What is a column family database?

NOSQL CONCEPTS



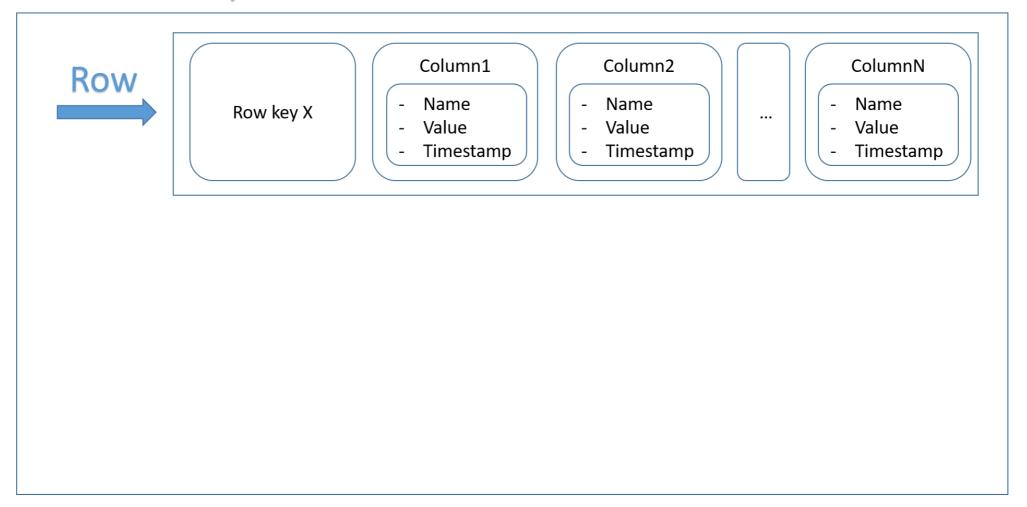
Miriam Antona Software engineer

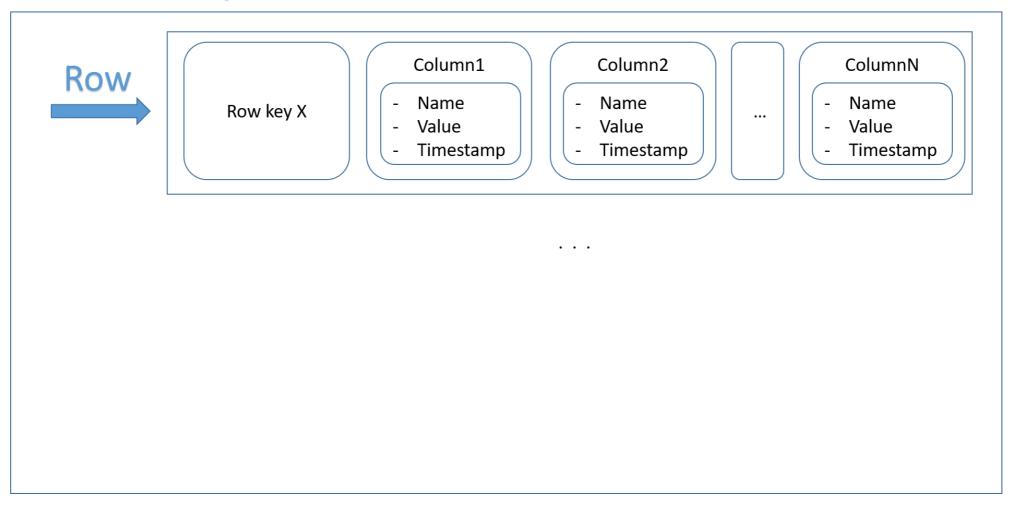


Column family databases - overview

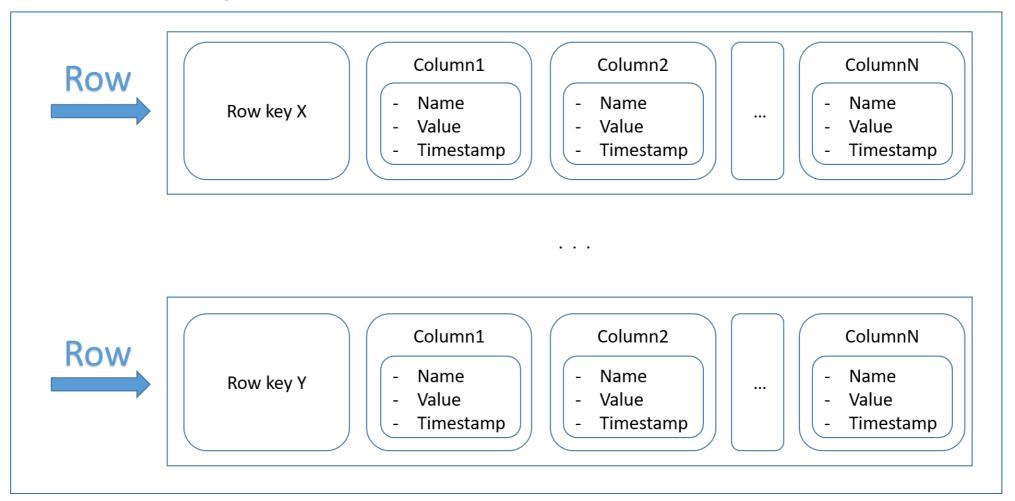
- Derive from Google BigTable
- Store data in column families
 - group related data
 - frequently accessed together
- Also called wide column databases
- Great when dealing with large volumes of data



