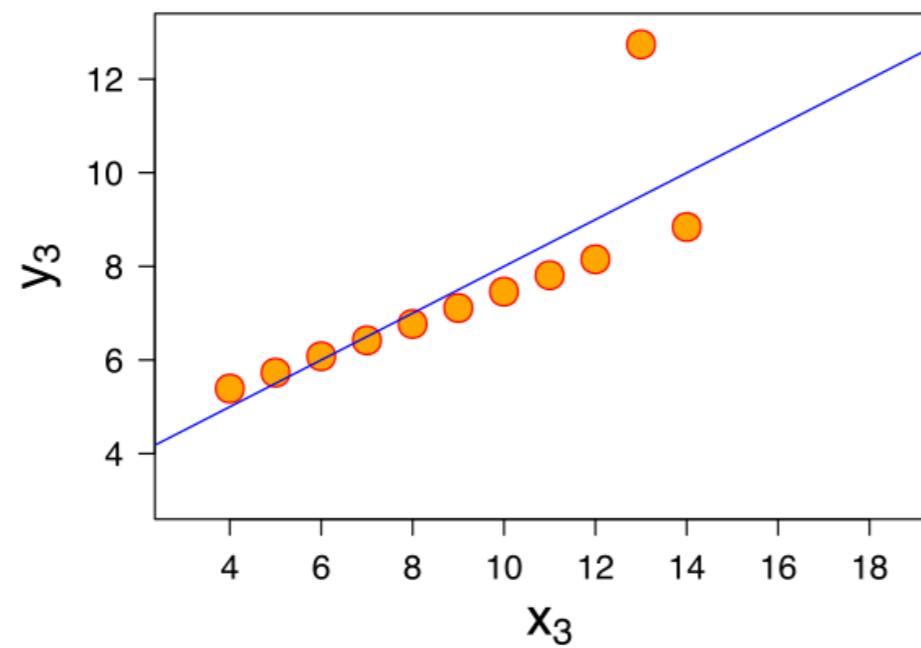
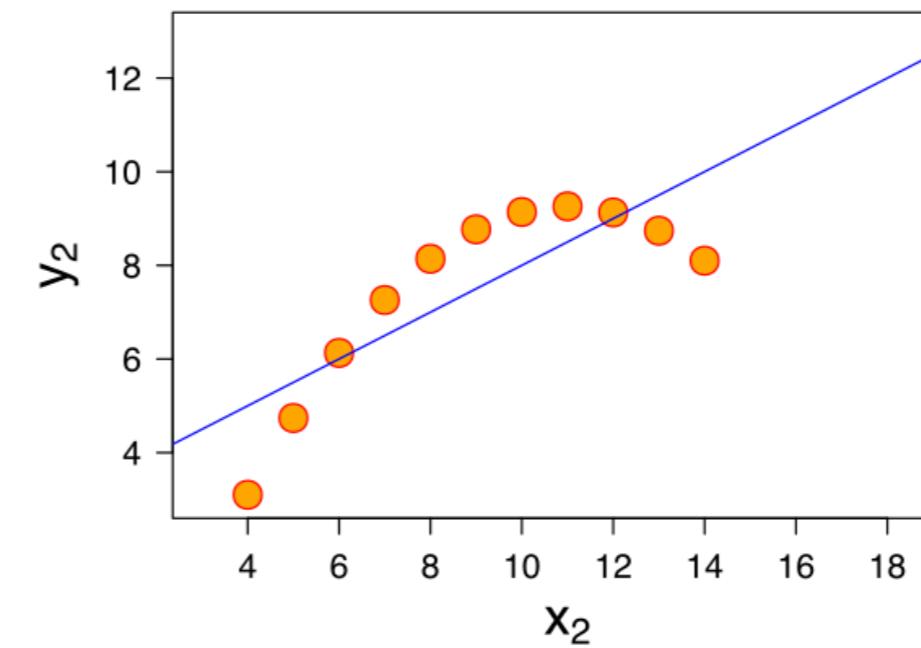
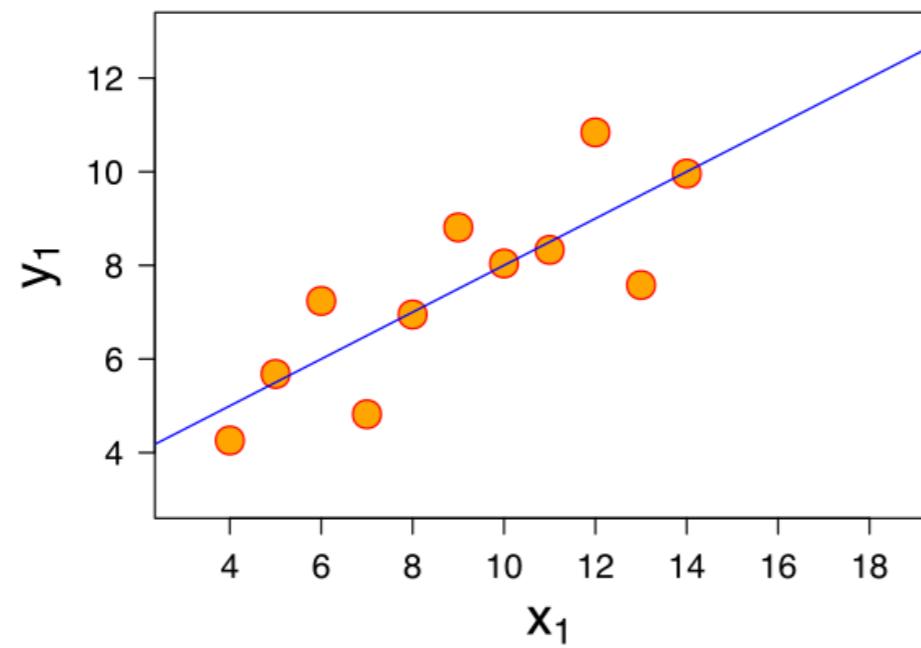
Anscombe's quartet













Knowing your data

- Flight Number (number)
- Date (datetime)
- Time (UTC) (datetime)
- Booster Version (text)
- Launch Site (text)
- Payload (text)
- Payload Mass (kg) (number)
- Orbit (text)
- Customer (text)
- Mission Outcome (text)
- Landing Outcome (text)

Previewing your data

Flight	Date	Time (UTC)	Booster	Version	Launch Site	Payload	
1	2010-06-04	18:45:00	F9	v1.0	B0003	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit
2	2010-12-08	15:43:00	F9	v1.0	B0004	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats...
3	2012-05-22	7:44:00	F9	v1.0	B0005	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon demo flight C2+
4	2012-10-08	0:35:00	F9	v1.0	B0006	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-1
5	2013-03-01	15:10:00	F9	v1.0	B0007	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-2

