



Advanced Log Analysis

Step 1: Log Ingestion and Setup

Objective:

The goal of this step is to upload and configure log files in **Splunk** for analysis. This process helps the SOC analyst to collect, store, and prepare data for correlation, alerting, and investigation.

1. Log File Used:

File Name: advanced_log_analysis.log

Content Type: Simulated security alerts containing information such as alert ID, type, priority, description, and MITRE ATT&CK technique.

Example log entries:

10/10/25 10:08:32.000 PM AlertID=005 Type=Malware Priority=High
Description='Malicious file hash detected' MITRE=T1204

10/10/25 10:08:32.000 PM AlertID=004 Type=PortScan Priority=Low
Description='Unusual port scanning from 192.168.1.100' MITRE=T1046

10/10/25 10:08:32.000 PM AlertID=003 Type=Ransomware Priority=Critical
Description='Encryption activity detected on Server-X' MITRE=T1486

10/10/25 10:08:32.000 PM AlertID=002 Type=BruteForce Priority=Medium
Description='Multiple SSH login failures' MITRE=T1110

10/10/25 10:08:32.000 PM AlertID=001 Type=Phishing Priority=High
Description='Suspicious link in email' MITRE=T1566



2. Steps to Upload Logs into Splunk:

Step 1.1 – Open Splunk Web Interface

Launch your browser and go to:

URL: http://localhost:8000

Login with your Splunk credentials.

Screenshot:

The screenshot shows the Splunk Web Interface. The top navigation bar includes 'splunk>enterprise', 'Apps', and user roles like 'Administrator'. Below this is a search bar with 'index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts' and a 'Time range: All time' dropdown. The search results show 5 events. The first event is a Malware alert (AlertID=005) detected on 10/10/25 at 10:08:32.000 PM. The second event is a PortScan alert (AlertID=004) detected on the same date and time. The third event is a Ransomware alert (AlertID=003) detected on the same date and time. The interface also shows a 'New Search' button, 'Save As', 'Create Table View', and 'Close' options. The left sidebar shows 'SELECTED FIELDS' (host, source, sourcetype) and 'INTERESTING FIELDS' (AlertID, Description).

i	Time	Event
>	10/10/25 10:08:32.000 PM	AlertID=005 Type=Malware Priority=High Description='Malicious file hash detected' MITRE=T1204 host = LAPTOP-HJ2289HF source = sample_alerts.log sourcetype = sample_alerts
>	10/10/25 10:08:32.000 PM	AlertID=004 Type=PortScan Priority=Low Description='Unusual port scanning from 192.168.1.100' MITRE=T1046 host = LAPTOP-HJ2289HF source = sample_alerts.log sourcetype = sample_alerts
>	10/10/25 10:08:32.000 PM	AlertID=003 Type=Ransomware Priority=Critical Description='Encryption activity detected on Server-X' MITRE=T1486 host = LAPTOP-HJ2289HF source = sample_alerts.log sourcetype = sample_alerts