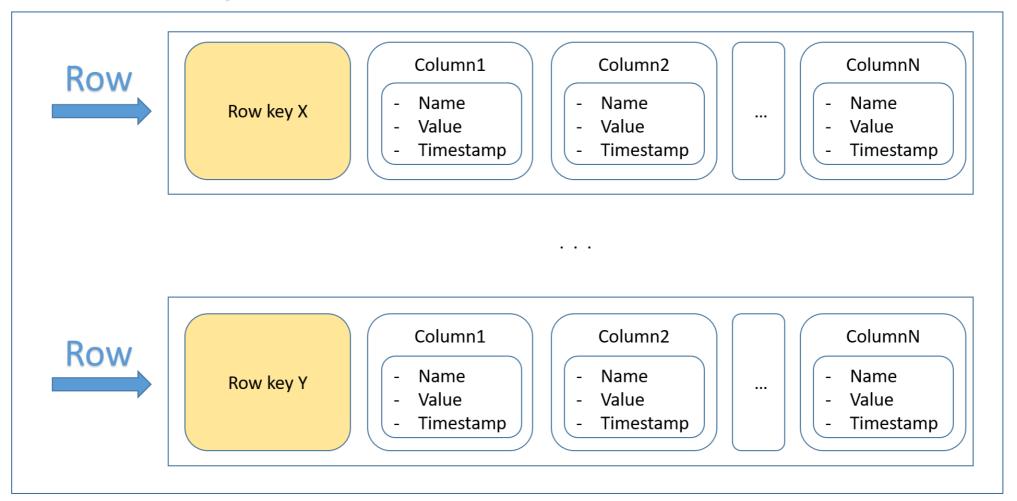




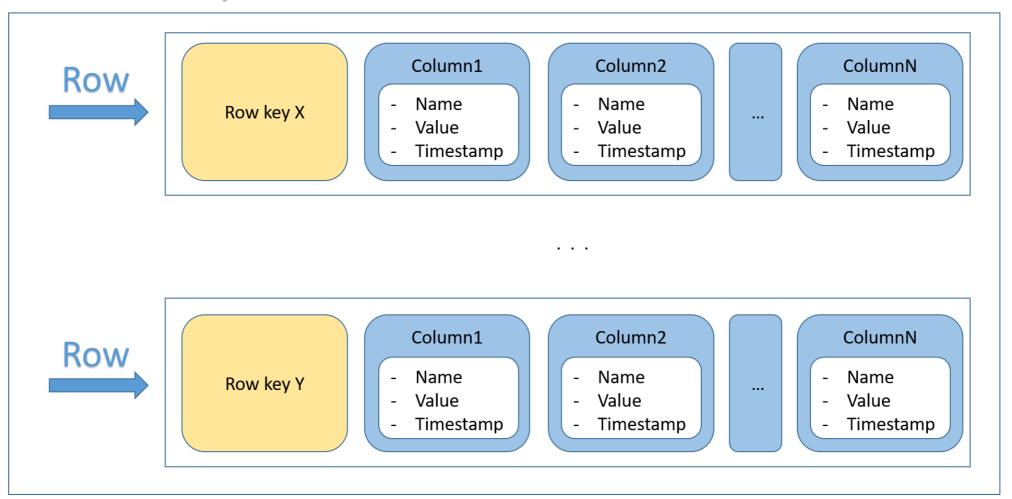
Column family



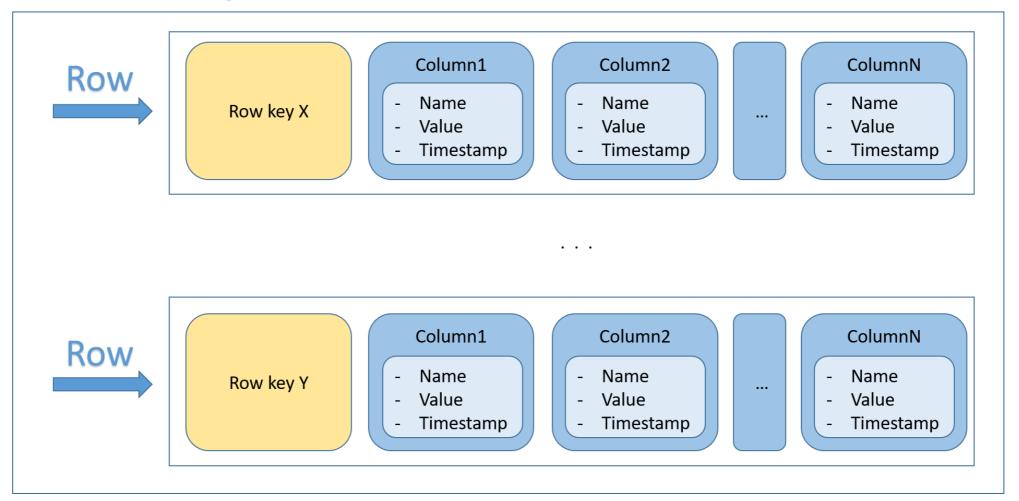
• A column family is like a table in a relational database