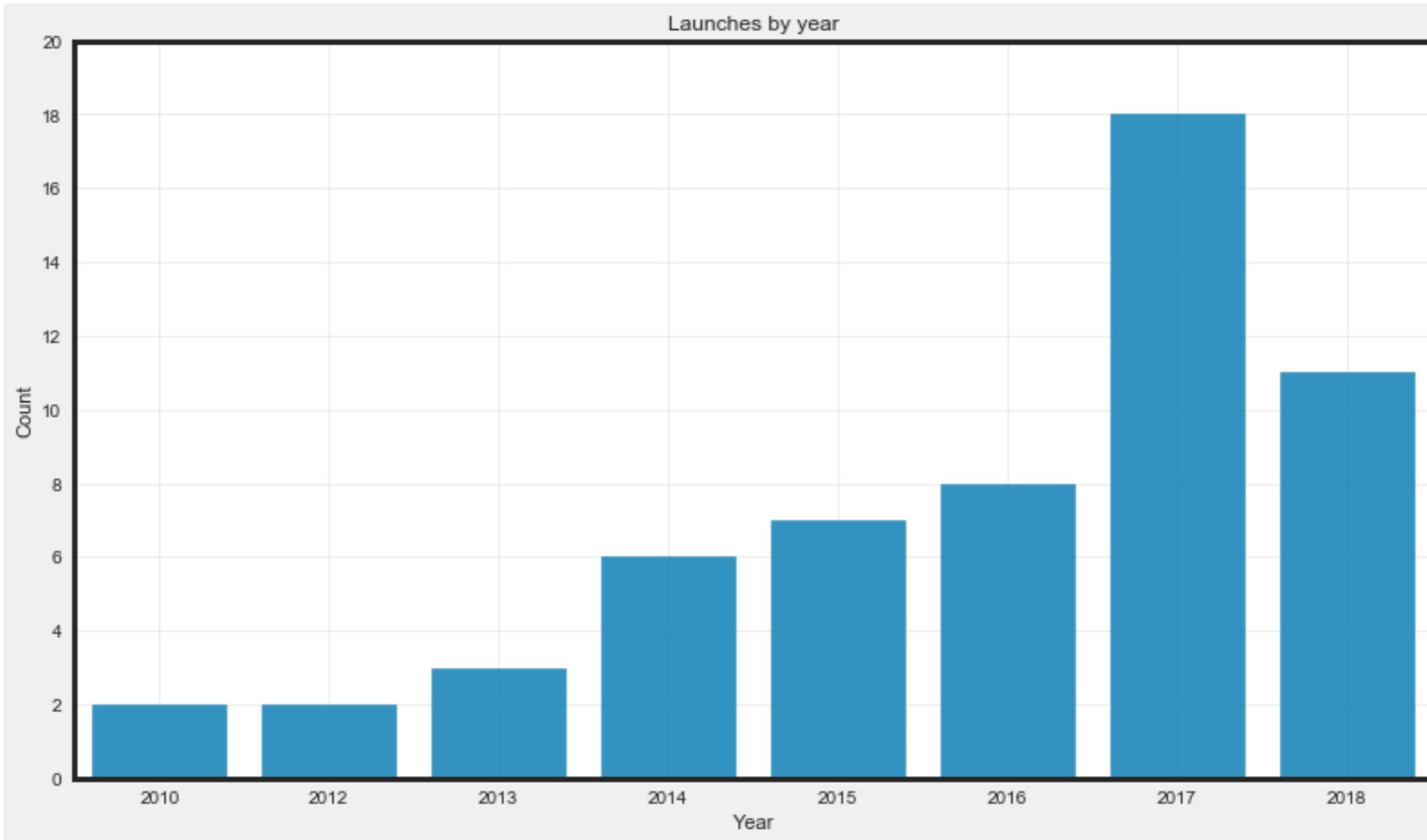
Payload Mass (kg)	Orbit	Customer	Mission Outcome	Landing Outcome
NaN	LEO	SpaceX	Success	Failure (parachute)
NaN	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS)	Success	Failure (parachute)
525	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS)	Success	No attempt
500	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt
677	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt

Descriptive statistics

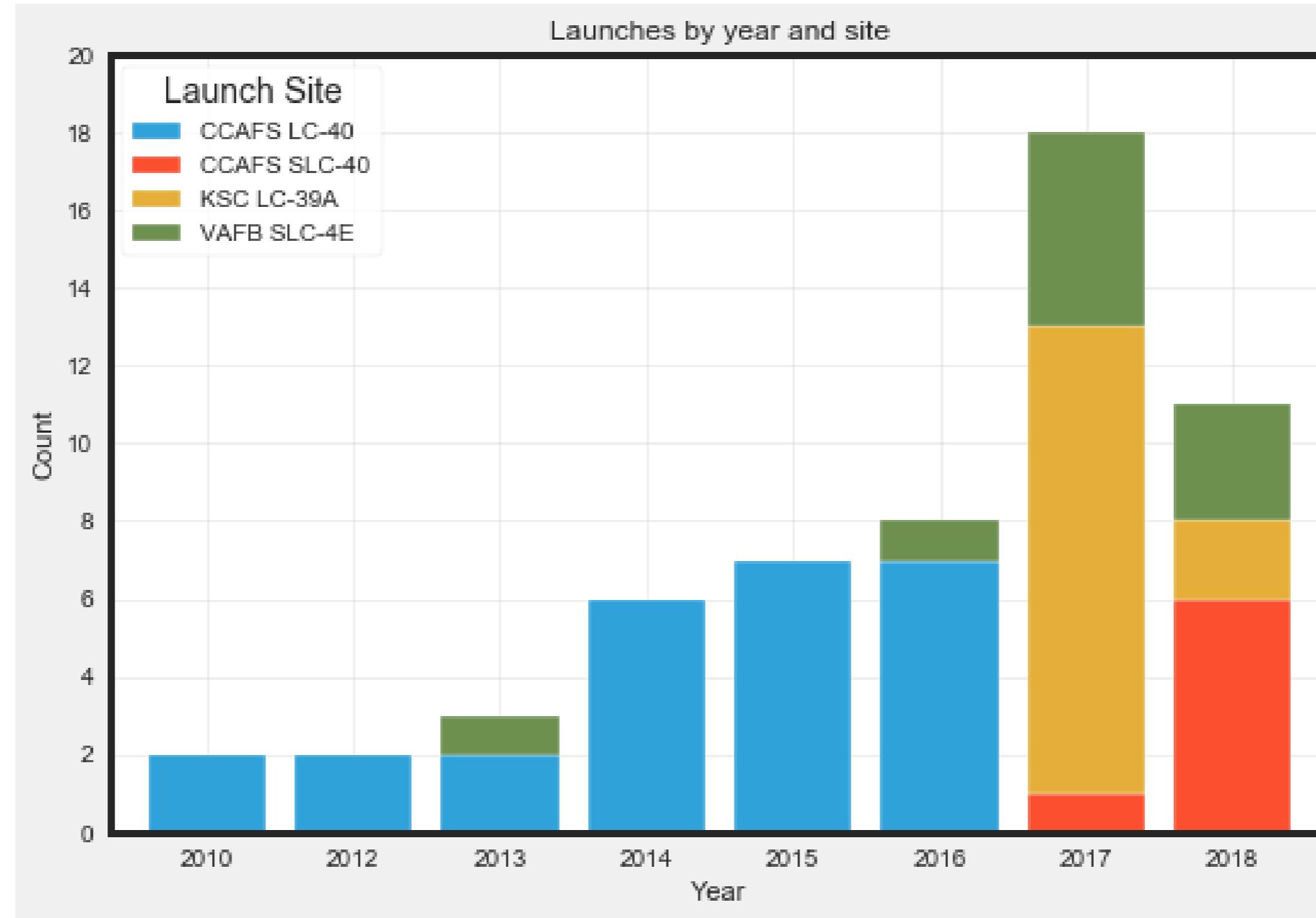
	Flight	Date	Time (UTC)	Booster	Version	Launch Site	Payload
count	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
unique	55	55	53	51	4	55	55
top	6	2018-03-30	4:45:00	F9	v1.1	CCAFS LC-40	SES-9
freq	1	1	2	5	26	1	1