Step 1.2 – Upload the Log File

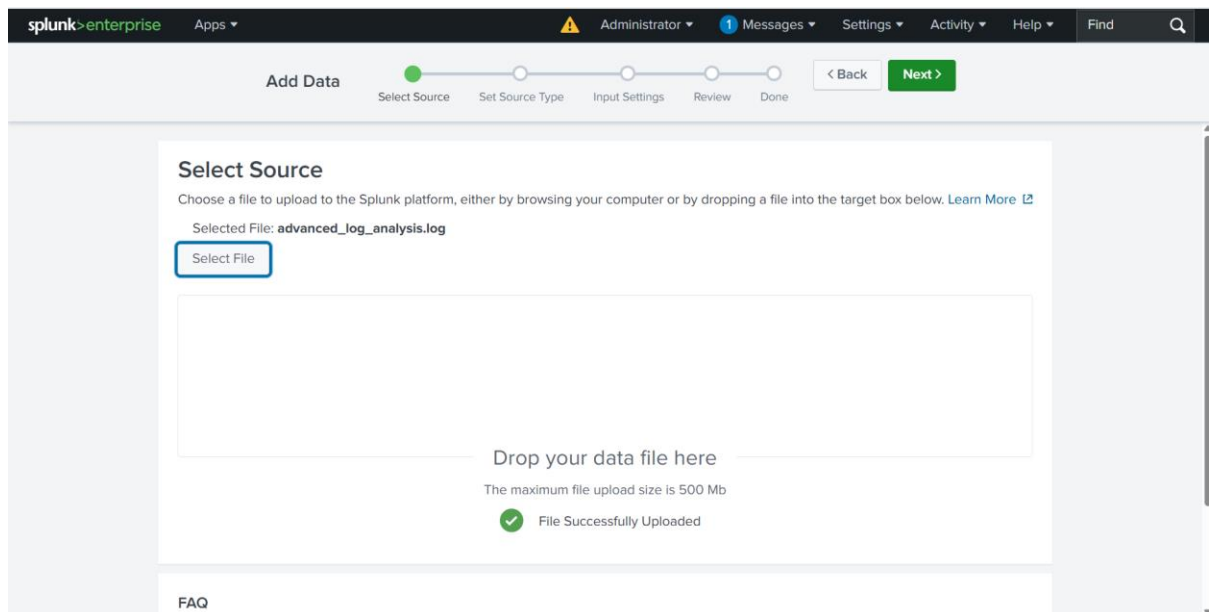
From the home page, click on **“Add Data”**.

Select **“Upload”** and choose the file `advanced_log_analysis.log` from your system.

Click **Next** to continue.



Screenshot:



Step 1.3 – Define Source Type and Index

Source Type: sample_alerts

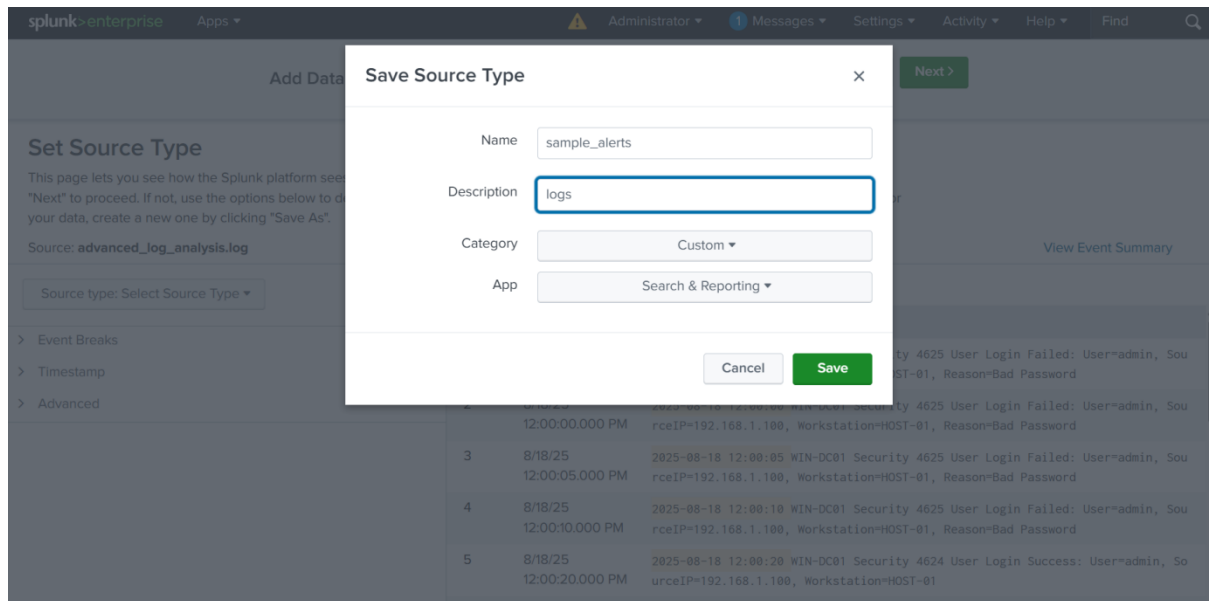
Host: LAPTOP-xxxxxx

Index: main

Click **Review** → **Submit** to finalize data ingestion.