- Row key: unique identifiers
 - Like primary keys in a relational database

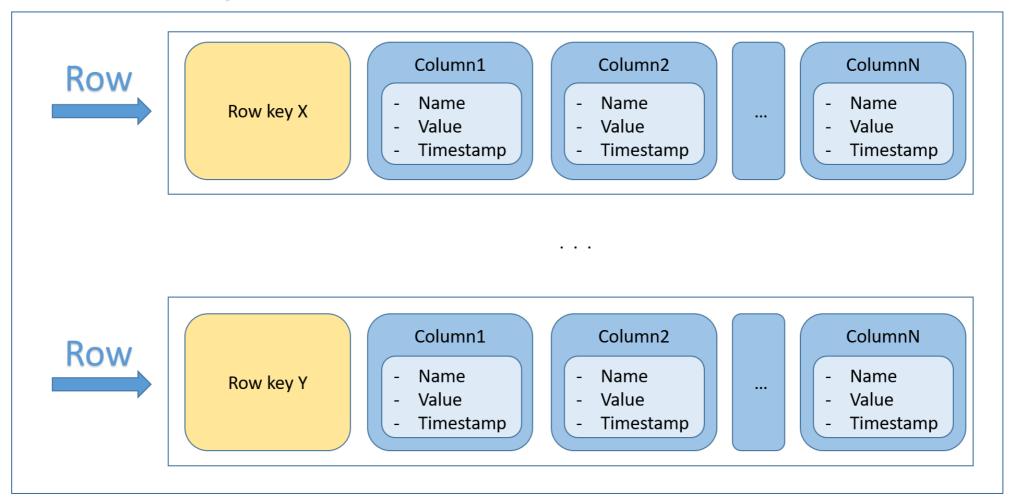


- Each **row** can have different number of columns
 - Columns can be added when needed