	Payload Mass (kg)	Orbit	Customer	Mission Outcome	Landing Outcome
count	53	55	55	55	55
unique	47	8	28	2	12
top	9,600	GTO	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt
freq	5	22	14	54	18

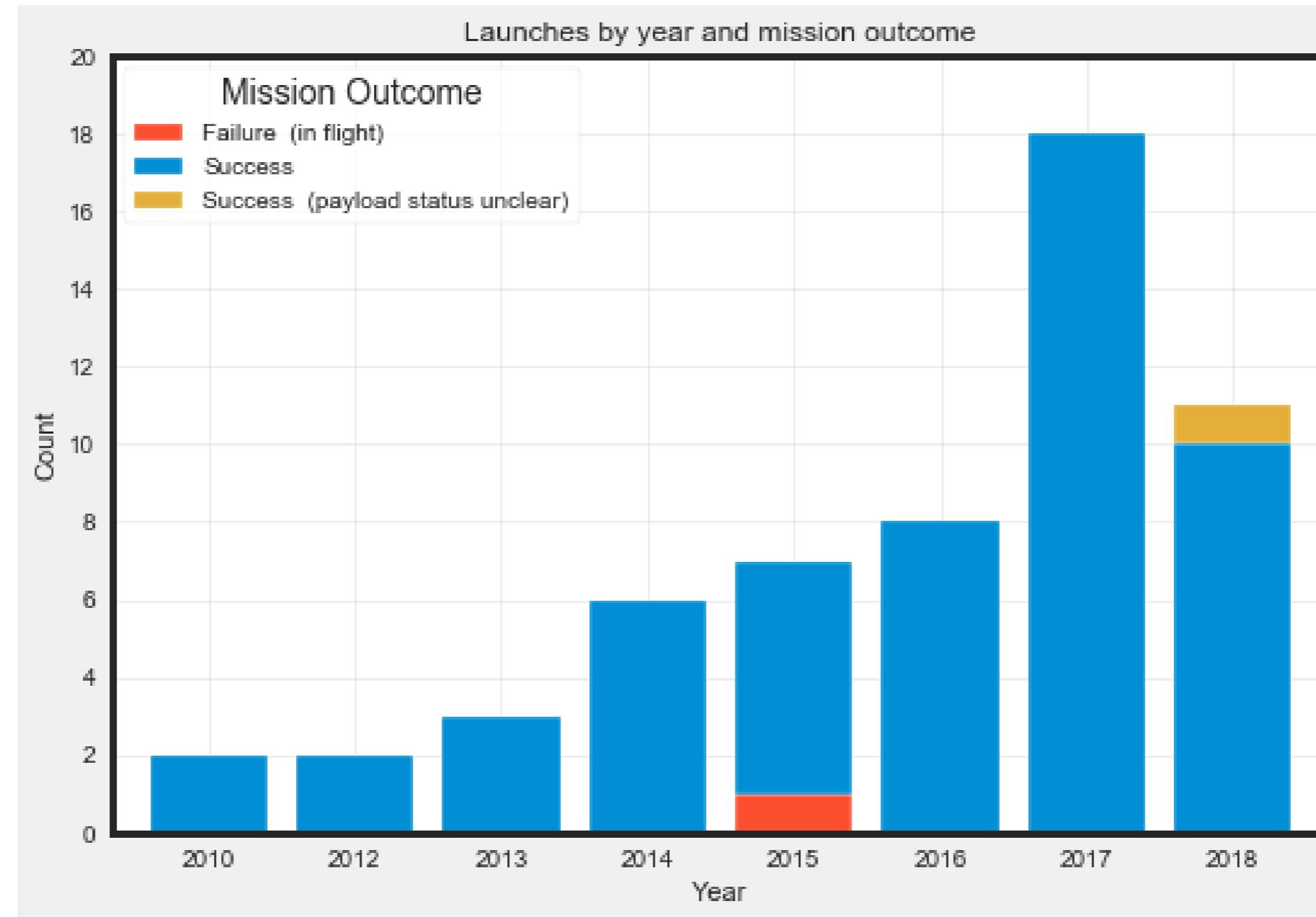
Visualize!



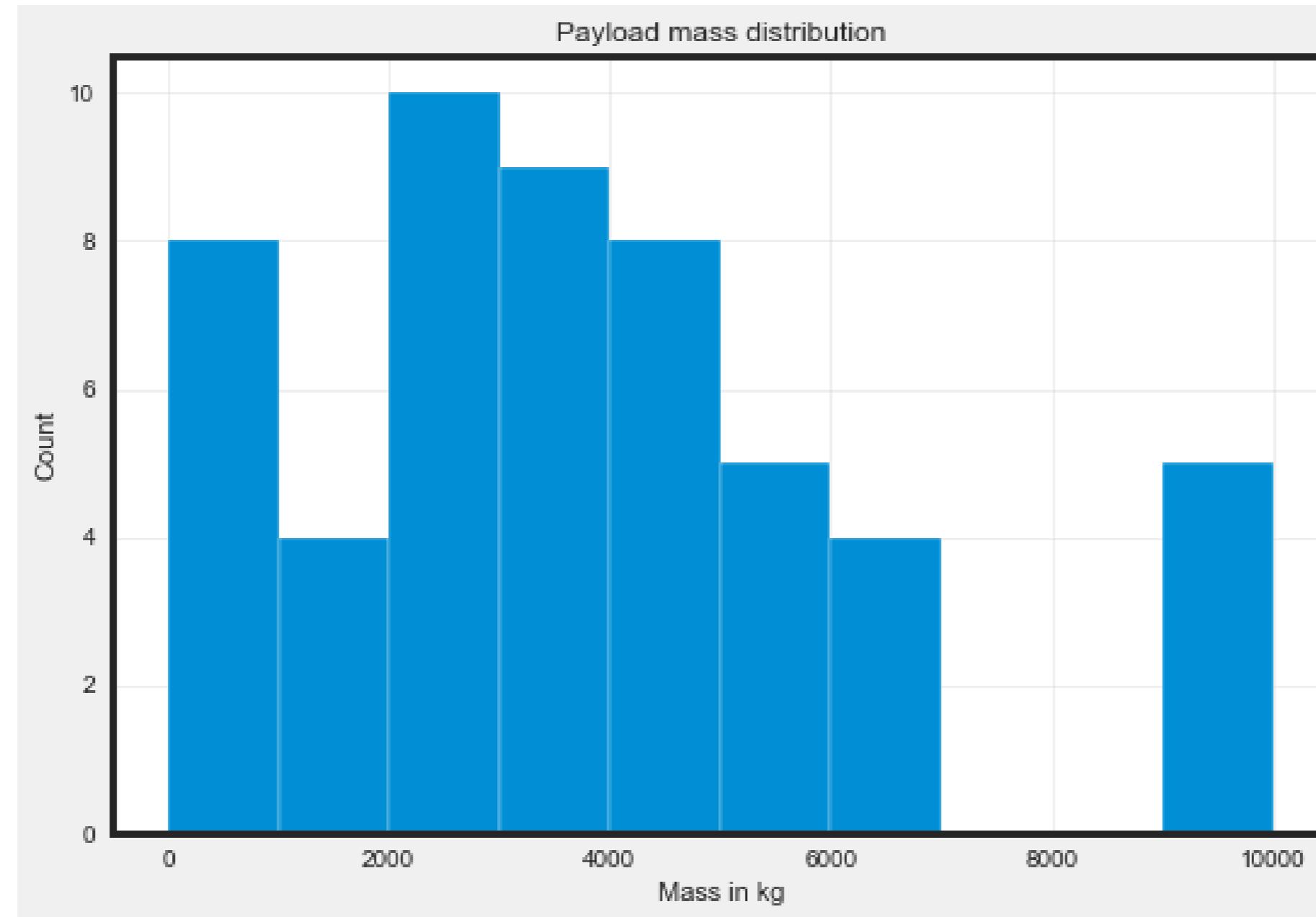
Ask more questions!



