Pigeonhole Sort

Group:25

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Pseudocode

```
PigeonHoleSort(Arry)

min = Array.min

max = Array.max

range = max - min + 1

holes = [0]*range

for item in Array

holes[item.key - min].append[item]

I = 0

for hole in holes

for item in holes

Array[I++] = item
```

Implementation

```
#include <iostream>
#include <list>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>

using namespace std;

// void printHoles(list<int> arr[], int size){

// for (int i = 0 ; i < size; i++) {

// cout<<"Index "<<i<" : ";

// for (int x : arr[i]) {

// cout<<x<" ";

// }

// cout<<endl;

// }

void pigeonHoleSort(int arr[], int size)</pre>
```

```
int minimum = arr[0];
    int maximum = arr[0];
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
        if (arr[i] > maximum)
            maximum = arr[i];
        if (arr[i] < minimum)</pre>
            minimum = arr[i];
    }
    int range = maximum - minimum + 1;
    list<int> holes[range];
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
    {
        holes[arr[i] - minimum].push back(arr[i]);
    }
    // printHoles(holes, range);
    // cout<<endl;</pre>
    int mainArrayIterator = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < range; i++)</pre>
    {
        for (int x : holes[i])
            arr[mainArrayIterator++] = x;
    }
int main()
    srand(time(NULL)); //to prevent generating same random numbers
   int arr[15];
    for (int i = 0; i < 15; i++)
    {
        arr[i] = rand() % (50 - 35 + 1) + 35;
    pigeonHoleSort(arr, 15);
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 15; i++)
{
     cout << arr[i] << " ";
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```