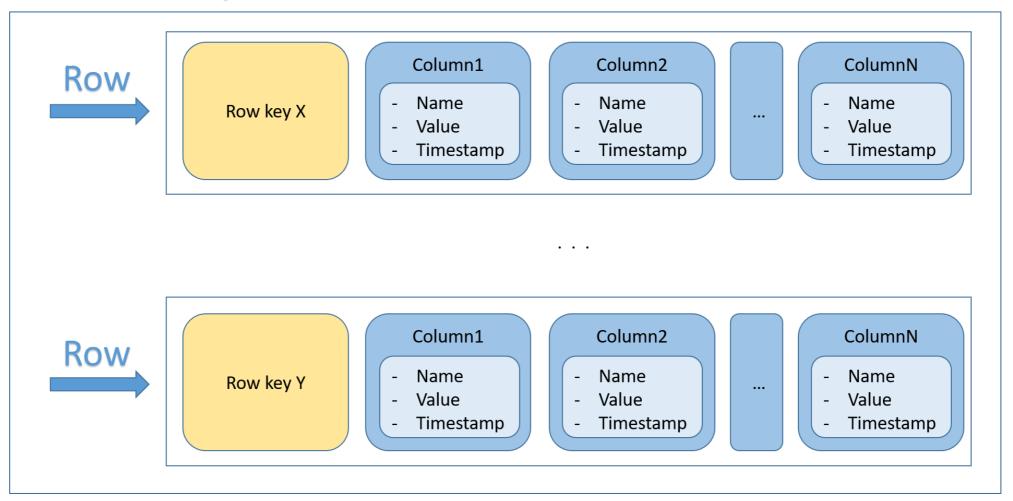


- Parts of the columns:
 - Name, value, and timestamp

Column family

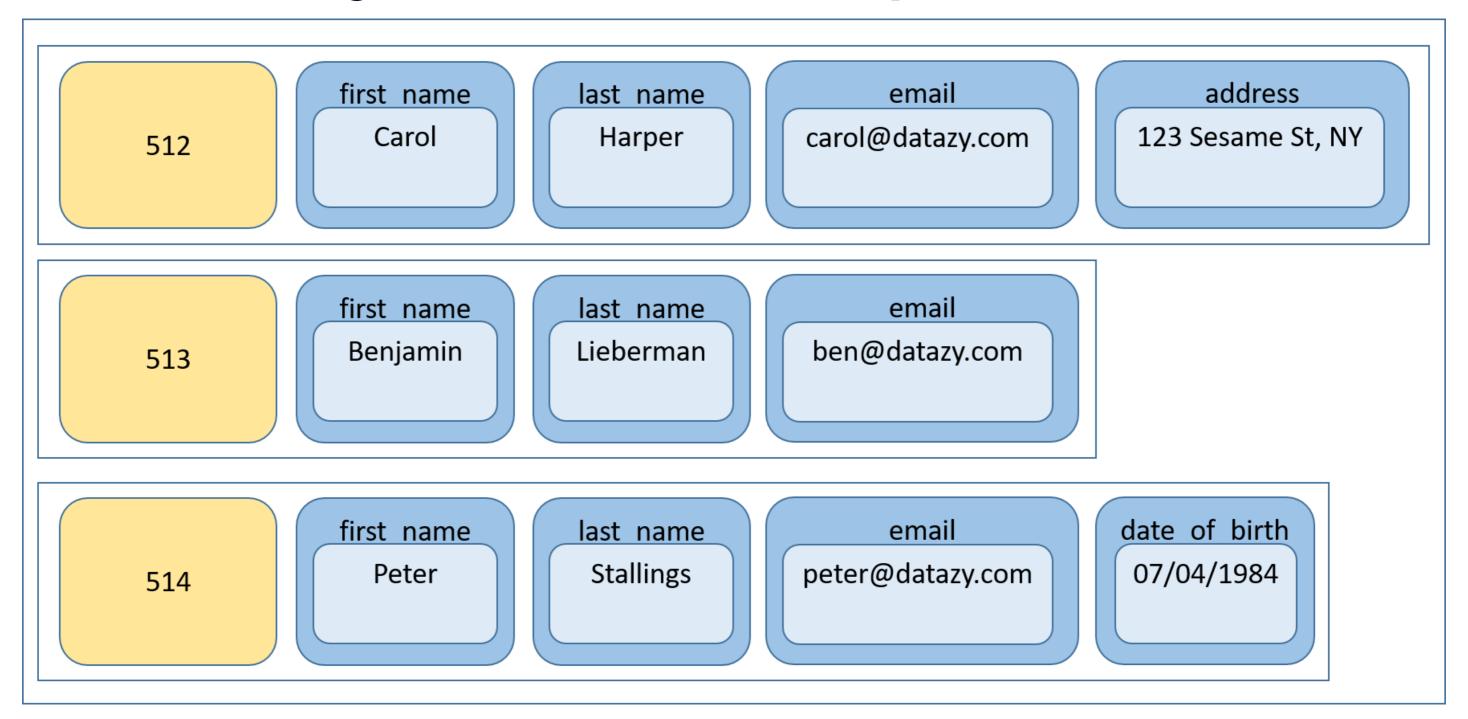


• Value: specify the type depending on the database



- Timestamps: store date and time when the data was inserted.
 - Multiple values of a column

Column family databases - example



Column family databases - designing

- Think about the queries
- No joins
 - Add all the columns we need

Popular column family databases







Let's practice!

NOSQL CONCEPTS



Advantages and limitations of column family databases

NOSQL CONCEPTS

35

Miriam Antona Software engineer



Advantages - flexibility

- Rows within a column family can have different columns
- Add new columns to a row if we need them
- Avoids filling with default values
- Flexibility mustn't be considered as the only criterion
 - Evaluate key-value and document databases