Ask more questions!



Outliers



Let's practice!

UNDERSTANDING DATA SCIENCE

Interactive dashboards

UNDERSTANDING DATA SCIENCE



Hadrien Lacroix

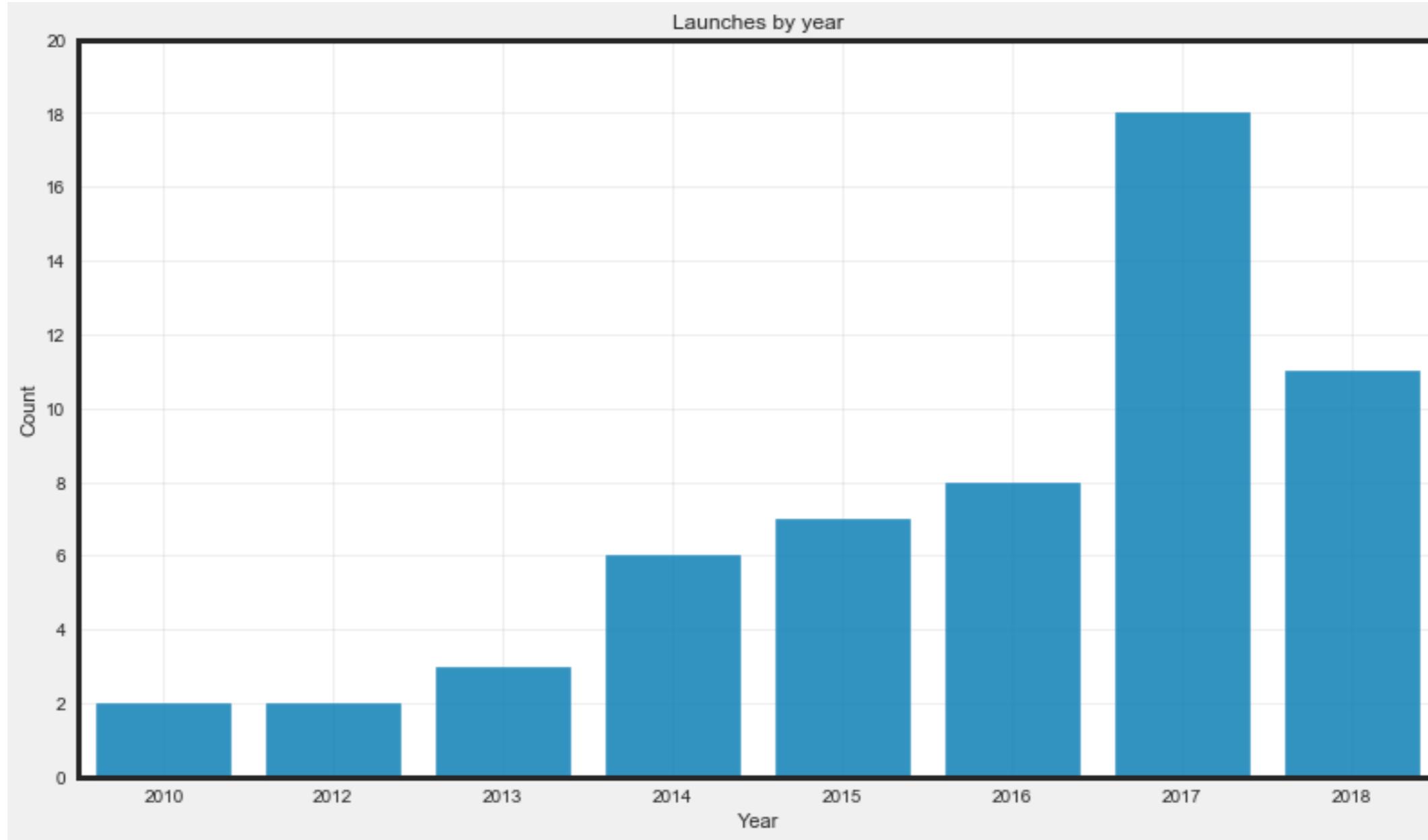
Content Developer at DataCamp

One picture...

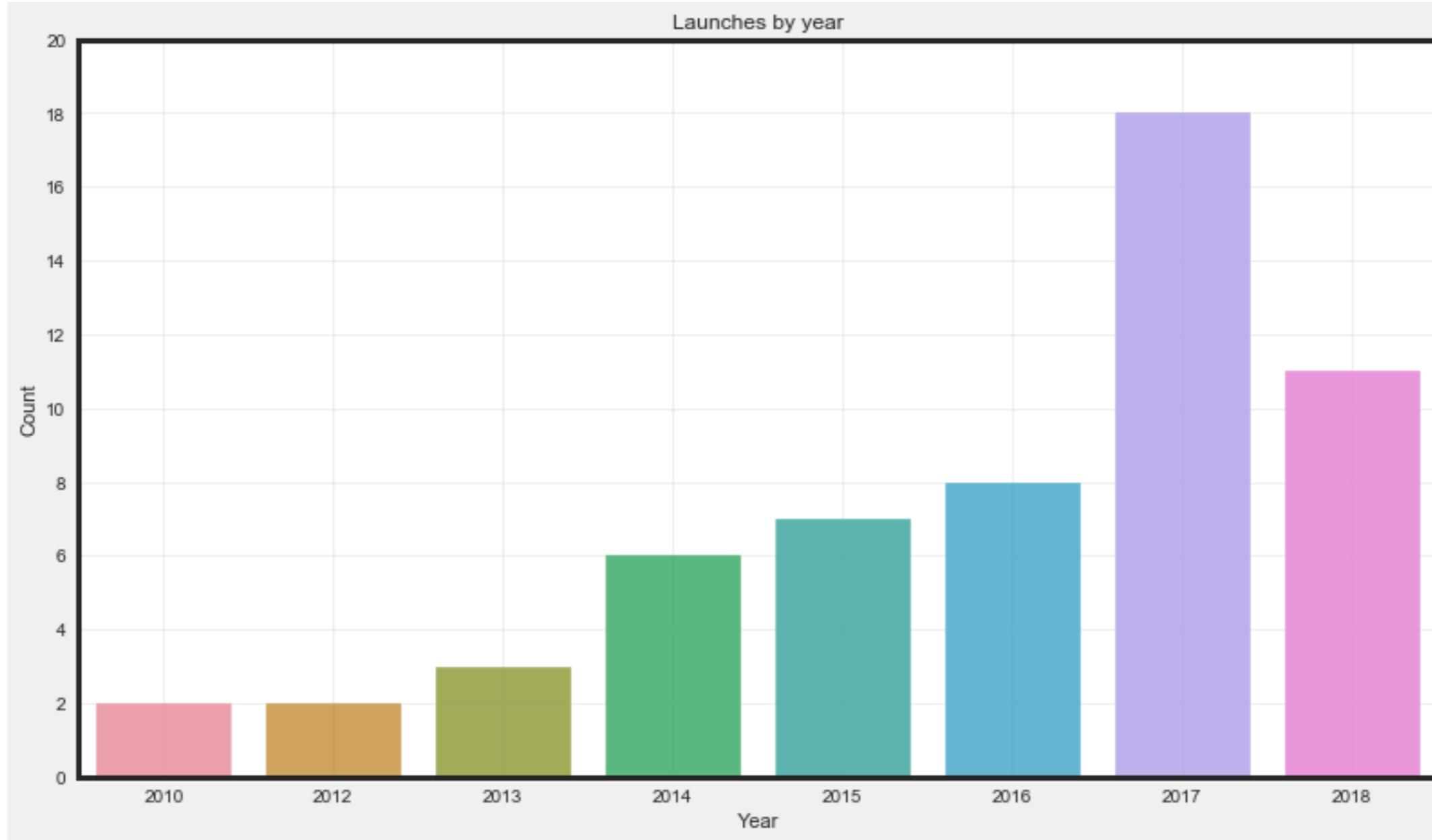
One picture is worth a thousand words...