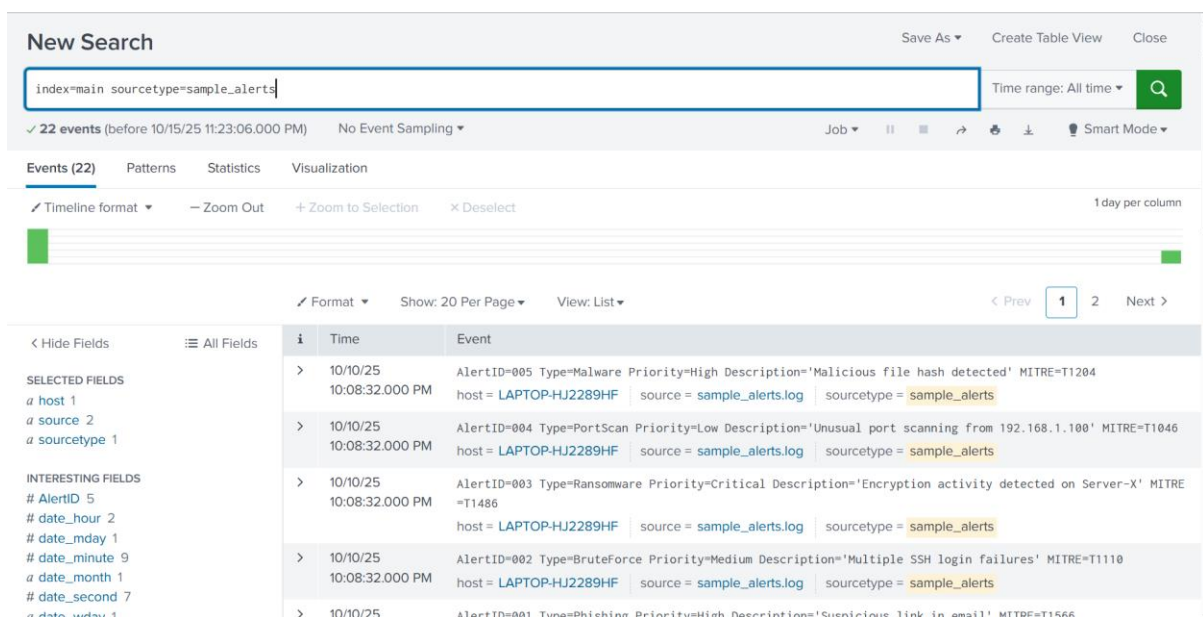
Screenshot:



Step 1.4 – Verify Data Ingestion

After uploading, verify if Splunk successfully indexed your data by running this simple search:

Search head = index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts





Log Correlation — Detect Suspicious Behavior

This will correlate **failed logins** with **outbound connections** from the same source IP.

Run this SPL query:

```
index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts ("4625" OR "Firewall Allowed Connection")
```

```
| rex "SourceIP=(?<src_ip>\S+)"
```

```
| rex "DstIP=(?<dst_ip>\S+)"
```

```
| stats count values(dst_ip) as dest_ips by src_ip
```

```
| where count > 1
```

```
| table src_ip, dest_ips, count
```

Screenshot :

The screenshot shows a Splunk search interface. The search bar contains the following query:

```
index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts ("4625" OR "Firewall Allowed Connection")
| rex "SourceIP=(?<src_ip>\S+)"
| rex "DstIP=(?<dst_ip>\S+)"
| stats count values(dst_ip) as dest_ips by src_ip
| where count > 1
| table src_ip, dest_ips, count
```

The search results show 10 events. The table below displays the results:

src_ip	dest_ips	count
192.168.1.100,		4
203.0.113.10,		2

Anomaly Detection — High Data Transfers

Detect unusual outbound connections (large byte transfers).

