

Iterating functions

DAX FUNCTIONS IN POWER BI



Maarten Van den Broeck

Content Developer at DataCamp

Iterating functions

- Iterate over each row of a given table to perform an expression

`SUMX(<table>, <expression>)` `AVERAGEX(<table>, <expression>)`

- X stands for eXpression
- Allow for advanced calculations specified at each row

Iterating functions: SUMX()

Calculated column example

```
Cost = Fact_Orders[Sales] - Fact_Orders[Profit]
```

```
Total Costs = SUM(Fact_Orders[Cost])
```

Sales	Profit	Cost
\$77.88	\$3.89	\$73.99
\$22.72	\$10.22	\$12.50
...
Total Costs		
\$2,569		

Iterating functions: SUMX()

Calculated column example

`Cost = Fact_Orders[Sales] - Fact_Orders[Profit]`

`Total Costs = SUM(Fact_Orders[Cost])`

Sales	Profit	Cost
\$77.88	\$3.89	\$73.99
\$22.72	\$10.22	\$12.50
...
Total Costs		
\$2,569		

Iterating function example

`Total Costs SUMX =
SUMX(Fact_Orders,
Fact_Orders[Sales] - Fact_Orders[Profit])`

Total Costs SUMX
\$2,569

Filtering iterating functions

- Use filter functions, such as FILTER(), to return a filtered table

```
SUMX(  
  FILTER(  
    <table>,  
    <filter>),  
  <expression>)
```

```
Total Costs East SUMX =  
SUMX(  
  FILTER(  
    Fact_Orders,  
    Fact_Orders[Region] = "East"),  
  Fact_Orders[Sales] - Fact_Orders[Profit])
```

Filtering iterating functions

- Use filter functions, such as FILTER(), to return a filtered table

```
SUMX(  
  FILTER(  
    <table>,  
    <filter>),  
  <expression>)
```

```
Total Costs East SUMX =  
SUMX(  
  FILTER(  
    Fact_Orders,  
    Fact_Orders[Region] = "East"),  
  Fact_Orders[Sales] - Fact_Orders[Profit])
```

Region	Total Costs	Total Costs East SUMX
Central	\$501,239.89	
East	\$678,781.24	\$678,781.24
South	\$391,721.91	
West	\$725,457.82	
TOTAL	\$2,297,200.86	\$678,781.24

Iterating functions: RANKX()

```
RANKX(  
    <table>,  
    <expression>)
```

- Rank regions by total costs

```
Total Costs RANKX =  
RANKX(  
    ALL(Dim_Sales[Region]),  
    [Total Costs])
```

- Use `ALL()` to evaluate all rows from the dimension table

Iterating functions: RANKX()

```
RANKX(  
    <table>,  
    <expression>)
```

- Rank regions by total costs

```
Total Costs RANKX =  
RANKX(  
    ALL(Dim_Sales[Region]),  
    [Total Costs])
```

- Use `ALL()` to evaluate all rows from the dimension table

Region	Total Costs	Total Costs RANKX
Central	\$725,457.82	1
East	\$678,781.24	2
South	\$501,239.89	3
West	\$391,721.91	4

Operators in DAX

COMPARISON OPERATORS

Operator	Meaning
=	Equal to
==	Strict equal to
>	Greater than
<	Smaller than
>=	Greater than or equal to
<=	Smaller than or equal to
<>	Not equal to

Operators in DAX

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TEXT OPERATOR

Operator	Meaning	Example
&	Concatenates text values	[City]&", "& [State]

Operators in DAX

COMPARISON OPERATORS

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TEXT OPERATOR

Operator	Meaning	Example
&	Concatenates text values	[City]&"", "&[State]

LOGICAL OPERATORS

Operator	Meaning	Example
&&	AND condition	([City] = "Bru") && ([Return] = "Yes"))
	OR condition	([City] = "Bru") ([Return] = "Yes"))
IN { }	OR condition for each row	Product[Color] IN {"Red", "Blue", "Gold"}

**Lesson[Knowledge]
IN {"Poor", "Great",
"Awesome!"}**

DAX FUNCTIONS IN POWER BI

Iterating functions in Power BI

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Content Developer at DataCamp

Let's practice!
DAX FUNCTIONS IN POWER BI

Congratulations!

DAX FUNCTIONS IN POWER BI



Carl Rosseel
Curriculum Manager

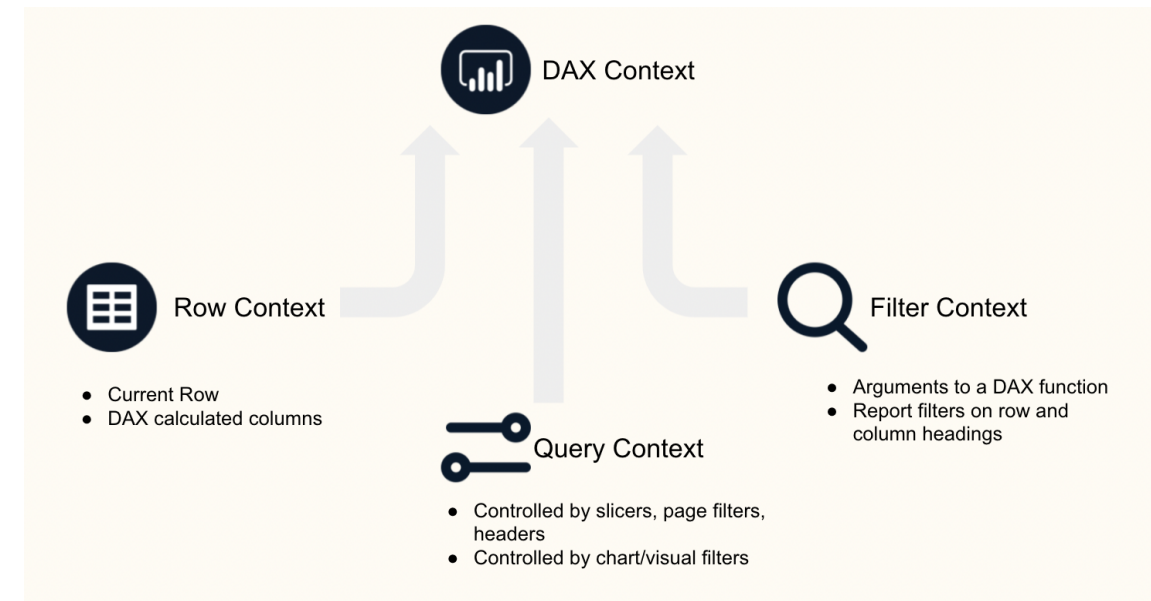
DAX stands for Data Analysis eXpressions

DAX formulas are used in:

- Measures
- Calculated columns
- Calculated tables

Context in DAX Formulas:

- Row context
- Query context
- Filter context



DAX Toolbox

General:

- Implicit vs explicit measures
- Quick measures
- Variables: `VAR`

Data Modeling:

- `CALENDAR()`
- `CALCULATE()`
- `RELATED()`
- `FILTER()`
- `CROSSFILTER()`

Enjoy iterating!

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