...if the picture makes sense.

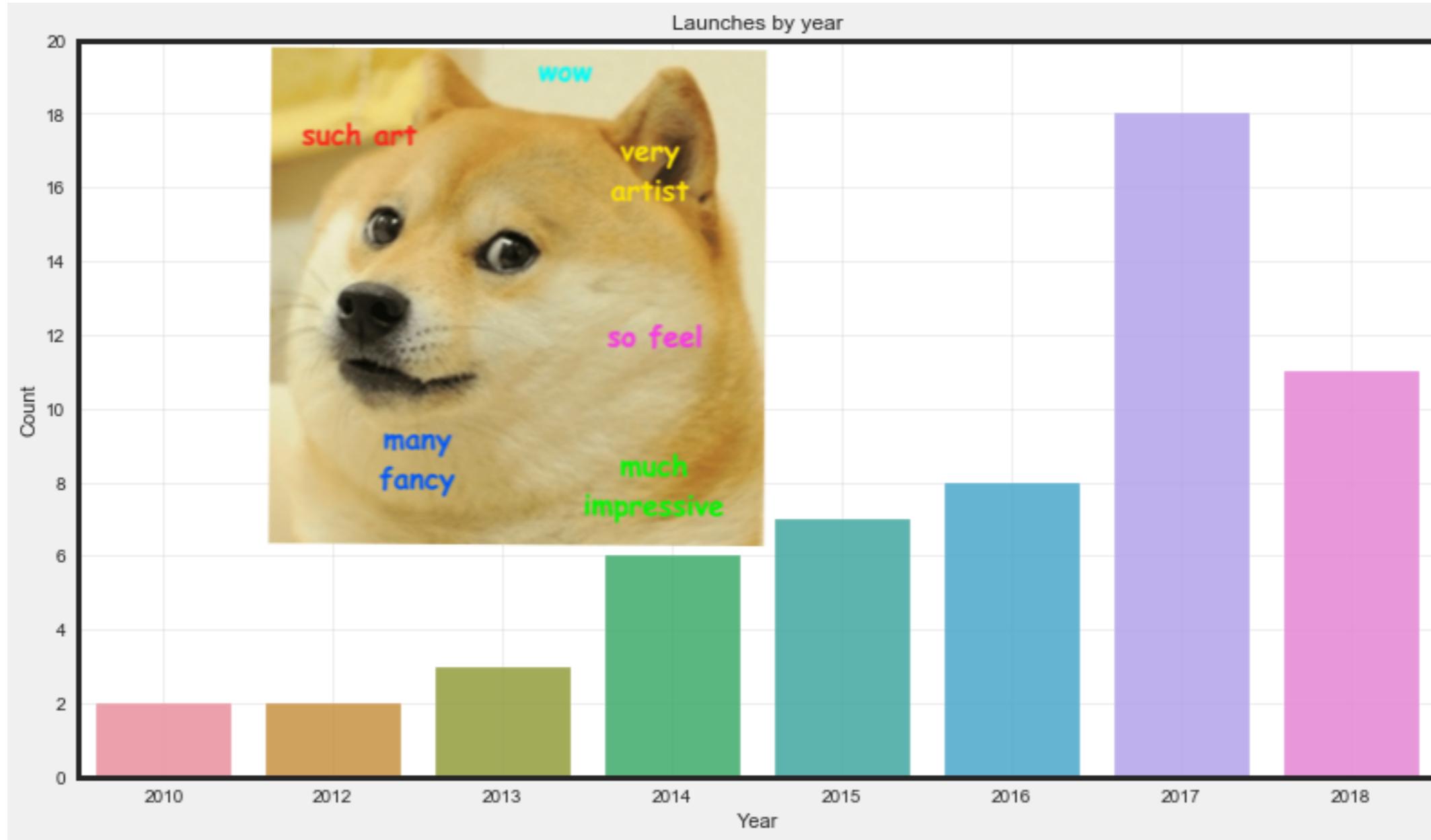
Use color purposefully



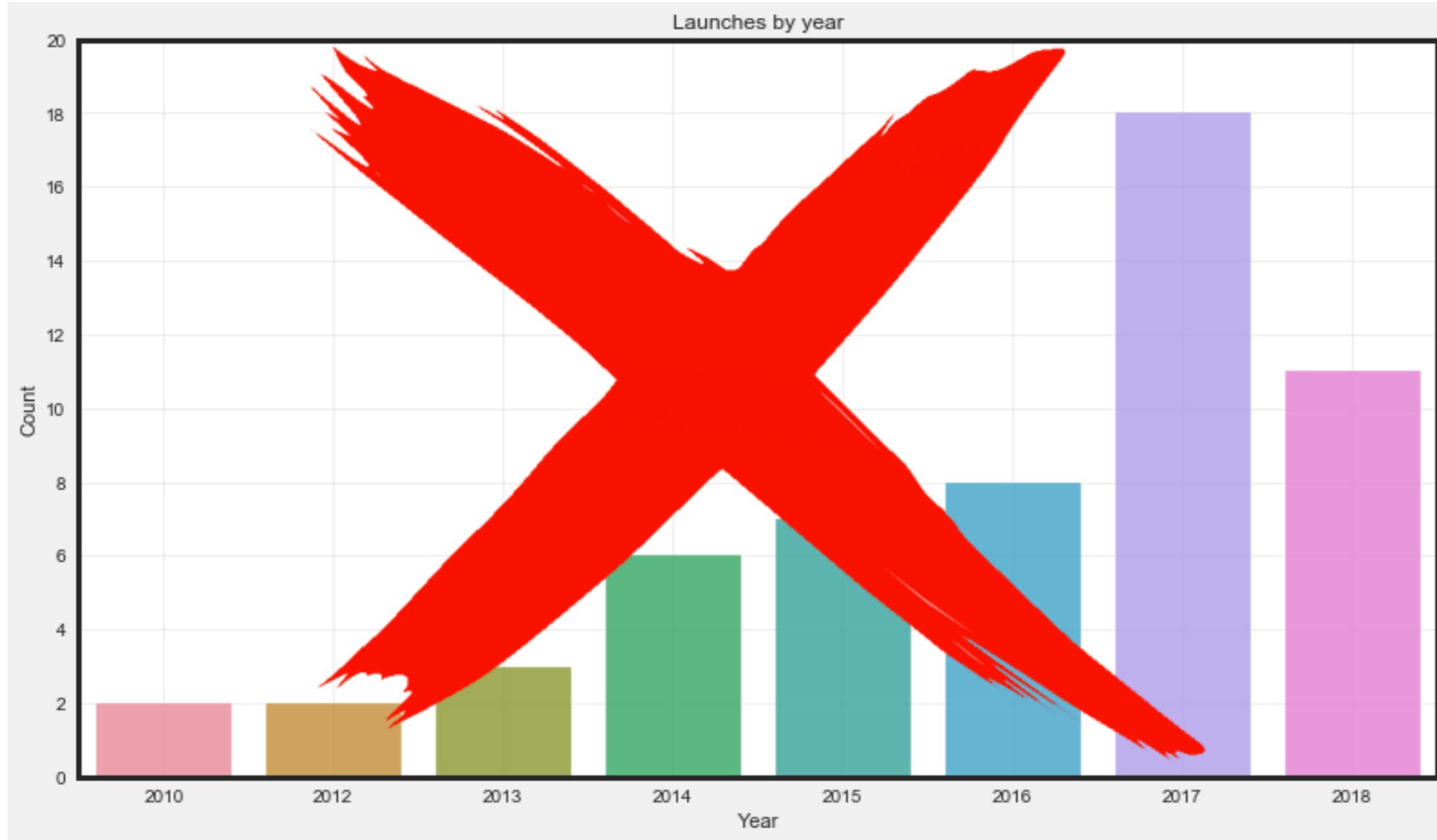
Use color purposefully



Use color purposefully



Use color purposefully



Colorblindness

- Red and green is the most common (but not the only one)
- Information and simulators online
- Existing color palettes accessible to everyone