Run:

```
index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts "Firewall Allowed Connection"
```

```
| rex "Bytes_Out=(?<bytes_out>\d+)"
```

```
| where bytes_out > 1000000
```

```
| table _time, SrcIP, DstIP, bytes_out, Protocol
```



Screenshot :

New Search Save As Create Table View Close

```
index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts "Firewall Allowed Connection"
| rex "Bytes_Out=(?<bytes_out>\d+)"
| where bytes_out > 1000000
| table _time, SrcIP, DstIP, bytes_out, Protocol
```

Time range: All time Q

✓ 4 events (before 10/15/25 11:32:40.000 PM) No Event Sampling Job || ≡ → 📄 ⬇ 💡 Smart Mode

Events Patterns **Statistics (4)** Visualization

Show: 20 Per Page Format Preview: On

_time	SrcIP	DstIP	bytes_out	Protocol
2025-08-18 12:12:00	192.168.1.101	203.0.113.10	5096000	TCP
2025-08-18 12:06:00	203.0.113.10	198.51.100.50	3096000	TCP
2025-08-18 12:00:31	192.168.1.100	8.8.8.8	2080000	UDP
2025-08-18 12:00:30	192.168.1.100	8.8.8.8	2048000	UDP

Log Enrichment

Run:

```
index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts
| rex "SourceIP=(?<SrcIP>\S+)"
| iplocation SrcIP
| table _time, SrcIP, Country, City
```

Screenshot:

New Search Save As Create Table View Close

```
index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts
| rex "SourceIP=(?<SrcIP>\S+)"
| iplocation SrcIP
| table _time, SrcIP, Country, City
```

Time range: All time Q

✓ 22 events (before 10/15/25 11:33:12.000 PM) No Event Sampling Job || ≡ → 📄 ⬇ 💡 Smart Mode

Events Patterns **Statistics (22)** Visualization

Show: 20 Per Page Format Preview: On < Prev 1 2 Next >

_time	SrcIP	Country	City
2025-10-10 22:08:32			
2025-10-10 22:08:32			
2025-10-10 22:08:32			
2025-10-10 22:08:32			
2025-10-10 15:24:35			
2025-10-10 22:08:32			
2025-08-18 12:12:00	192.168.1.101		



Threat Intelligence Integration – Practical Application

Objective

To integrate external threat-intelligence feeds into a SOC workflow using Splunk and other tools.

This enhances alert enrichment, detection accuracy, and proactive threat hunting.

1. Tools Used

Splunk Enterprise – for log ingestion and correlation

AlienVault OTX – for real-world threat feeds (IOCs)

VirusTotal – for IP and hash reputation lookup

Google Sheets / Notes – to document matches and observations

2. Tasks Performed

2.1 Import Threat Feed (IOCs)

Simulated the import of a threat feed from **AlienVault OTX** containing known malicious IP addresses.

Step 1 — Create the IOC lookup file (CSV)

Open Notepad.

Copy the exact CSV content below and save it as otx_iocs.csv (CSV, UTF-8)

- IP,IndicatorType,Reputation,Category,Source
- 8.8.8.8,ip,High,Botnet,OTX
- 192.168.1.100,ip,Critical,C2,OTX
- 198.51.100.50,ip,High,MaliciousHost,OTX
- 203.0.113.10,ip,Medium,Suspicious,OTX

Save the file where you can easily upload it.



Step 2 — Upload the CSV into Splunk as a lookup table

Log into Splunk Web (<http://localhost:8000>).

Go to **Settings** → **Lookups** → **Lookup table files**.

Click **Add new** → choose your app (use search or default) → **Upload** → select `otx_iocs.csv` → Submit.

After upload, go to **Lookup definitions** → **Add new** → Give it a name (e.g., `otx_lookup`) → select the uploaded file `otx_iocs.csv` → Save.