Advantages - speed

- Related columns are stored together on disk
- Very fast writing / retrieving

Advantages - scalability

- Scale horizontally
 - Sharding across multiple servers

Advantages - large volumes of data

- Designed to handle large volumes of data
 - speed
 - horizontal scalability
 - efficient data compression

Limitations

- Atomic reads/writes but no multirow transactions
- No joins support
- No subqueries support
- Need to define the queries quite well
 - Queries change -> may need to change the column families
 - Can be costly

Let's practice!

NOSQL CONCEPTS



When to use column family databases

NOSQL CONCEPTS



Miriam Antona Software engineer

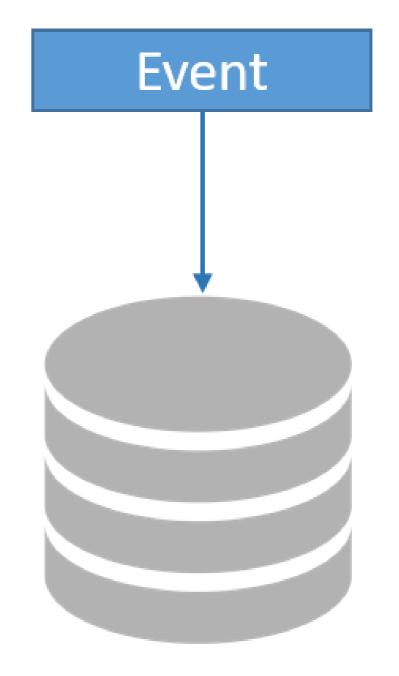


Suitable cases - general cases

- Large volumes of data
- Extreme write speeds

Suitable cases - event logging

- Types of events:
 - User logging
 - Errors
 - o ..