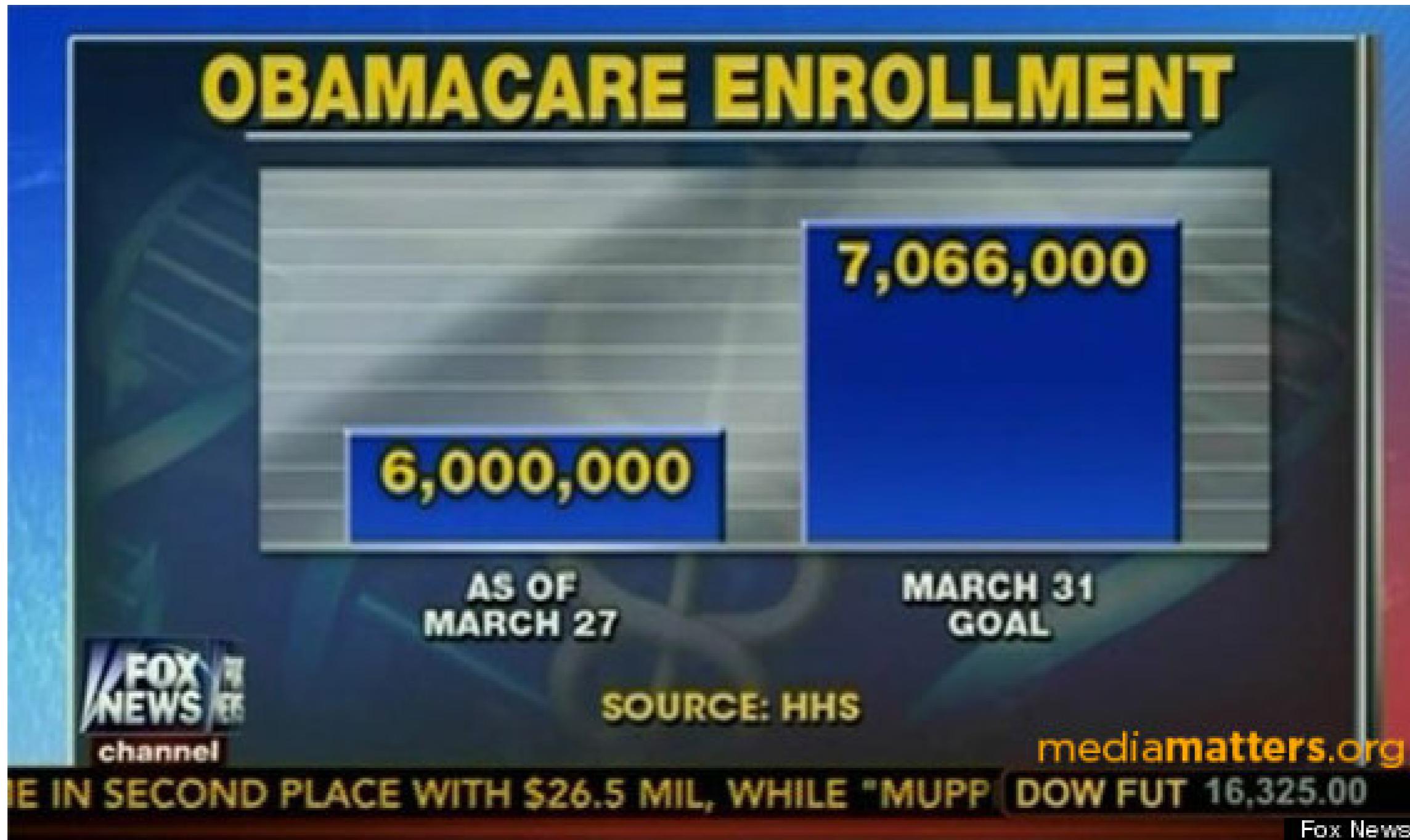
Readable fonts

- sans-serif

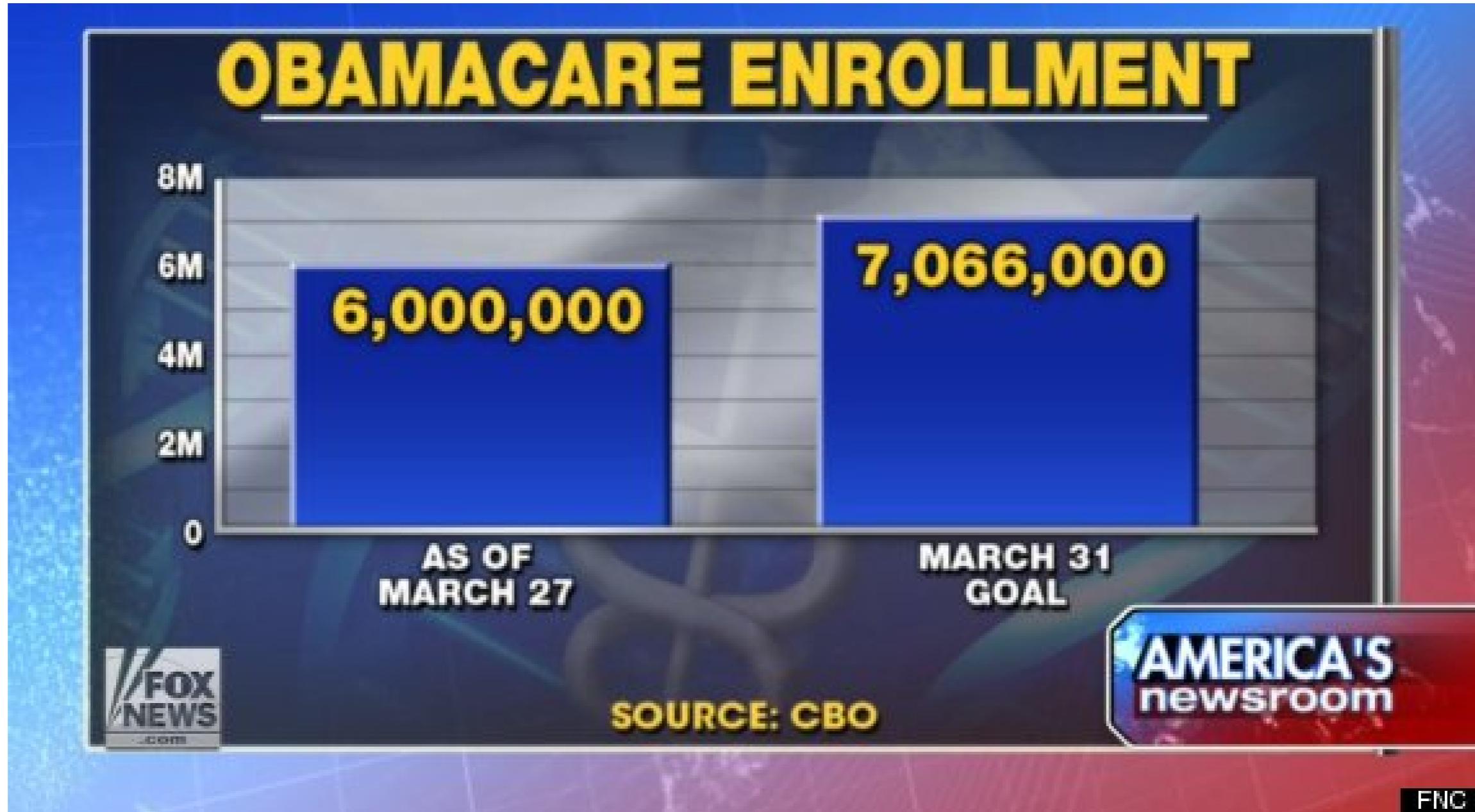
Label, label, label

- title
- x axis label
- y axis label
- legend

Axes