Step 3 — Verify the lookup file exists

Run this SPL to preview the lookup content:

```
| inputlookup otx_iocs.csv
```

Screenshot:

The screenshot shows the Splunk Web interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'splunk enterprise' and various menu items like 'Apps', 'Administrator', 'Messages', 'Settings', 'Activity', 'Help', and 'Find'. Below this is a 'Search & Reporting' section. The main area is titled 'New Search' and shows a search bar with the query 'inputlookup otx_iocs.csv'. Below the search bar, it indicates '4 results' and shows a table of results. The table has columns for 'Category', 'IP', 'IndicatorType', 'Reputation', and 'Source'. The results are as follows:

Category	IP	IndicatorType	Reputation	Source
Botnet	8.8.8.8	ip	High	OTX
C2	192.168.1.100	ip	Critical	OTX
MaliciousHost	198.51.100.50	ip	High	OTX
Suspicious	203.0.113.10	ip	Medium	OTX



IOC Match – High or Critical Reputation

index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts

```
| rex "AlertID=(?<AlertID>\d+)\sType=(?<Type>\w+)\sPriority=(?<Priority>\w+)\sDescription='(?<Description>[^\']+)'\sMITRE=(?<MITRE>\w+)"
```

```
| rex field=Description "(?<IP>\b\d{1,3}(\.?\d{1,3}){3}\b)"
```

```
| lookup otx_iocs.csv IP AS IP OUTPUT Category, IndicatorType, Reputation, Source
```

```
| table AlertID Type Priority Description MITRE IP Category IndicatorType Reputation Source
```

Screenshot:

The screenshot shows the CYART interface with a search query entered in the top bar. The query is: `index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts | rex "AlertID=(?<AlertID>\d+)\sType=(?<Type>\w+)\sPriority=(?<Priority>\w+)\sDescription='(?<Description>[^\']+)'\sMITRE=(?<MITRE>\w+)" | rex field=Description "(?<IP>\b\d{1,3}(\.?\d{1,3}){3}\b)" | lookup otx_iocs.csv IP AS IP OUTPUT Category, IndicatorType, Reputation, Source | table AlertID Type Priority Description MITRE IP Category IndicatorType Reputation Source`. The results are displayed in a table with 10 columns: AlertID, Type, Priority, Description, MITRE, IP, Category, IndicatorType, Reputation, and Source. The table shows 22 events, with the first 5 rows visible. The first row has AlertID 004, Type PortScan, Priority Low, Description Unusual port scanning from 192.168.1.100, MITRE T1046, IP 192.168.1.100, Category C2, IndicatorType ip, Reputation Critical, and Source OTX.

AlertID	Type	Priority	Description	MITRE	IP	Category	IndicatorType	Reputation	Source
004	PortScan	Low	Unusual port scanning from 192.168.1.100	T1046	192.168.1.100	C2	ip	Critical	OTX
003	Ransomware	Critical	Encryption activity detected on Server-X	T1486					
002	BruteForce	Medium	Multiple SSH login failures	T1110					
001	Phishing	High	Suspicious link in email	T1566					
001	Phishing	High	Suspicious link in email	T1566					
005	Malware	High	Malicious file hash detected	T1204					



Threat Intelligence Integration

Query:

```
index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts
```

```
| rex "AlertID=(?<AlertID>\d+)\sType=(?<Type>\w+)\sPriority=(?<Priority>\w+)\sDescription='(?<Description>[^\']+)'\sMITRE=(?<MITRE>\w+)"
```

```
| rex field=Description "(?<IP>\b\d{1,3}(\.?\d{1,3}){3}\b)"
```

```
| lookup otx_iocs.csv IP AS IP OUTPUT Category, IndicatorType, Reputation, Source
```

```
| eval Threat_Status = if(isnull(Reputation), "Unknown", Reputation)
```

```
| table _time AlertID Type Priority Description MITRE IP Category IndicatorType Threat_Status Source
```

```
| sort - _time
```

Screenshot:

The screenshot shows the Splunk Search interface. At the top, there's a 'New Search' header with buttons for 'Save As', 'Create Table View', and 'Close'. Below this is a search bar containing the query:

```
index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts
| rex "AlertID=(?<AlertID>\d+)\sType=(?<Type>\w+)\sPriority=(?<Priority>\w+)\sDescription='(?<Description>[^\']+)'\sMITRE=(?<MITRE>\w+)"
| rex field=Description "(?<IP>\b\d{1,3}(\.?\d{1,3}){3}\b)"
| lookup otx_iocs.csv IP AS IP OUTPUT Category, IndicatorType, Reputation, Source
| eval Threat_Status = if(isnull(Reputation), "Unknown", Reputation)
| table _time AlertID Type Priority Description MITRE IP Category IndicatorType Threat_Status Source
| sort - _time
```