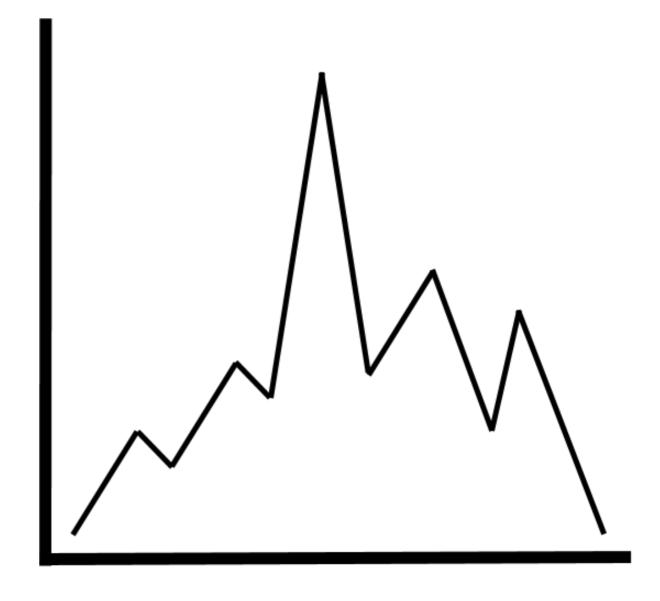
Suitable cases - Content Management Systems

- Comments
- Links
- Tags
- ..



Suitable cases - time-series data

- Weather
- Traffic
- etc.



Unsuitable cases

- Prototyping and at the beginning of a project
 - Need to change the queries very frequently
 - Changing the queries -> may imply changing the design of the column families
 - Costly and may slow down the productivity
- Complex queries and joins
- Not dealing with large amounts of data

Let's practice!

NOSQL CONCEPTS



Apache Cassandra case study

NOSQL CONCEPTS



Miriam Antona Software engineer



Apache Cassandra - overview



- Popular column family database
- Originally developed by Facebook
- Open-source
- Finally became a project of the Apache Foundation

Apache Cassandra - features

- Distributed
 - Data is distributed across the nodes of the cluster
 - Every node plays the same role
 - No master node
- High availability
- No single point of failure
- Scales horizontally by adding nodes
- Cassandra client drivers: C#, Java, Python, Scala, etc.

Apache Cassandra - features

- Cassandra Query Language (aka CQL)
 - Query data
 - Similar syntax to SQL
 - Tables (for column families), rows, and columns
 - Differences between CQL and SQL:
 - no joins
 - no foreign keys
 - no subqueries, etc.
 - rows can contain a different number of columns

```
SELECT * FROM users WHERE user_id IN (212, 213, 214);
```

Apache Cassandra - ecosystem

- Third-party Cassandra projects, tools, products, and services
 - Cloud offerings
 - Installation tools
 - Developers' frameworks
 - Connectors
 - o etc.

Apache Cassandra - customers











Bigmate case study - overview

- Location tracking
- Industrial sensor
- Productivity



Bigmate case study - problem and solution

IoT platform:

- Ingests and processes large volumes of different data
- Integrate IoT sensors, devices, and other platforms
- Process data in real-time
- Scale and deploy across multiple locations
- Application examples:
 - Thermy -> capture the skin temperature of people
 - Warny -> detects possible collisions
- Tested MySQL, MongoDB, Apache Cassandra, etc.
 - Chose Apache Cassandra
 - Scaled better



Bigmate case study - results

- Millions of operations of concurrent users
- Display 20,000 real-time data points to a single customer
- Fault tolerance (data replication)

Bigmate case study - results

- Millions of operations of concurrent users
- Display 20,000 real-time data points to a single customer
- Fault tolerance (data replication)

¹ https://cassandra.apache.org/case-studies/



Let's practice!

NOSQL CONCEPTS