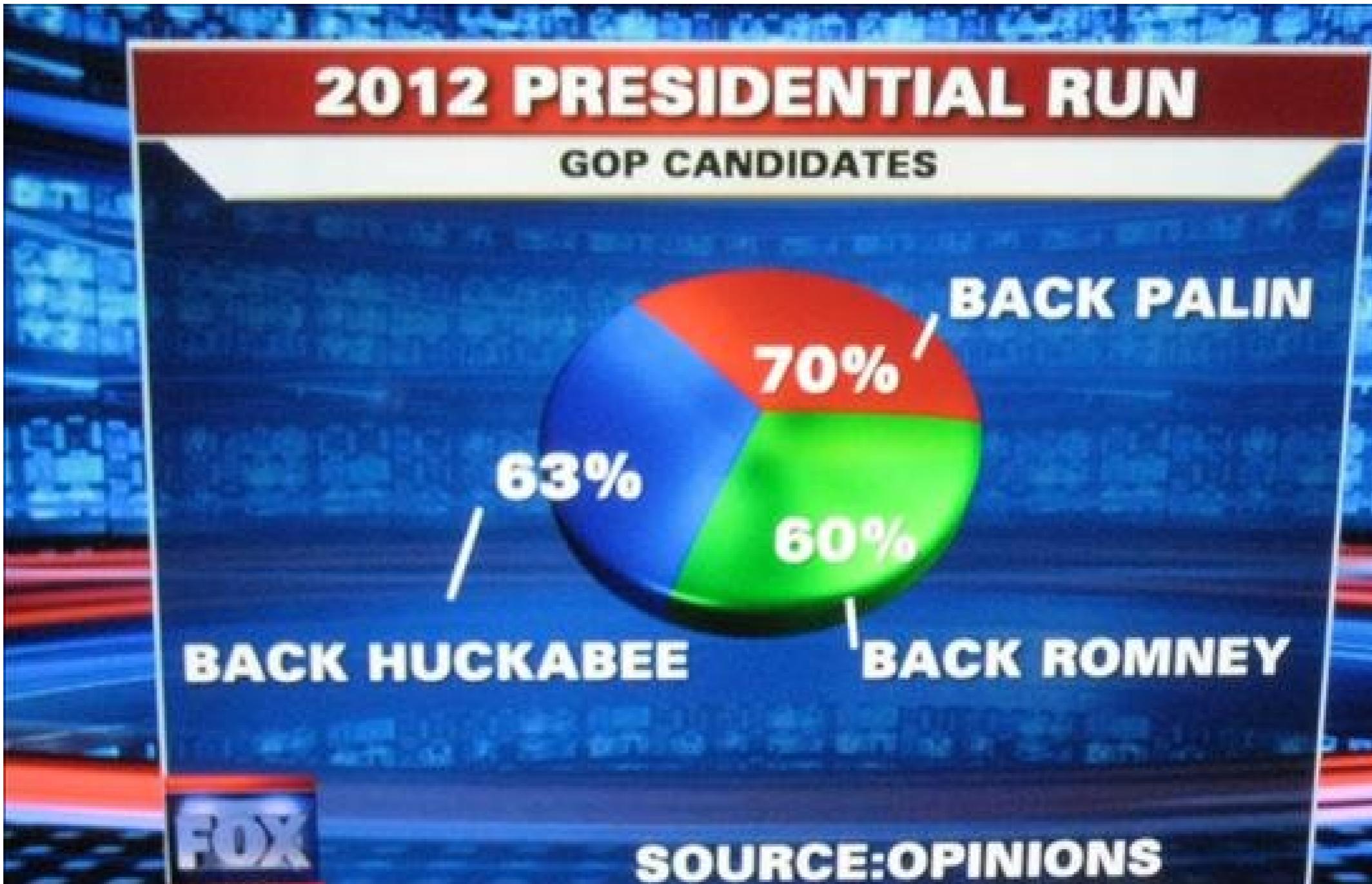
Axes



And the award goes to...



Honorable mention



Question

$1 \text{ picture} = 1000 \text{ words}$

$1000 \text{ pictures} = ?$

A dashboard!