 To the right of the search bar is a 'Time range: All time' dropdown and a search button. Below the search bar, there's a status bar showing '22 events (before 10/28/25 11:23:54.000 AM)' and 'No Event Sampling'. The main part of the interface shows a table with 11 columns: _time, AlertID, Type, Priority, Description, MITRE, IP, Category, IndicatorType, Threat_Status, and Source. The table contains 8 rows of data, with the first row being highlighted. The table is paginated with 'Show: 20 Per Page' and 'Preview: On'.

_time	AlertID	Type	Priority	Description	MITRE	IP	Category	IndicatorType	Threat_Status	Source
2025-10-10 22:08:32	004	PortScan	Low	Unusual port scanning from 192.168.1.100	T1046	192.168.1.100	C2	ip	Critical	OTX
2025-10-10 22:08:32	003	Ransomware	Critical	Encryption activity detected on Server-X	T1486				Unknown	
2025-10-10 22:08:32	002	BruteForce	Medium	Multiple SSH login failures	T1110				Unknown	
2025-10-10 22:08:32	001	Phishing	High	Suspicious link in email	T1566				Unknown	
2025-10-10 22:08:32	005	Malware	High	Malicious file hash detected	T1204				Unknown	
2025-10-10 15:24:35	001	Phishing	High	Suspicious link in email	T1566				Unknown	
2025-08-18 12:12:00									Unknown	
2025-08-18 12:10:30									Unknown	



Saved Search & Alert for IOC Matches:

Query:

```
index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts
```

```
| rex "AlertID=(?<AlertID>\d+)\sType=(?<Type>\w+)\sPriority=(?<Priority>\w+)\sDescription='(?<Description>[^\']+)'\sMITRE=(?<MITRE>\w+)"
```

```
| rex field=Description "(?<IP>\b\d{1,3}(\.\d{1,3}){3}\b)"
```

```
| lookup otx_iocs.csv IP AS IP OUTPUT Category, IndicatorType, Reputation, Source
```

```
| search Reputation IN ("High", "Critical")
```

```
| eval Threat_Level=if(Reputation=="Critical","Severe",
                        if(Reputation=="High","Elevated","Moderate"))
```

```
| table _time AlertID Type Priority Description MITRE IP Category IndicatorType
Reputation Threat_Level Source
```

```
| sort - _time
```

Screenshot:

The screenshot shows the Splunk Enterprise interface. The top navigation bar includes 'splunk>enterprise', 'Apps', and various user and system links. The main content area is titled 'New Search' and contains a text box with the following query:

```
index=main sourcetype=sample_alerts
| rex "AlertID=(?<AlertID>\d+)\sType=(?<Type>\w+)\sPriority=(?<Priority>\w+)\sDescription='(?<Description>[^\']+)'\sMITRE=(?<MITRE>\w+)"
| rex field=Description "(?<IP>\b\d{1,3}(\.\d{1,3}){3}\b)"
| lookup otx_iocs.csv IP AS IP OUTPUT Category, IndicatorType, Reputation, Source
| search Reputation IN ("High", "Critical")
| eval Threat_Level=if(Reputation=="Critical","Severe",
                      if(Reputation=="High","Elevated","Moderate"))
| table _time AlertID Type Priority Description MITRE IP Category IndicatorType Reputation Threat_Level Source
| sort - _time
```

Below the query box, the results are displayed in a table. The table has columns for _time, AlertID, Type, Priority, Description, MITRE, IP, Category, IndicatorType, Reputation, Threat_Level, and Source. The first row of data shows:

_time	AlertID	Type	Priority	Description	MITRE	IP	Category	IndicatorType	Reputation	Threat_Level	Source
2025-10-10 22:08:32	004	PortScan	Low	Unusual port scanning from 192.168.1.100	T1046	192.168.1.100	C2	ip	Critical	Severe	OTX