¹ Photo by Marek Szturc on Unsplash

Sales Summary

Salesforce Data

Days Left to EoQ
31

QTD Sales
\$4,978K

Current Quarter Quota
\$10,131K

Sales Quota Diff
(\$5,153K)

QTD Transactions
192

QTD Customer Count
193

QTD Opportunity Quantity
12,959

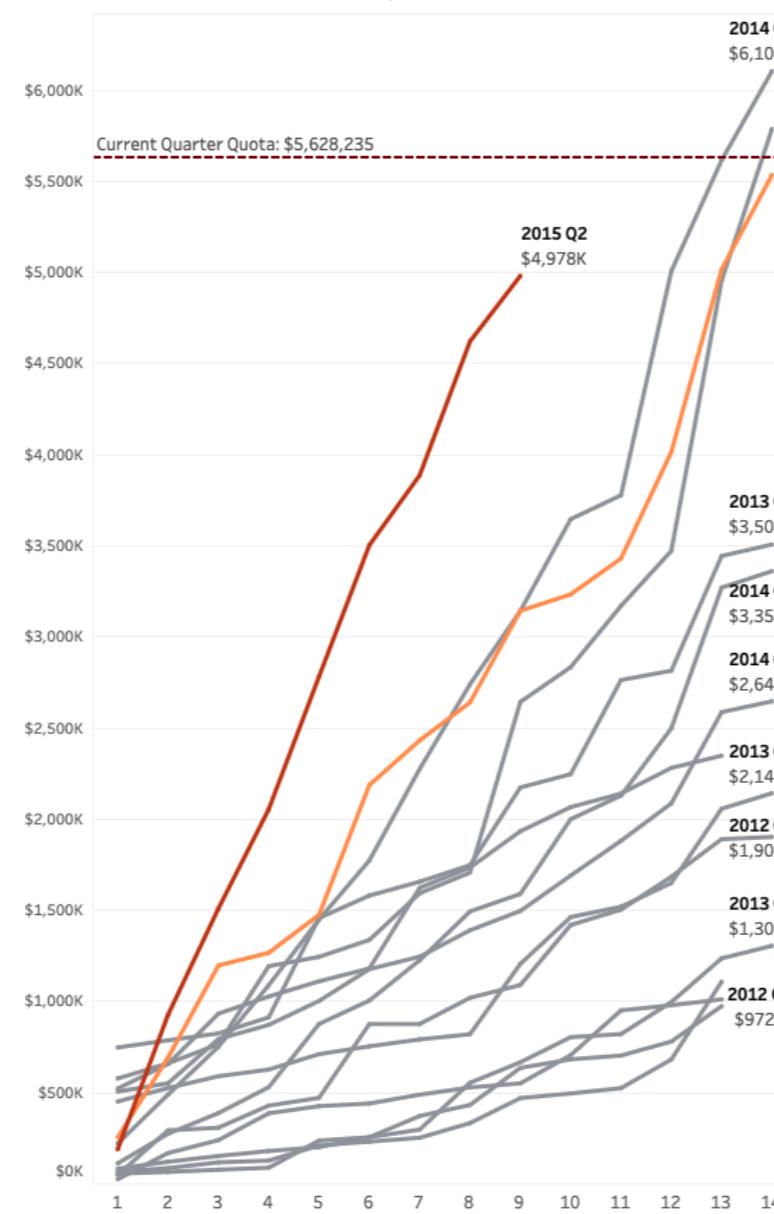
Product Name
All

Opportunity Type
 All
 Software
 Services
 Maintenance

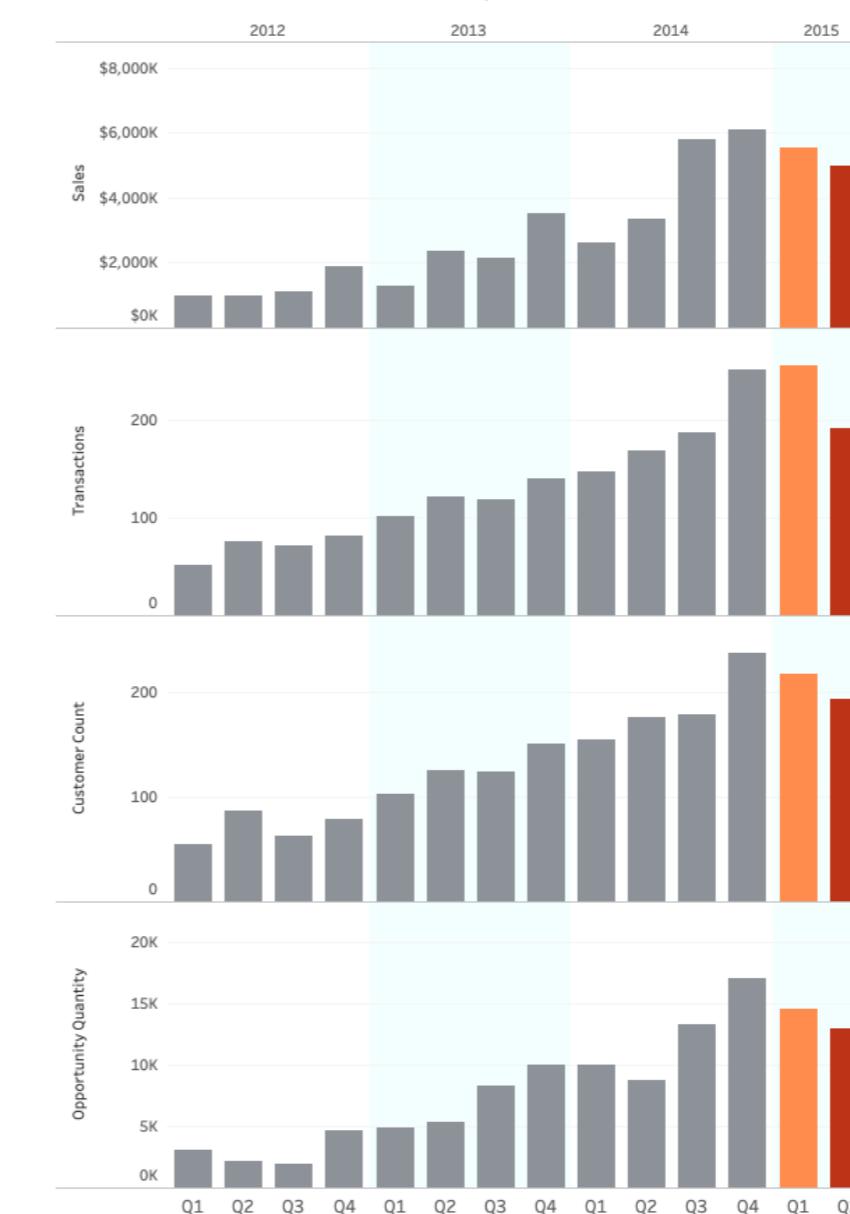
Quarter
Highlight Quarter of Clo...

Quarter
2015 Q2
2015 Q1
2014 Q4
2014 Q3
2014 Q2
2014 Q1
2013 Q4
2013 Q3
2013 Q2
2013 Q1
2012 Q4
2012 Q3
2012 Q2
2012 Q1

Accumulated Sales by Week of the Quarter



Sales Trend by Quarter



BI tools



tableau



Power BI

looker



Next level



Let's practice!

UNDERSTANDING DATA SCIENCE